

Getting The Most From Static Analysis

Can we write code in such a way to reduce the chance of introducing bugs?

Can static analysis help us achieve this goal?

- #1: Use value objects
- #2: Use extended type system
- #3: Asserts at the system boundaries
- #4: Prevent objects from being in invalid states
- #5: Remove default handling
- #6: Assume impure functions
- #7: Enforce architectural constraints



The context for this is:

- application code
- code or requirements evolve
- large projects
- projects with many developers

HIERARCHY OF CONTROL

ELIMINATE Most effective SUBSTITUTE **ENGINEERING CONTROLS** ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS Least effective

PREVENTING BUGS IN SOFTWARE



RISK IN SOFTWARE

New code < Change

Techniques to prevent future bugs

```
function cost(string $type): int
   if ($type === "CHILD") {
       $price = 10;
   if ($type === "ADULT") {
       $price = 20;
   return $price;
                Price might not be set
```

	Input	Output
Test 1	CHILD	10
Test 2	ADULT	20



Code coverage

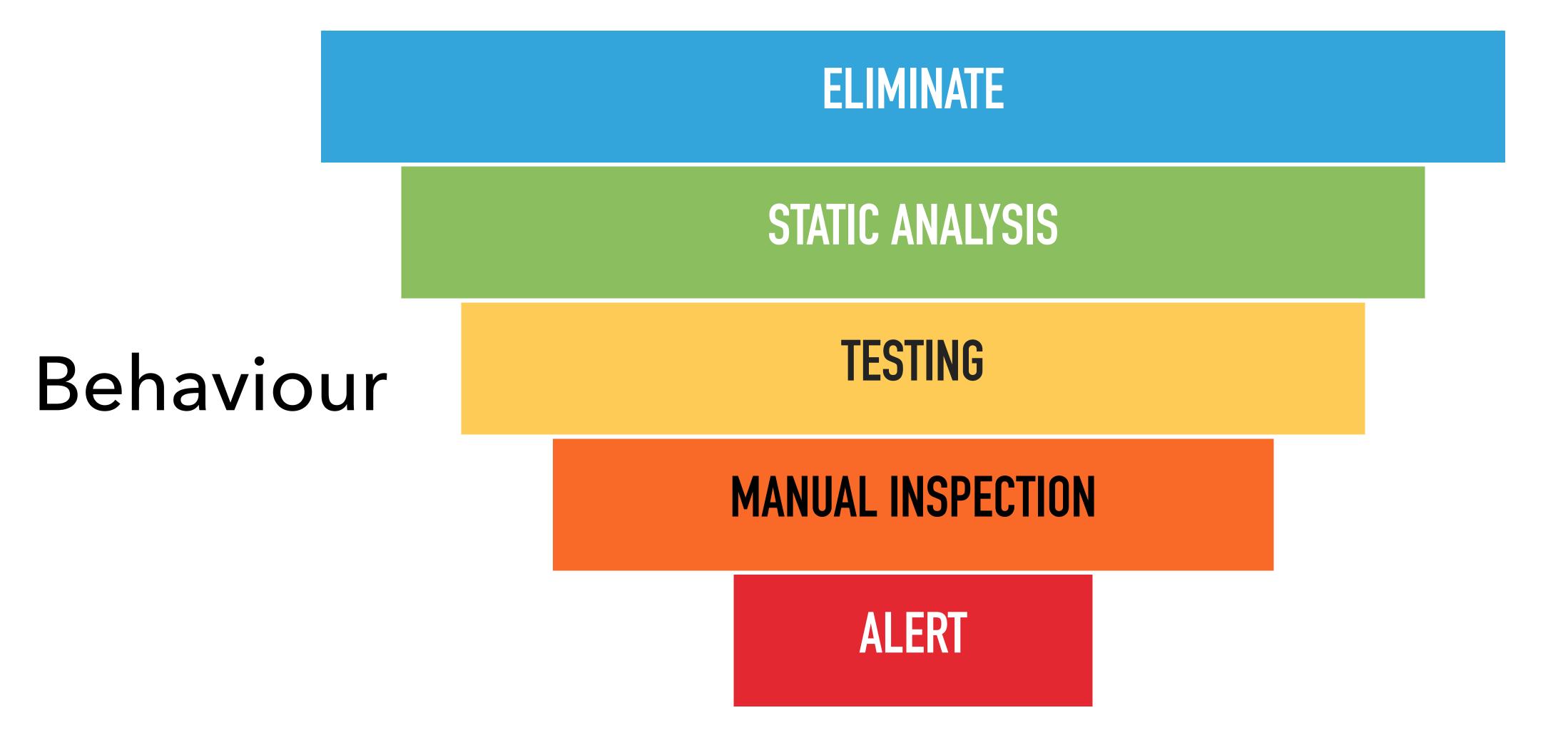
Static analysis shows you where your code is incorrect.

