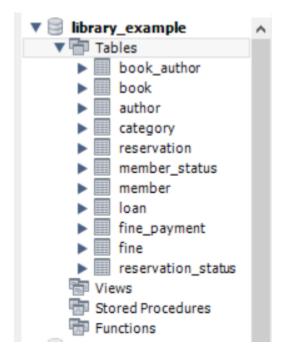
Library Management System Example David Asare

I created the schema called "library_example" and imported a file to create the tables.



Below is the created statements file I imported.

```
⊝ /*
  Create tables for the library management database
  This works for MySQL. To transform it to other databases such as SQL Server, Oracle, or Postgres,
  you should be able to just change the data types to types recognised by the database.
□ CREATE TABLE reservation_status (
    id INT,
    status_value VARCHAR(50),
    CONSTRAINT pk_res_status PRIMARY KEY (id)
 );
○ CREATE TABLE category (
   id INT,
   category_name VARCHAR(100),
   CONSTRAINT pk_category PRIMARY KEY (id)
 );
O CREATE TABLE book (
    id INT,
     title VARCHAR(500),
    category_id INT,
     publication_date DATE,
     copies owned INT,
     CONSTRAINT pk book PRIMARY KEY (id),
     CONSTRAINT fk_book_category FOREIGN KEY (category_id) REFERENCES category(id)
 );
O CREATE TABLE author (
     id INT,
     first_name VARCHAR(300),
     last_name VARCHAR(300),
     CONSTRAINT pk author PRIMARY KEY (id)
 - );
```

```
CREATE TABLE book author (
    book id INT,
    author id INT,
    CONSTRAINT fk_bookauthor_book FOREIGN KEY (book_id) REFERENCES book(id),
    CONSTRAINT fk_bookauthor_author FOREIGN KEY (author_id) REFERENCES author(id)
 );
CREATE TABLE member_status (
    id INT,
    status value VARCHAR(50),
    CONSTRAINT pk_memberstatus PRIMARY KEY (id)
- );
CREATE TABLE member (
   id INT,
   first_name VARCHAR(300),
  last name VARCHAR(300),
   joined date DATE,
   active status id INT,
   CONSTRAINT pk_member PRIMARY KEY (id),
   CONSTRAINT fk_member_status FOREIGN KEY (active_status_id) REFERENCES member_status(id)
);
CREATE TABLE reservation (
   id INT,
   book_id INT,
   member id INT,
  reservation_date DATE,
   reservation status id INT,
   CONSTRAINT pk_reservation PRIMARY KEY (id),
   CONSTRAINT fk res book FOREIGN KEY (book id) REFERENCES book(id),
   CONSTRAINT fk_res_member FOREIGN KEY (member_id) REFERENCES member(id)
 );
```

```
□ CREATE TABLE fine payment (
     id INT,
     member_id INT,
     payment_date DATE,
     payment_amount INT,
     CONSTRAINT pk_fine_payment PRIMARY KEY (id),
     CONSTRAINT fk_finepay_member FOREIGN KEY (member_id) REFERENCES member(id)
   );
□ ○ CREATE TABLE loan (
     id INT,
     book_id INT,
     member_id INT,
     loan date DATE,
     returned date DATE,
     CONSTRAINT pk loan PRIMARY KEY (id),
     CONSTRAINT fk loan book FOREIGN KEY (book id) REFERENCES book(id),
     CONSTRAINT fk loan member FOREIGN KEY (member id) REFERENCES member(id)
   );
id INT,
      book id INT,
      loan_id INT,
      fine date DATE,
      fine amount INT,
      CONSTRAINT pk fine PRIMARY KEY (id),
      CONSTRAINT fk fine book FOREIGN KEY (book id) REFERENCES book(id),
      CONSTRAINT fk_fine_loan FOREIGN KEY (loan_id) REFERENCES loan(id)
    );
```

Below is the mysql file I made called "library_example_script" where I made up examples for the queries.

