RPi Relay Board

From Waveshare Wiki

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Introduction

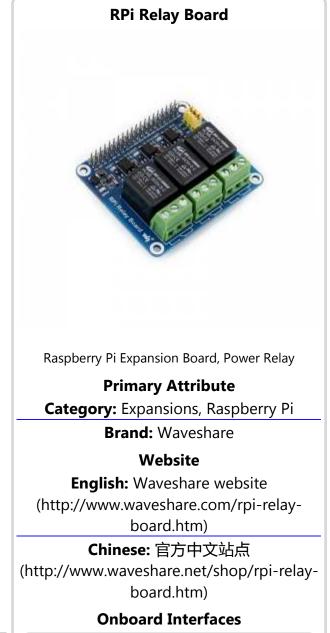
Raspberry Pi Expansion Board, Power Relay

More (http://www.waveshare.com/rpi-relay-board.htm)

Interface description

 Correspondence between relay channel and RPi Pin

Channel No.	RPi Pin No.	wiringPi	всм	Descriptions
CH1	37	P25	26	Channel 1
CH2	38	P28	20	Channel 2
CH3	40	P29	21	Channel 3



RPi

Notices: The labels on the PCB are corresponding to the wiringPi code.

■ Relay_JMP (6P jumpeer) usage:

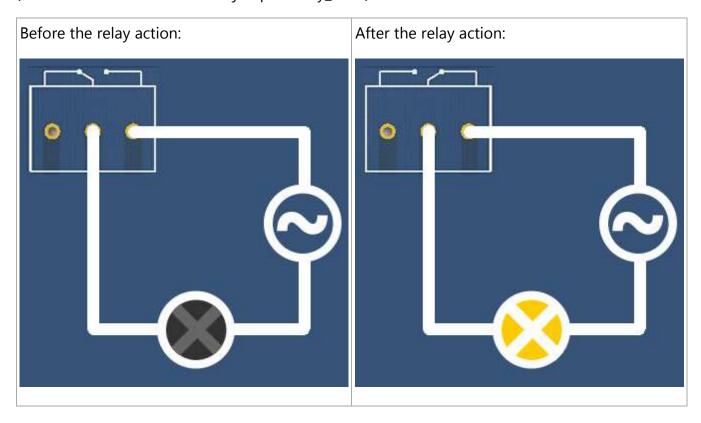
Relay_JMP is the relay control pin selecting jumper. When this jumper is connected, the relay can be controlled by the Raspberry Pi.

Relay screw terminal description:

This board integrates three screw terminals, and each has three pins for connecting external circuits.

All the terminals are low active. When the Raspberry Pi outputs Low Level from its IO, the LED related to the corresponding channel lights up. At the same time, the relay NO (normally open contacts) close and the NC (normally close contacts) open, so as to change the ON/OFF status of the external circuit.

(PS: Remember to connect the jumper Relay_JMP!)



Sample programs

The sample programs of this board include Shell, bcm2835, WiringPi, python and Webiopi.

Development environment

Before using this expansion board, you should install some libraries to Raspberry Pi, such as bcm2835, wiringPi and python. For more information about the installation and configuration of the RPi library functions, please refer to **Libraries Installation for RPi**.

When finished the configurations above, you need to download the sample programs, and then copy and extract them to the system. For example, input the line

tar -zxvf RPi_Relay_Board.tar.gz ~

to extract the downloaded program to the directory of /home/pi. Some of the sample programs can be implemented via different ways, such as the libraries of bcm2835, wiringPi, sysfs, python and so on. That means you can implement a same function by using different libraries. Therefore, the libraries of bcm2835, wiringPi, python and Webiopi should be installed to the RPi before used. If the sample programs presented in the next section are unable to be performed after installing the libraries, you can try to apply the command

```
chmod +x filename
```

to grant the program the executable permission.

Operations and results

Shell program

Enter the Linux terminal, and input the following line: Execute the code:

```
pi@raspberrypi ~/RPi_Relay_Board/shell $ sudo ./Relay.sh CH1 ON
```

Expected result: The LED of relay channel 1 is ON, and you can hear the relay closes. The two parameters at the end of this line are configurable. For example, when you change these parameters to CH2 ON, the relay 2 will connect; and then to CH3 OFF, the relay 3 will disconnect.

```
pi@raspberrypi ~/RPi_Relay_Board/shell $ sudo ./Relay.sh CH2 ON
pi@raspberrypi ~/RPi_Relay_Board/shell $ sudo ./Relay.sh CH3 OFF
```

Bcm2835 program

Compile the program:

```
pi@raspberrypi ~/RPi_Relay_Board/bcm2835 $ make
```

And execute the following line under the terminal:

```
pi@raspberrypi ~/RPi_Relay_Board/bcm2835 $ sudo ./Relay_Module
```

Expected result: Three LEDs light up by turns and the relays switch back and forth between the NC contacts and NO contacts by turns. In the meantime, the terminal will show the contacts that the current relay stays at.

