# A Brief Introduction to OSCAR and the Command Line

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#### 1 Installation

- If you are using a Mac, you can stop here and go to the next step.
- If you are using a Windows computer, please navigate to https://mobaxterm.mobatek.net/ and download the free version of MobaXterm.

## 2 Logging on to OSCAR

- If you are using a Mac press the command key followed by the space bar, type "Terminal" into the search bar, and then click the Terminal application.
- If you are using a Windows system, navigate to wherever you downloaded MobaXterm and open the application.
- Your terminal window should look similar to figure 1.

```
davidpeede — -zsh — 80×24

Last login: Tue Jan 19 09:36:42 on ttys000
davidpeede@DaveMacBook-Pro ~ %
```

Figure 1: An example of a new terminal window.

• Next type ssh yourBrownUsername@ssh.ccv.brown.edu into your terminal and press enter, then type in your password associated with your Brown account (NOTE: You will not be able to see that you are typing in your password, but I promise you are!), and lastly hit the enter key. If everything worked correctly your terminal should look similar to figure 2.

Figure 2: Successfully logging in to OSCAR.

## 3 Navigating around OSCAR

- Awesome! You have officially logged on to OSCAR lets now go over a few basic commands that will come in handy throughout the semester.
- So we know that we are on OSCAR but where are we really? If you ever want to know where you are on OSCAR simply type pwd on the command line and press enter. This command outputs your working directory to standard out (stdout), and if everything worked correctly you should see /users/yourBrownUsername printed to stdout, which means we are in our home directory! Your terminal should look similar to figure 3.

```
m davidpeede — dpeede@login005:~ — ssh dpeede@ssh.ccv.brown.edu —...
Last login: Tue Jan 19 09:36:42 on ttys000
davidpeede@DaveMacBook-Pro ~ % ssh dpeede@ssh.ccv.brown.edu
[dpeede@ssh.ccv.brown.edu's password:
Last login: Tue Jan 19 09:18:55 2021 from ssh4.oscar.ccv.brown.edu
Welcome to Oscar! This login node is shared among many users: please be
courteous and DO NOT RUN large-memory or compute-intensive programs here!
In particular, do not run MATLAB jobs here. They will be automatically killed.
Instead, submit a batch job or start an interactive session with 'interact'.
For help using this system, please search our documentation at
https://docs.ccv.brown.edu/oscar/ (or contact 'support@ccv.brown.edu')
module: loading 'java/8u111'
module: loading 'matlab/R2017b'
module: loading 'python/2.7.12'
module: loading 'intel/2017.0'
[dpeede@login005 ~]$ pwd
/users/dpeede
[dpeede@login005 ~]$
```

Figure 3: Printing your working directory.

• So we are in our home directory, but now what? Let's take a look at what is actually in our home directory. Type 11 (which is equivalent to 1s -1) and press enter. This command lists all the files that are located in your working directory to stdout in long form, which provides us some additional information that you can read more about here https://linuxize.com/post/how-to-list-files-in-linux-using-the-ls-command/. Your terminal should look similar to figure 4 (NOTE: If you are a first time OSCAR user your home directory might look a tad different than mine).

```
🧿 🔵 📵 🛅 davidpeede — dpeede@login005:~ — ssh dpeede@ssh.ccv.brown.edu —...
Instead, submit a batch job or start an interactive session with 'interact'.
For help using this system, please search our documentation at
https://docs.ccv.brown.edu/oscar/ (or contact 'support@ccv.brown.edu')
module: loading 'java/8u111'
module: loading 'matlab/R2017b'
module: loading 'python/2.7.12' module: loading 'intel/2017.0'
[[dpeede@login005 ~]$ pwd
/users/dpeede
[[dpeede@login005 ~]$ 11
total 8
drwxr-xr-x 8 dpeede ehuertas 4096 Jan 15 09:40 anaconda
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 dpeede ehuertas
                                27 Jun 17 2014 batch.script -> /gpfs/home/doc/b
atch.script
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 dpeede ehuertas
                                 28 Jun 17 2014 batch_scripts -> /gpfs/home/doc/
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 dpeede ehuertas
                                 19 Aug 18 23:55 data -> /gpfs/data/ehuertas
drwxr-xr-x 2 dpeede ehuertas 4096 Dec 26 12:20 pkgs
                                 21 Jun 17
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 dpeede ehuertas
                                           2014 README -> /gpfs/home/doc/README
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 dpeede ehuertas
                                    Aug 18 23:55 scratch -> /gpfs/scratch/dpeede
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 dpeede ehuertas
                                 20 Jun 17 2014 TERMS -> /gpfs/home/doc/TERMS
[dpeede@login005 ~]$
```

Figure 4: The contents of your home directory.

