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Lab 3 - Functions

- 1. Write a C Program to find factorial of a number using recursion
 - The factorial of a positive number n is given by:

```
factorial of n (n!) = 1 * 2 * 3 * 4....n sample output:
```

```
Enter a positive integer: 6
Factorial of 6 = 720
```

2. Write a C program to calculate the power of a number using recursion sample output:

```
Enter base number: 3
Enter power number(positive integer): 4
3^4 = 81
```

3. Write a C Program to convert binary number to decimal

```
o A = x_n * b^n + x_{n-1} * b^{n-1} + \dots + x_1 * b^1 + x_0 * b^0
Where,
```

- A represents the integer
- x represents the digit value
- b represents the base value

Example:

```
(1000)_2 = 1 \times 2^3 + 0 \times 2^2 + 0 \times 2^1 + 0 \times 2^0
```

 binary number is represented as a string of characters i.e. "1101" sample output:

```
Enter a binary number: 1101
1101 in binary = 13 in decimal
```

- 4. Write a C Program to convert decimal number to binary **Example:** Convert the decimal number 13₁₀ to binary.
 - o Divide the number 13 repeatedly by 2 untill you get '0' as the quotent

```
13 ÷ 2 = 6 (remainder 1) → 1
6 ÷ 2 = 3 (remainder 0) → 01
3 ÷ 2 = 1 (remainder 1) → 101
1 ÷ 2 = 0 (remainder 1) → 1101
```

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 binary number is represented as a string of characters i.e. "1101" sample output:

```
Enter a decimal number: 13
13 in decimal = 1101 in binary
```

5. Write a C Program to convert decimal number to hexadecimal

Conversion Table

HEXADECIMAL	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	C	D	Ε	F
DECIMAL	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

- Divide the decimal number by 16. Treat the division as an integer division.
- Write down the remainder (in hexadecimal).
- Divide the result again by 16. Treat the division as an integer division.
- Repeat step 2 and 3 until result is 0.
- The hex value is the digit sequence of the remainders from the last to first.

Example: Convert the number 256 decimal to hexadecimal

```
590 \div 16 = 36 \rightarrow \text{(remainder E(14 decimal))}

36 \div 16 = 2 \rightarrow \text{(remainder 4 (4 decimal))}

2 \div 16 = 0 \rightarrow \text{(remainder 2 (2 decimal))}
```

Answer = 24E

 hexadecimal number is represented as a string of characters i.e. "C1" sample output:

```
Enter a decimal number: 193
193 in decimal = C1 in hexadecimal
```

6. Write a C Program to convert hexadecimal number to decimal

Conversion Table

DECIMAL	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
HEXADECIMAL	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	Е	F

- Decimal Number = $d_{n-1} \times 16^{r-1} + + d_2 \times 16^2 + d_1 \times 16^1 + d_0 \times 16^0$. Where,
 - \blacksquare n = the number of digits.
 - \blacksquare r = placement of the digit (from the right side starting from r = 0)

Example:

$$(25)_{16} = 2 \times 16^{1} + 5 \times 16^{0}$$

= 2 × 16 + 5 × 1

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=
$$32 + 5$$

= 37
Therefore, $(25)_{16} = (37)_{10}$.

• hexadecimal number is represented as a string of characters i.e. "C1" sample output:

Enter an hexadecimal number: C1 C1 in hexadecimal = 193 in decimal