Press the Keys **Ctrl** + **C** to end the program.

wiringPi program

Compile the program:

```
pi@raspberrypi ~/RPi_Relay_Board/wiringPi $ make
```

And execute the following line under the terminal:

```
pi@raspberrypi ~/RPi_Relay_Board/wiringPi $ sudo ./Relay_Module
```

Expected result: Three LEDs light up by turns and the relays switch back and forth between the NC node and NO node. In the meantime, the terminal will show the node that the current relay stays at.

Press the keys **Ctrl + C** to end the program.

Python program

Execute the following line under the terminal:

```
pi@raspberrypi ~/RPi_Relay_Board/python $ sudo python Relay_Module.py
```

Expected result: Three LEDs light up by turns and the relays switch back and forth between the NC node and NO node. In the meantime, the terminal will show the node that the current relay stays at.

Press the keys **Ctrl** + **C** to end the program.

Webiopi program

The webpage remote control in this sample program is based on the WebioPi software architecture to control the relay.

■ Environment installation:

Enter the directory of Webiopi, and then unzip and install the library file.

```
pi@raspberrypi ~/RPi_Relay_Board/Webiopi $ tar -zxvf WebIOPi-0.7.1-raspi2.tar.gz

pi@raspberrypi ~/RPi_Relay_Board/Webiopi $ cd WebIOPi-0.7.1-raspi2

pi@raspberrypi ~/RPi_Relay_Board/WebioPi/WebIOPi-0.7.1-raspi2 $ sudo ./setup
```

Run the command

```
webiopi -h
```

under the terminal; if the library is installed successfully, the screen will display the information as the figure below shows.

4/26/2019, 10:44 AM

```
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ webiopi -h
WebIOPi command-line usage
webiopi [-h] [-c config] [-l log] [-s script] [-d] [port]

Options:

-h, --help
-c, --config file
-l, --log file
-s, --script file
-d, --debug

Arguments:
port
port
Port to bind the HTTP Server
```

Enter the terminal, and execute the code:

```
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ sudo webiopi -d -c /etc/webiopi/config
```

Then, open the browser on your PC or cell phone, and enter the IP address of RPi into the address bar and end with the port number: 8000. For example, input http://192.168.1.16:8000 (the address can be changeable according to your actual condition). To login the website, you should enter your account and password. The default account name is webiopi, and the original password is raspberry. When finished the steps above, if you can enter the webpage WebIOPi Main Menu, it means the environment is configured well.

WebIOPi Main Menu

GPIO Header

Control and Debug the Raspberry Pi GPIO with a display which looks like the physical header.

GPIO List

Control and Debug the Raspberry Pi GPIO ordered in a single column.

Serial Monitor

Use the browser to play with Serial interfaces configured in WebIOPi.

Devices Monitor

Control and Debug devices and circuits wired to your Pi and configured in WebIOPi.

Operations and results:

Return to the terminal, and press the keys **Ctrl** + **C** to end the program. And then, execute the code:

```
cd ~/RPi_Relay_Board/Webiopi
pi@raspberrypi ~/RPi_Relay_Board/Webiopi $ sudo webiopi -d -c config
```

Then, open the browser on your PC or cell phone, and enter the IP address of RPi into the address bar and end with the port number: 8000. Or you can reload the webpage.



If you still cannot enter this webpage, we recommend you to use the Chrome browser or the Firefox browser. Furthermore, please make sure the current directory of Raspberry Pi is ~/RPi_Relay_Board /Webiopi, and there should be a file index.html under this directory. And then, input the code

```
sudo webiopi -d -c config
```

to enter the index.html. Or else, you will go to the WebIOPi Main Menu webpage.

After entering this webpage, you can control the relays by clicking the controls of different relay channels on the webpage.

Resources

- Schematic
- Demo Code
- Libraries Installation for RPi
- WebIOPi-0.7.1

3D Drawing

RPi_Relay_Board_3D_Drawing (https://www.waveshare.com/w/upload /0/0b/RPi_Relay_Board_3D_Drawing.7z)

Support



Contact your seller (fast response and most recommended)

or send emails to **service@waveshare.com** (not fast enough but please be patient) for help.

Our working time: 09:00-18:00 (UTC+8 Monday to Saturday)

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- This page was last modified on 29 November 2018, at 07:57.
- This page has been accessed 47,260 times.

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