• In general we will be working in our scratch space for the majority of the semester, so lets move there! To change working directories type cd yourDestination so in this case type cd scratch and press enter. This command will change our working directory from home to scratch, and to confirm you can execute the pwd command, which should output /users/yourBrownUsername/scratch to stdout. Your terminal should look similar to figure 5

```
🧿 🛑 📵 🛅 davidpeede — dpeede@login005:~/scratch — ssh dpeede@ssh.ccv.brow...
https://docs.ccv.brown.edu/oscar/ (or contact 'support@ccv.brown.edu')
module: loading 'java/8u111'
module:
        loading 'matlab/R2017b'
module: loading 'python/2.7.12'
module: loading 'intel/2017.0'
[dpeede@login005 ~]$ pwd
/users/dpeede
[dpeede@login005 ~]$ 11
total 8
drwxr-xr-x 8 dpeede ehuertas 4096 Jan 15 09:40 anaconda
                                27 Jun 17 2014 batch.script -> /gpfs/home/doc/b
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 dpeede ehuertas
atch.script
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 dpeede ehuertas
                                28 Jun 17 2014 batch_scripts -> /gpfs/home/doc/
batch scripts
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 dpeede ehuertas
                                19 Aug 18 23:55 data -> /gpfs/data/ehuertas
drwxr-xr-x 2 dpeede ehuertas 4096 Dec 26 12:20 pkgs
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 dpeede ehuertas
                                21 Jun 17
                                           2014 README -> /gpfs/home/doc/README
                                20 Aug 18 23:55 scratch -> /gpfs/scratch/dpeede
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 dpeede ehuertas
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 dpeede ehuertas
                                20 Jun 17
                                          2014 TERMS -> /gpfs/home/doc/TERMS
[dpeede@login005 ~]$ cd scratch/
[[dpeede@login005 scratch]$ pwd
/users/dpeede/scratch
[dpeede@login005 scratch]$
```

Figure 5: Moving to your scratch space.

• If you wanted to move back to your home directory you could either type the absolute path cd /users/yourBrownUsername/ or simply cd ../ since your home directory is the parent directory of your scratch space, but let's stay in our scratch space.

#### 4 Files on OSCAR

• Now that we are in our scratch space lets execute the command 11. If you are a first time OSCAR user your scratch space should be empty, if you have previously used OSCAR before you might have some files already in your scratch space, regardless let's make a new directory! (NOTE: a directory is a lot like a folder on your local computer! Much like folders, directories can store files such as documents or even other directories!) To make a new directory named BIOL1435 type mkdir BIOL1435 and press enter. To verify that you in fact created a new directory named BIOL1435 execute the 11 command and if everything worked correctly you should see BIOL1435 in dark blue lettering in stdout! Your terminal should look similar to figure 6 (NOTE: If you are a first time OSCAR user your scratch space might look a tad different than mine).

```
● Diamid davidpeede — dpeede@login005:~/scratch — ssh dpeede@ssh.ccv.brow...
[dpeede@login005 ~]$ 11
total 8
drwxr-xr-x 8 dpeede ehuertas 4096 Jan 15 09:40 anaconda
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 dpeede ehuertas
                               27 Jun 17 2014 batch.script -> /gpfs/home/doc/b
atch.script
                               28 Jun 17 2014 batch_scripts -> /gpfs/home/doc/
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 dpeede ehuertas
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 dpeede ehuertas
                               19 Aug 18 23:55 data -> /gpfs/data/ehuertas
drwxr-xr-x 2 dpeede ehuertas 4096 Dec 26 12:20 pkgs
                                21 Jun 17 2014 README -> /gpfs/home/doc/README
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 dpeede ehuertas
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 dpeede ehuertas
                                20 Aug 18 23:55 scratch -> /gpfs/scratch/dpeede
                               20 Jun 17 2014 TERMS -> /gpfs/home/doc/TERMS
lrwxrwxrwx. 1 dpeede ehuertas
[dpeede@login005 ~]$ cd scratch/
[dpeede@login005 scratch]$ pwd
/users/dpeede/scratch
[dpeede@login005 scratch]$ mkdir BIOL1435
[dpeede@login005 scratch]$ 11
total 68
drwxr-xr-x 3 dpeede ehuertas 4096 Jan 14 11:48 00_introStats
drwxr-xr-x 8 dpeede ehuertas
                             4096 Jan 18 10:07 00_test
drwxr-xr-x 9 dpeede ehuertas 32768 Jan 18 14:50 01 HLA
drwxr-xr-x 3 dpeede ehuertas 4096 Jan 10 14:47 02_stdpopsim
drwxr-xr-x 2 dpeede ehuertas
                             4096 Jan 19 12:31 BIOL1435
[dpeede@login005 scratch]$
```

