




## Workloads

 **.NET desktop development**  
Build WPF, Windows Forms, and console applications using C#, Visual Basic, and F# with .NET Core and .NET...


 **Universal Windows Platform development**  
Create applications for the Universal Windows Platform with C#, VB, or optionally C++.


 **Mobile development with C++**  
Build cross-platform applications for iOS, Android or Windows using C++.


## Gaming (2)

 **Game development with Unity**  
Create 2D and 3D games with Unity, a powerful cross-platform development environment.

## Other Toolsets (6)

 **Data storage and processing**  
Connect, develop, and test data solutions with SQL Server, Azure Data Lake, or Hadoop.

 **Visual Studio extension development**  
Create add-ons and extensions for Visual Studio, including new commands, code analyzers and tool windows.


 **Linux development with C++**


## Individual components


## Language packs


## Installation locations


 **Desktop development with C++**  
Build modern C++ apps for Windows using tools of your choice, including MSVC, Clang, CMake, or MSBuild.


 **Mobile development with .NET**  
Build cross-platform applications for iOS, Android or Windows using Xamarin.

 **Game development with C++**  
Use the full power of C++ to build professional games powered by DirectX, Unreal, or Cocos2d.

 **Data science and analytical applications**  
Languages and tooling for creating data science applications, including Python and F#.

 **Office/SharePoint development**  
Create Office and SharePoint add-ins, SharePoint solutions, and VSTO add-ins using C#, VB, and JavaScript.

 **.NET Core cross-platform development**

 **Linux development with C++**

I recompiled my lib and created new version of VS solution file using the latest win 10 SDK (10.0.18362.0).

## Installation details

## Visual Studio core editor

## Desktop development with C++

Included

- ✓ C++ core desktop features
- ✓ IntelliCode

## Optional

- ✓ MSVC v142 - VS 2019 C++ x64/x86 build tools (v14...
- ✓ Windows 10 SDK (10.0.18362.0)
- ✓ Just-In-Time debugger
- ✓ C++ profiling tools
- ✓ C++ CMake tools for Windows
- ✓ C++ ATL for latest v142 build tools (x86 & x64)
- ✓ Test Adapter for Boost.Test
- ☐ Test Adapter for Google Test
- ☐ Live Share
- ✓ C++ AddressSanitizer (Experimental)
- ☐ C++ MFC for latest v142 build tools (x86 & x64)
- ☐ C++/CLI support for v142 build tools (14.26)
- ☐ C++ Modules for v142 build tools (x64/x86 - exper...
- ☐ C++ Clang tools for Windows (10.0.0 - x64/x86)
- ☐ JavaScript diagnostics
- ☐ IncrediBuild - Build Acceleration
- ☐ Windows 10 SDK (10.0.17763.0)
- ☐ Windows 10 SDK (10.0.17134.0)
- ☐ Windows 10 SDK (10.0.16299.0)
- ☐ MSVC v141 - VS 2017 C++ x64/x86 build tools (v14...
- ☐ MSVC v140 - VS 2015 C++ build tools (v14.00)

## Location

C:\Program Files (x86)\Microsoft Visual Studio\2019\Community [Change...](#)

By continuing, you agree to the [license](#) for the Visual Studio edition you selected. We also offer the ability to download other software with Visual Studio. This software is licensed separately, as set out in the [3rd Party Notices](#) or in its accompanying license. By continuing, you also agree to those licenses.

Total space required 6.98 GB

[Install while downloading](#)[Install](#)

# Visual Studio Installer

Installed

Available



## Visual Studio Community 2019

Pause

Downloading and verifying: 116 MB of 1.79 GB ( 39 MB/sec )

6%

Installing: package 0 of 0

0%

Creating Windows restore point...

☒ Start after installation

[Release notes](#)

## Developer News

[Learn about the latest .NET Productivity features](#)

The .NET Productivity team (a.k.a. Roslyn) is...

Thursday, July 30, 2020

[Three reasons to migrate your ASP.NET apps and SQL Server data to Azure](#)

Here are three ways you'll benefit from migratin...

