

# Wi-Fi Mesh Laboratory Exploration

Mobile Communications Project

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# Motivation

For this project, our motivation is twofold:

1. To gain a better understanding of how WiFi Mesh networks function;
2. To understand which situations we can use these in a productive manner, and how we to properly apply them.

# Proceedings

## Experiments conception

1. Understand how a Mesh WiFi network could be used to improve networks where there is a medium/high density of obstacles between the host and its clients (home networks).
2. Assess how increased coverage could provide better performance for clients that are moving within a specific network.

## Objectives

1. Compare mesh networks in opposition to traditional network in a set of real-world scenarios.
2. Comprehend and evaluate how the mesh network can improve connectivity in scenarios of large physical distances and obstacle avoidance.

# Tools

## Software that was used throughout the project work.

1. PING
2. IPERF3
3. TERMUX
4. WiFi analyzer
5. NetSpot
6. MEO Smart WiFi

## Automation

- ❑ **Bash scripting** for test execution consistency and preciseness.
- ❑ **Graphics** and data processment handle in **Python** in order to eliminate the possibility of human error when interpreting.

# Experiments

Scenarios & Expected learnings

## Scenario 1 - Obstacle Avoidance

- ❑ Understand the adaptability of the topology to the environment.

## Scenario 2 - Mobile Client

- ❑ Explore the advantages of a mesh network for mobile hosts and its drawbacks.

## Scenario 1

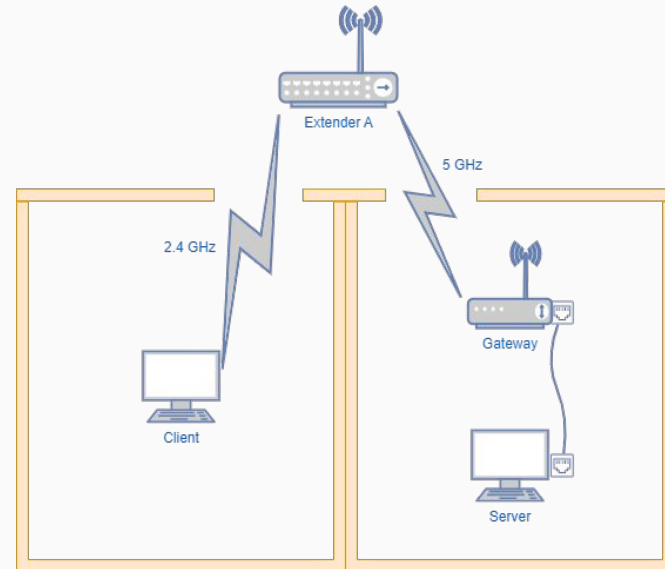
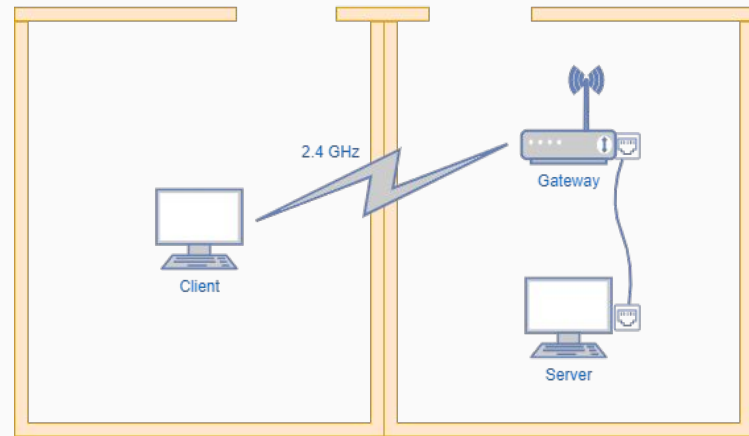
# Obstacle Avoidance

