



PAISA GENIOUS TEAM



Bioengineer and Data Scientist:

As the lead data scientist in our project Cristina:

- Managed feature engineering, data cleansing, and conducted data mining to create insightful visualizations
- Constructed the gold data set, essential for visualization and ML models
- Executed machine learning models for sentiment analysis, enhancing project insights

Mechanical Engineer and Data Engineer

As the lead data engineer in our project Daverson:

- Orchestrated Databricks workspace deployment on AWS, integrating Github for efficient CI/CD.
- Designed lakehouse data architecture, unifying data warehouses and data lakes.
- Created ELT pipelines for batch and streaming incremental data ingestion



The Challenge

Create an innovative data solution (web apps, chatbots, dashboards, model interfaces...) to empower businesses with insights from product reviews.

Stage 1

Understand the problem and define a solution approach.

Day 1 Day 2

Datathon Challenge

Roadmap

Stage 2

deploy * services, set up

GitHub repo. First batch

and

Day 5

Choose

workspace

ingestion

Day 3

technologies,

create

Stage 3

Data architecture design, data engineering for batch and stream ingestion. Exploratory data analysis

Day 6 Day 8

Stage 4

Data engineering for streaming, data cleansing, feature engineering and data visualization. Combine the data from both sources

Day 9

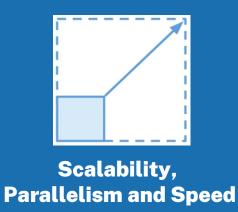
Day 11

Stage 5

Machine learning models, frontend design, final design dashboard, documentation and presentation

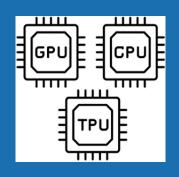
aws databricks TextBlob

MAIN TECHNOLOGIES



DATABRICKS + APACHE SPARK

Databricks combines data warehouses & data lakes into a lakehouse architecture.



heterogeneous hardware

AWS + DELTA LAKE

- Amazon S3 serves as the data lake, coupled with Delta Lake, which functions as the storage layer
- AWS EC2 instances as the compute resources for Databricks clusters



utilization

MLFLOW + TEXTBLOB + NLTK

- Distributed capabilities for large-scale experiments
- Efficient experiment tracking, reproducibility and scalability

