BIOLOGY 4605/7220 Statistical Analysis in Biology and Environmental Science FALL 2022

Lectures: Mon Wed Fri 12 PM ED 3034B

Labs: Tue 2-5 or 6-9 PM Online + drop in help

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Course Summary. The goal of this course is for you to learn a model based approach to the statistical analysis of research data. Skill and confidence come with practice, so assignments and quizzes will be short and frequent. Lecture material will emphasize principles of good quantitative analysis, illustrated by complete examples. Laboratories will cover the computational aspects of

problem solving, with a package of the student's choice.

## Goals

1. Principles of good analysis.

2. Skill in application.

3. Capacity for self-instruction.

4. Confer with statistician.

5. Develop critical capacity.

6. Evaluate quantitative presentations.

Evaluation	Ν	4605	7220	wt
Labs	9	25	25	2.8
Assignments	5	10	10	2.0
Quiz/SA	10	25	25	2.5
Exam 1	1	10	10	10
Exam 2	1	10	10	10
Final	1	20	20	20
Written Repo	rt		30	
	27	100	130	

Version: 3 Sept

**Pre-Requisite:** 1 course in statistics. 2/3 of students in 2017 considered this unnecessary.

Exams and quizzes are open book, emphasizing ability to use tools, rather than to memorize formulas. Short assignments cover material delivered on the day assigned. Quizzes cover lecture material since the previous quiz. Midterm and final exams will have the same format as quizzes. Examples of quizzes are posted on the course website.

Graduate students (Biology 7220) will be required to prepare a written report on the analysis of a set of data of interest to the student. The topic will be decided during a conference early during the term, then discussed during tutorial sessions. This report will constitute 30% of the final mark.

Contact the instructor if you are unable to complete evaluated work due to acceptable cause.

All course material is at https://davidcschneider.github.io/StatisticalScience/

**Required material:** Lecture Notes in Statistical Science Laboratories in Statistical Science

**Additional material:** Review Questions in Quantitative Biology

A calculator is required for quizzes, exams, and Lab 2. The calculator (which can be an app on a portable device) does not require statistical functions but does require  $y^x$  and  $e^x$  functions.

Policy on labs and assignments. Labs and assignments are due in <u>pdf format</u> on the date stated in the syllabus. Work will be returned to students within a week (usually the next lecture after it is due. <u>Late work</u> will be penalized at 5% off per day (excluding weekends).

Lab 1 is a group project that requires attendance for successful completion. Labs 2 and 9a are group projects for which attendance is recommended.

Planning in the event of COVID disruption. In the event of a rapid rise in COVID19 cases, this course will shift to online for labs and lectures, as delivered in the Fall 2020 term. For latest information and updates see: https://www.mun.ca/covid19/

**About quizzes/short assignments.** In class quizzes are easier on paper than electronically, but please submit them electronically to BrightSpace. Short assessments (SA) are quizzes due by the end of the day.

**About labs and assignments**. Working together is encouraged in all labs and assignments. However, each person is responsible for preparing their *own* written report. Obvious duplicates will be considered misconduct (see below). Please submit all work on BrightSpace.

**About statistical packages**. Labs 3, 5, and 6 can be completed in a statistical package or in a spreadsheet using functions and data analysis tools. The labs (3-9) can be completed in any statistical package with a general linear model (GLM) routine. Lab 10 can be completed in any package with a logistic regression routine, or with a generalized linear model (GzLM routine.

Packages that lack a GLM routine and a logistic regression routine are superficially attractive but lack any value in learning principles and best practice in statistical analysis.

Statistical packages consist of line code (you type the command) and a GUI– a graphics user interface (mouse clicks to set up the analysis).

This course uses RStudio but it does not require a particular package. One of the instructors (DCS) can help you with any of the following..

SPSS. Easily learned GUI. Line code for saving procedures. Simple calculations are difficult Minitab. Easily learned GUI. Line code adequate for GLM and simple calculations. JMP. GUI for SAS code.

<u>SAS.</u> Relatively easy line code. Gold standard for statistical analysis. Expensive license.

RStudio. Open source freeware for editing and executing R code. https://www.rstudio.com/

<u>R</u>. Freeware for statistical computing and graphics. R has overtaken SAS in academic settings because it has no licensing fee. The hidden cost is the learning curve. The course website has code for all the labs.

Please do not print the sometimes verbose files produced by statistical packages. Instead, copy and paste the appropriate sections of output into your lab report or assignment. Note that you will have to use a <u>non-scalable</u> font (such as courier) to print or display numerical output (ANOVA tables, *etc.*) without distortion.

Assignments. See schedule (below) for due dates.

## A1. Quantities

In the library or on line, find a journal reporting research results. Open the journal to an article, and list the first defined physical or biological quantity you encounter (if you must move to the next article, then so be it). State the journal name, volume, and page number. For this quantity, provide complete details for each of the 5 components of the quantity: name, symbol, typical value, units, and procedural statement. If a component is not present then state 'not present.'

