

Design Thinking Phase 1: Understand

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Learning Objectives.



By the end of this module, you will:

- 1. Be familiar with the objectives of the "Understand" design phase
- 2. Be familiar with some methods/tools used in this phase
- 3. Have practiced using some methods/tools related to Understanding
- 4. Have practiced thinking through problem statements and developing design briefs



Phase 1: Understand.



In the Understand phase, we work to frame the overall design challenge and research and reflect on overall context for our work.



In this phase, we also review our assumptions about the design challenge topic.



Mindsets for the Understand phase.



Mindsets for the Understand Phase:

- 1. Seeing system overviews
- 2. Foreseeing trends
- 3. Reframing problems
- 4. Forming an intent



Methods for the Understand phase.



Methods for the Understand Phase

1. Defining problem statements

2. Reviewing context

- Desk research
 - Expert interviews
 - Using a plant metaphor to explore a topic
 - Convergence maps
 - From-To Matrix

3. Writing a design brief



Framing the design challenge.



Framing the design challenge.

- Create an initial definition of the problem you are trying to solve
 - Write it as a short, simple question (for example, "How might we...?")
 - Summarize intended impact
- Review context and assumptions
- Revise the problem statement





Types of problems.



Types of Problems

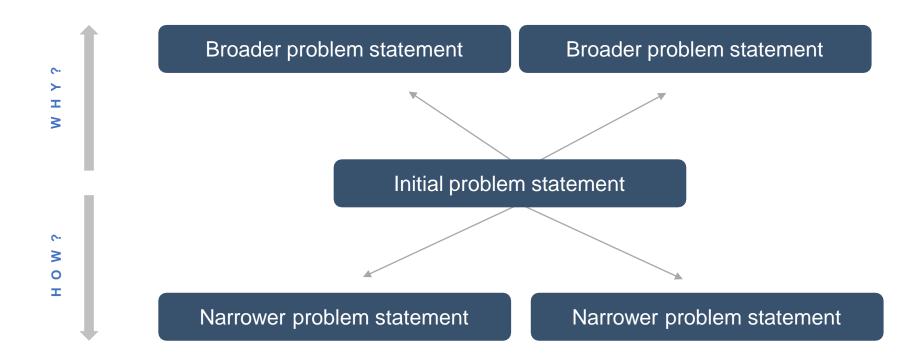
- Well-defined
- Ill-defined
- "Wicked problems"
 - These are the biggest design challenges and can lead to the greatest impact!



Exploring levels of problem statements.



Exploring levels of problem statements.





Introducing-Team design challenges.



Team design challenge topics

Team #	Design challenge topic	
1	How might we improve waste management in Nigeria?	
2	How might we expand access to clean water in Lagos?	
3	How might we encourage tourism in Lagos?	
4	How might we expand affordable housing in Lagos?	
5	How might we improve access to nutrition in Nigeria?	
6	How might we prepare Nigerians for the future world of work?	
7	How might we make the average Nigerian safer?	
8	How might we make Nigeria more environmentally friendly?	



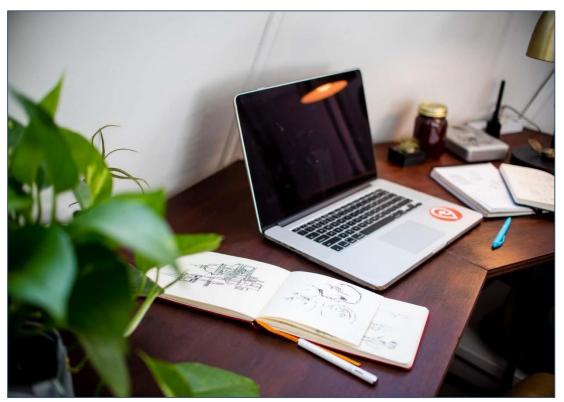
Methods: Review Context.