Thursday, July 30, 2020

[Announcing .NET 5.0 Preview 7](#)

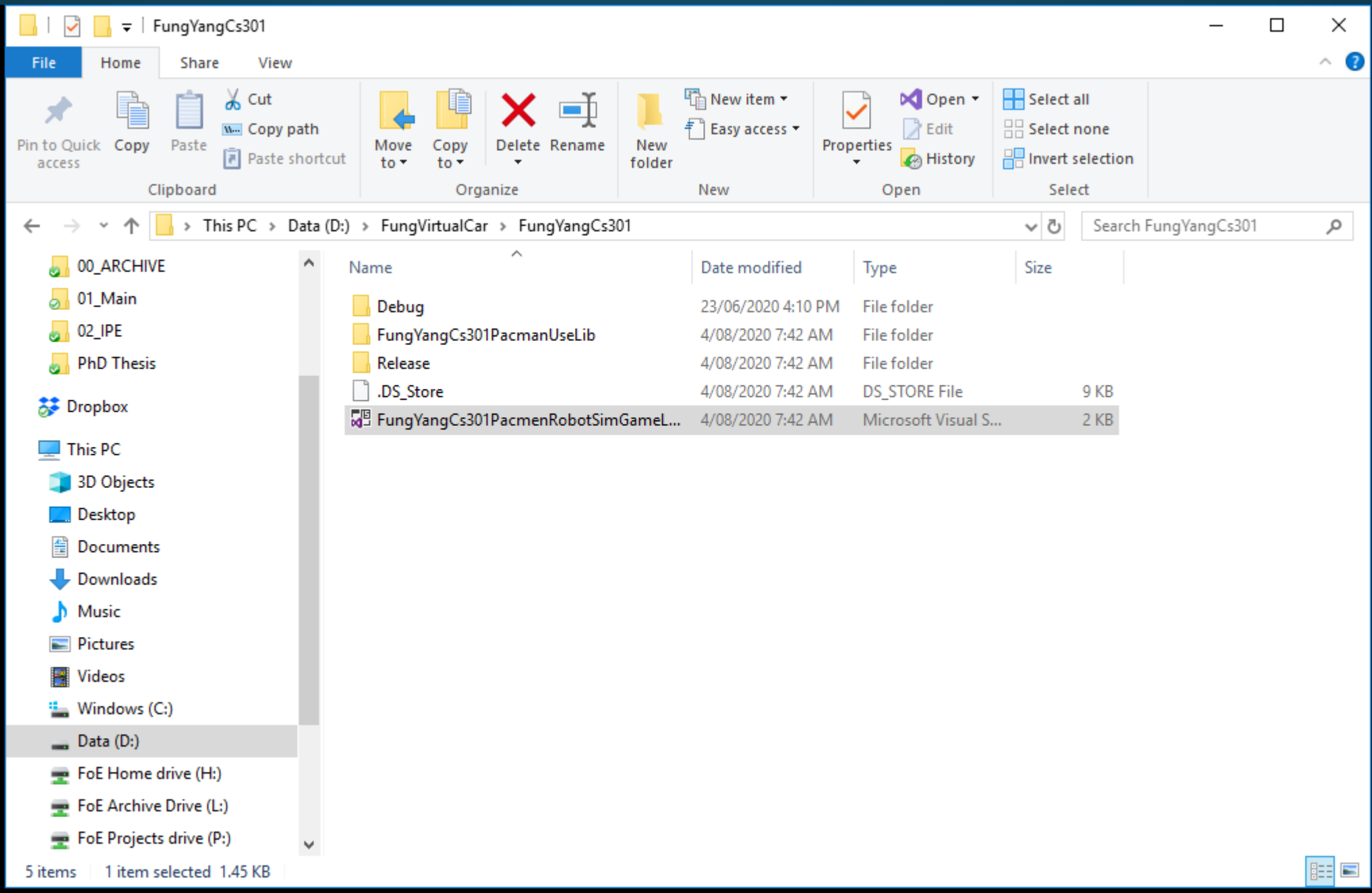
The post Announcing .NET 5.0 Preview 7 appear...

Thursday, July 23, 2020

[View more online...](#)

Need help? Check out the [Microsoft Developer Community](#) or reach us via [Visual Studio Support](#).

Installer Version 2.6.2037.624



Solution Explorer - Folder View

Search Solution Explorer - Folder View (Ctrl+;) 🔍


- 📁 FungYangCs301 (D:\FungVirtualCar\FungYangCs301)
  - 📁 Debug
  - 📁 FungYangCs301PacmanUserLib
  - 📁 Release
  - 📁 .DS\_Store
  - 📄 FungYangCs301PacmenRobotSimGameLib.sln

