1. (30 points) Multiple-choice questions.

(a) Finding a minimum element from a binary search tree takes time.

A. $\Theta(1)$ B. $\Theta(\log n)$ C. $O(\log n)$ D. O(n)

(b) What is the height (depth) of a complete binary tree with 2011 nodes?

A. 8 B. 9 C. 10 D. 11

(c) The number of nodes in a binary tree of height (depth) 7 cannot be?

A. 8 B. 88 C. 126 D. 288

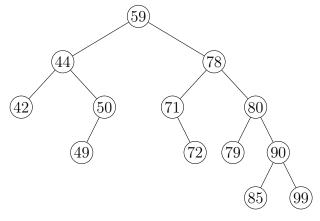
(d) In a binary tree on n nodes (n > 0) and ℓ leaves, the number of nodes with two children cannot be?

A. $n-2\ell$ B. $n-\ell-1$ C. ℓ D. None of them

(e) After inserting elements with keys [56, 54, 50, 20, 45, 55, 47, 41, 40, 70, 30, 35, 65] into an empty binary search tree, its depth is

A. ≤ 7 B. 8 C. 9 D. ≥ 10

(f) In the AVL tree below, the balance factors of nodes containing elements 50 and 71 are?



A. Both -1 B. Both 0 C. Both 1 D. They are different

(g) Which of the following arrays represents a heap.

A. [2432, 2411, 2422, 2322, 2022, 2222, 2421, 2021, 2012, 2121, 2011]

B. [2432, 2411, 2422, 2322, 2022, 2012, 2421, 2222, 2121, 2021, 2011]

C. [2432, 2411, 2422, 2322, 2022, 2421, 2012, 2222, 2021, 2121, 2011]

D. None of them

(h) After inserting elements with keys [56, 54, 50, 20, 45, 55, 47, 41, 40, 70, 30, 35, 65] into an empty binary heap, its depth is

A. ≤ 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. ≥ 6

(i) Is heapsort stable when sorting arrays [9, 6, 6] and [6, 6, 9]?

A. Only [9, 6, 6] B. Only [6, 6, 9] C. Neither of them D. Both of them

	(j) Is heapsort stable when sorting arrays $[2, 0, 2, 1]$ and $[2, 0, 1, 1]$?
	A. Only [2, 0, 2, 1] B. Only [2, 0, 1, 1]
	C. Neither of them D. Both of them
2.	(15 points) Fill in the blank space.
	(a) (4 points) A binary tree of characters has the preorder sequence "algorithm" and the inorder sequence "gloraihtm." In the level-wise traversal of this tree, the fourth element is (start counting from 1):
	(b) (3 points) There are null references in a binary tree of n nodes. There are null references in a linked list of n nodes. There are null references in a doubly linked list of n nodes.
	(c) (8 points) Insert the ten letters of the word "ALGORITHMS" into an empty binary search tree and an empty heap. Draw the results.(a) binary search tree(b) heap
3.	<pre>(9 points) Given a binary tree, calculate the total number of nodes with only one child. The Node class is given. private class Node { int i; public Node leftChild, rightChild; }</pre> Node root;
	<pre>int nodesWithOneChild()</pre>
4.	(6 points) Check whether an array represents a minimum heap. boolean isMinHeap(int[] a)