

**Def Topology:** a topology on a set  $X$  is a collection  $\mathcal{T}$  of subsets of  $X$  which has the properties:

- (1)  $\emptyset \in \mathcal{T}$ .
- (2) The union of elements of any sub collection of  $\mathcal{T}$  is in  $\mathcal{T}$ .
- (3) similar to before  $\mathcal{T}$  is also closed under intersection.

if  $X$  has a topology it is called "topological space".

we can see a topology as an ordered pair:

topological space  $(X, \mathcal{T})$  particular set on  $X$ .

**Def** if we have the topology  $(X, \mathcal{T})$  then any subset  $U$  of  $X$  is an open set if  $U$  belongs to  $\mathcal{T}$ .

Ej:

Parts  
of  $X$   
called the  
discrete  
topology

$\mathcal{P}(X)$  is a topology on  $X$ .

$(X, \{\emptyset, X\}) \rightsquigarrow$  trivial topology, indiscrete topology.

Def:

⊙ if we have  $\mathcal{T} \subset \mathcal{T}'$  or  $\mathcal{T}' \subset \mathcal{T}$   
we say that these topologies are comparable

⊙ if  $\mathcal{T}' \supset \mathcal{T}$  we say that  $\mathcal{T}'$  is finer than  $\mathcal{T}$ .  
↳ contains

⊙ if  $\mathcal{T}' \supset \mathcal{T}$  we say that  $\mathcal{T}$  is <sup>more gross.</sup> coarser than  $\mathcal{T}'$ .