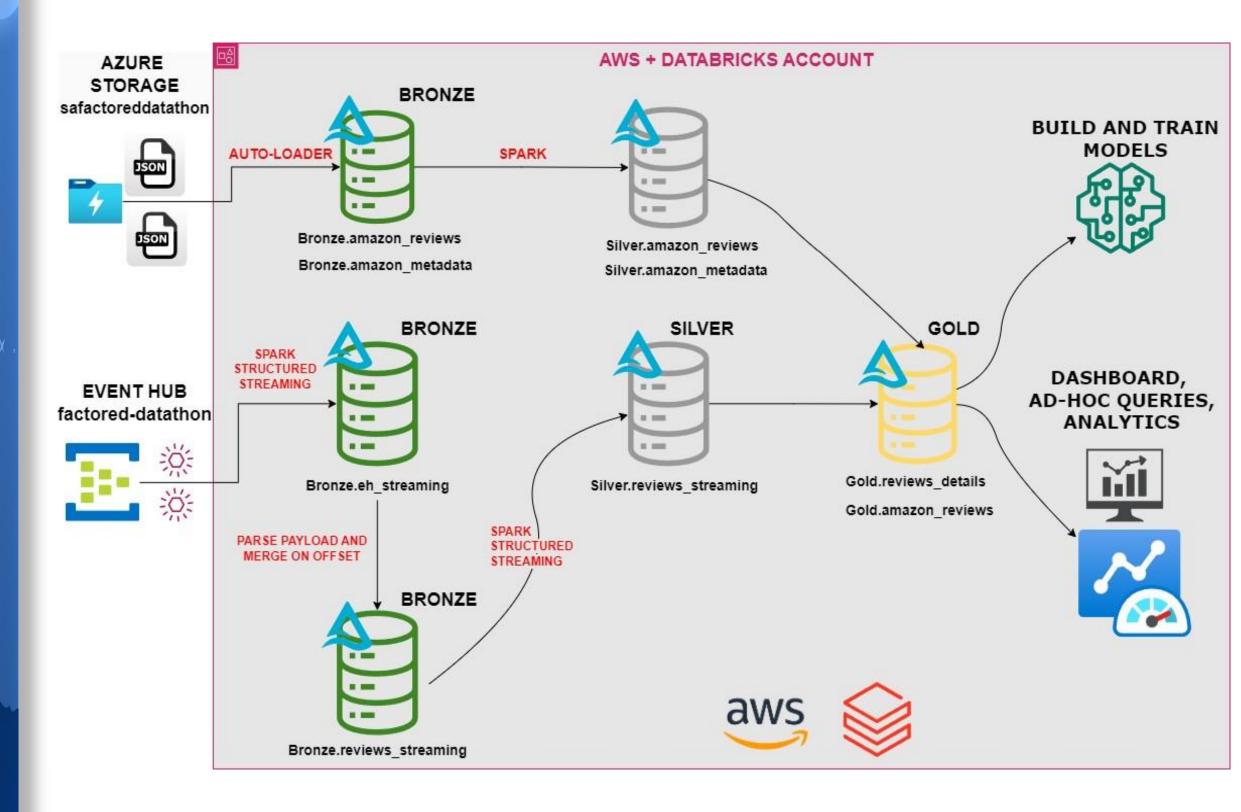
DATA ARCHITECTURE

For this challenge, Team Paisa Genious proposes a Delta Lakehouse architecture using Databricks with AWS Cloud, which offers an integrated solution for both batch and streaming data processing

Databricks:

