

Introgression & Deriving Patterson's D

BIOL 1435

March 7, 2023

Overview

1. Motivation

2. Preliminaries

3. Derivations

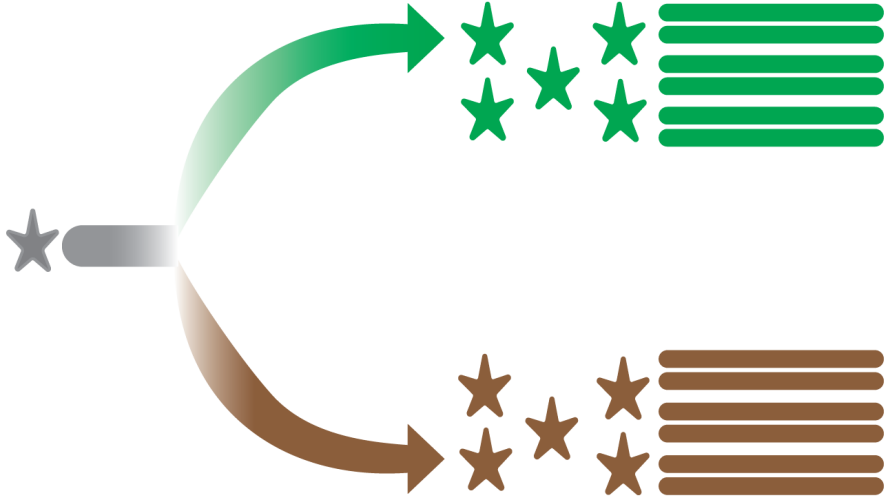
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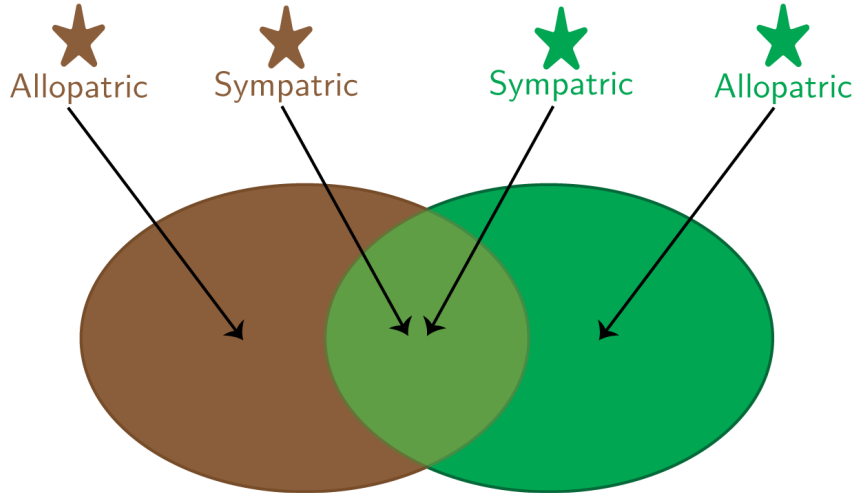
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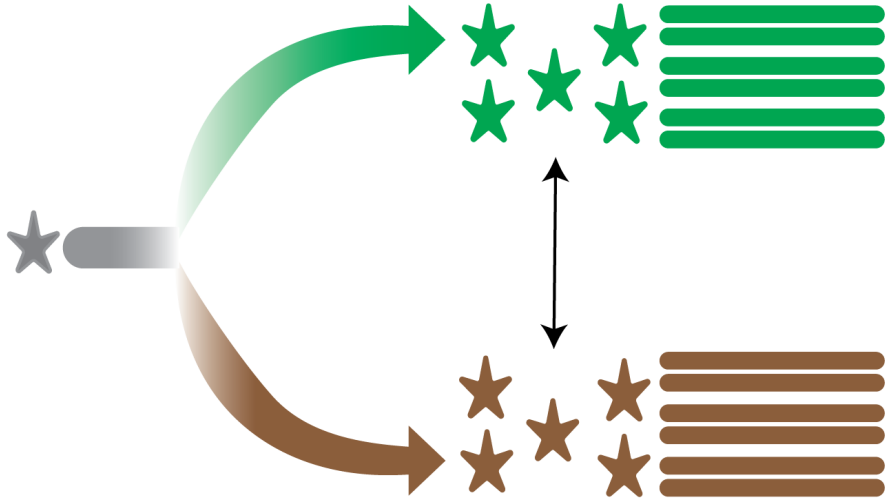
Evolution as a bifurcating process



