# Taller 08

David Gómez



VIGILADA MINEDUCACIÓN

# **UNIVERSIDAD**

Universidad David G $\acute{o}mez$ 

_					
┰		1	•		
	n	$\sim$	•	_	-
		"		•	-
_		u		·	·

1.	Punto 1	2
2.	Punto 2	2
3.	Punto 3	2
4.	Punto 4	3
<b>5</b> .	Punto 5	3
6.	Punto 6	4
7.	Punto 7	5
8.	Punto 8	6

Página 1 Taller 08

UNIVERSIDAD David Gómez

#### 1. Punto 1

```
\vdash_{\mathrm{DS}} (\neg false) 0. ((\neg false) \equiv true) Teo 4.15.2
1. (\neg false) Identidad (p0)
```

### 2. Punto 2

```
\vdash_{\mathrm{DS}} ((\phi \not\equiv (\psi \not\equiv \tau)) \equiv ((\phi \not\equiv \psi) \not\equiv \tau))
                                 0. ((\phi \not\equiv (\psi \not\equiv \tau)) \equiv (\phi \not\equiv (\psi \not\equiv \tau)))
                                                                                                                                            Teo 4.6.3
                                 1. ((\phi \not\equiv (\psi \not\equiv \tau)) \equiv ((\neg \phi) \equiv (\psi \not\equiv \tau)))
                                                                                                                                            Def(\not\equiv)
                                 2. (((\neg \phi) \equiv (\psi \not\equiv \tau)) \equiv ((\neg \phi) \equiv ((\neg \psi) \equiv \tau)))
                                                                                                                                            \operatorname{Def}(\not\equiv), Leibniz (\phi = ((\neg \phi) \equiv p))
                                 3. (((\neg \phi) \equiv ((\neg \psi) \equiv \tau)) \equiv ((\neg \phi) \equiv (\psi \equiv (\neg \tau))))
                                                                                                                                            Teo 4.15.5, Leibniz (\phi = ((\neg \phi) \equiv p))
                                 4. (((\neg \phi) \equiv (\psi \equiv (\neg \tau))) \equiv (((\neg \phi) \equiv \psi) \equiv (\neg \tau)))
                                                                                                                                            Asociativa(\equiv)
                                 5. ((((\neg \phi) \equiv \psi) \equiv (\neg \tau)) \equiv ((\neg ((\neg \phi) \equiv \psi)) \equiv \tau))
                                                                                                                                            Teo 4.15.5
                                 6. (((\neg((\neg\phi) \equiv \psi)) \equiv \tau) \equiv ((\neg(\phi \not\equiv \psi)) \equiv \tau))
                                                                                                                                            Def(\not\equiv)
                                 7. (((\neg(\phi \neq \psi)) \equiv \tau) \equiv ((\phi \neq \psi) \equiv \tau))
                                                                                                                                            Def(\equiv)
                                 8. ((\phi \not\equiv (\psi \not\equiv \tau)) \equiv ((\phi \not\equiv \psi) \equiv \tau))
                                                                                                                                            Transitividad(p7,p6,p5,p4,p3,p2,p1,p0)
```

### 3. Punto 3

```
\vdash_{\mathrm{DS}} ((\phi \not\equiv (\psi \not\equiv \tau)) \equiv ((\phi \not\equiv \psi) \not\equiv \tau))
                                                                                                         (\phi \not\equiv (\psi \not\equiv \tau))
                                                                                                    \equiv \langle \text{ Def.}(\neg) \rangle
                                                                                                         ((\neg \phi) \equiv (\psi \not\equiv \tau))
                                                                                                    \equiv \langle \text{ Def.}(\not\equiv), \text{ Leibniz } (\phi = ((\neg \phi) \equiv p)) \rangle
                                                                                                         ((\neg \phi) \equiv ((\neg \psi) \equiv \tau))
                                                                                                    \equiv \langle \text{Teo } 4.15.5, \text{Leibniz } (\phi = ((\neg \phi) \equiv p)) \rangle
                                                                                                         ((\neg \phi) \equiv (\psi \equiv (\neg \tau)))
                                                                                                    \equiv \langle Asociativa(\equiv) \rangle
                                                                                                         (((\neg \phi) \equiv \psi) \equiv (\neg \tau))
                                                                                                    \equiv \langle \text{Teo } 4.15.5 \rangle
                                                                                                         ((\neg((\neg\phi)\equiv\psi))\equiv\tau)
                                                                                                    \equiv \langle \text{ Def.}(\not\equiv) \rangle
                                                                                                         ((\neg(\phi \not\equiv \psi)) \equiv \tau)
                                                                                                    \equiv \langle \text{ Def.}(\not\equiv) \rangle
                                                                                                         ((\phi \not\equiv \psi) \not\equiv \tau)
   Por MT 4.21 se demuestra que
   \vdash_{\mathrm{DS}} ((\phi \not\equiv (\psi \not\equiv \tau)) \equiv ((\phi \not\equiv \psi) \not\equiv \tau))
```

