# **Vector-Sort**



#### **Problem Statement**

You are given N integers. Sort the N integers and print the sorted order.

Store the N integers in a vector. Vectors are sequence containers representing arrays that can change in size.

• Declaration:

vector<int>v; (creates an empty vector of integers)

Size:

int size=v.size();

Pushing an integer into a vector:

v.push\_back(x);(where x is an integer.The size increases by 1 after this.)

Popping the last element from the vector:

v.pop\_back(); (After this the size decreases by 1)

Sorting a vector:

sort(v.begin(),v.end()); (Will sort all the elements in the vector)

To know more about vectors, Click Here

#### **Input Format**

The first line of the input contains N where N is the number of integers. The next line contains N integers.

### **Constraints**

$$1 <= N <= 10^5$$

 $1 <= V_i <= 10^9$  , where  $V_i$  is the  $i^{th}$  integer in the vector.

#### **Output Format**

Print the integers in the sorted order one by one in a single line followed by a space.

### Sample Input

5 161084

## **Sample Output**