## One Hot Encoding

Module 18:)

12/4/2023

## 0.0.1 Sequential Design So Far

Designing circuits sof ar has been achieved through Binary Encoding

- Each state is a given binar number
- Use state table and k-maps to get simplified logic circuits for next states and output

This is limited by the number of total states and inputs  $\rightarrow$  K-map becomes too large to handle by hand.

## 1 One Hot Encoding

Instead of assigning each state a binary number, each state is represented as a single binary value.

- Number of bits in the value is the number of states
- only one bit can be 1 for each value
- 1 flip flop for each state
- One hot encoding sues more flip flops than binary Encoding
- No state table necessary

<sup>\*</sup>For 3 states, the encoding is State  $0 \rightarrow 001$ , State  $1 \rightarrow 010$ , State  $2 \rightarrow 100$