GRADE 100%

TO PASS 80% or highe

## **Practice Quiz: Basic Regular Expressions**

1. The check web, address function checks if the text passed qualifies as a top-level web address, meaning that it contains alphanumeric characters (which includes letters, numbers, and underscores), as well as periods, dashes, and a plus sign, followed by a period and a character-only top-level domain such as ".com", ".info", ".edu", etc. Fill in the regular expression to do that, using escape characters, wildcards, repetition qualifiers, beginning and end-of-line characters, and character classes.

1 / 1 point

```
def check_web_address(text):
           pattern = r'^[\w\-\.\+]+(\.)[a-zA-Z]+$'
           result = re.search(pattern, text)
          return result != Non-
        print(check_web_address("gmail.com")) # True
        print(check_web_address("www@google")) # False
print(check_web_address("www.Coursera.org")) # True
        print(check_web_address("web-address.com/homepage")) # False
        print(check_web_address("My_Favorite-Blog.US")) # True
False
False
True
```

✓ Correct Right on! No bogus web address will get past you!

The check time function checks for the time format of a 12-hour clock, as follows: the hour is between 1 and 12. with no leading zero, followed by a colon, then minutes between 00 and 59, then an optional space, and then AM or PM, in upper or lower case. Fill in the regular expression to do that. How many of the concepts that you just learned can you use here?

1/1 point

```
def check_time(text):
             pattern = r'^[1-9][0-2]?:[0-5][0-9] ?[AM|PM|am|pm]'
             result = re.search(pattern, text)
             return result != None
          print(check_time("12:45pm")) # True
          print(check_time("9:59 AM")) # True
print(check_time("6:60am")) # False
print(check_time("five o'clock")) # False
   10
True
False
✓ Correct
      You nailed it! It's "time" to celebrate!
```

3. The contains\_acronym function checks the text for the presence of 2 or more characters or digits surrounded by parentheses, with at least the first character in uppercase (if it's a letter), returning True if the condition is met, or False otherwise. For example, "Instant messaging (IM) is a set of communication technologies used for textbased communication" should return True since (IM) satisfies the match conditions." Fill in the regular expression in this function:

1 / 1 point

```
def contains_acronym(text):
              pattern = r"\([A-Z0-9][A-Za-z]*\)'
result = re.search(pattern, text)
               return result != Non
            print(contains_acronym("Instant messaging (IM) is a set of communication tec
            print(contains_acronym("American Standard Code for Information Interchange
           print(contains_acronym("Please do NOT enter without permission!")) #REalse
print(contains_acronym("PostScript is a fourth-generation programming langua
print(contains_acronym("Have fun using a self-contained underwater breathing
    11
True
True
False
True
```