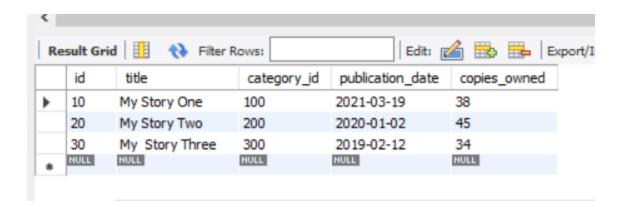
```
-- Query examples I made based on the library database
    -- Inserting names of authours into the author table.
  INSERT INTO `library_example`.`author` (`id`, `first_name`, `last_name`) VALUES ('1', 'Tony', 'Stark');
  INSERT INTO `library_example`.`author` (`id`, `first_name`, `last_name`) VALUES ('2', 'Bruce', 'Wayne');
   INSERT INTO `library_example`.`author` (`id`, `first_name`, `last_name`) VALUES ('3', 'Oliver', 'Queen');
    select * from library_example.author;
Kesuit Grid | H TO Hiter Kows:
      id
               first_name
                            last_name
     1
              Tony
                            Stark
     2
              Bruce
                            Wayne
     3
              Oliver
                            Queen
     NULL
             NULL
                           NULL
   -- Inserting info into category table
 INSERT INTO 'library example'.'category' ('id', 'category name') VALUES ('100', 'Cat One');
  INSERT INTO `library_example`.`category` (`id`, `category_name`) VALUES ('200', 'Cat Two');
INSERT INTO `library_example`.`category` (`id`, `category_name`) VALUES ('300', 'Cat three');
   select * from library example.category;
   Result Grid
                     Filter Rows:
       id
               category_name
      100
               Cat One
              Cat Two
      200
```

```
300
        Cat three
NULL
       NULL
```

```
-- Inserting info into book table.
```

```
INSERT INTO `library_example`.`book` ('id', `title', `category_id', `publication_date', `copies_owned') VALUES ('10', 'My Story One', '100', '2021-03-19', '38');
INSERT INTO `library example`.`book` ('id', `title`, `category id', `publication date`, `copies owned') VALUES ('20', 'My Story Two', '200', '2020-01-2', '45');
INSERT INTO 'library example'.'book' ('id', 'title', 'category id', 'publication date', 'copies owned') VALUES ('30', 'My Story Three', '300', '2019-02-12', '34');
```

```
select * from library example.book;
```



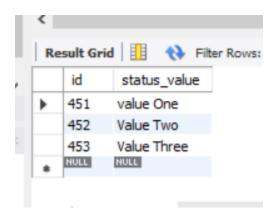
```
-- Inserting info into member_status tabe.

INSERT INTO `library_example`.`member_status` (`id`, `status_value`) VALUES ('451', 'value One');

INSERT INTO `library_example`.`member_status` (`id`, `status_value`) VALUES ('452', 'Value Two');

INSERT INTO `library_example`.`member_status` (`id`, `status_value`) VALUES ('453', 'Value Three');
```

select * from library_example.member_status;



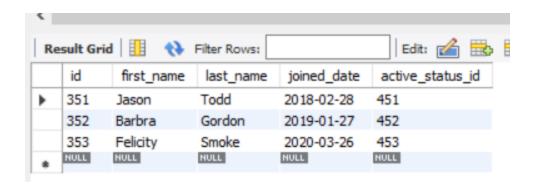
-- Inserting info into the member table

```
INSERT INTO `library_example`.`member` ('id', `first_name`, `last_name`, `joined_date`, `active_status_id') VALUES ('351', 'Jason', 'Todd', '2018-02-28', '451');

INSERT INTO `library_example`.`member` ('id', `first_name`, `last_name`, `joined_date`, `active_status_id') VALUES ('352', 'Barbra ', 'Gordon', '2019-01-27', '452');

INSERT INTO `library_example`.`member` ('id', `first_name`, `last_name`, `joined_date`, `active_status_id') VALUES ('353', 'Felicity', 'Smoke', '2020-03-26', '453');
```

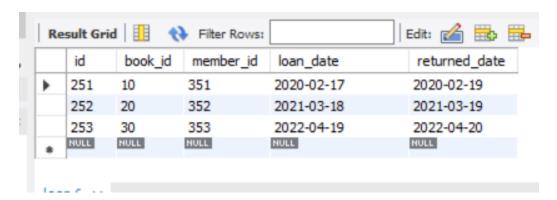
```
select * from library_example.member;
```



-- Inserting info into loan table.

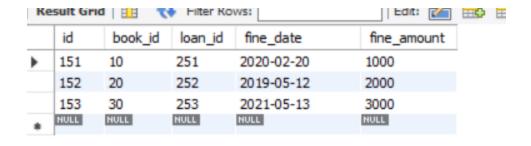
```
INSERT INTO `library_example`.`loan` ('id', 'book_id', `member_id', `loan_date', `returned_date') VALUES ('251', '10', '351', '2020-02-17', '2020-02-19');
INSERT INTO `library_example`.`loan` ('id', 'book_id', `member_id', `loan_date', `returned_date') VALUES ('252', '20', '352', '2021-03-18', '2021-03-19');
INSERT INTO `library_example`.`loan` ('id', `book_id', `member_id', `loan_date', `returned_date') VALUES ('253', '30', '353', '2022-04-19', '2022-04-20');
```