Figure 6: Making a new directory called BIOL1435.

• Now that we have a new directory let's create a text file called README.txt so that we don't forget why we created the BIOL1435 directory. To do so we will use the text editor Vi, in your scratch space type vi README.txt and press enter. This will open up a blank text editor in normal mode, to edit your text file first press i which lets Vi know that we are changing from normal mode to insert mode, once you are in insert mode go ahead and add This directory contains my work for BIOL 1435! and then press the escape key to change back to normal mode. Your terminal should look similar to figure 7. Lastly, to save our text file and exit Vi type:x and then on the command line execute the 11 command. (NOTE: i and:x are the two most basic commands you will need to use Vi but here is a reference for more common commands to make your life easier! http://www.atmos.albany.edu/daes/atmclasses/atm350/vi\_cheat\_sheet.pdf)

Figure 7: Vi text editor.

• Oh no! Our README.txt is in our scratch space, but we want it to be in our BIOL1435 directory. No need to worry, we can easily fix my mistake. To do so we are going to use the command mv to move the README.txt file from our working directory to our target directory (in this case the target directory is BIOL1435). Type mv README.txt /users/yourBrownUsername/scratch/BIOL1435/ and then press enter. Now navigate to your BIOL1435 directory and execute the 11 command to ensure you actually moved your README.txt file. Your terminal should look similar to figure 8

```
🔵 🌘 🛅 davidpeede — dpeede@login005:~/scratch/BIOL1435 — ssh dpeede@ssh...
/users/dpeede/scratch
[[dpeede@login005 scratch]$ mkdir BIOL1435
[dpeede@login005 scratch]$ 11
total 68
drwxr-xr-x 3 dpeede ehuertas 4096 Jan 14 11:48 00_introStats
drwxr-xr-x 8 dpeede ehuertas 4096 Jan 18 10:07 00_test
drwxr-xr-x 9 dpeede ehuertas 32768 Jan 18 14:50 01_HLA
drwxr-xr-x 3 dpeede ehuertas 4096 Jan 10 14:47 02_stdpopsim
drwxr-xr-x 2 dpeede ehuertas 4096 Jan 19 12:31 BIOL1435
[dpeede@login005 scratch]$ vi README.txt
[dpeede@login005 scratch]$ 11
total 69
drwxr-xr-x 3 dpeede ehuertas 4096 Jan 14 11:48 00_introStats
drwxr-xr-x 8 dpeede ehuertas 4096 Jan 18 10:07 00 test
drwxr-xr-x 9 dpeede ehuertas 32768 Jan 18 14:50 01_HLA
drwxr-xr-x 3 dpeede ehuertas
                             4096 Jan 10 14:47 02_stdpopsim
drwxr-xr-x 2 dpeede ehuertas
                             4096 Jan 19 12:31 BIOL1435
-rw-r--r-- 1 dpeede ehuertas
                               47 Jan 19 13:41 README.txt
[dpeede@login005 scratch]$ mv README.txt /users/dpeede/scratch/BIOL1435/
[[dpeede@login005 scratch]$ cd BIOL1435/
[dpeede@login005 BIOL1435]$ 11
-rw-r--r-- 1 dpeede ehuertas 47 Jan 19 13:41 README.txt
[dpeede@login005 BIOL1435]$
```

Figure 8: Moving README.txt from your scratch space to BIOL1435.