For each of  $\bf 3$  more quantities in the journal, complete the following 8-point checklist:

Journal name, volume, and	page number		
name of quantity in words.	Present?	If so, name is	
symbol		Present in article?	
number of values	N = _	or cannot be determined	
procedural statement		Present?	
	Reproducib	ole by another investigator?	
type of measurement scale		nterval, ratio)	
			(4 due in all)

**Assignments** A2-A5 These require graphs and summary statistics from a text book or published literature. To find examples on a topic of interest to you try Google Scholar. Publications with suitable examples are listed on the course website.

<u>A2. Data Equations.</u>. In the published literature find a graph where a regression equation has been displayed. A list of such publications can be found on the course website: https://github.com/DavidCSchneider/StatisticalScience/tree/main/Data

State the source publication (request bonus point for example not on the course website). Write the equation, write the name of each symbol or parameter value, and give its units. Immediately below the equation (symbolic form) display a data equation for each of 3 different values of the explanatory (X) variable.

- <u>A3. Hypothesis testing.</u> Find, in the published literature, two mean values with associated standard deviations and sample size.
- 1. Report the 6 values with full citation of source of the published data.
- 2. Compute the t-statistic using the appropriate formula from Ch7.3. State which formula you used and why. Use the generic recipe for decision making with statistics (Ch7.3, Table 7.1) to declare a decision about the two means.
- A4. Confidence intervals. For the same data used in A3, compute the confidence limits for each mean. Report all 6 values (means, sd, n), the source of the numbers, and both confidence limits. Use the generic recipe for confidence limits (Ch7.5, Table 7.5a).

To obtain critical t-values for confidence intervals, use commands you learned in Lab 3.

A5. Correlation. Find, in the published literature, a table of data that you consider appropriate for correlation. Enter the data into a spreadsheet or statistical package. Compute the mean and variance for each variable. Compute the correlation coefficient. State the source of the data (with full citation), why correlation is appropriate, then display the data (label each column), each mean and variance, and the correlation coefficient. Show calculation of the likelihood ratio from the correlation coefficient. State whether inference to a population is possible and defend your argument for or against calculating a p-value to make the inference.

## **TABS** Teaching assessment by students.

Course evaluation questionnaires are of use to instructors in several important aspects of teaching, especially delivery. Questionnaires at the end of the course are of little use to students, as it is too late for corrective action. No-name questionnaires and polls have been a regular part of these two courses since 1994. They are typically short, a few minutes before the end of a lecture period. Short summaries of the results are usually delivered orally in class.

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Memorial University of Newfoundland is committed to supporting inclusive education based on the principles of equity, accessibility and collaboration. Accommodations are provided within the scope of the University Policies for the Accommodations for Students with Disabilities (www.mun.ca/policy/site/policy.php?id=239). Students who may need an academic accommodation are asked to initiate the request with the Glenn Roy Blundon Centre at the earliest opportunity (www.mun.ca/blundon).

Students are expected to adhere to those principles which constitute proper academic conduct. A student has the responsibility to know which actions, as described under Academic Offences in the University Regulations, could be construed as dishonest or improper. Students found guilty of an academic offence may be subject to a number of penalties commensurate with the offence including reprimand, reduction of grade, probation, suspension or expulsion from the University. For more information regarding this policy, students should refer to the University Regulations for Academic Misconduct (Section 6.12) in the University Calendar.

