

Summary 1 (level 1)

Hello! Welcome to Easy School! I hope you'll have a great year and that we can achieve something unbelievable together this year! At this level we are going to review (повторять) everything we know and also learn something new. Let's start!

I hope you've already got your Workbook. Open it and find the first lesson and the picture of Ricardo in it. If you studied at Easy School last year, you should remember who Ricardo is. Read his profile.

Ricardo is our friend who lived in London for many years, had a lot of friends there, a girlfriend and a pet pig, Salze. But his life has changed.

So many things have happened in his life! The most important thing is that he's moved to New York. He's broken up with his girlfriend and decided to change his life, maybe start a new career, find a new girlfriend and travel. Yesterday he went to a coffee shop to get his coffee and had a conversation with a waitress.

LISTENING 1 (RICARDO'S NEW FRIEND)

Listen to Track 1 and do the tasks in your Workbook. You can find the answers at the end of this summary.

MEETING SOMEONE NEW

What questions do you ask and what do you say to a person you've just met? I'm sure you know a lot of phrases. Look at the table (таблица) in your WB and read it. Слева у нас ключевые слова, затем идет вопрос, а потом варианты ответов.

Don't forget:

1. When you meet a new person and ask the question "How are you", you don't really want to know how he or she is doing; it's just a polite way to start a conversation. That's why you should answer in a positive way; don't start telling the person you've just met about your problems.
2. The word occupation doesn't mean оккупация, it means «род занятий». This is a good word to know because it's used when you fill out (заполнять) different forms and documents.
3. What do you do? Чем ты занимаешься? (лучше задавать этот вопрос, а не What's your job? потому что человек, с которым вы разговариваете может и не иметь работы).
3. You know the word "unemployed" from last year. But it sounds nicer and more polite if you say "between jobs" when talking about yourself or people close to you.
4. roommate/neighbor difference: A roommate shares your apartment (живет с вами в одной квартире). A neighbor lives next door, down the street, across the road, or somewhere else nearby.
5. Don't forget to say "thanks, bye" when you finish.

Now, find somebody to practice this dialog with. Or just tell a story about yourself using only the key words.

GRAMMAR

It's time to review some grammar. Open the table on page 8. These are the rules of Present Tenses. Fill in the table (only key words and examples). Then you can check yourself.

You can also look at the big table in the summary of the level in your Workbook.

APPEARANCE

What do you think Lisa looks like? Can you guess from her voice? Try to describe her using the words you already know.

Read the new words (go back to page 7), drill pronunciation.

LISTENING 2

Let's listen to Ricardo talking on the phone with Valentina and find out what she and Juan look like (Track 2). Answer the questions and then draw their pictures (or write down key words describing their appearance).

Homework #1 (level 1)

1. Review the rules of Be, Present Simple and Present Continuous.

2. Learn the new words.

3. Answer these questions:

1. Do you enjoy meeting new people? _____

2. What are some good things to ask someone you've just met? _____

3. What are some things you shouldn't ask people you've just met? _____

4. Is it ok to ask a person's age in your country? _____

5. About how many new people do you meet a week? _____

6. Where are some good places to meet people? _____

7. What kind of people do you like to meet? _____

8. Who was the last new person you met and where did you meet them? _____



4. Fill in with Be, Present Simple or Present Continuous.

Hi Patrick,

Greetings from New York. At the moment, I _____ (sit) in my favourite coffee shop.

I _____ (often / come) here; it _____ (be) a nice place to relax and watch

people. Right now, I _____ (drink) a cappuccino and _____

(look) out the window: two women _____ (fight) with each other and a boy

_____ (run) from a dog. I _____ (love) it here! I

_____ (never / be) bored because New York _____ (be) a strange

and wonderful place! Every day I _____ (walk) around and _____

_____ (take) photos.

I _____ (still / get) used to living here. I _____

(not / understand) how the subway _____ (work) and I _____

_____ (not/have) many friends yet. Today I got up at 4 a.m. because I _____

(still/live) on London time. I _____ (want) to start looking for a job tomorrow. I

_____ (have to) find a job really soon!

Say hi to everybody, Ricardo

ANSWERS

Listening 1

1. Listen (Track 1) and answer the questions:

1. Do you think Ricardo and Lisa like each other? **yes, they do**
2. Are they going to meet again? **yes, they are**

2. Listen again and tick the questions that you hear:

Could you tell me about yourself?

What's your name?

What are you doing here?

What about you?

What do you do?

Where were you born?

How old are you?

Have you met anyone else yet?

Where do you live now?

Who do you live with?

Where are you from?

Are you married?

What do you love?

What do you hate?

3. Listen again and answer the questions:

1. When did Ricardo arrive in New York? **On Monday.**
2. Does he have a job now? **No, he doesn't.**
3. Where did he work before? **In an English school.**
4. What is Lisa studying in NYU? **Biology.**
5. How many roommates does Ricardo have? **Three.**
6. Where was Ricardo born? **In Italy, in Milan.**
7. What does Lisa like doing? **Dancing**

Listening 2

1. How many roommates has Ricardo met? **just one**
2. Is Lisa beautiful (in Ricardo's opinion)? **yes, she is**

	you use it when	structure	don't forget	markers
Be	you talk about state , not action # She is slim.	am / is / are	Markers like always, never, etc go after be be + marker # He is always hungry.	any present marker
Present Simple	you talk about facts or usual actions # She eats vegetables every day.	+ V / Vs - ? } do/does + V s?	Don't use am / is / are in the same sentence with another verb (V) # I go to school. # I am smart.	always, often, usually, sometimes, rarely, never, every day / week, once / twice / two times a month, on Sundays, at/on the weekend
Present Cont	you talk about smth smth that's happening - now , # She is eating now to complain # She is always eating carrots!	am / is / are + Ving	Don't use these verbs in PC: like, love, hate, believe, have (иметь), know, prefer, understand, want, need	now, at the moment always будущее PC будем разбирать отдельно!