Sympatry is necessary for gene flow



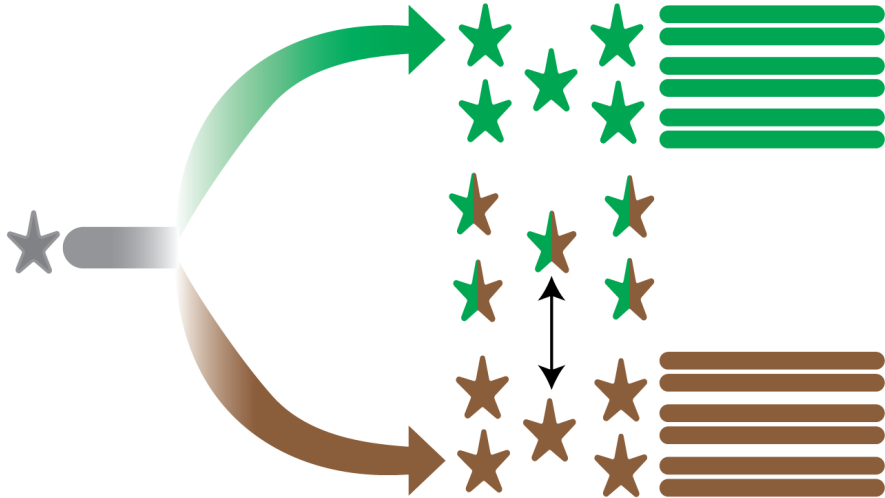
Incomplete RI leads to hybridization



F1 hybrids = uniform mixture of parental ancestry



Hybridization is NOT sufficient for introgression



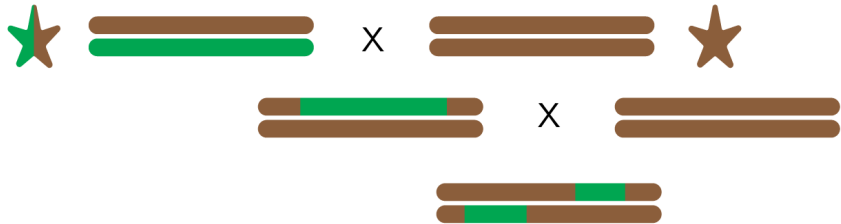
Incorporation of heterospecific loci via backcrossing



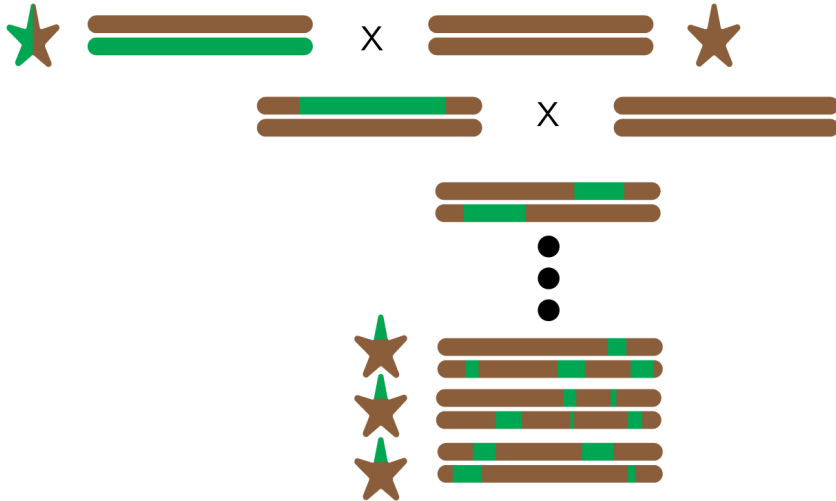
Incorporation of heterospecific loci via backcrossing



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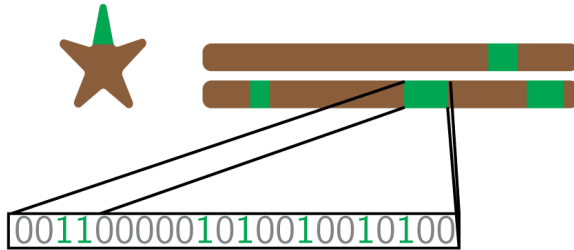
Incorporation of heterospecific loci via backcrossing



