1. Name a quantity of interest to you that has dimensions of M/T. In the spaces below provide a complete five-part definition of the quantity (name, symbol, procedural statement, numbers, units).

NAME

SYMBOL

TYPICAL VALUES

SCALE (typical units)

Procedural statement (you may have to invent this)

$$sum(X) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i = X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_n$$

n is number of observations (it has no units)

$$mean(X) = \overline{X} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_{i}$$

$$variance(X) = s^2 = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum ((X - \overline{X}))^2$$

coefficient of dispersion

$$cd(X) = \frac{variance(X)}{mean(X)}$$

2. Substitute the symbol for your quantity within the parentheses in the following expressions, and fill in the blanks.

sum() has units of _____

mean() has units of _____

cd() has units of _____

3a. The median is defined as a value such that half the observations are above and half are below. Report the mean and median values of the following quantity (don't forget units).

 $E = [65 \ 5 \ 5 \ 10 \ 15]$ Joules

$$mean(E) =$$

- 3b. State which is greater (mean or median)
- 3c. Explain why.