

100/100

Corto #9 Cálculo Multivariable (15 min)

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1. Halle la derivada direccional de la función $f(x, y) = e^x \cos y$ en el punto $(0, 0)$ en la dirección del vector unitario $\mathbf{u} = \langle \cos \theta, \sin \theta \rangle$, $\theta = \pi/4$.

$$\vec{u} = \langle \cos \theta, \sin \theta \rangle \quad |\mathbf{u}| = \sqrt{\cos^2(\theta) + \sin^2(\theta)} = 1$$

Derivada direccional: $P(0, 0) \quad \theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$

$$f(x, y) = e^x \cos(y)$$

$$\nabla f = \left\langle \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \right\rangle \rightarrow \langle e^x \cos(y), -e^x \sin(y) \rangle$$

$$D_{\mathbf{u}} = \nabla f \cdot \vec{u}$$

$$= \langle e^0 \cos(0), -e^0 \sin(0) \rangle \cdot \left\langle \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right\rangle$$

$$= \langle 1, 0 \rangle \cdot \left\langle \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right\rangle$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} + 0 = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$