Genetic composition of an introgressed segment



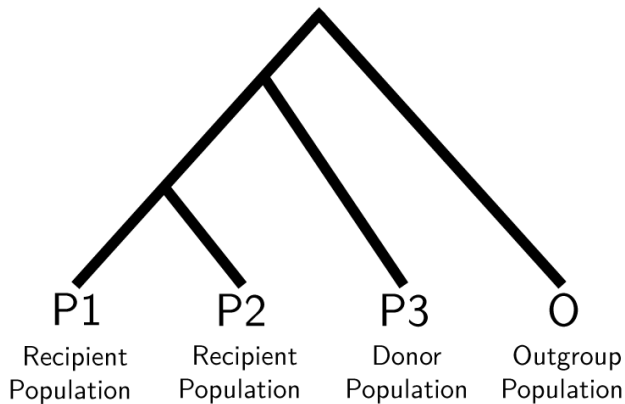
Introgression segments leaves a genomic footprint



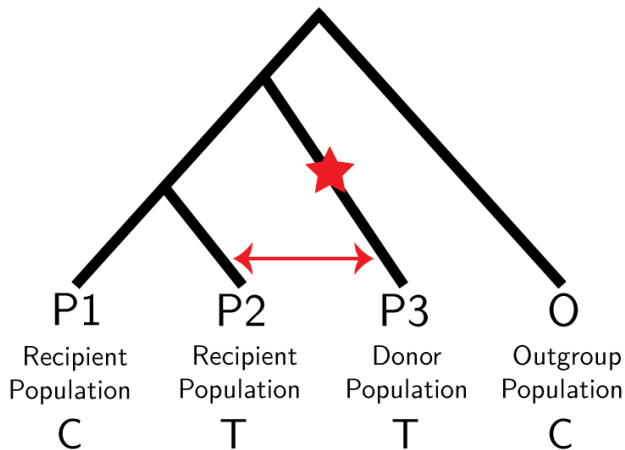
0 = reintroduced ancestral allele

1 = newly introduced derived allele

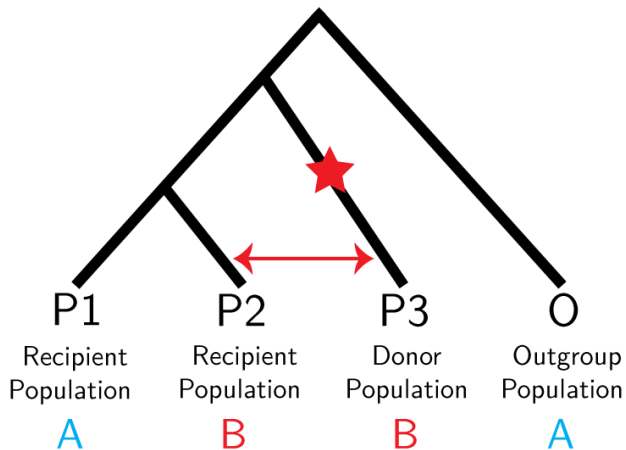
Site pattern tests of introgression



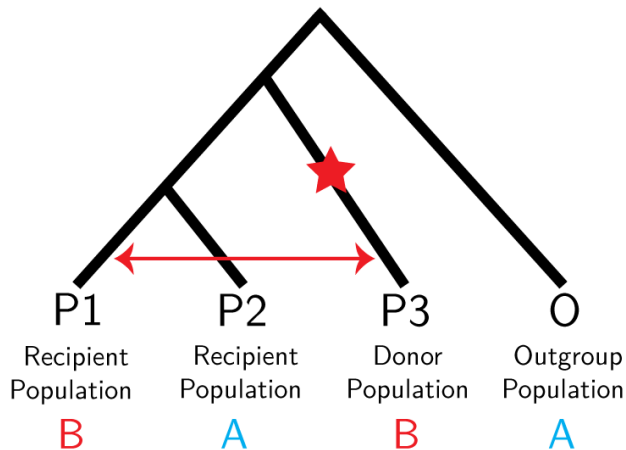
Derived allele sharing ($P2 \longleftrightarrow P3$)