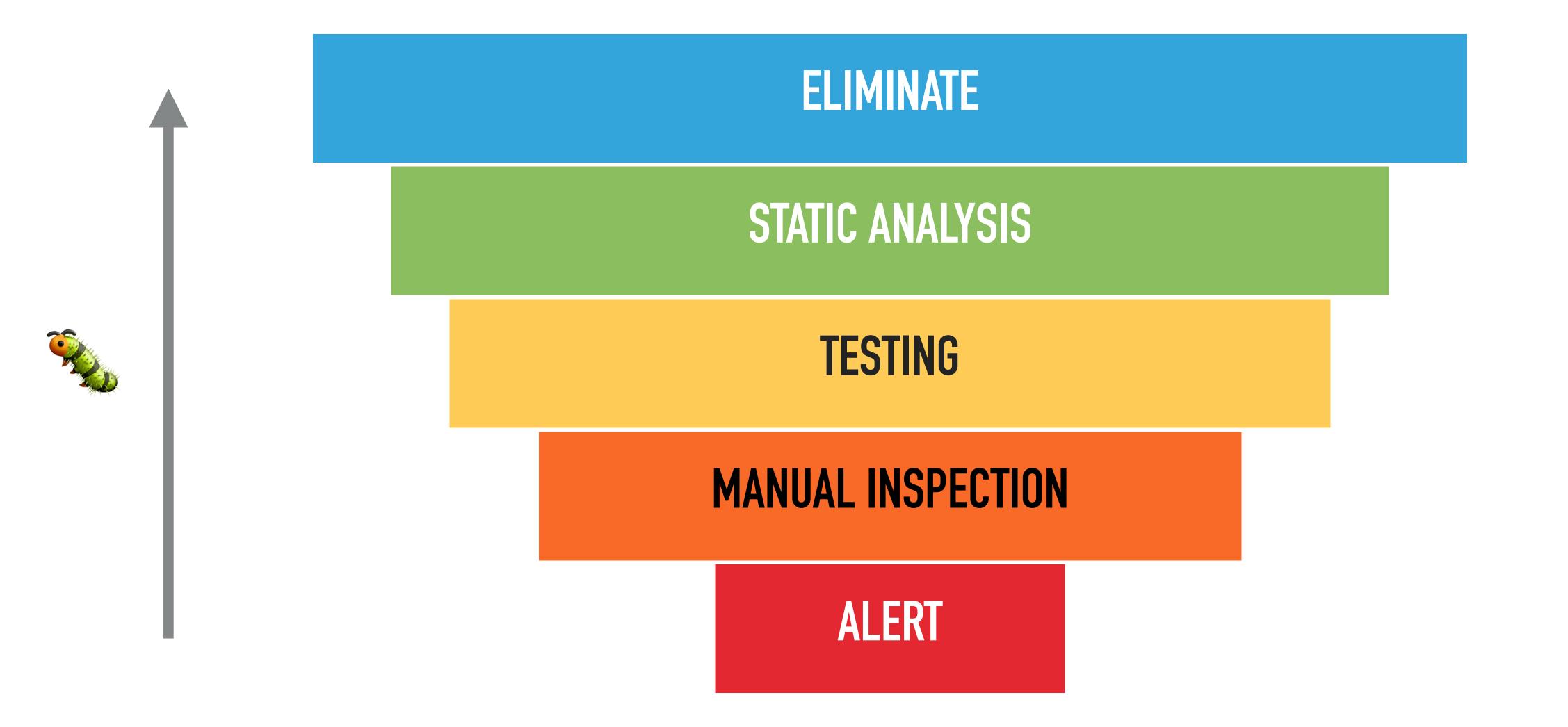
Tests tell you that the behaviour is correct, but ONLY for the scenarios tested.

Developers make mistakes.

You can still have bugs even if:

- Tests have 100% code coverage
- You've used TDD





```
function addDetails(
   string $name, string $email, string $address
): void { ... }
                                           TESTING
                                       MANUAL INSPECTION
addDetails(
   "dave@example.com",
                                            ALERT
   "dave",
   "123 Some Street, Some City, AB1 2CD",
```

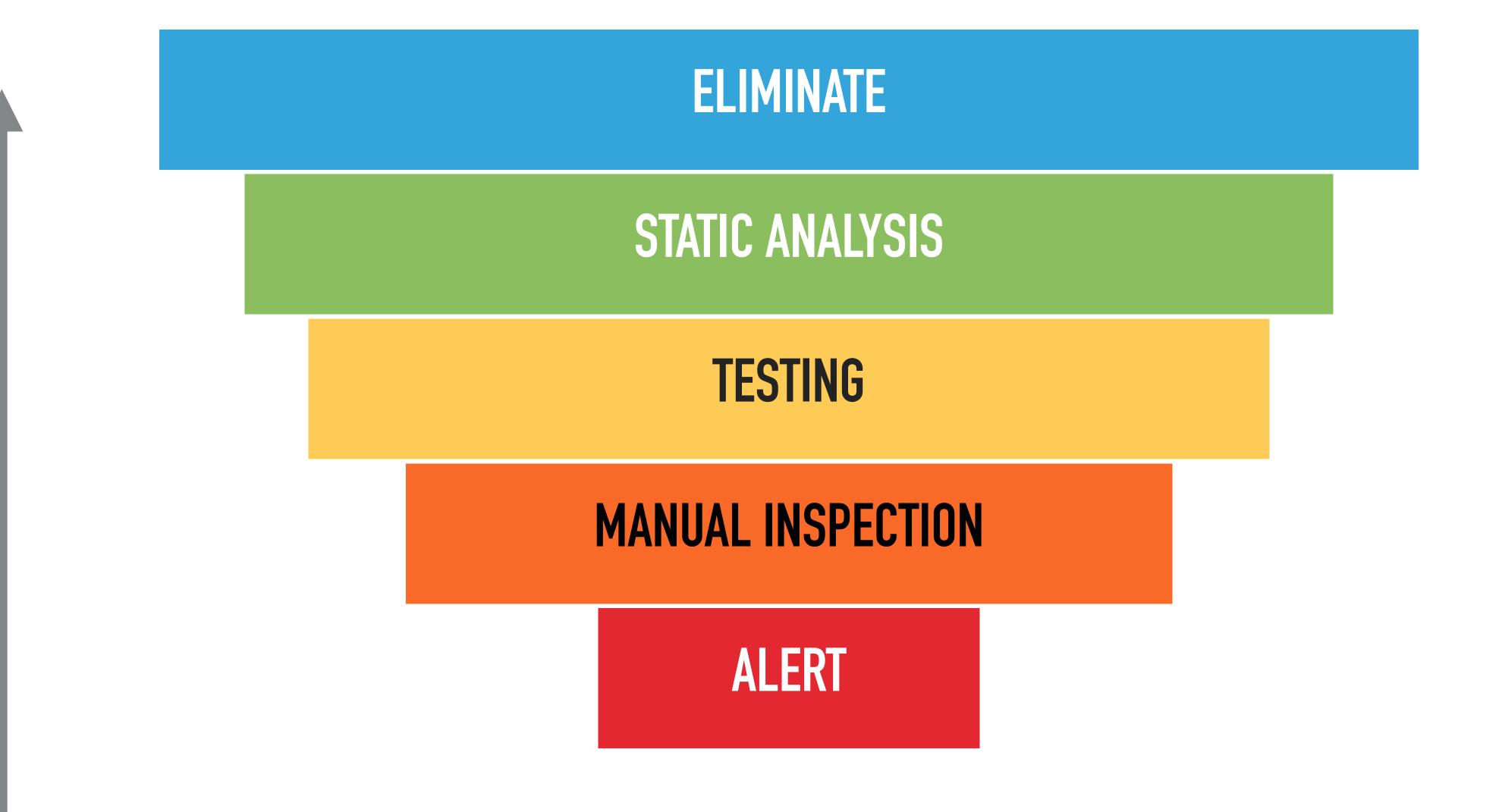
#1: Use value objects

```
final readonly class Name
{
    public function __construct(public string $value) {}
}
```

```
function addDetails (
   Name $name, Email $email, Address $address
): void { ... }
$email = new Email("dave@example.com");
$name = new Name("dave");
$address = new Address("123 Some Street, Some City, AB1 2CD");
```