Página 2 Taller 08

Universidad  $David\ Gcute{o}mez$ 

### 4. Punto 4

```
 (\phi \lor true) \equiv true) 
 (\phi \lor true) 
 \equiv \langle \text{Teo } 4.6.2 \rangle 
 (\phi \lor (true \equiv true)) 
 \equiv \langle \text{Distribución } (\lor, \equiv) \rangle 
 ((\phi \lor true) \equiv (\phi \lor true)) 
 \equiv \langle \text{Teo } 4.6.2 \rangle 
 true 
 Por MT 4.21 \text{ se demuestra que} 
 \vdash_{\text{DS}} ((\phi \lor true) \equiv true)
```

## 5. Punto 5

```
\vdash_{\mathrm{DS}} ((\phi \lor \psi) \equiv ((\phi \lor (\neg \psi)) \equiv \phi))
                                                                                                           (\phi \lor \psi)
                                                                                                        \equiv \langle Identidad \rangle
                                                                                                           ((\phi \lor \psi) \equiv true)
                                                                                                        \equiv \langle Teo 4.6.2 \rangle
                                                                                                            ((\phi \lor \psi) \equiv (\phi \equiv \phi))
                                                                                                        \equiv \langle Asociativa(\equiv) \rangle
                                                                                                           (((\phi \lor \psi) \equiv \phi) \equiv \phi)
                                                                                                        \equiv \langle \operatorname{Identidad}(\vee) \rangle
                                                                                                           (((\phi \lor \psi) \equiv (\phi \lor false)) \equiv \phi)
                                                                                                        \equiv \ \big\langle \ \mathrm{Distribuci\acute{o}n}(\vee, \equiv) \ \big\rangle
                                                                                                           ((\phi \lor (\psi \equiv false)) \equiv \phi)
                                                                                                        \equiv \langle \text{Def.}(\neg) \rangle
                                                                                                           ((\phi \lor (\neg \psi)) \equiv \phi)
   Por MT 4.21 se demuestra que
   \vdash_{\mathrm{DS}} ((\phi \lor \psi) \equiv ((\phi \lor (\neg \psi)) \equiv \phi))
```

Página 3 Taller 08

### 6. Punto 6

```
\vdash_{\mathrm{DS}} ((\neg(\phi \lor \psi)) \equiv ((\neg\phi) \land (\neg\psi)))
                                                                      (\neg(\phi \lor \psi))
                                                                  \equiv \langle Teo 4.19.4 \rangle
                                                                     (\neg((\phi \lor (\neg\psi)) \equiv \phi))
                                                                  \equiv \langle Teo 4.15.4 \rangle
                                                                      ((\neg(\phi \lor (\neg\psi))) \equiv \phi)
                                                                  \equiv \langle Teo 4.15.5 \rangle
                                                                      ((\phi \lor (\neg \psi)) \equiv (\neg \phi))
                                                                  \equiv \langle \text{Conmutativa}(\equiv) \rangle
                                                                      ((\neg \phi) \equiv (\phi \lor (\neg \psi)))
                                                                  \equiv \langle \text{Conmutativa}(\equiv), \text{Leibniz} (\phi = ((\neg \phi) \equiv \phi)) \rangle
                                                                      ((\neg \phi) \equiv ((\neg \psi) \lor \phi))
                                                                  \equiv \langle \text{ Teo 4.19.4, Leibniz } (\phi = ((\neg \phi) \equiv p)) \rangle
                                                                      ((\neg \phi) \equiv (((\neg \psi) \lor (\neg \phi)) \equiv (\neg \psi)))
                                                                  \equiv \ \langle \ {\rm Conmutativa}(\equiv), \ {\rm Leibniz} \ (\phi = ((\neg \phi) \equiv p)) \ \rangle
                                                                      ((\neg \phi) \equiv ((\neg \psi) \equiv ((\neg \psi) \lor (\neg \phi))))
                                                                  \equiv \langle \text{Conmutativa}(\equiv), \text{Leibniz} \ (\phi = (\phi = ((\neg \phi) \equiv ((\neg \psi) \equiv p)))) \ \rangle
                                                                     ((\neg \phi) \equiv ((\neg \psi) \equiv ((\neg \phi) \lor (\neg \psi))))
                                                                  \equiv \langle \operatorname{Def.}(\wedge) \rangle
                                                                      ((\neg \phi) \land (\neg \psi))
  Por MT 4.21 se demuestra que
  \vdash_{\mathrm{DS}} ((\neg(\phi \lor \psi)) \equiv ((\neg\phi) \land (\neg\psi)))
```