• Now as a sanity check let's quickly view the contents of the README.txt file to make sure nothing weird happened. To do so type less README.txt (which allows us to quickly inspect our file) and press enter. Your terminal should look similar to figure 9 and to exit less simply press the q key.

```
● ● ■ davidpeede — dpeede@login005:~/scratch/BIOL1435 — ssh dpeede@ssh...

This directory contains my work for BIOL 1435!

README.txt (END)
```

Figure 9: Viewing README.txt with less.

• Frequently this semester you will be asked to download files from Canvas and copy them to your OSCAR account to execute. Seems easy enough, so lets practice! Click on this link https://downgit.github.io/#/home?url=https://github.com/David-Peede/BIOL1435/tree/main/OSCAR and save the file to your downloads folder. Once the file is downloaded, go to your downloads folder, and unzip the file. Now open up a new terminal window, but do not log on to OSCAR, instead execute pwd to see where you are on your local computer, and then change directories into the OSCAR directory you just downloaded. I don't know how everyone's local computer is set up, but I imagine it will be fairly similar to how my local computer is organized in figure 10.

```
Last login: Tue Jan 19 14:47:25 on ttys000

(davidpeede@DaveMacBook-Pro ~ % pwd
/Users/davidpeede

[davidpeede@DaveMacBook-Pro ~ % cd Downloads/OSCAR
davidpeede@DaveMacBook-Pro OSCAR %
```

Figure 10: Moving into the OSCAR directory you downloaded from my GitHub.

• Now use the ls command to view the contents of the OSCAR directory. There are two files (one python script and one SLURM script) I want you to copy to your BIOL1435 directory on OSCAR. To do so we will use the scp command which allows you to securely copy files between local and remote systems. The basic syntax for copying a file from your local computer to OSCAR is scp myLocalFile Username@transfer.ccv.brown.edu:/pathToyourDirectory/ once you execute this command you will be prompted to enter the password associated with your Brown account and then EUREKA, the file was successfully copied to your directory in OSCAR. Notice how we used @transfer.ccv.brown.edu instead of @ssh.ccv.brown.edu this is because OSCAR has a node that is dedicated to transferring files! Your terminal should look similar to figure 11.

```
🗎 OSCAR — -zsh — 80×24
Last login: Tue Jan 19 15:30:53 on ttys000
davidpeede@DaveMacBook-Pro ~ % pwd
/Users/davidpeede
davidpeede@DaveMacBook-Pro ~ % cd Downloads/OSCAR
davidpeede@DaveMacBook-Pro OSCAR % ls
get1KsampleFile.sh
                       test.py
davidpeede@DaveMacBook-Pro OSCAR % scp get1KsampleFile.sh dpeede@transfer.ccv.br
own.edu:/users/dpeede/scratch/BIOL1435/
dpeede@transfer.ccv.brown.edu's password:
get1KsampleFile.sh
                                              100% 671
                                                           21.1KB/s
                                                                      00:00
davidpeede@DaveMacBook-Pro OSCAR % scp test.py dpeede@transfer.ccv.brown.edu:/us
ers/dpeede/scratch/BIOL1435/
dpeede@transfer.ccv.brown.edu's password:
                                              100% 160
                                                            4.8KB/s
                                                                      00:00
davidpeede@DaveMacBook-Pro OSCAR %
```

Figure 11: Copying files from your local computer to OSCAR.

Now log back on to OSCAR and navigate to your BIOL1435 directory and make sure those two
files are actually there! If everything was successful your terminal should look similar to figure
12.

```
davidpeede — dpeede@login006:~/scratch/BIOL1435 — ssh dpeede@ssh...
Last login: Tue Jan 19 16:04:10 on ttys000
davidpeede@DaveMacBook-Pro ~ % ssh dpeede@ssh.ccv.brown.edu
dpeede@ssh.ccv.brown.edu's password:
Last login: Mon Jan 18 21:53:55 2021 from ssh4.oscar.ccv.brown.edu
Welcome to Oscar! This login node is shared among many users: please be
courteous and DO NOT RUN large-memory or compute-intensive programs here!
In particular, do not run MATLAB jobs here. They will be automatically killed.
Instead, submit a batch job or start an interactive session with 'interact'.
For help using this system, please search our documentation at
https://docs.ccv.brown.edu/oscar/ (or contact 'support@ccv.brown.edu')
module: loading 'java/8u111'
module: loading 'matlab/R2017b'
module: loading 'python/2.7.12'
module: loading 'intel/2017.0'
[dpeede@login006 ~]$ cd scratch/BIOL1435/
[dpeede@login006 BIOL1435]$ 11
total 2
-rw-r--r-- 1 dpeede ehuertas 671 Jan 19 16:04 get1KsampleFile.sh
-rw-r--r-- 1 dpeede ehuertas 47 Jan 19 13:41 README.txt
-rw-r--r-- 1 dpeede ehuertas 160 Jan 19 16:04 test.py
[dpeede@login006 BIOL1435]$
```

