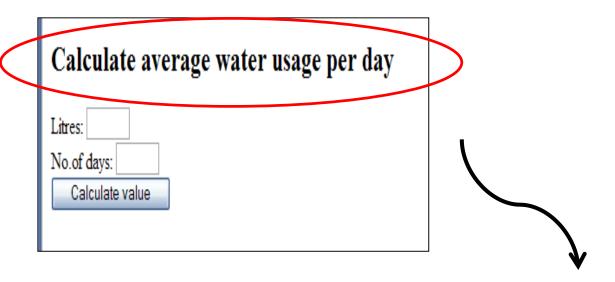
# Lecture 6 JavaScript 2

Displaying results of calculations

# Using JavaScript for Calculations

# Water Usage Calculation



You used an average of 20 litres per day

No.of days: 5

Calculate value

## Calculation Question 1

- Water usage Example
- Create a webpage with 2 input boxes and a button.
- When the user presses the button, a function called usage() is called, which will compute the average number of litres of water used per day.
- The average is calculated by dividing the litres by the days (litres / days).
- Display the result in the form.

# HTML - using ids

WaterUsage.html

# JavaScript

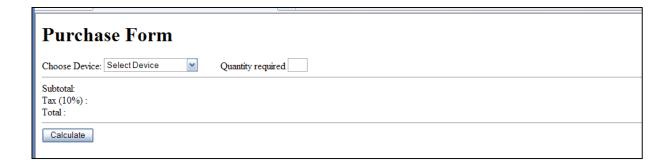
WaterUsage.html

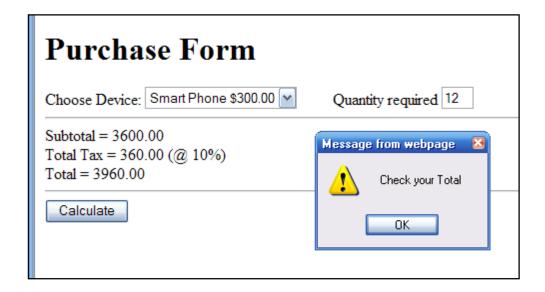
```
<script type="text/javascript">
function mpg()
var days = document.getElementById("days").value;
var ltrs = document.getElementById("litres").value;
var avg = ltrs/days;
document.getElementById("output").innerHTML = "You used an average of " + avg + " litres per day";
```

## Calculation Question 2

- Create a Purchase Form.
- The user selects a device from a dropdown menu
- The user enters the quantity required and presses submit.
- The subtotal (item price \* quantity), tax and grandtotal are displayed.
- A popUp message is also displayed.

# Calculations using JavaScript





## Calculation Question 2 – HTML

```
<form onSubmit = "calculateTax()">
<h1> Purchase Form</h1>
Choose Device:
   <select id="choice" >
       <option value="">Select Device</option>
       <option value="100">Netbook $100.00</option>
       <option value="300">Smart Phone $300.00</option>
       <option value="400">Tablet PC $400</option>
   &nbsp &nbsp &nbsp
Quantity required
   <input id="quantity" type="text" name="quantity"size = "1">
   <br>
<hr>>
<div id="subtotal"> Subtotal:</div>
<hr>>
<input type="submit" value="Calculate" />
</form>
```

#### Calculation Question 2 – HTML

- Call function calculateTax() when press Submit button
- Using onSubmit() eventhandler placed in the <form> tag
- Notice the price of each item is stored in the value attribute of the <option> tag
- E.g.
- <option value = "100">Netbook \$100</option>
- This enables you to use the price of the item in a calculation in JavaScript.

# Calculations using JavaScript ..1

```
function calculateTax()
// variable declarations
var taxRate=0.10:
var tax=0:
var subTotal=0:
var total = 0:
// Get info from form -- USING the VALUE attribute
var quantity = document.getElementById("quantity").value;
var price = document.getElementById("choice").value;
// Initial Calculations
subTotal = quantity * price;
tax = subTotal * taxRate;
total = subTotal + tax:
```

## JavaScript..2

```
Property of the second places of the second places.
tax = tax.toFixed(2);
subTotal = subTotal.toFixed(2);
total = total.toFixed(2);
//Move Data back to Form
document.getElementById('subtotal').innerHTML = "Subtotal = " + subTotal;
document.getElementById('tax').innerHTML = "Total Tax = " + tax + " (@ 10%)";
document.getElementById('total').innerHTML = "Total = " + total;
// Alert()
alert("Check your Total");
 </script>
```

## Calculations using JavaScript

- Declare variables for using in program
- Get data from Form using the value attribute with getElementById("")
- Do the initial calculations subtotal, tax, grand total
- Round the figures to 2 decimal places, using .toFixed(2)
- Move the data back into the form using document.getElementById("").innerHTML =