**Q1.** Create a model in Django with a minimum of 4 attributes. Register that model in Django Admin. Make sure this Model instance is accessible by 1 user (on the admin site) at a time.

Example: User\_1 logs in to Django Admin and accesses this model instance. Now User\_1 can see all the fields and edit them. Meanwhile, User\_2 opens the same model in Django admin. User\_2 can't edit this model and all actions are disabled. As soon as User\_1 closes this form (navigating away from form) User\_2 can edit it.

- **Q2**. Implementing search algorithms that provide relevant results is known to be a challenging task because of the complexity of any language. Please complete the below:
- Part 1. Return relevant results considering the following points:
  - Different words, sometimes, refer to a common concept. Eg.: men, man; tree, trees;
  - •The same word has different meanings given the context. Eg: Free parking (no cost for the parking); Meat free restaurant (no meat dishes served).

Explain theoretically, (without implementation) how would you use machine learning concepts and techniques to deliver relevant results considering the above points in a search engine context.

- Part 2. A user might engage with the insydo website through different kind of activities.
  - How to take into consideration his activities to recommend relevant content and a personalized experience.
  - What activities should be tracked?
- **Q3.** Find the attached data.txt file which contains a dump JSON for the Business Data and Keyword Data.
- 1. Read all the data and index that in Elastic Search.
- 2. Create a GET type Api in Django which takes a query parameter ('q') and search within the index data in Elastic search. e.g. http://localhost:8000/search/?q=cafe
- 3. Create one simple HTML page with only 1 search text box in it, and hit the above listed api from the search box text.

**Q4.** Optimize and correct the following Python code snippet.

The following method was implemented to shuffle the elements of a list with some restrictions but it's not working as expected.

Here are the restrictions:

- Elements on the list can move randomly to the left or to the right
- Elements must not move more than one position away from the original one
- The list is non circular.

How would you change the algorithm to work as expected?

```
Input Value = [21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28]
Output Value: [22, 21, 24, 23, 26, 25, 28, 27]
def _shuffle_list_values(self):
  ids_list = [-1122, 2321, -9023, 2711, 8112, -0912, 2711, 9832]
  random_movements = {}
  for n id in ids list:
    movement = random.randrange(-1, 2, 1)
    random_movements[n_id] = movement
  left = -1
  right = 1
  shuffled list = [x \text{ for } x \text{ in ids list}]
  for n_id in ids_list:
    if not(ids list.index(n id) == 0 and random movements[n id] == left) or\
           not(ids_list.index(n_id) == len(ids_list) - 1 and random_movements[n_id] ==
right):
       shuffled_list.insert(ids_list.index(n_id) + random_movements[n_id],
shuffled list.pop(ids list.index(n id)))
  return shuffled_list
```

- **Q5.** Share an example of your work (code/repository) that you are proud of and tell us why.
- **Q6.** (Bonus question): Write down the necessary test cases for Q1 and Q3.