Day	Date	On Web	Topic	Labs	Due	Assessed by	
Wed	7-Sep	Ch1	Intro to Course				
Fri	9-Sep	Ch2.1, 2.2	Quantities				
Mon	12-Sep	Ch2.5,2.6	Units, Dimensions		A1 Quantities	Q:DCS	
Tues	13-Sep	Lab1	Inferential Cards	CSF2313	DCS		
Wed	14-Sep	Ch3	Rescaling				
Fri	16-Sep	Ch4	Equations		Lab1, Quiz 1	L:BC,Q:DCS	
Mon	19-Sep	Ch5	Data Eq		,	,	
Tues	20-Sep	Lab2	Equations@2 [R@6?,C2003]	CSF2313	BC/AH/DCS		
Wed	21-Sep	Ch6.1	Freq Dist I		A2,Quiz2	A:BC,Q:AH	
Fri	23-Sep	Ch6.2, 6.3	Freq Dist II		Lab2	L:BC	
Mon	26-Sep	Ch7, 7.1,7.2	Inference, Randomization				
Tues	27-Sep	Lab3	Freq Dist	C2003	AH/DCS		
Wed	28-Sep	Ch7.3. 7.5	Hypoth.Tests & Conf. Limits	02000	SA/Quiz3	AH	
Thur	29-Sep	G.111.0. 11.0	riypetiii reete di Geriii Eirriite		Lab3	BC	
Fri	30-Sep	No lecture - Na	tional Dav		A3	DCS	
Mon	3-Oct	Unit 1 Exam			7.0	DCS/AH/BC	
Tues	4-Oct	Lab4	Randomization tests	C2003	AH/DCS	D00// (( )/ D0	
Wed	5-Oct	Ch8, 9.1	GLM Intro, Regression I	02000	A4, Q4	A:DCS, Q:AH	
Fri	7-Oct	Ch9.2	Regression II		Lab5a	BC	
Mon	10-Oct	Holiday	regression ii		Laboa	ВС	
Tues	11-Oct	Holiday					
Wed(M		Ch9.3, Ch10.2	Regression, t-test		SA/Q5	SA/Q: TBA	
Fri	14-Oct	Ch10.3, 10.4	1-way ANOVA		SA/Q5	SA/Q. IDA	
	17-Oct						
Mon		Ch11	Rev. 1 Expl Var	00000	ALL/DOO		
Tues	18-Oct	Lab5a	Regression	C2003	AH/DCS	0.4/0. TD.4	
Wed	19-Oct	Ch12.1	Mult Regr		SA/Quiz6	SA/Q: TBA	
Fri	21-Oct	Ch13.1 (13.2)	2-way ANOVA		Lab5a only	ВС	
Mon	24-Oct	Ch13.3	Mixed Model - Paired t-test	00000			
Tue	25-Oct	Lab6a	1-way ANOVA	C2003	AH/DCS	D (DO)	
Wed	26-Oct	Ch13.4	Mixed Model - Rand. Block		SA/Quiz7	Peer/DCS	
Fri	28-Oct	Ch13.6	Nested random effects		Lab6a only	BC	
Mon	31-Oct	Ch14.1	ANCOVA	00000			
Tue	1-Nov	Lab7	Multifactor ANOVA	C2003	AH/DCS		
Wed	2-Nov	Ch15 review					
Fri	4-Nov		alternative (Wsheet for credit?)			DCS/AH/BC	
Mon	7-Nov		Correlation & Multivariate Anal	•	Lab7	ВС	
Tue	8-Nov	Lab8	ANCOVA	C2003	DCS/AH		
	10-Nov	Ch16, 16.2,3,4	Analysis of Deviance		SA/Quiz8	DCS	
Fri	11-Nov			No class			
Mon	14-Nov	Ch18, 18.1	Logistic regression		Lab8	ВС	
Tues	15-Nov	Lab9a	GLMM Problem setup	CSF2313	AH/DCS		
Wed	16-Nov	Ch 18.2	Prospective analysis		SA/Q9	DCS	
Fri	18-Nov	Ch 18.3	Retrospective analysis		Quiz	DCS	
Mon	21-Nov	Ch 18.6	Logistic ANCOVA		Lab 9a,b	ВС	
Tue	22-Nov	Lab9b	GLMM execution				
Wed	23-Nov	Ch 17.1	Poisson regression				
Fri	25-Nov	Ch 17.4, 17.5	Contingency tests, Poiss ANO	COVA	SA/Q10	DCS	
Mon	28-Nov	Cn19.1-19.4	Model selection I - EDA and s	tepwise			
Tue	29-Nov	Ch19.5	MultiModel Inference (AIC, SIC				
Wed	30-Nov		Review - GLMM		Norksheet (credit?	DCS	
Fri	2-Dec	Worksheet	Course review with Q&A		Worksheets online		
		Exams begin	Final Exam 2 hour synchronou		Date: TBA	DCS/AH/BC	
		Exams end					
			I.				

The purpose of this survey is to gather information about student background, including experience and familiarity with online submission of activities (assignments, labs, quizzes, exams) listed on the first page. The information will be used for planning course delivery.

1. If you were unable to use Adobe, open this survey as a Word Document, add answers in a font of different color. Describe the problem the problem you had with Adobe. Save it as

a pdf file and submit it to First Day Survey in BSpace.
2. Which course are you taking? Circle or highlight one. B4605 B7220
Grad students: list department or program
Honors students: List program and topic
3. Using a calculator or spreadsheet can you calculate $5^4$ Y/N? $e^{0.75}$ Y/N
4. Have you ever used the R-Studio statistical package? Y/N List other statistical packages you have used
5. Have you ever used one of the functions in a spreadsheet ? $Y/N$
6. Do you have a laptop or touch screen device (larger than a phone) that can be used in a classroom setting? $Y / N$
7. How long has it been since you used logarithms?
8. The variable Y has three values, $Y = [9 6 3]$ What is the mean value of Y?
9. How many online courses have you taken? Circle or highlight one: None Several Too many
B7220 only: Which platforms have you used? WebEx Y/N Zoom Y/N Other
B7220 only: How many courses have you taken with the Brightspace / D2L Learning Management System (LMS) at MUN? None Several Many
10a. How many university courses in mathematics?In statistics?
10b. Have you already learned how to do an ANCOVA in a previous course? $\mathrm{Y}/\mathrm{N}$
11. How many university courses where you have collected data?
12. How many courses where you have analyzed data?
13. List (opposite side) any non-classroom experience with quantitative techniques, including any data sets you have collected.
14. Describe what you hope to learn during this course and how it relates to your academic program.