# Summary 4 (exam)

# Review the Future Story and Conditionals.

### **LISTENING**





Listen to three conversations between different family members.

Match them to cartoons A-C. What are the people talking about?

2. L	isten	again	and	fill	in	the	missing	words.
------	-------	-------	-----	------	----	-----	---------	--------

	5							
1								
A:	So what are you going to do next year, dear? Are you going to go to university? Adam?							
	Can you me?							
B:	Sorry, Gran. What did you say?							
A:	I said, 'Are you going to go to university?'							
B:	No, Gran. I've already told you loads of times. I'm not going to go to university. I'm going to look for o							
	job. I need to some money.							
A:	All right, dear, you don't need to I can							
	hear perfectly well, thank you. What's the time now?							
B:	Shall I make you a cup of tea?							
A:	Yes, please, dear. That'd be very nice.							
2								
A:	Bye. See you tomorrow.							
B:	Bye. Hey, what do you mean <i>tomorrow</i> ? you coming back tonight?							
A:	No, I told you about it yesterday. I'm going to a party I'm staying the night there.							
B:	Who is going?							
A:	Oh, just the usual crowd. You don't know							
B:	Well, make sure you don't go to bed too late.							
	And don't forget to							
A:	Bye!							
B:	Where's your? You can't go out like that.							
	It's going to be cold tonight!							
Δ٠	Rvel							

3						
A:	Can I use your car?					
B:	No, you can't.					
A:	You said you	it. Why can't I borrow it?				
B:	Because you	after it. You'll drive too fast.				
A:	I won't. I promise I'll drive really	I'll be really careful.				
B:	Oh, all right, then.					
A:	Thanks. See you.					
CON	DITIONALS					
What	would you do if?					
1. you	saw someone stealing bread in the supe	ermarket?	It depends. If the			
2. you	o found a bag of money in the street?		looked like they w			
3. you	ı inherited (получил в наследство) a hous	se on the other side	hungry, I might n			
of th	ne world?		say anything.			
4. you	o found out that one of your colleagues wo	as taking drugs?				
5. you	u heard someone saying bad things abou	t your friend?				
6. you	saw a very young child smoking in the st	treet?				
Comp	plete the sentences with the words in b	orackets. Use the first or second	conditional.			
1. If th	ey offer me the job	(I / take it).	(I / take it).			
2. If my car wasn't being repaired,		give you a lift.	(I / give you a lift)			
3. If I	had Emily's number,	(I / call her)				
4. Yo						
5. If I	I see John, (I / tell him the news)					
6. Ro	b wouldn't send you flowers if	(he / not lo	(he / not love you)			
7. If n	ny mother didn't live on her own,	(she / be	happier)			
8. If it	rains on Saturday,	(they / cancel the match	)			
9. Yo	u wouldn't spend so much money if	(you / not	(you / not eat out every night).			
10. Ri	ta won't go to work tomorrow if	(she / not fe	(she / not feel better)			

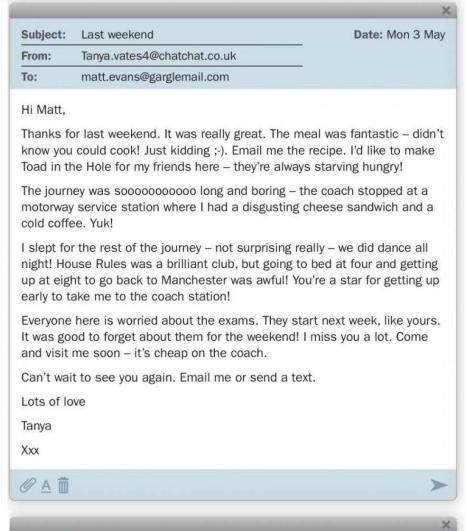
WRITING: Formal/Informal writing
1 Tanya is a student in Manchester.
Her boyfriend, Matt, is a student in
London. Read the email she wrote
after visiting him. Answer the
questions.