Desk research

Can include activities such as:

- Internet searches
- Literature reviews reading relevant books/journal articles (focusing on evidence)
- Popular media searches





Expert interviews

Can deepen our understanding of context for a design challenge and help us understand trends

Process:

- Identify topics to research
- Identify experts in that field (e.g., professors, authors, industry leaders)
- Prepare interview questions
- Conduct the interview
- Listen and document findings

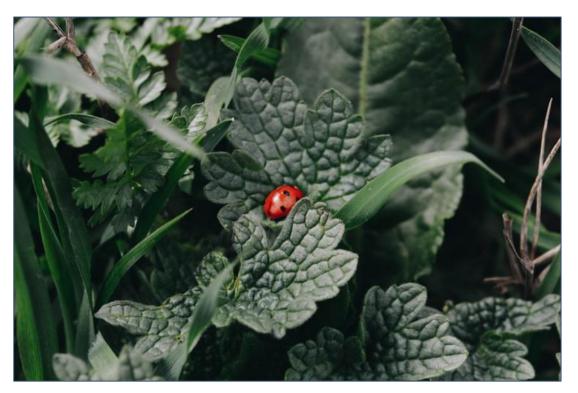




Conducting research using a plant metaphor

One approach to conducting research and preparing interview questions about industry trends is using a plant metaphor:

- Seeds what are the early, emerging trends?
- Soil how are the fundamentals affecting growth?
- Atmosphere how are surrounding conditions affecting growth?
- Plant how do innovations grow to become robust?
- Water what catalysts affect growth, and how?



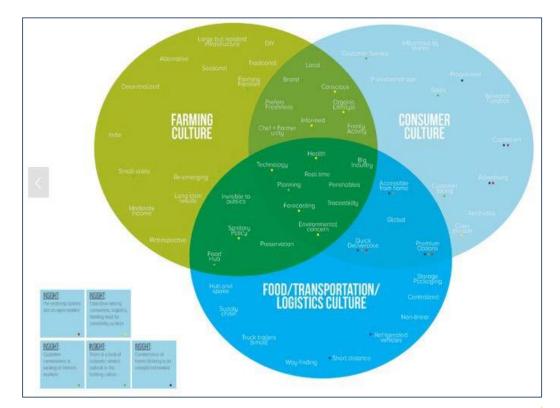


Convergence maps

- Illustrates how industries or areas of daily life overlap.
- Useful when working with trends/changes, to identify new opportunities at the intersection of these topics.

Process:

- 1. Identify topics
- 2. Identify and summarize trends
- 3. Build a Venn diagram showing overlapping regions
- 4. Identify opportunities





Trends Matrix (From-To Matrix)

- Can deepen our understanding of context for a design challenge and help us understand trends.
- By category, map out what happened in the past, what is happening now, and emerging trends/anticipated future scenarios.

	Formerly	Currently	Emerging
Users			
Service			
Market			
Culture			
Technology			
What else?			



Preparing Design Briefs.



Preparing design briefs

- Documenting the problem statement and some additional plans for the design process cements a common understanding within the team
- For design projects undertaken with certain constraints (for example, budgets or deadlines), the brief should also clearly define those parameters

Design Brief - Sample Outline

Why? - Problem

Who? - Target customer

What? - Goals

With what? - Available materials

Who else? - Competition, potential partners

How much? - Budget, other restrictions

When? - Schedules, deadlines

How? - Next steps



Activity: Preparing Design Briefs.



Class Activity 8: 20 minutes (Time)

Activity:

Prepare a design brief based on your team's design challenge and selected problem statement. Document the following at a minimum:

- Why? Problem
- Who? Target customer
- What? Goals

Think about: what already exists? What is missing from existing solutions?



Key Learning Points

- 1. In the Understand phase, we think broadly about a design challenge, working to understand context and trends and identify opportunities for change.
- 2. In addition to conducting general desk research, using some structured methods such as a Trends Matrix can help teams think through context of a design challenge.
- 3. Starting with a clear problem statement (for example, in "How might we..." format) and a design brief can give design teams a good sense of direction.
- 4. Defining the problem may be challenging, particularly when tackling ambitious/complex problems. If teams are stuck debating the problem statement, have a "bias for action" and get started the problem statement can be refined as work gets underway.





You have the floor...



THANK YOU!