Figure 12: Confirming your copied files are on OSCAR.

### 5 Executing Scripts on OSCAR

• Since we just copied those two scripts from our local computer let's execute them, but first we need to make them executable. To do so we will use the basic syntax of chmod +x myScript which will change the file permissions so that we can execute the scripts. A quick way to tell if a file is executable is if the file has green lettering. Go ahead and change the permissions on test.py and get1KsampleFile.sh so that we can execute these scripts! If everything was successful your terminal should look similar to figure 13.

```
🧿 🔵 🍺 🛅 davidpeede — dpeede@login006:~/scratch/BIOL1435 — ssh dpeede@ssh...
In particular, do not run MATLAB jobs here. They will be automatically killed.
Instead, submit a batch job or start an interactive session with 'interact'.
For help using this system, please search our documentation at
https://docs.ccv.brown.edu/oscar/ (or contact 'support@ccv.brown.edu')
module: loading 'java/8u111'
module: loading 'matlab/R2017b'
module: loading 'python/2.7.12'
module: loading 'intel/2017.0'
[dpeede@login006 ~]$ cd scratch/BIOL1435/
[dpeede@login006 BIOL1435]$ 11
total 2
-rw-r--r-- 1 dpeede ehuertas 671 Jan 19 16:04 get1KsampleFile.sh
-rw-r--r-- 1 dpeede ehuertas 47 Jan 19 13:41 README.txt
 -rw-r--r-- 1 dpeede ehuertas 160 Jan 19 16:04 test.py
[dpeede@login006 BIOL1435]$ chmod +x get1KsampleFile.sh
[dpeede@login006 BIOL1435]$ chmod +x test.py
[dpeede@login006 BIOL1435]$ 11
total 2
-rwxr-xr-x 1 dpeede ehuertas 671 Jan 19 16:04 get1KsampleFile.sh
 rw-r--r-- 1 dpeede ehuertas 47 Jan 19 13:41 README.txt
 -rwxr-xr-x 1 dpeede ehuertas 160 Jan 19 16:04 test.py
[dpeede@login006 BIOL1435]$
```

Figure 13: Changing file permissions.

• Many times this semester we will find it more convenient to use an interactive session on OSCAR so we don't have to wait for jobs to run. To start an interactive session on OSCAR simply type interact and hit enter. It may take a second, but once your interactive session has started it should look similar to figure 14.

```
713 Jan 19 16:24 1Kgenomes-178233.err
360 Jan 19 16:24 1Kgenomes-178233.out
                   - 1 dpeede ehuertas
  -rw-r--r-- 1 dpeede ehuertas
  -Twr--xr-x 1 dpeede ehuertas 666 Jan 19 16:23 get1KsampleFile.sh
-rw-r--r- 1 dpeede ehuertas 55156 Sep 9 2014 integrated_call_samples_v3.20130502.ALL.panel
-rw-r--r- 1 dpeede ehuertas 47 Jan 19 13:41 README.txt
-rwxr-xr-x 1 dpeede ehuertas 160 Jan 19 16:04 test.py
  [dpeede@login006 BIOL1435]$ interact
Walltime: 30:00
Mair.
Memory:
                   4g
batch
Queue:
salloc -J interact -N 1-1 -n 1 --time=30:00 --mem=4g -p batch srun --pty bash
salloc: Pending job allocation 178340
salloc: job 178340 queued and waiting for resources
salloc: job 178340 has been allocated resources
salloc: Granted job allocation 178340
salloc: Waiting for resource configuration
salloc: Nodes node1301 are ready for job
module: unloading 'java/8u111'
module: loading 'java/8u111'
module: unloading 'matlab/R2017b'
module: loading 'matlab/R2017b'
module: Indufing 'matrab/N2017'
module: unloading 'python/2.7.12'
module: loading 'python/2.7.12'
module: unloading 'intel/2017.0'
module: loading 'intel/2017.0'
[dpeede@node1301 BIOL1435]$
```

Figure 14: Interactive session on OSCAR.