# Folder architecture

Main folder

Debug 

Release 

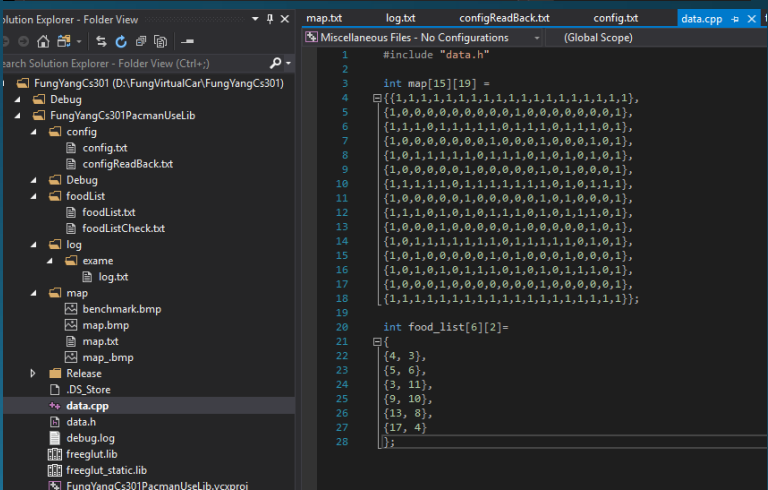
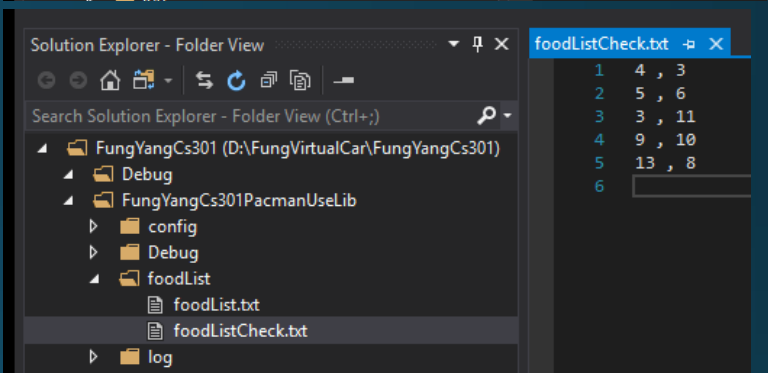
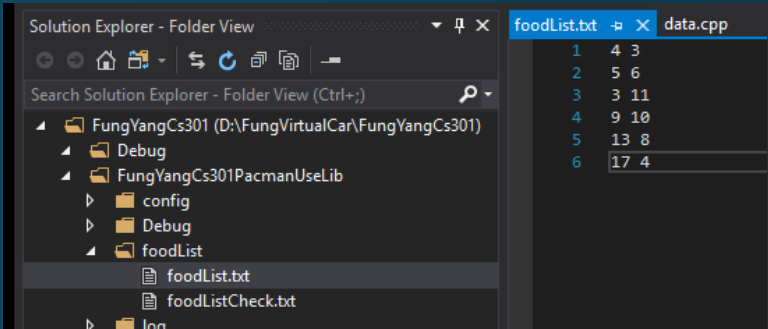
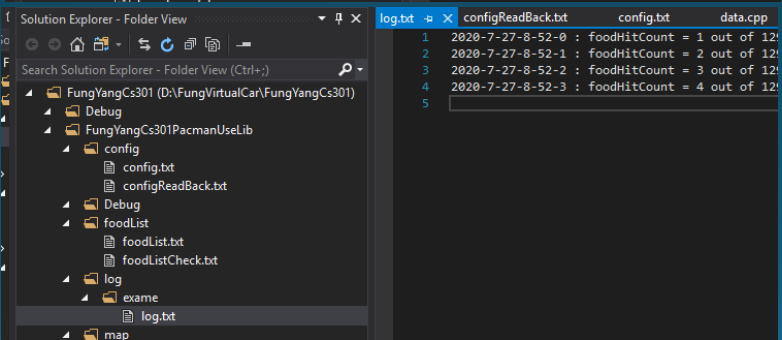
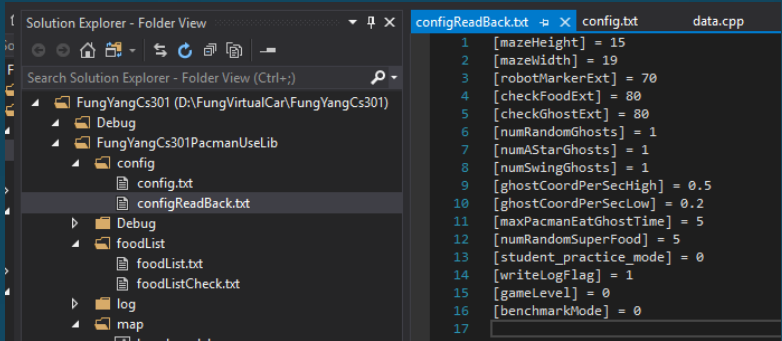
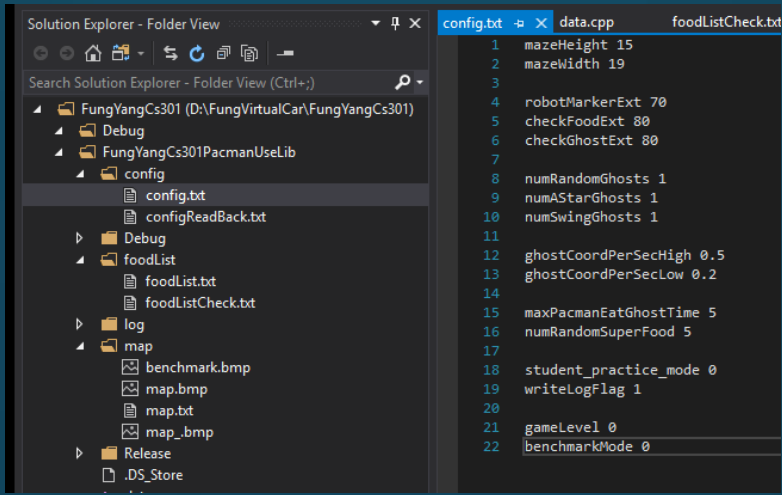
FungYangCs301PacmanUseLib 