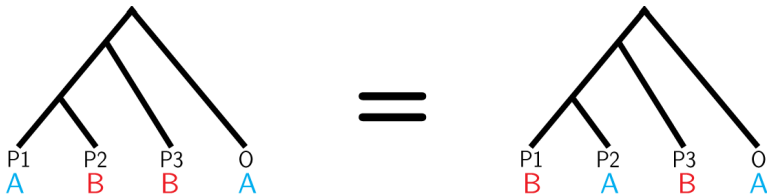
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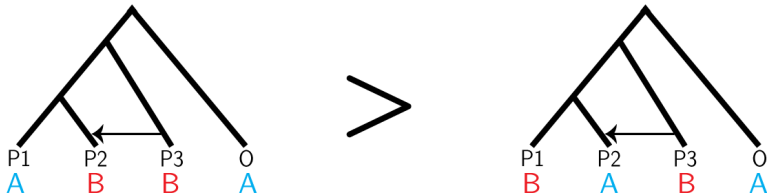
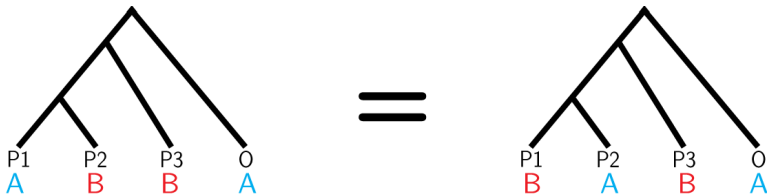
Derived allele sharing ($P1 \longleftrightarrow P3$)



Patterson's D



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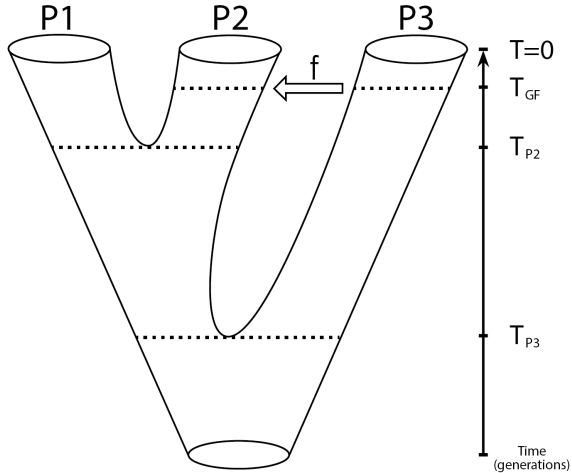
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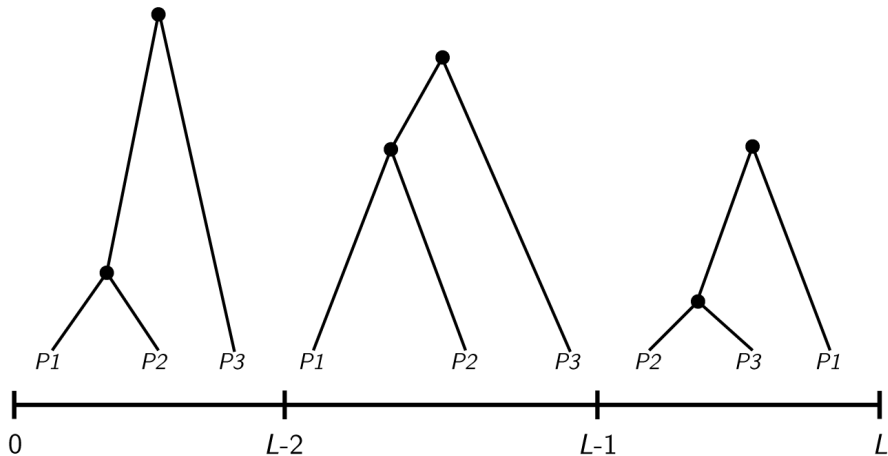
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Species tree model



Each locus has its own coalescent history



Probability of gene flow

Equation

$$Pr(\text{gene flow}) = f \quad (1)$$

$$Pr(\text{no gene flow}) = (1 - f) \quad (2)$$

Where f represents the admixture proportion—the probability that any lineage from $P3$ migrates to $P2$.

Probability of no coalescence during time interval t

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Equation

$$Pr(\text{no coalescences}) = \left(1 - \frac{1}{2N}\right)^t \quad (3)$$

Where t denotes the time interval where coalescence can occur.

