# Passo 1: Configuração do Projeto Laravel

## 1. Abra o Terminal (ou Prompt de Comando)

Navegue até o diretório onde você extraiu o projeto Laravel. Por exemplo:

cd C:\Users\SeuUsuario\Documents\hello-world

## 2. Instale as Dependências do Projeto

Execute o comando para instalar as dependências do Laravel:

composer install

# 3. Configure o Ambiente

Renomeie o arquivo .env.example para .env:

```
ren .env.example .env
```

Abra o arquivo . env com um editor de texto e configure a conexão com o banco de dados SQLite.

# Passo 2: Configuração do Banco de Dados SQLite

#### 1. Crie o Banco de Dados SQLite

 No diretório do projeto, crie um arquivo de banco de dados SQLite. Por exemplo, database/database.sqlite.

### 2. Configure o SQLite no Laravel

No arquivo .env, configure as variáveis para usar o banco de dados SQLite:

```
DB_CONNECTION=sqlite
DB_DATABASE=/absolute/path/to/database/database.sqlite
```

**Nota:** Substitua /absolute/path/to/database/database.sqlite pelo caminho absoluto para o arquivo SQLite criado.

#### 3. Crie as Tabelas

Crie uma migration para as tabelas professores e disciplinas:

```
php artisan make:migration create_professores_table
php artisan make:migration create_disciplinas_table
```

Abra as migrations geradas em database/migrations/ e defina as tabelas: **Migration para professores:** 

```
<?php
use Illuminate\Database\Migrations\Migration;
use Illuminate\Database\Schema\Blueprint;
use Illuminate\Support\Facades\Schema;
class CreateProfessoresTable extends Migration
{
    * Run the migrations.
     * @return void
    public function up()
        Schema::create('professores', function (Blueprint $table) {
            $table->id();
            $table->string('nome');
            $table->string('email')->unique();
            $table->timestamps();
        });
     * Reverse the migrations.
     * @return void
    public function down()
        Schema::dropIfExists('professores');
```

# Código:

```
<?php

use Illuminate\Database\Migrations\Migration;
use Illuminate\Database\Schema\Blueprint;
use Illuminate\Support\Facades\Schema;

class CreateProfessoresTable extends Migration
{</pre>
```

```
/**
     * Run the migrations.
     * @return void
    public function up()
    {
        Schema::create('professores', function (Blueprint $table) {
            $table->id();
            $table->string('nome');
            $table->string('email')->unique();
            $table->timestamps();
        });
    }
    /**
     * Reverse the migrations.
     * @return void
    public function down()
    {
        Schema::dropIfExists('professores');
    }
}
```

## Migration para disciplinas:

```
<?php
use Illuminate\Database\Migrations\Migration;
use Illuminate\Database\Schema\Blueprint;
use Illuminate\Support\Facades\Schema;
class CreateDisciplinasTable extends Migration
    * Run the migrations.
     * @return void
    public function up()
        Schema::create('disciplinas', function (Blueprint $table) {
            $table->id();
            $table->string('nome');
            $table->text('descricao')->nullable();
            $table->timestamps();
        });
     * Reverse the migrations.
     * @return void
    public function down()
        Schema::dropIfExists('disciplinas');
```

#### Código:

```
<?php

use Illuminate\Database\Migrations\Migration;
use Illuminate\Database\Schema\Blueprint;
use Illuminate\Support\Facades\Schema;

class CreateDisciplinasTable extends Migration
{
    /**
    * Run the migrations.</pre>
```

```
* @return void
    public function up()
        Schema::create('disciplinas', function (Blueprint $table) {
            $table->id();
            $table->string('nome');
            $table->text('descricao')->nullable();
            $table->timestamps();
        });
    }
    /**
     * Reverse the migrations.
     * @return void
     */
    public function down()
        Schema::dropIfExists('disciplinas');
    }
}
```

Execute as migrations para criar as tabelas:

```
php artisan migrate
```

# Passo 3: Implementação do CRUD

### 1. Crie Modelos e Controladores

Crie os modelos e controladores para Professores e Disciplinas:

```
php artisan make:model Professor -m
php artisan make:controller ProfessorController
php artisan make:model Disciplina -m
php artisan make:controller DisciplinaController
```

#### 2. Defina as Rotas

No arquivo routes/web.php, adicione as rotas para os controladores:

```
use App\Http\Controllers\ProfessorController;
use App\Http\Controllers\DisciplinaController;
Route::resource('professores', ProfessorController::class);
Route::resource('disciplinas', DisciplinaController::class);
```

### 3. Implemente os Métodos dos Controladores

Edite os controladores gerados (ProfessorController e DisciplinaController) para implementar o CRUD.

### Exemplo de ProfessorController:

```
<?php
namespace App\Http\Controllers;
use App\Models\Professor;
use Illuminate\Http\Request;
class ProfessorController extends Controller
{
    public function index()
        $professores = Professor::all();
        return view('professores.index', compact('professores'));
    }
    public function create()
    {
        return view('professores.create');
    public function store(Request $request)
    {
        $request->validate([
            'nome' => 'required',
            'email' => 'required|email|unique:professores',
        ]);
        Professor::create($request->all());
        return redirect()->route('professores.index');
    }
```

```
public function edit(Professor $professor)
        return view('professores.edit', compact('professor'));
    public function update(Request $request, Professor $professor)
        $request->validate([
            'nome' => 'required',
            'email' => 'required|email|unique:professores,email,' .
$professor->id,
        ]);
        $professor->update($request->all());
        return redirect()->route('professores.index');
    }
    public function destroy(Professor $professor)
    {
        $professor->delete();
        return redirect()->route('professores.index');
    }
}
```

Faça o mesmo para DisciplinaController.

### 4. Crie as Views

Crie as views em resources/views/professores e resources/views/disciplinas para exibir formulários e listas.

Exemplo para professores/index.blade.php:

# Código:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
   <title>Professores</title>
</head>
<body>
   <h1>Professores</h1>
   <a href="{{ route('professores.create') }}">Adicionar Novo
Professor</a>
   <thead>
         ID
            Nome
            Email
            Ações
         </thead>
      @foreach ($professores as $professor)
```

```
{{ $professor->id }}
                 {{ $professor->nome }}
                 {{ $professor->email }}
                 <a href="{{ route('professores.edit',</pre>
$professor->id) }}">Editar</a>
                    <form action="{{
route('professores.destroy', $professor->id) }}" method="POST"
style="display:inline;">
                        @csrf
                        @method('DELETE')
                        <button type="submit">Deletar</button>
                     </form>
                 @endforeach
       </body>
</html>
```