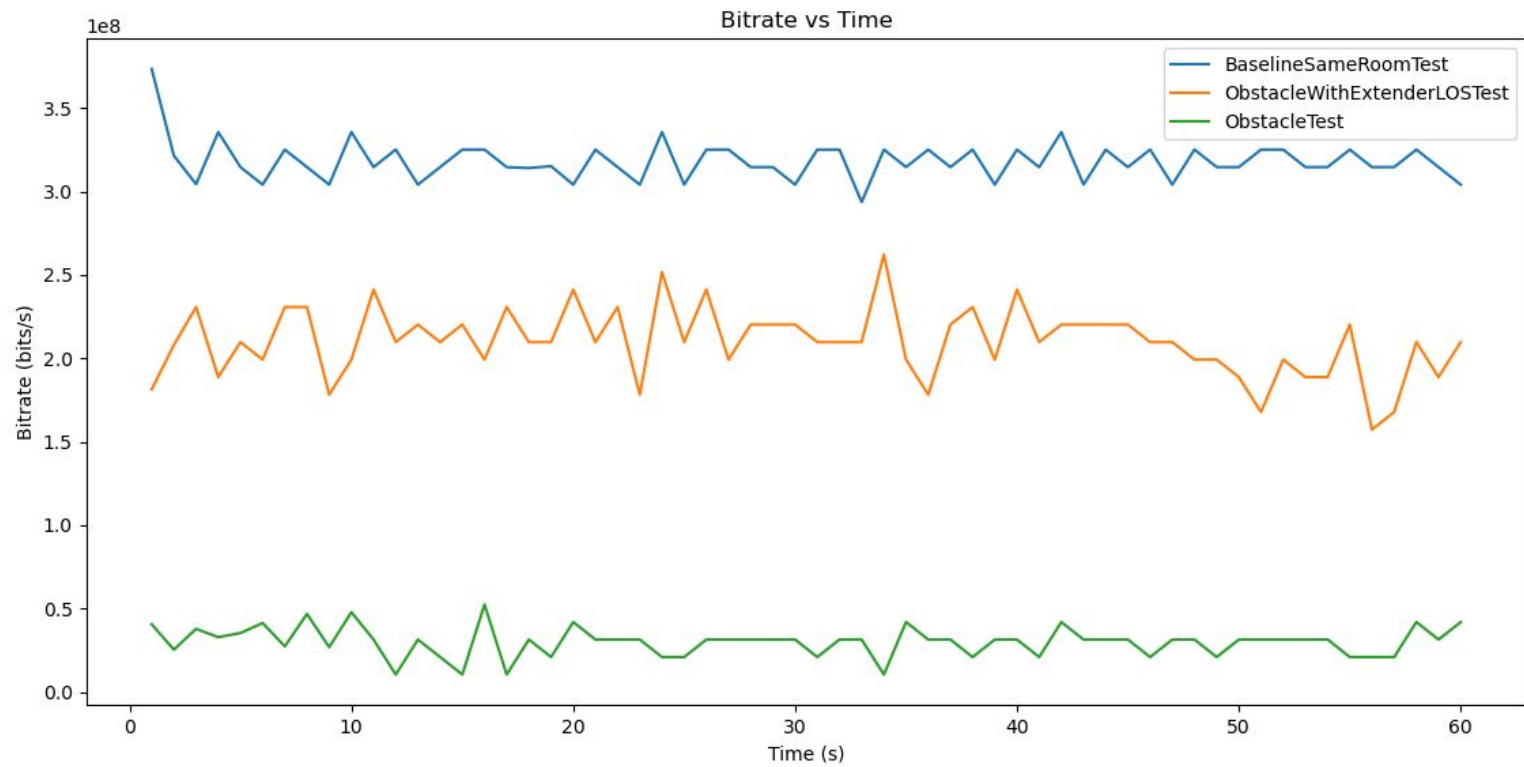
## Objective

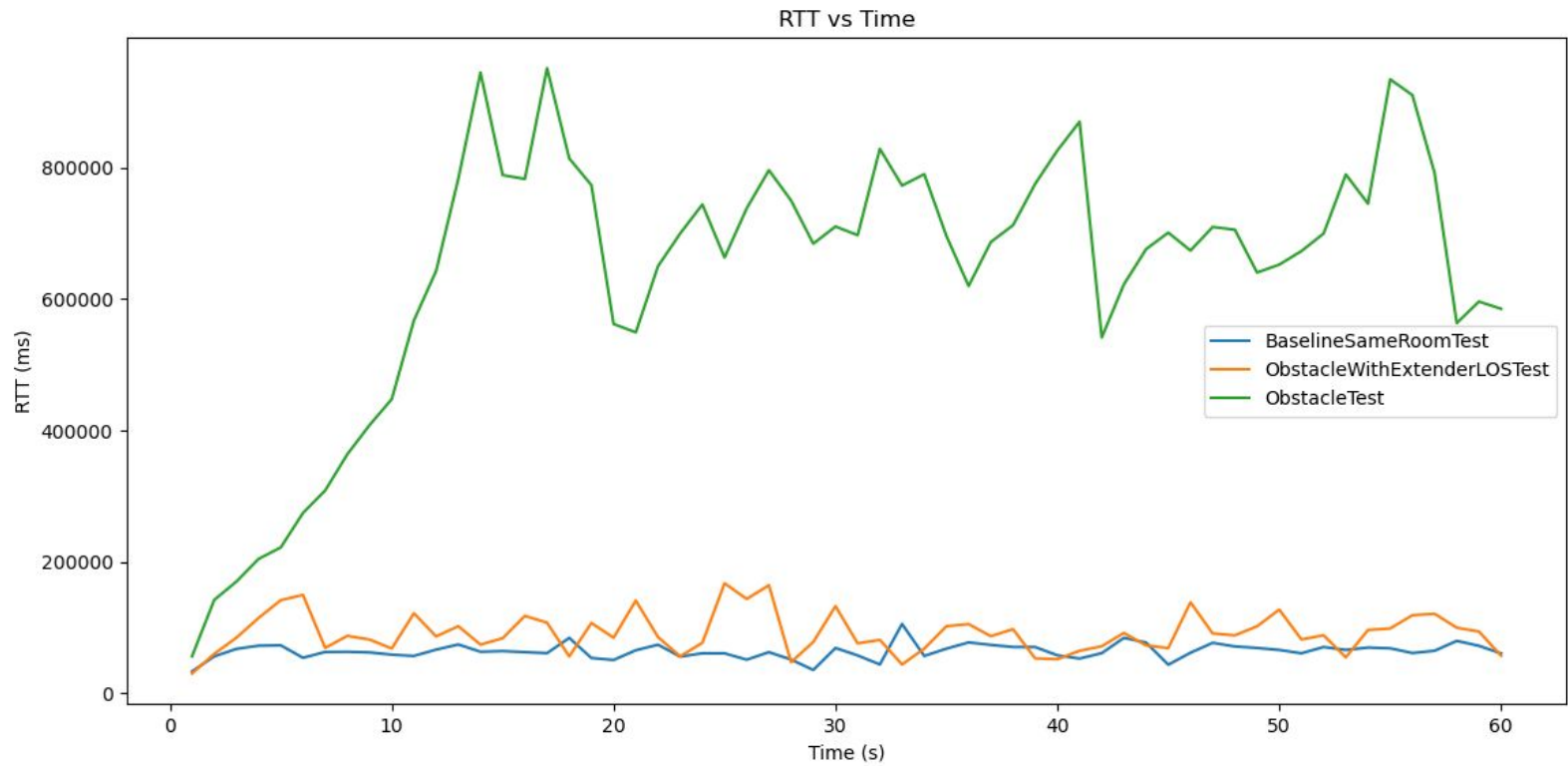
- Assessing the impact of obstacles on a wireless network.

## Expected results

- Observing the quality of a connection directly through an obstacle as opposed to having an extender to avoid it.









## Scenario 2

# Mobile Client

### Objective

- Assessing the impact of distance to AP on a wireless network.

### Expected results

- Observe the impact of a single large connection vs. the combination of multiple smaller connections.