Big data platform^x

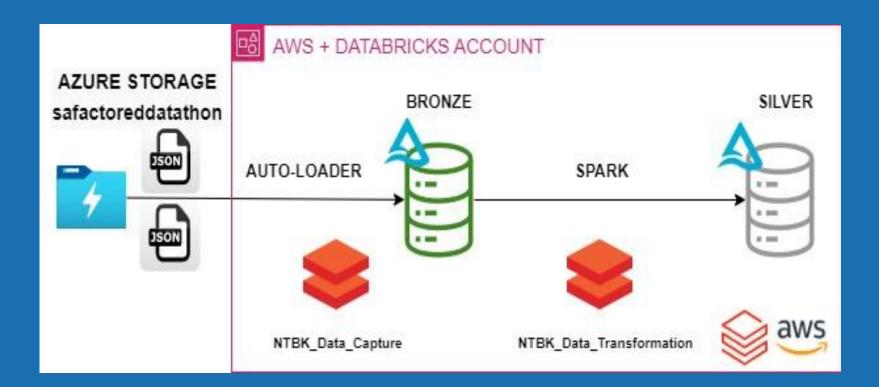
- AWS:
- Storage Compute resources

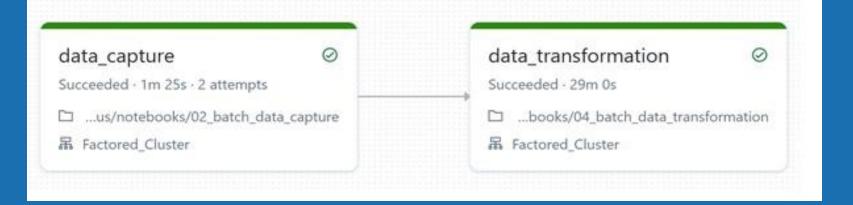


DATA ENGINEERING WITH DATABRICKS

BATCH

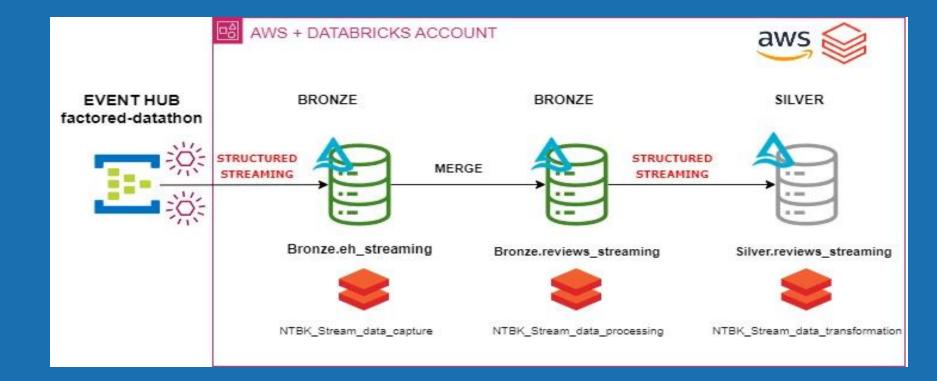
- 1. Extract and Load data to the Lake house
 Auto-loader: Incrementally load new data files as they arrive
- 2. Transform, Clean and Filter
 Spark structured streaming: Processing and transformation tasks with a batch-like behavior

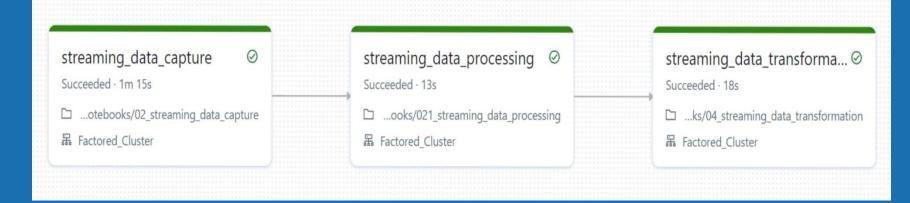




STREAMING

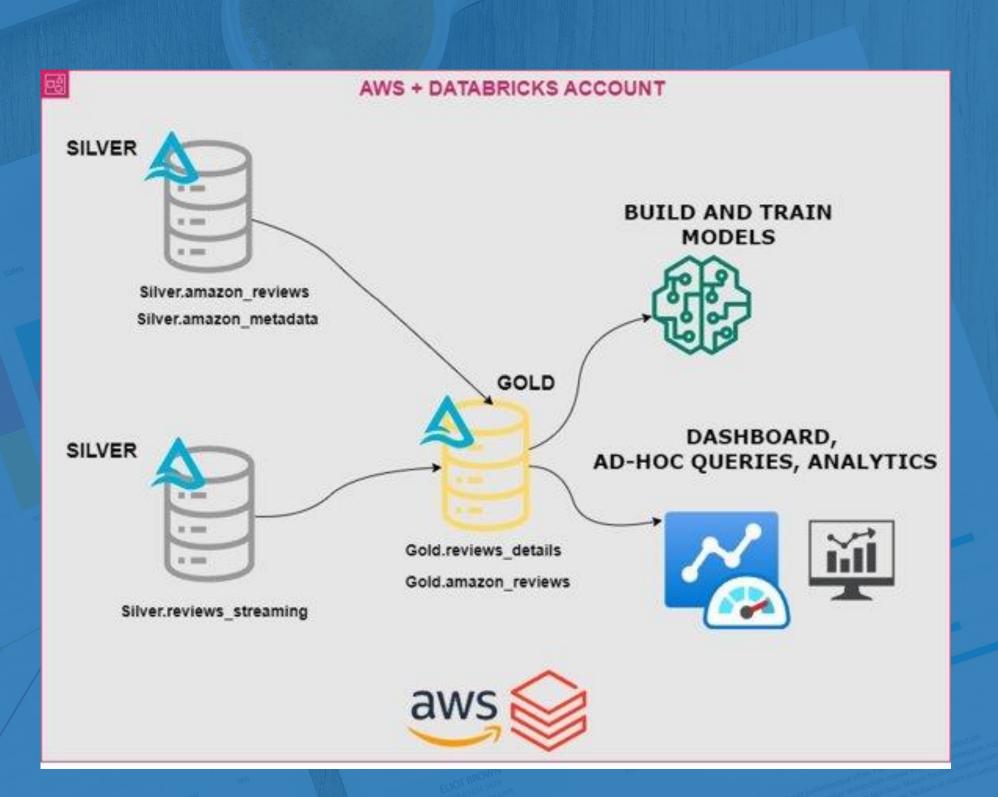
- 1. Extract and Load data to the Lake house
 Spark structured streaming: Stream data from event hub
- 2. Transform Data, Clean and Filter
 Spark structured streaming: Processing and transforming tasks as data becomes available





