A valiação Linal-Cálculo II Davi Ventura Cardoso Lordigão - 82148

 $\frac{108 + 80 + 30 - 15 + 108 + 80 + 30 - 15}{15} = \frac{40617}{15}$ 

$$(4)$$
 at  $df = y dx + 0 = 2yx$  b)  $df = 2x(e^{x^2y}) = 2xe^{x^2}$   
 $dx$ 

$$df = x^2 + 32y = x^2 + 6y$$

$$df = 1(e^{x^2y}) = e^{x^2y}$$

$$df$$