ELIMINATE

addDetails(\$email, \$name, \$address);



#2: Use extended type system

```
PHP Generics Today (almost) ... Support for generics is high up many PHP
/** @template T */
                                                    developers' wish lists. This talk is a deep dive into generics, their benefits a...
                                                    PHP UK Conference · PHP UK Conference · 18 Mar 2020
class Queue
   /** @param T $item */
   public function add($item): void {...}
   /** @return T */
   public function next(): {...}
```

```
final readonly class Power
{
    /** @param int<0,100> $value */
    public function __construct(public int $value) {}
}
```

STATIC ANALYSIS

```
$validPower = new Power(76);
$invalidPower = new Power(101);
```

```
/** @var int<0,100> */
/** @var int<min,7> $value */
/** @param positive-int $value */
/** @return 4|6|18 */
/** @param 8|negative-int $value */
/** @return 'red' | 'green' $value */
/** @return non-empty-string $value */
```

```
final class Status
  public const STATUS SUCCESS = 0;
  public const STATUS FILE ACCESS ERROR = 255;
  public const STATUS INVALID CONTENTS = 254;
/** @param Status::* $value */
function processStatus(int $value): void {...}
processStatus(Status::STATUS SUCCESS);
processStatus(255); V
processStatus(8); X
```

```
final class Flags
  public const FLAG SORT = 1;
  public const FLAG VERBOSE = 2;
  public const FLAG ENCODE = 4;
/** @param int-mask<1,2,4> $flags */
function takesFlags(int $value): void {...}
takesFlag(Flags::FLAG VERBOSE|Flags::FLAG ENCODE);
takesFlag(7); <a>V</a>
takesFlag(8); X
```

```
final class Flags
  public const FLAG SORT = 1;
  public const FLAG VERBOSE = 2;
  public const FLAG ENCODE = 4;
/** @param int-mask-of<Flags::*> $flags */
function takesFlags(int $flags): void {...}
takesFlags(Flags::FLAG VERBOSE|Flags::FLAG ENCODE);
takesFlags(7); <a>V</a>
takesFlags(8); X
```

```
final class Flags
  public const FLAG SORT = 1;
  public const FLAG VERBOSE = 2;
  public const FLAG ENCODE = 4;
  public const STATUS SUCCESS = 0;
  public const STATUS FILE ACCESS ERROR = 255;
  public const STATUS INVALID CONTENTS = 254;
/** @param int-mask-of<Flags::FLAG *> $flags */
function takesFlags(int $flags): void {...}
```

```
function getAddress(): array
{
    return [
         "Street": "1 Some street",
         "City": "Bristol",
         "Postcode": "BS1 1AB",
    ];
}
```

```
/**
 * @return string[]
 */
function getAddress(): array
   return [
       "Street": "1 Some street",
       "City": "Bristol",
       "Postcode": "BS1 1AB",
```

```
/**
 * @return array{string, string, string}
 */
function getAddress(): array
   return [
       "Street": "1 Some street",
       "City": "Bristol",
       "Postcode": "BS1 1AB",
```

```
/**
* @return array{street:string, city:string, postcode: string}
*/
function getAddress(): array
   return [
       "street": "1 Some street",
       "city": "Bristol",
       "postcode": "BS1 1AB",
```

```
/**
 * @return array{name:string, age:int, registered:bool}
 */
function getPersonDetails(): array
   return [
       "name": "Dave",
       "age": 21,
       "registered": true,
```

```
/**
 * @return array{name:string, age:int, registered:bool}
 */
function getPersonDetails(): array
   return
       "name": "Dave",
       "registered": false,
```

```
/**
 * @return array{name:string, ?age:int, registered:bool}
 */
function getPersonDetails(): array
   return
       "name": "Dave",
       "registered": false,
```

```
/**
 * @return Person[]
 * @return array<Person>
 * @return array<string, Person>
 */
function getPersonDetails(): array
 return [
   "Jane" => new Person("Jane"),
   "Bob" => new Person("Bob"),
   "Charlie" => new Person("Charlie"),
```

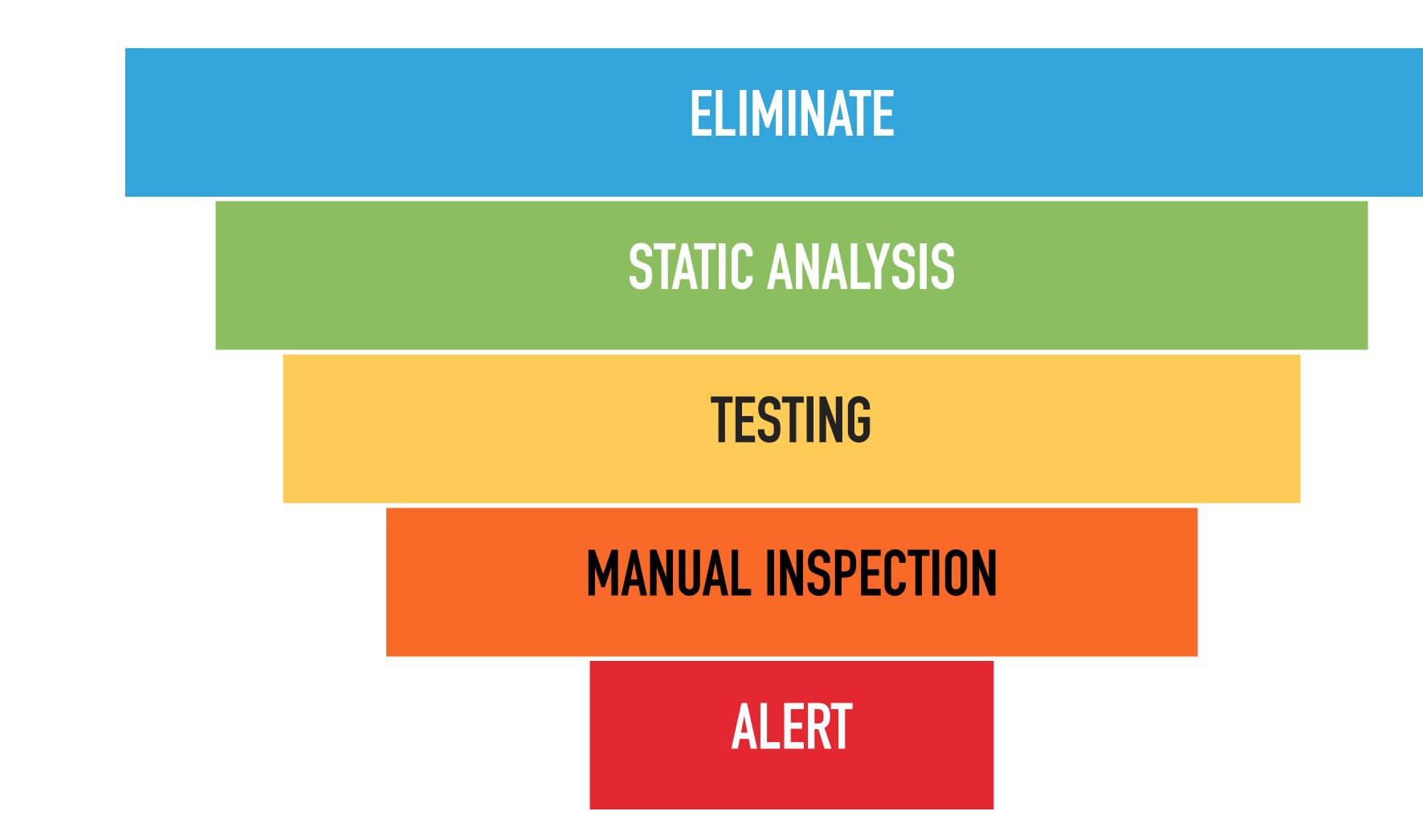
```
/**
* @return array<int, Person>
 */
function getPersonDetails(): array
  return
   1 => new Person("Jane"),
   10 => new Person("Bob"),
   8 => new Person("Charlie"),
```

