

# Java LinkedList

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## Java LinkedList

In the previous chapter, you learned about the [ArrayList](#) class. The [LinkedList](#) class is almost identical to the [ArrayList](#) :

### Example

```
// Import the LinkedList class
import java.util.LinkedList;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        LinkedList<String> cars = new LinkedList<String>();
        cars.add("Volvo");
        cars.add("BMW");
        cars.add("Ford");
        cars.add("Mazda");
        System.out.println(cars);
    }
}
```

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# ArrayList vs. LinkedList

The `LinkedList` class is a collection which can contain many objects of the same type, just like the `ArrayList`.

The `LinkedList` class has all of the same methods as the `ArrayList` class because they both implement the `List` interface. This means that you can add items, change items, remove items and clear the list in the same way.

However, while the `ArrayList` class and the `LinkedList` class can be used in the same way, they are built very differently.

## How the ArrayList works

The `ArrayList` class has a regular array inside it. When an element is added, it is placed into the array. If the array is not big enough, a new, larger array is created to replace the old one and the old one is removed.

## How the LinkedList works

The `LinkedList` stores its items in "containers." The list has a link to the first container and each container has a link to the next container in the list. To add an element to the list, the element is placed into a new container and that container is linked to one of the other containers in the list.

## When To Use

It is best to use an `ArrayList` when:

- You want to access random items frequently
- You only need to add or remove elements at the end of the list

It is best to use a `LinkedList` when:

- You only use the list by looping through it instead of accessing random items
- You frequently need to add and remove items from the beginning, middle or end of the list



For many cases, the **ArrayList** is more efficient as it is common to need access to random items in the list, but the **LinkedList** provides several methods to do certain operations more efficiently:

Method	Description	Try it
<code>addFirst()</code>	Adds an item to the beginning of the list.	<a href="#">Try it »</a>
<code>addLast()</code>	Add an item to the end of the list	<a href="#">Try it »</a>
<code>removeFirst()</code>	Remove an item from the beginning of the list.	<a href="#">Try it »</a>
<code>removeLast()</code>	Remove an item from the end of the list	<a href="#">Try it »</a>
<code>getFirst()</code>	Get the item at the beginning of the list	<a href="#">Try it »</a>
<code>getLast()</code>	Get the item at the end of the list	<a href="#">Try it »</a>

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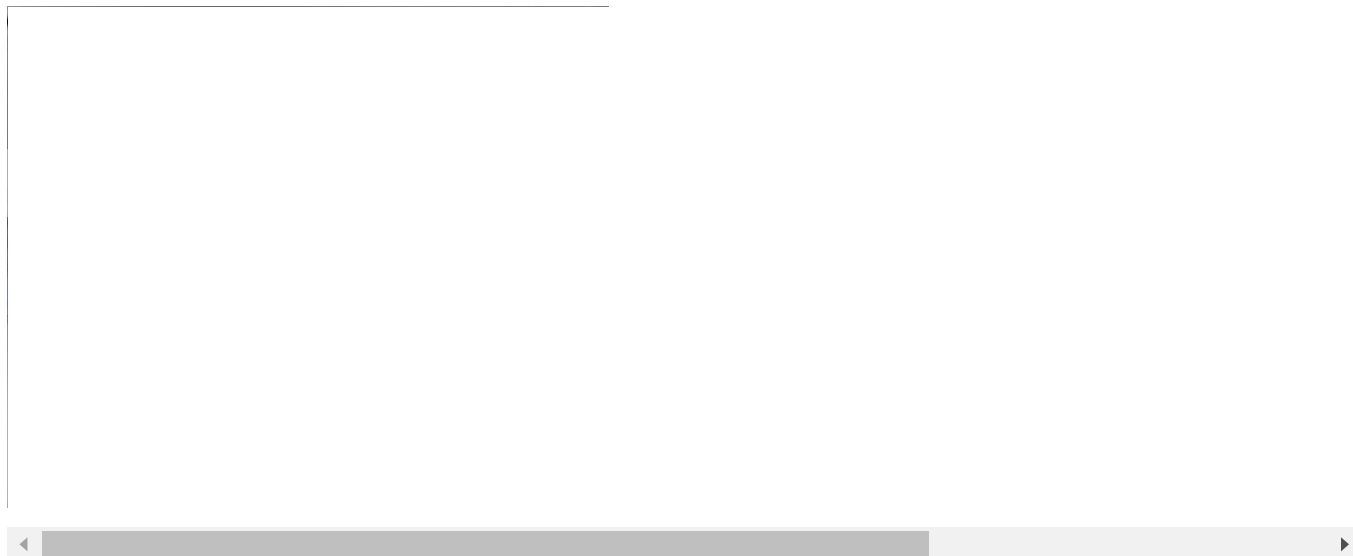
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