

# RWorksheet\_Parita#3b

2025-10-19

###1

*#a. Write the codes*

```
respondents <- c(1:20)
sex <- c(2, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 2)
fathers_occ <- c(1, 3, 3, 3, 1, 2, 3, 1, 1, 1, 3, 2, 1, 3, 3, 1, 3, 1, 2, 1)
persons_home <- c(5, 7, 3, 8, 5, 9, 6, 7, 8, 4, 7, 5, 4, 7, 8, 8, 3, 11, 7, 6)
siblings_at_school <- c(6, 4, 4, 1, 2, 1, 5, 3, 1, 2, 3, 2, 5, 5, 2, 1, 2, 5, 3, 2)
house_type <- c(1, 2, 3, 1, 1, 3, 3, 1, 2, 3, 2, 3, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 2)
```

```
info <- data.frame("Respondents" = respondents, "Sex" = sex, "Fathers Occupation" = fathers_occ, "Persons at home" = persons_home, "Siblings at school" = siblings_at_school, "Types of houses" = house_type)
```

*#b. Describe the data. Get the structure or the summary of the data*

*# The data contains information about students' personal information*  
`str(info)`

```
## 'data.frame':    20 obs. of  6 variables:
## $ Respondents      : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ Sex              : num  2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 ...
## $ Fathers.Occupation: num  1 3 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 1 ...
## $ Persons.at.home   : num  5 7 3 8 5 9 6 7 8 4 ...
## $ Siblings.at.school: num  6 4 4 1 2 1 5 3 1 2 ...
## $ Types.of.houses   : num  1 2 3 1 1 3 3 1 2 3 ...
```

*#c. Is the mean number of siblings attending 5?*

```
mean(siblings_at_school)
```

```
## [1] 2.95
```

*#The answer is 2.95 so no.*

*#d. Extract the 1st two rows and then all the columns using the sub-setting functions. Write the codes and its output.*

```
info_subset <- info[1:2,]
```

```
print(info_subset)
```

```
##   Respondents Sex Fathers.Occupation Persons.at.home Siblings.at.school
## 1           1   2                1                5                6
## 2           2   2                3                7                4
##   Types.of.houses
## 1                1
## 2                2
```

*#e. Extract 3rd and 5th row with 2nd and 4th column. Write the codes and its result.*

```
info_subset2 <- info[c(3,5), c(2,4)]
```

```

print(info_subset2)

##    Sex Persons.at.home
## 3    1                3
## 5    2                5

#f. Select the variable types of houses then store the vector that results as
#types_houses. Write the codes.

types_houses <- info$Types.of.houses

#g. Select only all Males respondent that their father occupation was farmer.
#Write the codes and its output.
M_Farmer <- info[info$Sex == 1 & info$Fathers.Occupation == 1, ]
M_Farmer

##    Respondents Sex Fathers.Occupation Persons.at.home Siblings.at.school
## 9              9    1                  1                8                1
##    Types.of.houses
## 9              2

#h. Select only all females respondent that have greater than or equal to 5
#number of siblings attending school. Write the codes and its outputs.
F_Siblings <- info[info$Sex == 2 & info$Siblings.at.school >= 5, ]
F_Siblings

##    Respondents Sex Fathers.Occupation Persons.at.home Siblings.at.school
## 1              1    2                  1                5                6
## 7              7    2                  3                6                5
## 13             13    2                  1                4                5
## 14             14    2                  3                7                5
## 18             18    2                  1               11                5
##    Types.of.houses
## 1              1
## 7              3
## 13             2
## 14             2
## 18             3

####2

df = data.frame(Ints=integer(),
Doubles=double(), Characters=character(),
Logicals=logical(),
Factors=factor(),
stringsAsFactors=FALSE)

print("Structure of the empty dataframe:")

## [1] "Structure of the empty dataframe:"
print(str(df))

## 'data.frame':    0 obs. of  5 variables:
##  $ Ints      : int
##  $ Doubles   : num
##  $ Characters: chr

```

```
## $ Logicals : logi
## $ Factors  : Factor w/ 0 levels:
## NULL
```

*#a. Describe the results.*

*# It says that there are 0 observations of 5 variables. Printing it results to #NULL.*

```
####3
```

*#Create a .csv file of this. Save it as HouseholdData.csv*

*#a. Import the csv file into the R environment. Write the codes.*

```
household <- read.csv("HouseholdData.csv")
print(household)
```

```
## Respondents Sex Fathers.Occupation Persons.at.Home Siblings.at.School
## 1 1 Male 1 5 2
## 2 2 Female 2 7 3
## 3 3 Female 3 3 0
## 4 4 Male 3 8 5
## 5 5 Male 1 6 2
## 6 6 Female 2 4 3
## 7 7 Female 2 4 1
## 8 8 Male 3 2 2
## 9 9 Female 1 11 6
## 10 10 Male 3 6 2
```

```
## Types.of.Houses
```

```
## 1 Wood
## 2 Congrete
## 3 Congrete
## 4 Wood
## 5 Semi-Congrete
## 6 Semi-Congrete
## 7 Wood
## 8 Semi-Congrete
## 9 Semi-Congrete
## 10 Congrete
```