select * from library_example.loan



-- Inserting info the fine table

```
INSERT INTO `library_example`.`fine` ('id', 'book_id', 'loan_id', 'fine_date', 'fine_amount') VALUES ('151', '10', '251', '2020-02-20', '1000');
INSERT INTO `library_example`.`fine` ('id', 'book_id', 'loan_id', 'fine_date', 'fine_amount') VALUES ('152', '20', '252', '2019-05-12', '2000');
INSERT INTO `library_example`.`fine` ('id', 'book_id', 'loan_id', 'fine_date', 'fine_amount') VALUES ('153', '30', '253', '2021-05-13', '3000');
select * from library_example.fine
```

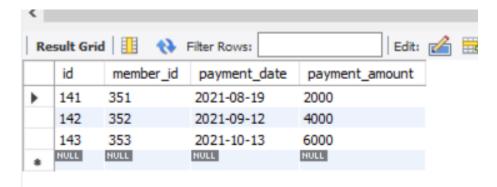


fine 8 V

```
-- Inserting info into fine_payment table
```

```
INSERT INTO `library_example`.`fine_payment` ('id`, `member_id`, `payment_date`, `payment_amount`) VALUES ('141', '351', '2021-08-19', '2000');
INSERT INTO `library_example`.`fine_payment` ('id`, `member_id`, `payment_date`, `payment_amount`) VALUES ('142', '352', '2021-09-12', '4000');
INSERT INTO `library_example`.`fine_payment` ('id`, `member_id`, `payment_date`, `payment_amount`) VALUES ('143', '353', '2021-10-13', '6000');
```

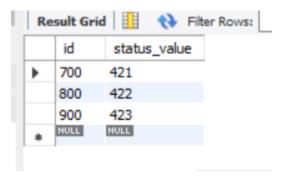
select * from library_example.fine_payment



-- Inserting info into reservation_status table

```
INSERT INTO `library_example`.`reservation_status` (`id`, `status_value`) VALUES ('700', '421');
INSERT INTO `library_example`.`reservation_status` (`id`, `status_value`) VALUES ('800', '422');
INSERT INTO `library_example`.`reservation_status` (`id`, `status_value`) VALUES ('900', '423');
```

select * from library_example.reservation_status;



```
INSERT INTO `library_example`.`reservation` ('id', `book_id', `member_id', `reservation_date`, `reservation_status_id') VALUES ('651', '10', '351', '2020-06-18', '700');
INSERT INTO `library_example`.`reservation` ('id', `book_id', `member_id', `reservation_date`, `reservation_status_id') VALUES ('652', '20', '352', '2021-03-19', '800');
INSERT INTO `library_example`.`reservation` ('id', `book_id', `member_id', `reservation_date`, `reservation_status_id') VALUES ('653', '30', '353', '2022-04-20', '900');
```

900

NULL

Result Grid				Edit: 🚣 📆 Export/Import:	
	id	book_id	member_id	reservation_date	reservation_status_id
•	651	10	351	2020-06-18	700
	652	20	352	2021-03-19	800

select * from library example.reservation;

30

NULL

353

NULL

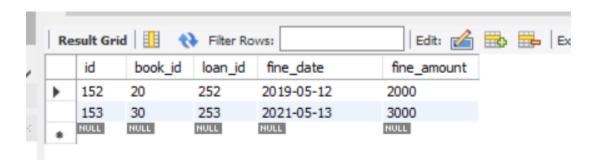
653

NULL

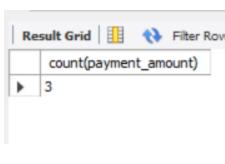
-- Displaying records with fine amount larger than 1000 select *from library_example.fine where fine_amount > 1000;

2022-04-20

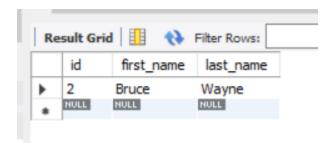
NULL



-- Counting number of rows in the fine payment table
select count(payment_amount)
from library_example.fine_payment;



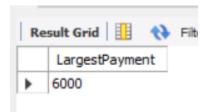
-- Selecting the rows with first names that start with letter b from the author table.
select * from library_example.author
where first_name like 'b%';



-- Selecting rows from member table and member_status joining the two tables select member.first_name, member.last_name, member.joined_date, member_status.status_value from library_example.member, library_example.member_status where member.id = member_status.id;



-- Selecting the largest payment value from the fine_payment table select max(payment_amount) as LargestPayment from library_example.fine_payment;



References

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yldrldoXiYk