DATA ENGINEERING WITH DATABRICKS Gold Layer: Business level Aggregates

The Gold layer aims to deliver continuously updated, clean data to downstream users and applications, including machine learning models, ad-hoc queries, and analytics tools.



EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS

Data cleaning

Feature exploration

New variables

Pattern recognition

Report generation

- -Missing values and duplicate records.
- -Variables imputation: price, main_cat, brand, title.
- -Removing unwanted characters, converting to lowercase, and handling special cases: reviewText, title, main_cat, brand
- -Number of unique customers,.
- -Number of unique products.
- -Number of unique reviews
- -"Month"
- -"Year"
- -"Sentiment":
- positive, negative and neutral
- -Number of words per review

Time Series analysis:

-Number of review per vear.

Number of review per month.

- -average of overall ratings per year
- -Setiment analysis per year

FINAL DASHBOARD

REPORT FROM HISTORICAL DATA



Review Verification Impact:

Does sentiment differ between verified and non-verified reviews, and do verified reviews tend to be more credible?



Review Length and Sentiment:

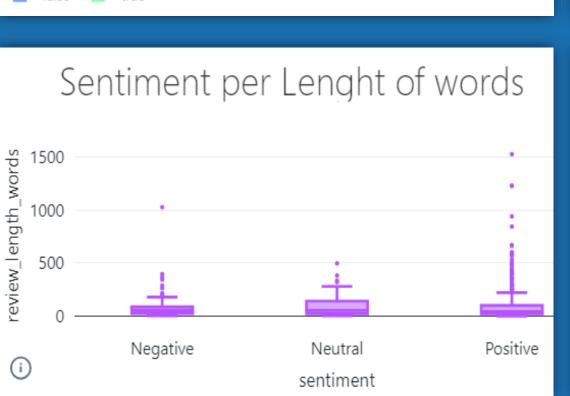
Are longer or shorter reviews more likely to have a positive or negative sentiment?

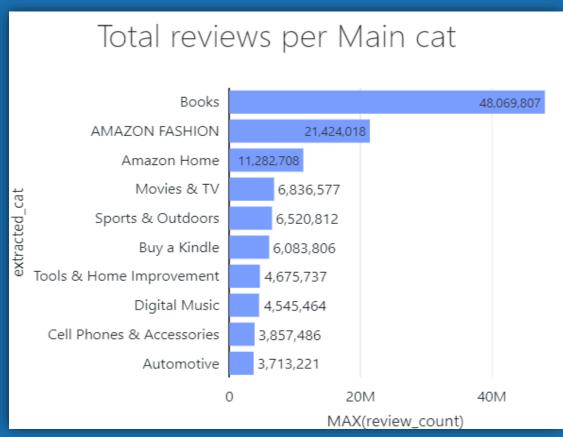


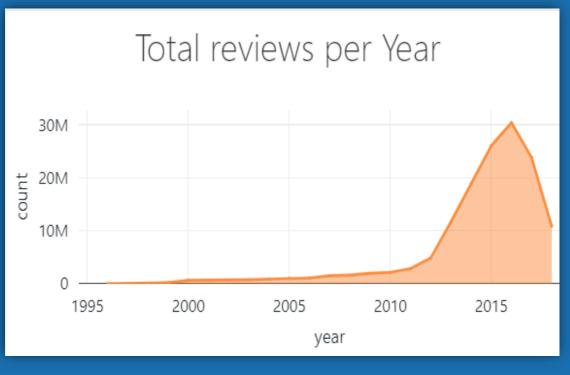
Product Prioritization:

Which product categories receive the most feedback, and are they also the ones with higher satisfaction?