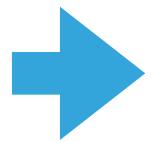
```
/**
  @return array<int,Person>
 * @return list<Person>
 */
function getPersonDetails(): array
  return
  new Person("Jane"),
  new Person ("Bob"),
  new Person ("Charlie"),
```

- Array keys are ints
- Array keys increment by 1
- Array is zero indexed

i >= 0 & < count(sarray)

\$array[\$i] must exist





ELIMINATE

STATIC ANALYSIS

TESTING

MANUAL INSPECTION

ALERT

```
final class Status
  public const STATUS SUCCESS = 0;
  public const STATUS FILE ACCESS ERROR = 255;
  public const STATUS INVALID CONTENTS = 254;
/** @param Status::* $value */
function processStatus(int $value): void {...}
enum Status: int
```

STATIC ANALYSIS

```
{
   case STATUS_SUCCESS = 0;
   case STATUS_FILE_ACCESS_ERROR = 255;
   case STATUS_INVALID_CONTENTS = 254;
}
function processStatus(Status $value): void {...}
```

ELIMINATE

```
final class Flags
  public const FLAG SORT = 1;
  public const FLAG VERBOSE = 2;
  public const FLAG ENCODE = 4;
/** @param int-mask-of<Flags::*> $flags */
function process(int $flags): void {...}
final readonly class Flags
  public function construct(
    public bool $sort = false,
    public bool $verbose = false,
    public bool $encode = false,
```

STATIC ANALYSIS

LIMINATE

```
/** @return array{name:string, age:int} */
function getPersonDetails(): array {...}
```

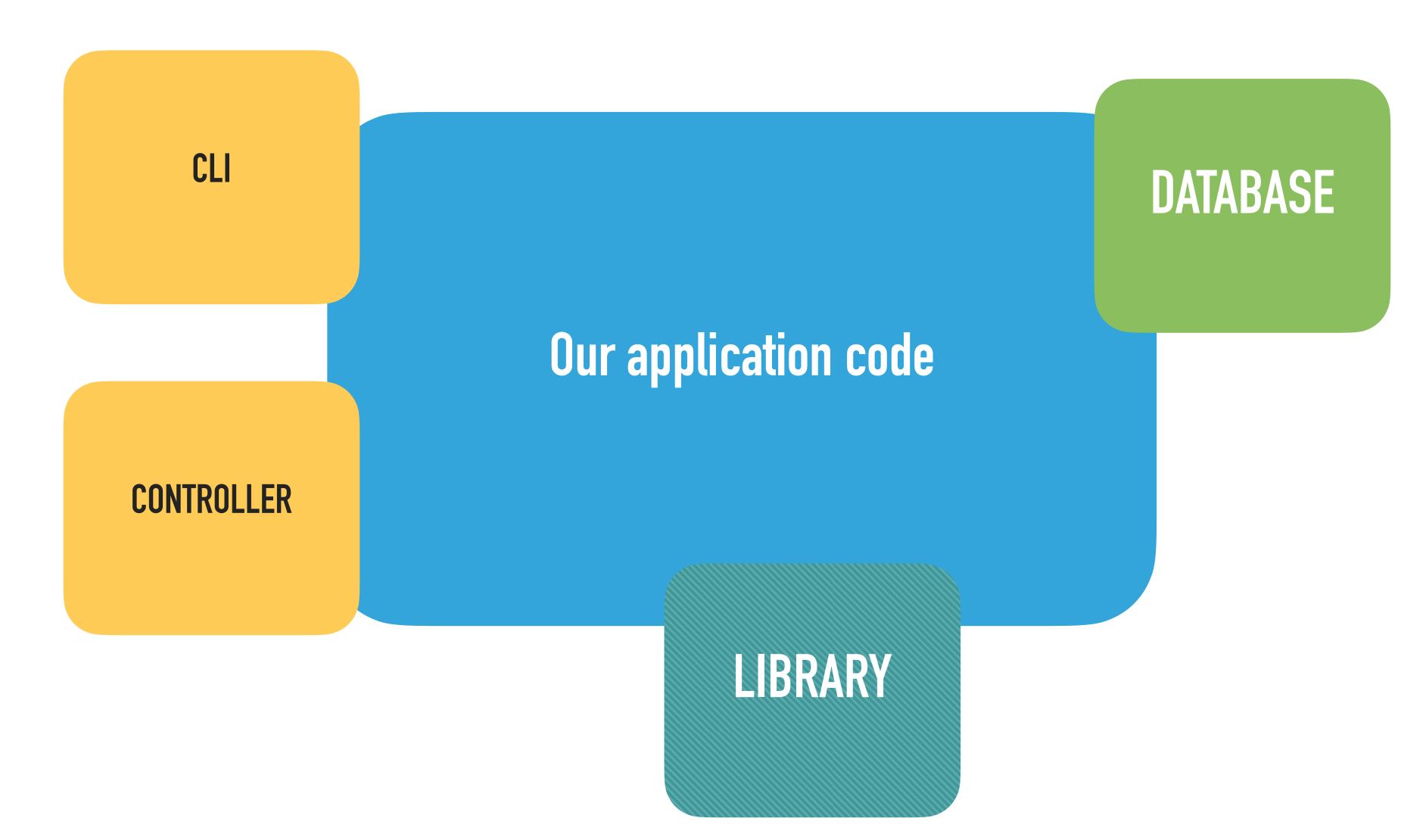
STATIC ANALYSIS

```
final readonly class PersonDetails
{
  public function __construct(
    public string $name,
    public int $age,
  } {}
```