Probability of coalescence during time interval t

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Equation

$$Pr(\text{coalescences}) = 1 - \left(1 - \frac{1}{2N}\right)^t \quad (4)$$

Where t denotes the time interval where coalescence can occur.

Expected time of coalescence T_2 & T_3

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Equation

$$T_2 = 2N \quad (5)$$

$$T_3 = \frac{2N}{3} \quad (6)$$

Expected time of coalescence | coalescence during t

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Equation

$$\bar{t} \sim T_{geo}(t|p, c) \quad (7)$$

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$$f(\bar{t}) = \frac{\frac{1}{2N} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2N}\right)^{t-1}}{1 - \left(1 - \frac{1}{2N}\right)^c} \quad (8)$$

$$\mathbb{E}(\bar{t}) = \sum_{t=1}^c t \frac{\frac{1}{2N} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2N}\right)^{t-1}}{1 - \left(1 - \frac{1}{2N}\right)^c} = \frac{2N - \left(\left(1 - \frac{1}{2N}\right)^c (c + 2N)\right)}{1 - \left(1 - \frac{1}{2N}\right)^c} \quad (9)$$

Where c denotes the time interval where coalescence must occur.

Overview

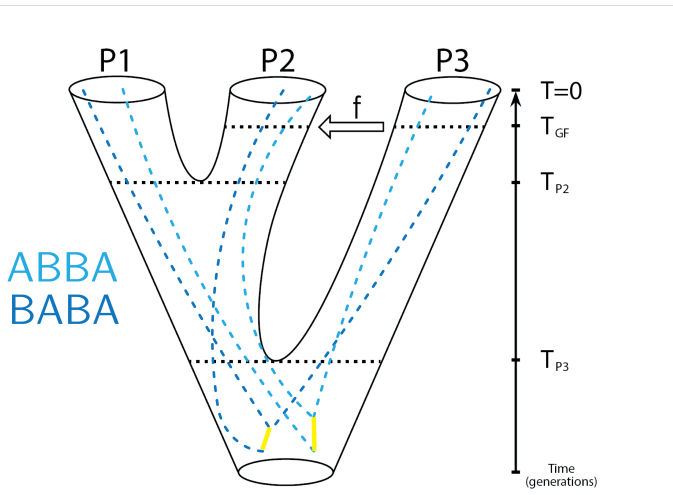
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Coalescent history 1

No gene flow from $P3 \rightarrow P2$, $P1$ & $P2$ don't coalesce between T_{P2} & T_{P3} , and $P1$ & $P2$ don't coalesce.



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$$Pr(P1 \text{ \& } P2 \text{ don't coalesce between } T_{P2} \text{ \& } T_{P3}) = \left(1 - \frac{1}{2N}\right)^{T_{P3} - T_{P2}} \quad (11)$$

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$$Pr(P1 \text{ \& } P2 \text{ don't coalesce}) = \frac{1}{3} \quad (12)$$

$$\mathbb{E}(\text{Branch length between the } 1^{\text{st}} \text{ \& } 2^{\text{nd}} \text{ coalescent event}) = 2N \quad (13)$$

Coalescent history 1

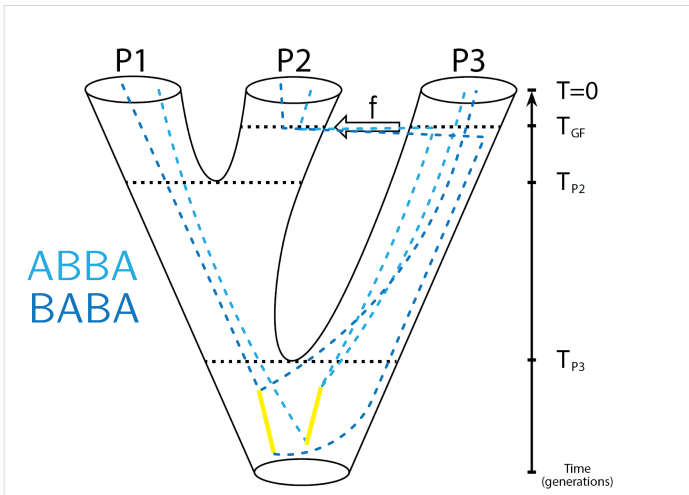
No gene flow from $P3 \rightarrow P2$, $P1$ & $P2$ don't coalesce between T_{P2} & T_{P3} , and $P1$ & $P2$ don't coalesce.