SENTIMENT ANALISYS FROM HISTORICAL + STREAMING DATA

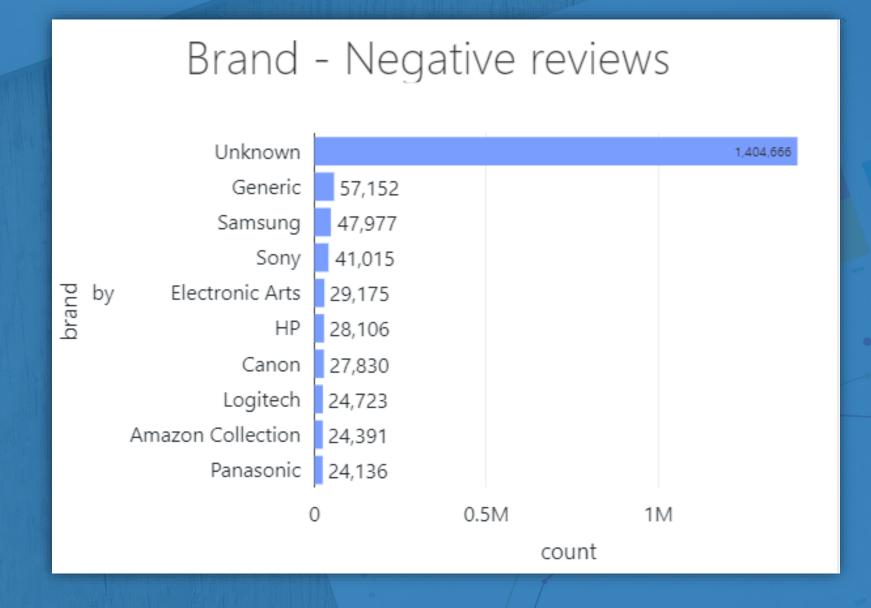


BRAND REPUTATION ASSESSMENT



STRATEGIC DECISION MAKING







SENTIMENT ANALYSIS ML MODEL

areaUnderROC	in the test	e test data = 0.7015227408116935			
	precision	recall	f1-score	support	
neg 0	0.59	0.68	0.63	1748239	
pos 1	0.72	0.64	0.68	2259976	
accuracy			0.66	4008215	
macro avg	0.66	0.66	0.66	4008215	
weighted avg	0.67	0.66	0.66	4008215	







Amazon reviews- Gold



Removal of html tags

Removal of URLs

Filtering of repeated

Removal numerical Characters

Special Characters

Emoticons and emojis

Preprocessed Perform Reviews Labeling

> Build and train ML model.

Register the model -Staging.