function getPersonDetails(): PersonDetails {...}

ELIMINATE

#3: Asserts at the system boundaries



```
final readonly class Power
{
    /** @param int<0,100> $value */
    public function __construct(public int $value) {}
}
```

```
final readonly class Power
   /** @param int<0,100> $value */
   public function construct (public int $value) {}
interface Request
   public function getInt(string $key): int;
                                           Expect int<0,100> got int
```

\$powerAsInt = \$request->getInt("power");

\$power = new Power(\$powerAsInt);

```
function validate(int $power): void
   if ($power < 0 || $power > 100) {
      throw new InvalidValue();
$powerAsInt = $request->getInt("power");
validate($powerAsInt);
$power = new Power($powerAsInt);
```

Expect int<0,100> got int

```
/** @phpstan-assert int<0,100> $power */
function validate(int $power): void
  if ($power < 0 || $power > 100) {
      throw new InvalidValue();
```

```
/** @phpstan-assert int<0,100> $power */
function validate(int $power): void
   if ($power < 0 || $power > 100) {
      throw new InvalidValue();
$powerAsInt = $request->getInt("power");
validate($powerAsInt);
$power = new Power($powerAsInt);
```

```
/** @phpstan-assert int<0,100> $power */
```

/** @psalm-assert int<0,100> \$power */

```
/** @psalm-assert int<1,6> $value */
function validateDiceValue(int $value): void
  if ($value <= 1 || $value >= 6) {
      throw new InvalidArgumentException();
```

MANUAL INSPECTION

```
/** @psalm-assert-if-true int<0,100> $power */
function isValid(int $power): bool
{
   return ($power >= 0 && $power <= 100);
}</pre>
```

```
/** @psalm-assert-if-true int<0,100> $power */
function isValid(int $power): bool
   return ($power >= 0 && $power <= 100);
$powerAsInt = $request->getInt("power");
if (isValid($powerAsInt)) {
    $power = new Power($powerAsInt);
} else {
    // Handle invalid data
```

ASSERTIONS

```
/** @phpstan-assert !null $value */
/** @psalm-assert-if-true string $value */
/** @psalm-assert-if-false string $value */
```

```
final class Person {
 public function construct(private ?string $email) {}
 public function hasEmail(): bool {
    return $this->email !== null;
 public function getEmail(): ?string {
    return $this->email;
function process(Person $person): void {
 if ($person->hasEmail()) {
    sendEmail($person->getEmail());
```

function sendEmail(string \$email): void {...}

```
final class Person {
 public function construct(private ?string $email) {}
 /** @psalm-assert-if-true string $this->getEmail() */
 public function hasEmail(): bool {
    return $this->email !== null;
 public function getEmail(): ?string {
    return $this->email;
function process(Person Sperson): void {
  if ($person->hasEmail()) {
    sendEmail($person->getEmail());
```

function sendEmail(string \$email): void {...}

@daveliddament

#4: Prevent objects from being in invalid states

```
class Person {
                                       Psalm
  private string $name;
 public function setName(string $name): void {
   $this->name = $name;
 public function getName(): string {
   return $this->name;
```



phpstan.neon

parameters:

checkUninitializedProperties: true

```
class Person {
                                               ELIMINATE
  public function construct(
                                             STATIC ANALYSIS
    private string $name,
  ) { }
  public function setName(string $name): void {
    $this->name = $name;
  public function getName(): string {
    return $this->name;
```

```
class Job
   public function completedBy(User $user): void {...}
   public function completedAt(int $timestamp): void {...}
class Job
  public function completed (
     User $user,
     int $timestamp,
   ): void {...}
```

#5: Remove default handling

```
function cost(string $type): int
   if ($type === "CHILD") {
       $price = 10;
   if ($type === "ADULT") {
       price = 20;
   return $price;
```

```
function cost(string $type): int
   $price = null;
   if ($type === "CHILD") {
       price = 10;
   if ($type === "ADULT") {
       $price = 20;
   if ($price === null) {
      throw new LogicException("Invalid type [$type]");
   return $price;
```

@daveliddament

```
/** @param "CHILD"|"ADULT" $type */
function cost(string $type): int
   $price = null;
   if ($type === "CHILD") {
       $price = 10;
   if ($type === "ADULT") {
       price = 20;
   if ($price === null) {
      throw new LogicException("Invalid type [$type]");
   return $price;
```

```
final class Type
                                            public const ADULT = "ADULT";
                                            public const CHILD = "CHILD";
/** @param Type::* $type */
function cost(string $type): int
   $price = null;
   if ($type === Type::CHILD) {
       $price = 10;
   if ($type === Type::ADULT) {
       price = 20;
   if ($price === null) {
      throw new LogicException("Invalid type [$type]");
   return $price;
```

```
final class Type
                                            public const ADULT = "ADULT";
                                            public const CHILD = "CHILD";
/** @param Type::* $type */
                                            public const OAP = "OAP";
function cost(string $type): int
   $price = null;
   if ($type === Type::CHILD) {
       $price = 10;
   if ($type === Type::ADULT) {
       price = 20;
   if ($price === null) {
      throw new LogicException("Invalid type [$type]");
   return $price;
```