Derivation

$$\mathbb{E}(C_{ABBA_1}) = \mathbb{E}(C_{BABA_1}) = (1 - f) \left(1 - \frac{1}{2N}\right)^{T_{P3} - T_{P2}} \frac{2N}{3} \quad (14)$$

Coalescent history 2

Gene flow from $P3 \rightarrow P2$, $P2$ & $P3$ don't coalesce between T_{GF} & T_{P3} , and $P1$ & $P2$ don't coalesce.



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Derivation

$$Pr(\text{gene flow}) = f \quad (15)$$

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Derivation

$$Pr(\text{gene flow}) = f \quad (15)$$

$$Pr(P2 \text{ \& } P3 \text{ don't coalesce between } T_{GF} \text{ \& } T_{P3}) = \left(1 - \frac{1}{2N}\right)^{T_{P3} - T_{GF}} \quad (16)$$

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$$\mathbb{E}(\text{Branch length between the } 1^{\text{st}} \text{ \& } 2^{\text{nd}} \text{ coalescent event}) = 2N \quad (18)$$

Coalescent history 2

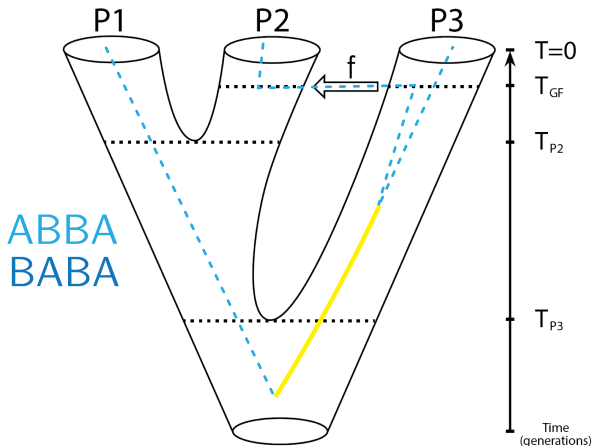
Gene flow from $P3 \rightarrow P2$, $P2$ & $P3$ don't coalesce between T_{GF} & T_{P3} , and $P1$ & $P2$ don't coalesce.

Derivation

$$\mathbb{E}(C_{ABBA_2}) = \mathbb{E}(C_{BABA_2}) = f \left(1 - \frac{1}{2N}\right)^{T_{P3} - T_{GF}} \frac{2N}{3} \quad (19)$$

Coalescent history 3

Gene flow from $P3 \rightarrow P2$ and $P2$ & $P3$ coalesce between T_{GF} & T_{P3} .



Coalescent history 3

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Derivation

$$Pr(\text{gene flow}) = f \quad (20)$$

Coalescent history 3

Gene flow from $P3 \rightarrow P2$ and $P2$ & $P3$ coalesce between T_{GF} & T_{P3} .

Derivation

$$Pr(\text{gene flow}) = f \quad (20)$$

$$Pr(P2 \text{ \& } P3 \text{ coalesce between } T_{GF} \text{ \& } T_{P3}) = 1 - \left(1 - \frac{1}{2N}\right)^{T_{P3} - T_{GF}} \quad (21)$$

Coalescent history 3

Gene flow from $P3 \rightarrow P2$ and $P2$ & $P3$ coalesce between T_{GF} & T_{P3} .

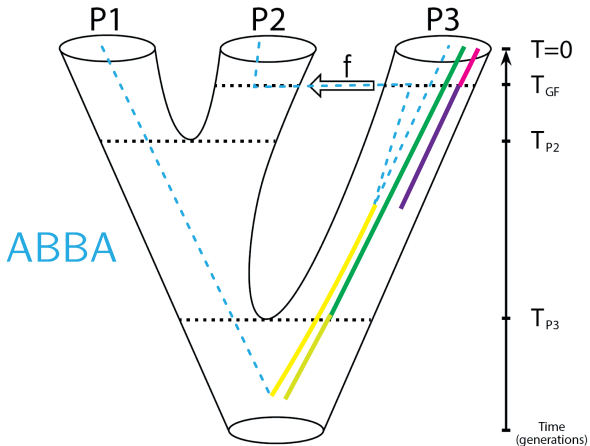
Derivation

$$Pr(\text{gene flow}) = f \quad (20)$$

$$Pr(P2 \text{ \& } P3 \text{ coalesce between } T_{GF} \text{ \& } T_{P3}) = 1 - \left(1 - \frac{1}{2N}\right)^{T_{P3} - T_{GF}} \quad (21)$$

$$\mathbb{E}(\text{Branch length between the } 1^{st} \text{ \& } 2^{nd} \text{ coalescent event}) = (T_{P3} + 2N) - (T_{GF} + \bar{t}) \quad (22)$$