*#b. Convert the Sex into factor using factor() function and change it into integer. [Legend: Male = 1 and Female = 2]*

```
household$Sex <- factor(household$Sex, levels = c("Male", "Female"))
household$SexInt <- as.integer(household$Sex)
print(household[, c("Sex", "SexInt")])
```

```
## Sex SexInt
## 1 Male 1
## 2 Female 2
## 3 Female 2
## 4 Male 1
## 5 Male 1
## 6 Female 2
## 7 Female 2
## 8 Male 1
## 9 Female 2
## 10 Male 1
```

*#c. Convert the Type of Houses into factor and change it into integer. [Legend: Wood = 1; Congrete = 2; Semi-Congrete = 3]*

```
household$Types.of.Houses <- factor(household$Types.of.Houses, levels = c("Wood", "Congrete", "Semi-Congrete"))
```

```
household$Types.of.HousesInt <- as.integer(household$Types.of.Houses)
print(household[, c("Types.of.Houses", "Types.of.HousesInt")])
```

```
##      Types.of.Houses Types.of.HousesInt
## 1           Wood           1
## 2      Congrete           2
## 3      Congrete           2
## 4           Wood           1
## 5   Semi-Congrete           3
## 6   Semi-Congrete           3
## 7           Wood           1
## 8   Semi-Congrete           3
## 9   Semi-Congrete           3
## 10      Congrete           2
```

*#d. On father's occupation, factor it as Farmer = 1; Driver = 2; and Others = 3. What is the R code and its output?*

```
household$Fathers.Occupation <- factor(household$Fathers.Occupation, levels = c(1, 2, 3), labels = c("F", "D", "O"))
household$Fathers.OccupationInt <- as.integer(household$Fathers.Occupation)
print(household[, c("Fathers.Occupation", "Fathers.OccupationInt")])
```

```
##      Fathers.Occupation Fathers.OccupationInt
## 1           Farmer           1
## 2           Driver           2
## 3           Other           3
## 4           Other           3
## 5           Farmer           1
## 6           Driver           2
## 7           Driver           2
## 8           Other           3
## 9           Farmer           1
## 10          Other           3
```

*#e. Select only all females respondent that has a father whose occupation is driver. Write the codes and its output.*

```
filtered_a <- household[
  household$Sex == "Female" & household$Fathers.Occupation == "Driver",]
filtered_a
```

```
##      Respondents      Sex Fathers.Occupation Persons.at.Home Siblings.at.School
## 2             2 Female           Driver             7           3
## 6             6 Female           Driver             4           3
## 7             7 Female           Driver             4           1
##      Types.of.Houses SexInt Types.of.HousesInt Fathers.OccupationInt
## 2      Congrete       2           2           2
## 6   Semi-Congrete       2           3           2
## 7           Wood       2           1           2
```

*#f. Select the respondents that have greater than or equal to 5 number of siblings attending school. Write the codes and its output.*

```
filtered_b <- household[household$Siblings.at.School >= 5,]
filtered_b
```

```
##      Respondents      Sex Fathers.Occupation Persons.at.Home Siblings.at.School
## 4             4   Male           Other             8           5
## 9             9 Female           Farmer            11           6
```

```
##      Types.of.Houses SexInt Types.of.HousesInt Fathers.OccupationInt
## 4          Wood        1                1                3
## 9    Semi-Congrete        2                3                1

####4
date_data <- c("July 14, 2020", "July 15, 2020", "July 17, 2020", "July 18, 2020", "July 20, 2020", "Ju

negative <- c(2450, 4200, 3250, 3250, 2350, 4050)
neutral <- c(1575, 2800, 1900, 2050, 1450, 2700)
positive <- c(1725, 3200, 2400, 2525, 1700, 3375)

sentiments_tweets_df <- data.frame(
  Date = as.Date(date_data, format = "%B %d, %Y"),
  Negative = negative,
  Neutral = neutral,
  Positive = positive)

print(sentiments_tweets_df)

##      Date Negative Neutral Positive
## 1 2020-07-14     2450    1575     1725
## 2 2020-07-15     4200    2800     3200
## 3 2020-07-17     3250    1900     2400
## 4 2020-07-18     3250    2050     2525
## 5 2020-07-20     2350    1450     1700
## 6 2020-07-21     4050    2700     3375
```