Inferences

POSIIVE

NEGATIVE

Offline store

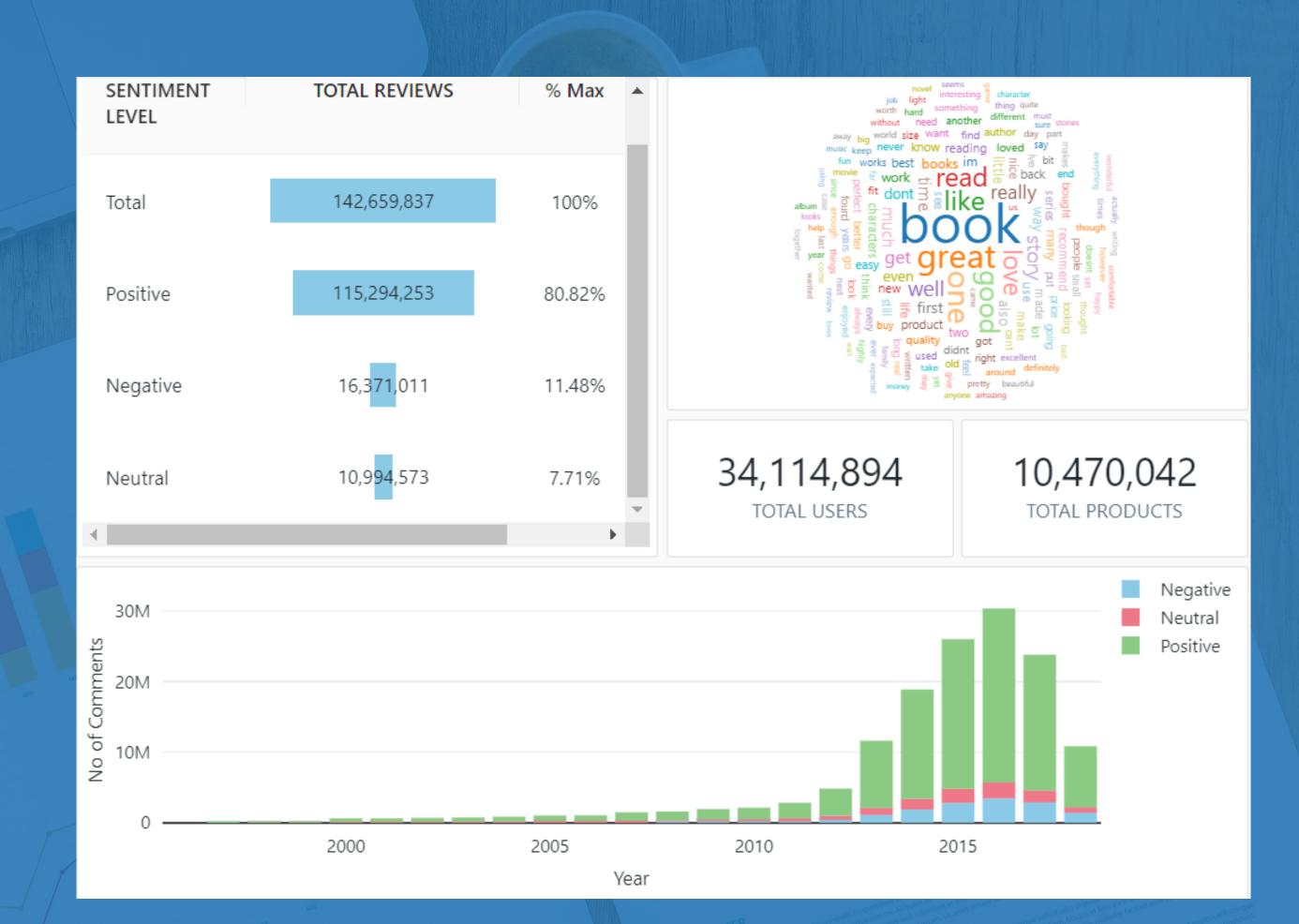
ml*flow*

TextBlob

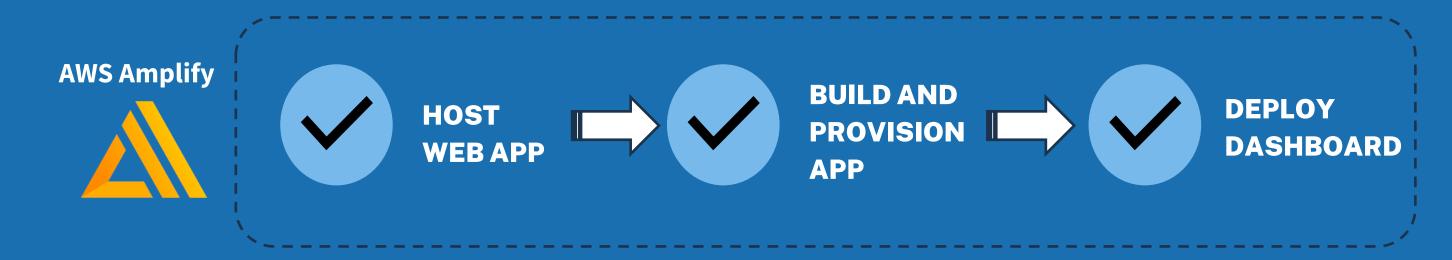
SENTIMENT ANALISYS DASHBOARD



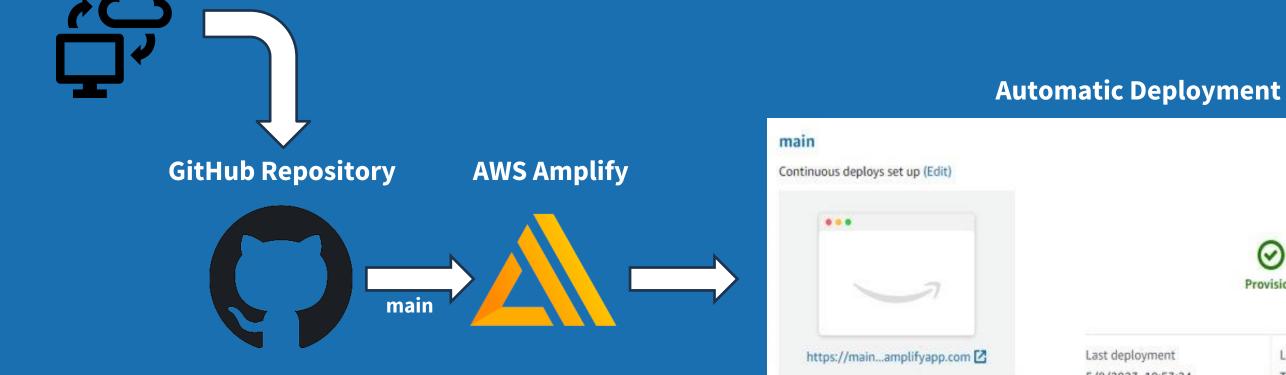
- ☐ Prioritizing Focus Areas
- **☐** Sentiment Overview
- **☐** Monitoring Trends
- ☐ Customer Engagement