ALERT

```
/** @param Type::* $type */
function cost(string $type): int
  if ($type === Type::CHILD) {
       $price = 10;
   if ($type === Type::ADULT) {
       $price = 20;
  return $price;
```

```
final class Type
{
    public const ADULT = "ADULT";
    public const CHILD = "CHILD";
}
```



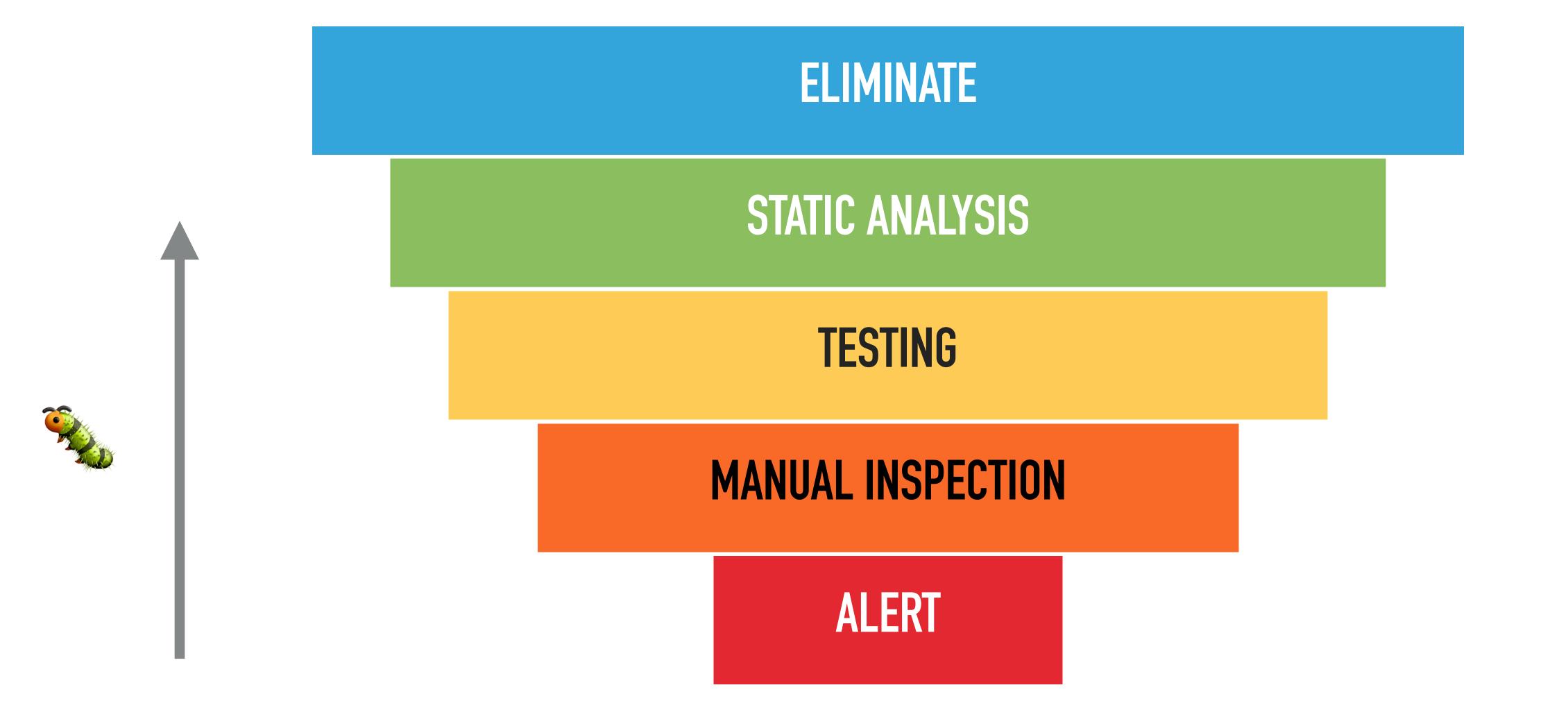
```
final class Type
{
    public const ADULT = "ADULT";
    public const CHILD = "CHILD";
}
```

```
/** @param Type::* $type */
function cost(string $type): int
{
   return match($type) {
     Type::CHILD => 10,
     Type::ADULT => 20,
   };
}
```

STATIC ANALYSIS

MANUAL INSPECTION





#6: Quiz first. Part 1

```
class Person {
   public function getName(): ?string {...}
function process(Person $person): void {
  if ($person->getName() !== null) {
    takesString($person->getName());
function takesString(string $value): void {...}
```

#6: Quiz first. Part 2

```
class Queue {
   public function getNext(): ?string {...}
function process(Queue $queue): void {
  if ($queue->getNext() !== null) {
    takesString($person->getNext());
function takesString(string $value): void {...}
```

#6: Assume impure functions

```
class Foo {
  public function bar(): ?string {...}
function process(Foo $foo): void {
                                           Psalm X
  if ($foo->bar() !== null) {
    takesString($foo->bar());
function takesString(string $value): void {...}
```



```
class Person {
   /** @psalm-pure */
   public function getName(): ?string {...}
function process(Person $person): void {
  if ($person->getName() !== null) {
    takesString($person->getName());
function takesString(string $value): void {...}
```

```
final readonly class Person {
 public function construct(private ?string $name) {}
 public function getName(): ?string {
   return $this->name;
                                            Psalm
function process(Person $person): void {
 if ($person->getName() !== null) {
   takesString($person->getName());
```

function takesString(string \$value): void {...}

```
class Queue {
   /** @phpstan-impure */
   public function getNext(): ?string {...}
function process (Queue $queue): void {
  if ($queue->getNext() !== null) {
    takesString($person->getNext());
function takesString(string $value): void {...}
```



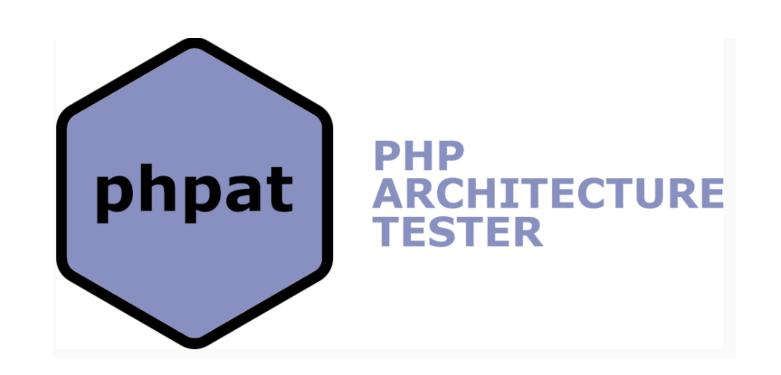
phpstan.neon

parameters:

rememberPossiblyImpureFunctionValues: false

```
class Foo {
   public function bar(): ?string {...}
function process(Foo $foo): void {
  $value = $foo->bar();
  if ($value !== null) {
    takesString($value);
function takesString(string $value): void {...}
```