Coalescent history 3 (\bar{t})



$$IBL = T_{P3} + 2N - (T_{GF} + \bar{t})$$

Coalescent history 3

Gene flow from $P3 \rightarrow P2$ and $P2$ & $P3$ coalesce between T_{GF} & T_{P3} .

Derivation

$$\mathbb{E}(C_{ABBA_3}) = f \left(1 - \left(1 - \frac{1}{2N} \right)^{T_{P3} - T_{GF}} \right) ((T_{P3} + 2N) - (T_{GF} + \bar{t})) \quad (23)$$

Coalescent history 3

Gene flow from $P3 \rightarrow P2$ and $P2$ & $P3$ coalesce between T_{GF} & T_{P3} .

Derivation

$$\mathbb{E}(C_{ABBA_3}) = f \left(1 - \left(1 - \frac{1}{2N} \right)^{T_{P3} - T_{GF}} \right) ((T_{P3} + 2N) - (T_{GF} + \bar{t})) \quad (23)$$

$$\mathbb{E}(C_{BABA_3}) = 0 \quad (24)$$

$\mathbb{E}(ABBA)$

Derivation

$$\mathbb{E}(\tau_{ABBA}) = C_{ABBA_1} + C_{ABBA_2} + C_{ABBA_3} \quad (25)$$

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$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E}(\tau_{ABBA}) = & (1 - f) \left(2N/3 (1 - 1/2N)^{T_{P3} - T_{P2}} \right) \\ & + (f) \left(\left(2N/3 (1 - 1/2N)^{T_{P3} - T_{GF}} \right) + (T_{P3} - T_{GF}) \right) \end{aligned} \quad (26)$$

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Derivation

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$$\mathbb{E}(ABBA_{sites}) = \mathbb{E}(\tau_{ABBA}) \times \mu \times L \quad (27)$$

Where μ represents the mutation rate and L represents the sequence length.

$\mathbb{E}(BABA)$

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$$\mathbb{E}(\tau_{BABA}) = C_{BABA_1} + C_{BABA_2} \quad (28)$$

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$$\mathbb{E}(BABA_{sites}) = \mathbb{E}(\tau_{BABA}) \times \mu \times L \quad (30)$$

Where μ represents the mutation rate and L represents the sequence length.

Patterson's D

Derivation

$$\mathbb{E}(D) = \frac{\mathbb{E}(\tau_{ABBA}) - \mathbb{E}(\tau_{BABA})}{\mathbb{E}(\tau_{ABBA}) + \mathbb{E}(\tau_{BABA})} \quad (31)$$

Patterson's D

Derivation

$$\mathbb{E}(D) = \frac{\mathbb{E}(\tau_{ABBA}) - \mathbb{E}(\tau_{BABA})}{\mathbb{E}(\tau_{ABBA}) + \mathbb{E}(\tau_{BABA})} \quad (31)$$

$$\mathbb{E}(D) = \frac{(f)(T_{P3} - T_{GF})}{(1-f) \left[4N/3 (1 - 1/2N)^{T_{P3} - T_{P2}} \right] + (f) \left[\left(4N/3 (1 - 1/2N)^{T_{P3} - T_{GF}} \right) + (T_{P3} - T_{GF}) \right]} \quad (32)$$

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$$\mathbb{E}(D) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^L (1 - p_{i1}) p_{i2} p_{i3} (1 - p_{iO}) - p_{i1} (1 - p_{i2}) p_{i3} (1 - p_{iO})}{\sum_{i=1}^L (1 - p_{i1}) p_{i2} p_{i3} (1 - p_{iO}) + p_{i1} (1 - p_{i2}) p_{i3} (1 - p_{iO})} \quad (33)$$

Where $p_{i\#}$ represents the derived allele frequency at site i and L represents the sequence length.