• Now it is time to put your command line skills to test! Type python test.py and follow the prompts I gave you! If you are successful your terminal should look similar to figure 15.

```
avidpeede — dpeede@:~/scratch/BIOL1435 — ssh dpeede@ssh.ccv.brown.edu — 95×28

-rwxr-xr-x 1 dpeede ehuertas 160 Jan 19 16:04 test.py
[dpeede@login006 BIOL1435]$ interact

Cores: 1

Walltime: 30:00

Memory: 4g

Queue: batch
salloc -J interact -N 1-1 -n 1 --time=30:00 --mem=4g -p batch srun --pty bash

salloc: Pending job allocation 178340
salloc: job 178340 queued and waiting for resources
salloc: job 178340 has been allocated resources
salloc: Granted job allocation 178340
salloc: Waiting for resource configuration
salloc: Nodes node1301 are ready for job
module: unloading 'java/8u111'
module: loading 'java/8u111'
module: loading 'matlab/R2017b'
module: unloading 'matlab/R2017b'
module: loading 'matlab/R2017b'
module: loading 'python/2.7.12'
module: loading 'jython/2.7.12'
module: loading 'intel/2017.0'
module: loading 'intel/2017.0'
module: loading 'intel/2017.0'
Idpeede@node1301 BIOL1435]$ python test.py
Qpen this file .py file with Vi
[dpeede@node1301 BIOL1435]$ vi test.py
Yeah!! I did it!
[dpeede@node1301 BIOL1435]$
```

Figure 15: Correct answers for executing test.py

• Now lets take a look at get1KsampleFile.sh and change the last line of the SLURM header to your email address. get1KsampleFile.sh is an example of a SLURM script, which is how we submit jobs to OSCAR. Don't worry too much about the header right now, but if you want to learn more you can read about it here https://slurm.schedmd.com/sbatch.html. To execute this script type sbatch get1KsampleFile.sh and press enter. This job should run fairly

quickly, but if you wanted to view the status of your SLURM jobs you can execute the command squeue -u Username, to learn more about the squeue command you can visit this webpage https://slurm.schedmd.com/squeue.html. This SLURM scripts will download the panel file for all the individuals in the phase 3 realease of the 1000 Genomes Project and if everything was successful your terminal should look similar to figure 17.

Figure 16: get1KsampleFile.sh

```
🌎 🌑 🛅 davidpeede — dpeede@login006:~/scratch/BIOL1435 — ssh dpeede@ssh.ccv.brown.edu...
total 2
         -r-- 1 dpeede ehuertas 671 Jan 19 16:04 get1KsampleFile.sh
-r-- 1 dpeede ehuertas 47 Jan 19 13:41 README.txt
-r-- 1 dpeede ehuertas 160 Jan 19 16:04 test.py
 [dpeede@login006 BIOL1435]$ chmod +x get1KsampleFile.sh
 [dpeede@login006 BIOL1435]$ chmod +x test.py
[dpeede@login006 BIOL1435]$ 11
total 2
Twxr-xr-x 1 dpeede ehuertas 671 Jan 19 16:04 get1KsampleFile.sh

-rw-r-xr-x 1 dpeede ehuertas 47 Jan 19 13:41 README.txt

-rwxr-xr-x 1 dpeede ehuertas 160 Jan 19 16:04 test.py

[dpeede@login006 BIOL1435]$ vi get1KsampleFile.sh

[dpeede@login006 BIOL1435]$ sbatch get1KsampleFile.sh
 Submitted batch job 178233
 [dpeede@login006 BIOL1435]$ squeue -u dpeede
                   JOBID PARTITION
                                                NAME
                                                              USER ST
                                                                                    TIME NODES NODELIST(REASON)
178233 batch 1Kgenome dpeed
[dpeede@login006 BIOL1435]$ squeue -u dpeede
JOBID PARTITION NAME USE
                                                           dpeede CG
                                                                                    0:01
                                                                                                  1 node1310
                                                                                    TIME NODES NODELIST(REASON)
[dpeede@login006 BIOL1435]$ 11
total 59
 -rw-r--r--
                1 dpeede ehuertas
                                              713 Jan 19 16:24 1Kgenomes-178233.err
360 Jan 19 16:24 1Kgenomes-178233.out
 -rw-r--r-- 1 dpeede ehuertas
 rwxr-xr-x 1 dpeede ehuertas
                                              666 Jan 19 16:23 get1Ksample
                                               156 Sep 9 2014 integrated_call_samples_v3.20130502.ALL.panel
47 Jan 19 13:41 README.txt
 rw-r--r-- 1 dpeede ehuertas 55156 Sep
 rw-r--r-- 1 dpeede ehuertas
                                              160 Jan 19 16:04 test.py
-rwxr-xr-x 1 dpeede ehuertas
[dpeede@login006 BIOL1435]$
```