Página 4 Taller 08

Punto 7

7.

```
\vdash_{\mathrm{DS}} ((\phi \land (\psi \not\equiv \tau)) \equiv ((\phi \land \psi) \not\equiv (\phi \land \tau)))
                                                       ((\phi \land \psi) \not\equiv (\phi \land \tau))
                                                    \equiv \langle \operatorname{Def.}(\not\equiv) \rangle
                                                        ((\neg(\phi \land \psi)) \equiv (\phi \land \tau))
                                                    \equiv \langle Teo 4.15.4 \rangle
                                                        (\neg((\phi \land \psi) \equiv (\phi \land \psi)))
                                                    \equiv \langle \operatorname{Def.}(\wedge), \operatorname{Lbz}(\phi = (\neg(p \equiv (\phi \wedge \tau)))), \operatorname{Lbz}(\phi = (\neg((\phi \equiv (\psi \equiv (\phi \vee \psi))) \equiv p))) \rangle
                                                        (\neg((\phi \equiv (\psi \equiv (\phi \lor \psi))) \equiv (\phi \equiv (\tau \equiv (\phi \lor \tau)))))
                                                    \equiv \langle \operatorname{Asociativa}(\equiv), \operatorname{Leibniz}(\phi = (\neg p)) \rangle
                                                        (\neg(\phi \equiv ((\psi \equiv (\phi \lor \psi)) \equiv (\phi \equiv (\tau \equiv (\phi \lor \tau))))))
                                                    \equiv \langle \text{Conmutativa}(\equiv), \text{Leibniz}(\phi = (\neg(\phi \equiv p))) \rangle
                                                        (\neg(\phi \equiv ((\phi \equiv (\tau \equiv (\phi \lor \tau))) \equiv (\psi \equiv (\phi \lor \psi)))))
                                                    \equiv \langle \operatorname{Asociativa}(\equiv), \operatorname{Leibniz}(\phi = (\neg(\phi \equiv p))) \rangle
                                                        (\neg(\phi \equiv (\phi \equiv ((\tau \equiv (\phi \lor \tau)) \equiv (\psi \equiv (\phi \lor \psi)))))))
                                                    \equiv \langle \operatorname{Asociativa}(\equiv), \operatorname{Leibniz}(\phi = (\neg p)) \rangle
                                                        (\neg((\phi \equiv \phi) \equiv ((\tau \equiv (\phi \lor \tau)) \equiv (\psi \equiv (\phi \lor \psi)))))
                                                    \equiv \langle Teo 4.15.6, Teo 4.6.4 \rangle
                                                        (\neg(true \equiv ((\tau \equiv ((\neg(\neg\phi)) \lor \tau)) \equiv (\psi \equiv (\neg(\neg\phi)) \lor \psi))))
                                                    \equiv \langle \text{Distribución}(\vee, \equiv), \text{Leibniz}(\phi = (\neg(true \equiv p))) \rangle
                                                        (\neg(true \equiv ((\tau \lor (\neg \phi)) \equiv (\psi \lor (\neg \phi)))))
                                                    \equiv \langle Teo 4.15.2, Teo 4.15.4 \rangle
                                                        (false \equiv ((\tau \lor (\neg \phi)) \equiv (\psi \lor (\neg \phi))))
                                                    \equiv \langle \operatorname{Def}(\neg), \operatorname{Conmutativa}(\equiv) \rangle
                                                        (\neg((\tau \vee (\neg \phi)) \equiv (\psi \vee (\neg \phi))))
                                                    \equiv \langle \text{Distribución}(\vee, \equiv) \rangle
                                                       (\neg((\neg\phi)\vee(\tau\equiv\psi)))
                                                    \equiv \langle Teo 4.25.4, Teo 4.16.6 \rangle
                                                        (\phi \wedge (\neg(\tau \equiv \psi)))
                                                    \equiv \langle \text{Conmutativa}(\equiv), \text{Leibniz}(\phi = (\phi \land (\neg p))) \rangle
                                                        (\phi \land (\neg(\psi \equiv \tau)))
                                                    \equiv \langle \text{ Def.}(\equiv), \text{ Teo } 4.15.4 \rangle
                                                        (\phi \land (\psi \not\equiv \tau))
   Por MT 4.21 y por conmutatividad de (≡) se demuestra que
   \vdash_{\mathrm{DS}} ((\phi \land (\psi \not\equiv \tau)) \equiv ((\phi \land \psi) \not\equiv (\phi \land \tau)))
```