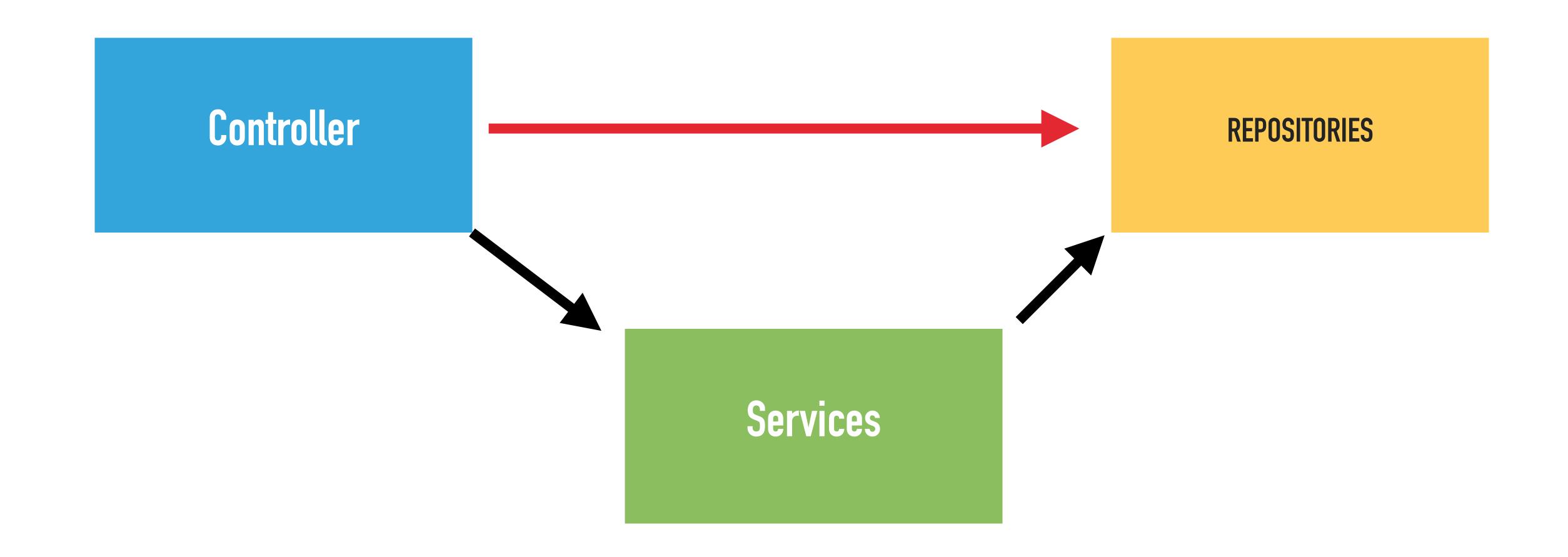
#7: Enforce architectural constraints



https://github.com/carlosas/phpat



https://qossmic.github.io/deptrac/



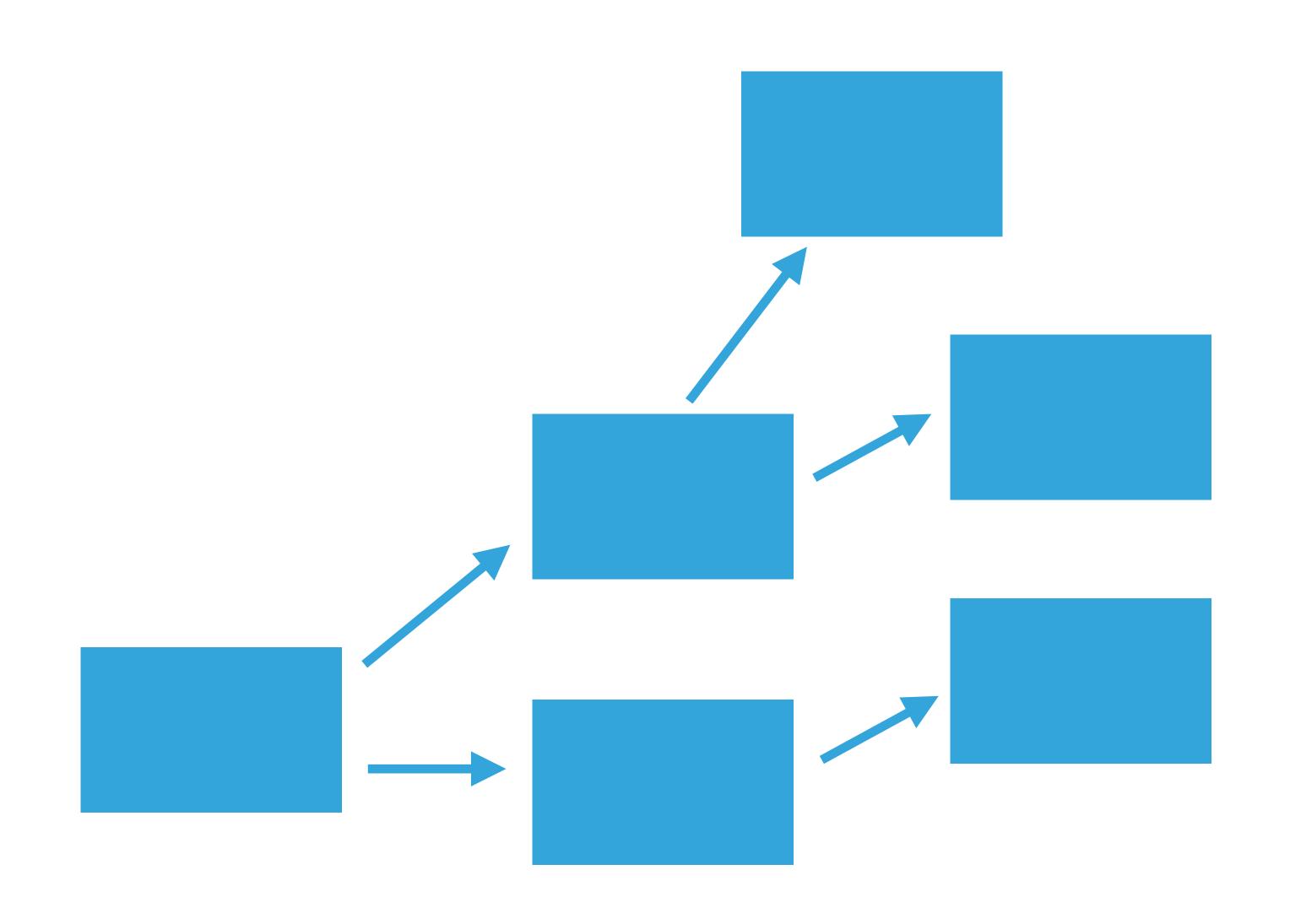
```
public function testDomain(): Rule
    return PHPat::rule()
        ->classes(Selector::namespace('App\Domain'))
        ->shouldNotDependOn()
        ->classes(
            Selector::namespace('App\Application'),
            Selector::namespace('App\Infrastructure')
```