Figure 17: Submitting a SLURM job.

• Lastly, we will often want to copy a file from a directory in OSCAR to our local computer. Open a new terminal window and navigate to your downloads directory on your local computer. To copy a file from OSCAR to your local computer use scp Username@transfer.ccv.brown.edu:/path/myFileOnOSCAR . go ahead and download the integrated\_call\_samples\_v3.20130502.ALL.panel file from your

BIOL1435 directory on OSCAR to your local downloads directory and then view the file on your local computer. Figure 18 is an example of copying a file from OSCAR to your local downloads directory and if everything was successful your integrated\_call\_samples\_v3.20130502.ALL.panel should look similar to figure 19.

```
■ Downloads — -zsh — 80×24

Last login: Tue Jan 19 16:05:23 on ttys000

[davidpeede@DaveMacBook-Pro ~ % cd Downloads

[davidpeede@DaveMacBook-Pro Downloads % scp dpeede@transfer.ccv.brown.edu:/users/]
dpeede/scratch/BIOL1435/integrated_call_samples_v3.20130502.ALL.panel .

[dpeede@transfer.ccv.brown.edu's password:
    integrated_call_samples_v3.20130502.ALL.panel 100% 54KB 601.4KB/s 00:00

davidpeede@DaveMacBook-Pro Downloads % ■
```

Figure 18: Copying files from OSCAR computer to your local computer.

• • •	i 📄	ntegrated_c	all_sam	ples_v3.20130502.ALL.panel
sample	рор	super_po	р	gender
HG00096	GBR	EUR	male	
HG00097	GBR	EUR	female	
HG00099	GBR	EUR	female	
HG00100	GBR	EUR	female	
HG00101	GBR	EUR	male	
HG00102	GBR	EUR	female	
HG00103	GBR	EUR	male	
HG00105	GBR	EUR	male	
HG00106	GBR	EUR	female	
HG00107	GBR	EUR	male	
HG00108	GBR	EUR	male	
HG00109	GBR	EUR	male	
HG00110	GBR	EUR	female	
HG00111	GBR	EUR	female	
HG00112	GBR	EUR	male	
HG00113	GBR	EUR	male	
HG00114	GBR	EUR	male	
HG00115	GBR	EUR	male	
HG00116	GBR	EUR	male	
HG00117	GBR	EUR	male	
HG00118	GBR	EUR	female	
HG00119	GBR	EUR	male	
HG00120	GBR	EUR	female	
HG00121	GBR	EUR	female	
HG00122	GBR	EUR	female	
HG00123	GBR	EUR	female	
HG00125	GBR	EUR	female	
HG00126	GBR	EUR	male	
HG00127	GBR	EUR	female	
HG00128	GBR	EUR	female	<u> </u>

Figure 19: 1000 Genomes Project Panel File

#### 6 Resources

- Here are some resources that are available to you if you ever run into issues with OSCAR or the command line.
  - 1. Google is your friend! If you run into an issue chances are someone else already had this issue and solved it!
  - 2. If you are having issues with the command line or want to learn more about shell scripting my go to is https://linuxize.com/.
  - 3. If you have OSCAR specific questions the documentation https://docs.ccv.brown.edu/oscar/ is a great place to start and if you cannot find the answer to your question in the documentation feel free to submit a ticket to ITS here support@ccv.brown.edu.
  - 4. If all else fails feel free to drop me an email at david\_peede@brown.edu or come to office hours and we will troubleshoot together!