Página 5 Taller 08

### 8. Punto 8

```
\vdash_{\mathrm{DS}} ((\phi \lor (\psi \land \tau)) \equiv ((\phi \lor \psi) \land (\phi \lor \tau)))
                                                             (\phi \lor (\psi \land \tau))
                                                         \equiv \langle \text{Def.}(\wedge), \text{Leibniz}(\phi = (\phi \vee p)) \rangle
                                                             (\phi \lor (\psi \equiv (\tau \equiv (\psi \lor \tau))))
                                                         \equiv \langle \text{ Distribución}(\vee, \equiv) \rangle
                                                             ((\phi \lor \psi) \equiv (\phi \lor (\tau \equiv (\psi \lor \tau))))
                                                         \equiv \langle \text{Idempotencia}(\vee), \text{Leibniz}(\phi = ((\phi \vee \psi) \equiv ((\phi \vee \psi) \equiv (p \vee (\psi \vee \tau))))) \rangle
                                                             ((\phi \lor \psi) \equiv ((\phi \lor \tau) \equiv ((\phi \lor \phi) \lor (\psi \lor \tau))))
                                                         \equiv \langle \text{Asociativa}(\vee), \text{Leibniz}(\phi = ((\phi \vee \psi) \equiv ((\phi \vee \psi) \equiv p))) \rangle
                                                             ((\phi \lor \psi) \equiv ((\phi \lor \psi) \equiv (\phi \lor (\phi \lor (\psi \lor \tau)))))
                                                         \equiv \langle \text{Asociativa}(\vee), \text{Leibniz}(\phi = ((\phi \vee \psi) \equiv ((\phi \vee \psi) \equiv (\phi \vee p)))) \rangle
                                                             ((\phi \lor \psi) \equiv ((\phi \lor \psi) \equiv (\phi \lor ((\phi \lor \psi) \lor \tau))))
                                                          \equiv \langle \text{Conmutativa}(\vee), \text{Leibniz}(\phi = ((\phi \vee \psi) \equiv ((\phi \vee \psi) \equiv (\phi \vee p)))) \rangle
                                                             ((\phi \lor \psi) \equiv ((\phi \lor \psi) \equiv (\phi \lor (\tau \lor (\phi \lor \psi)))))
                                                         \equiv \langle \text{Asociativa}(\vee), \text{Leibniz}(\phi = ((\phi \vee \psi) \equiv ((\phi \vee \psi) \equiv p))) \rangle
                                                             ((\phi \lor \psi) \equiv ((\phi \lor \psi) \equiv ((\phi \lor \tau) \lor (\phi \lor \psi))))
                                                          \equiv \langle \operatorname{Def.}(\wedge) \rangle
                                                             ((\phi \lor \psi) \land (\phi \lor \psi))
   Por MT 4.21 se demuestra que
   \vdash_{\mathrm{DS}} ((\phi \lor (\psi \land \tau)) \equiv ((\phi \lor \psi) \land (\phi \lor \tau)))
```

Página 6 Taller 08