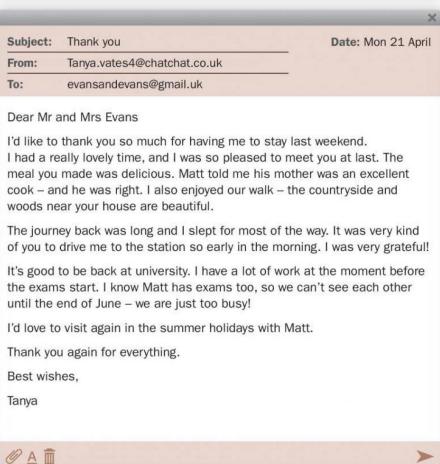
- 1 Did Tanya enjoy the weekend?
- 2 Is Matt a good cook?
- 3 Why does Tanya want the recipe?
- 4 How did Tanya travel back to Manchester?
- 5 Why did she sleep on the journey?
- 6 Why is Matt 'a star'?
- 7 When would she like to see Matt again?
- 8 Is the email formal or informal?
- 9 Did she visit Matt before or after their exams?

# 2 Tanya also stayed with Matt's parents for a weekend. Read her thank-you email. Answer the questions.

- 1 When did she visit his parents?
- 2 Was it the first time?
- 3 What did she do there?
- 4 Did she wait until after the exams to see Matt?
- 3 The email to Matt's parents is more formal than the email to Matt.

  Compare the beginnings and endings, then compare line by line. What other differences can you find?





4 Write an informal thank-you email after a visit to a friend. How can you change it to a more formal style?

#### **ANSWERS:**

- 1 A: So what are you going to do next year, dear? Are you going to go to university? Adam? Can you **hear** me?
- B: Sorry, Gran. What did you say?
- A: I said, 'Are you going to go to university **next year**?'
- B: No, Gran. I've already told you loads of times. I'm not going to go to university. I'm going to look for a job. I need to **earn** some money.
- A: All right, dear, you don't need to **shout**. I can hear perfectly well, thank you. What's the time now?
- B: **Ten to four**. Shall I make you a cup of tea?
- A: Yes, please, dear. That'd be very nice.
- **2 A:** Bye. See you tomorrow.
- **B:** Bye. Hey, what do you mean *tomorrow*? **Aren't** you coming back tonight?
- A: No, I told you about it yesterday. I'm going to a party **at Katie's**. I'm staying the night there.
- **B:** Who **else** is going?
- **A:** Oh, just the usual crowd. You don't know **any of them**.
- **B:** Well, make sure you don't go to bed too late. And don't forget to...
- **A:** Bye!
- **B:** Where's your **coat**? You can't go out like that. It's going to be cold tonight!
- **A:** Bye!
- **3 A:** Can I use your car **tonight**?
- **B:** No, you can't.
- A: You said you **didn't need** it. Why can't I borrow it?
- **B:** Because you **won't look** after it. You'll drive too fast.
- **A:** I won't. I promise I'll drive really **slowly**. I'll be really careful.
- **B:** Oh, all right, then.
- **A:** Thanks. See you.

### Complete the sentences with the words in brackets. Use the first or second conditional.

- 1. If they offer me the job **I'll take** (I / take it).
- 2. If my car wasn't being repaired, I'd give you a lift. (I / give you a lift)
- 3. If I had Emily's number, I'd call her. (I / call her)
- 4. You'll miss the train if **you don't hurry up**. (you / not hurry up)
- 5. If I see John, **I'll tell him the news.** (I / tell him the news)

- 6. Rob wouldn't send you flowers if **he didn't love you**. (he / not love you)
- 7. If my mother didn't live on her own, **she'd be happier**. (she / be happier)
- 8. If it rains on Saturday, **they'll cancel the match**. (they / cancel the match)
- 9. You wouldn't spend so much money if you didn't eat out every night. (you / not eat out every night).
- 10. Rita won't go to work tomorrow if **she doesn't feel better**. (she / not feel better)