- ☐ Historical Insights
- ☐ Seasonal Patterns

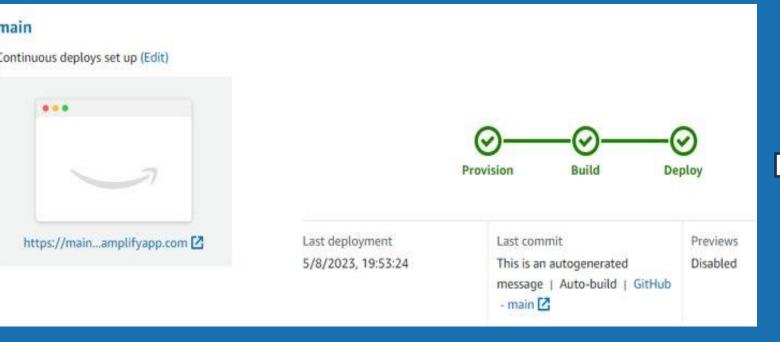


FRONTEND AND CONTINOUS DEPLOYMENT



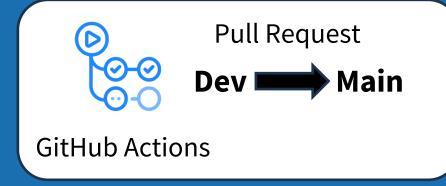
Local Dev Commit





Frontend and Dashboard





CHALLENGES AND CONCLUSIONS



SMALL TEAM



LIMITED TIME FRAME



LIMITED RESOURCES

AWS DAILY COST RESOURCES



