# Local Environment Setup Guide

This document provides instructions for setting up your local machine to manage the AWS infrastructure defined in this Terraform project.

## **Dependencies**

You will need the following command-line tools installed:

- 1. **Terraform**: For managing infrastructure as code.
- 2. AWS CLI: For interacting with AWS services.
- 3. Session Manager Plugin: An extension for the AWS CLI required for the asg\_stress\_test.sh script.

#### 1. Install Terraform

If you don't have Terraform installed, download it from the official website.

• Website: https://developer.hashicorp.com/terraform/downloads

Follow the instructions for your operating system to install it and ensure the terraform binary is available in your system's PATH.

#### 2. Install the AWS CLI

The AWS Command Line Interface (CLI) is the primary tool for managing AWS resources from your terminal.

```
macOS Using Homebrew (recommended):
```

```
brew install awscli
```

Or, using the official installer:

```
curl "[https://awscli.amazonaws.com/AWSCLIV2.pkg] (https://awscli.amazonaws.com/AWSCLIV2.pkg)" -o "AWSCLIV2.pkg
sudo installer -pkg AWSCLIV2.pkg -target /
```

#### Linux (x86\_64)

```
curl "[https://awscli.amazonaws.com/awscli-exe-linux-x86_64.zip](https://awscli.amazonaws.com/awscli-exe-linux
unzip awscliv2.zip
sudo ./aws/install
```

Windows Download and run the official MSI installer from the AWS documentation: - Link: Installing the AWS CLI version 2 on Windows

## 3. Install the Session Manager Plugin

This plugin allows the AWS CLI to connect to EC2 instances via SSM Session Manager, which is required by the stress test script.

```
macOS Using Homebrew (recommended):
```

```
brew install --cask session-manager-plugin
```

Or, using the official installer:

```
curl "[https://s3.amazonaws.com/session-manager-downloads/plugin/latest/mac/sessionmanager-bundle.zip](https:/
unzip session-manager-bundle.zip
sudo ./sessionmanager-bundle/install -i /usr/local/sessionmanagerplugin -b /usr/local/bin/session-manager-plug
```

#### Linux (64-bit)

```
 \hbox{curl "[https://s3.amazonaws.com/session-manager-downloads/plugin/latest/linux_64bit/session-manager-plugin.rpm sudo yum install -y session-manager-plugin.rpm ] } \\
```

Windows Download and run the installer from the AWS documentation: - Link: Installing the Session Manager plugin on Windows

## **AWS Authentication and Configuration**

This project is designed to be managed using AWS CLI profiles and environment variables for authentication and region selection.

## 1. Configure AWS CLI Profiles

The AWS CLI stores credentials in a file located at ~/.aws/credentials. You can configure multiple profiles for different accounts or roles.

To configure a new profile, run the aws configure command with the --profile flag. The Terraform configuration for this project specifies the profile name epcvip-asg.

```
aws configure --profile epcvip-asg
```

You will be prompted to enter your AWS Access Key ID and Secret Access Key.

```
AWS Access Key ID [None]: YOUR_ACCESS_KEY_HERE
AWS Secret Access Key [None]: YOUR_SECRET_KEY_HERE
Default region name [None]: us-east-1
Default output format [None]: json
```

#### 2. Using Environment Variables

For the helper scripts (terraform\_\*.sh, asg\_stress\_test.sh) to work correctly, you should export the following environment variables in your terminal session.

- AWS\_PROFILE: Specifies which credentials profile to use.
- AWS\_REGION: Specifies the AWS region to send API requests to.

### Example:

```
export AWS_PROFILE=epcvip-asg
export AWS_REGION=us-east-1
```

By setting these variables, all subsequent aws and terraform commands in that terminal session will automatically use the correct profile and target the correct region, ensuring consistency with the project's configuration. You can add these lines to your shell's startup file (e.g., ~/.bash\_profile, ~/.zshrc) to make them permanent.