https://github.com/DaveLiddament/php-language-extensions

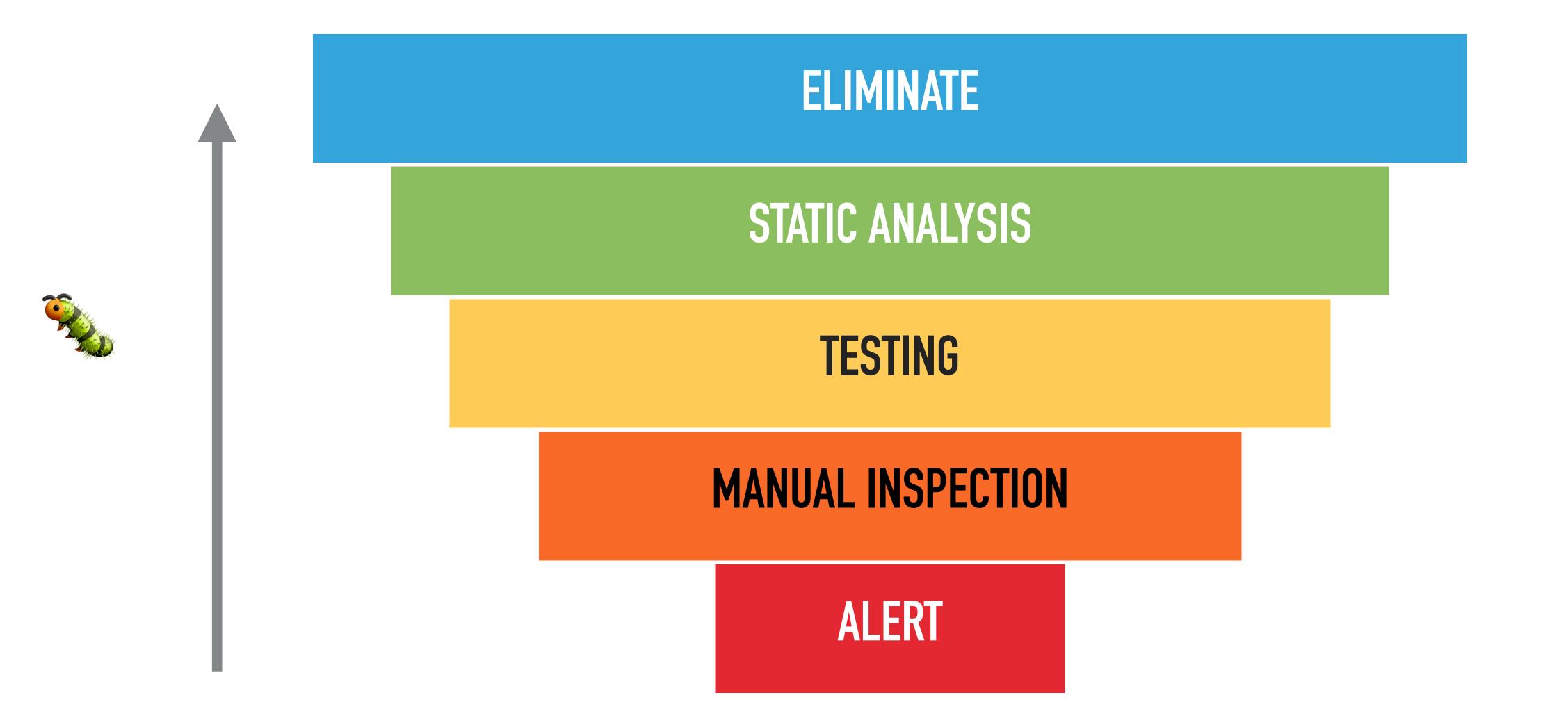
```
#[Friend]
#[NamespaceVisibility]
#[Package]
#[TestTag]
#[InjectableVersion]
                          class Person
                            #[Friend(PersonBuilder::class)]
                            public function construct() {...}
```

- #1: Use value objects
- #2: Use extended type system
- #3: Asserts at the system boundaries
- #4: Prevent objects from being in invalid states
- #5: Remove default handling
- #6: Assume impure functions
- #7: Enforce architectural constraints

WILL DOING THIS MAKE CHANGE HARD?



- Use this advice if project needs it
- If changes are made, developers are shown possible bugs
- OK to alter past decisions



Dave Liddament

Lamp Bristol

Thank you for

listening

Organise PHP-SW

Author of Static Analysis Results Baseliner (SARB) 20 years of writing software (C, Java, Python, PHP)

@daveliddament

#Bonus: Check exceptions are handled





```
function doSomething(): void {
   // Some code
   throw new MyException();
}
```

```
/** @throws MyException */
function doSomething(): void {
   // Some code
   throw new MyException();
}
```

```
function process(): void {
 doSomething();
/** @throws MyException */
function doSomething(): void {
  // Some code
  throw new MyException();
```

```
function process(): void {
  try {
     doSomething();
  } catch (MyException) {
    // process error
/** @throws MyException */
function doSomething(): void {
  throw new MyException();
```

psalm.xml



<issueHandlers>

phpstan.neon



```
parameters:
    exceptions:
    check:
        missingCheckedExceptionInThrows: true
        tooWideThrowType: true
        uncheckedExceptionClasses:
        - InvalidArgumentException
```