Solution (like a workspace, .sln)

# FungYangCs301PacmanUseLib

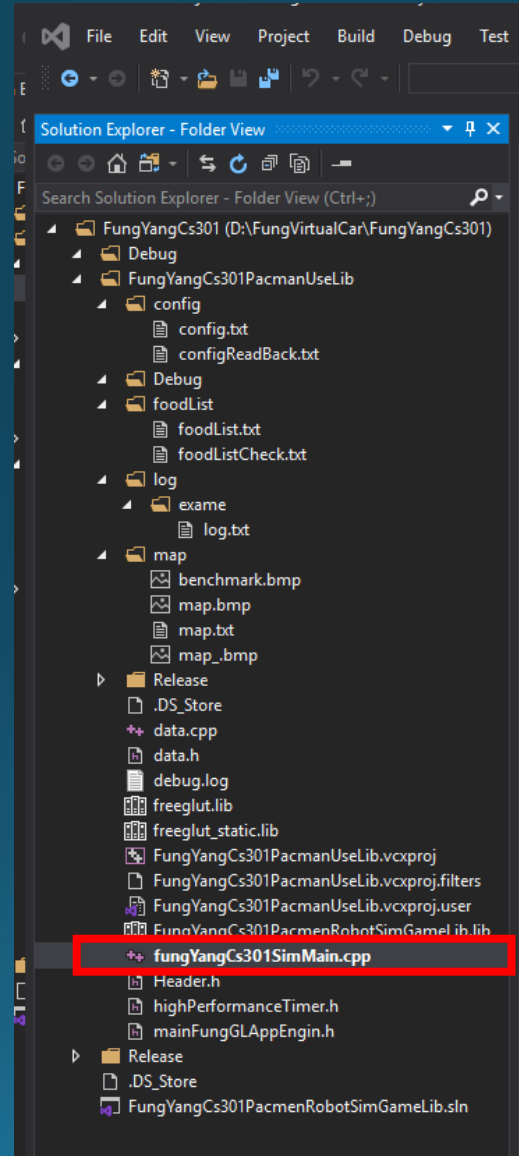
config(2) ←  
Debug(o) ×  
foodList(2) ←  
log(1) ←  
exame ←  
map(4) ←  
Release ×

data.cpp  
data.h  
highPerformanceTimer.h  
fungYangCs301SimMain.cpp  
mainFungGLAppEngin.h



You will be working in 1 file (but you can create libraries if you wish)

fungYangCs301SimMain.cpp



```
FunGLAppEngin.h  fungYangCs301SimMain.cpp  highPerformanceTimer.h
Miscellaneous Files - No Configurations  (Global Scope)  setVirtualCarSpeed(float linearSpeed, float ar

1  //=====
2  //Author:
3  //Mr. Fung Yang
4  //Senior Technician Engineer Research and Design,
5  //Robotics and Control system signal processing Labs,
6  //Department of Electrical, Computer and Software Engineering,
7  //The University of Auckland.
8  //
9  //Written for teaching design course Compsys301 in ECSE department of UOA.
10 //
11 //This example program uses the pacman robot simulation library written by Mr. Fung Yang.
12 //
13 //Date 2012~2020
14 //=====
15
16 #include "mainFunGLAppEngin.h" //a must
17 #include "data.h" //a must
18 #include "highPerformanceTimer.h"//just to include if timer function is required by user.
19 #include <vector>
20 #include <iostream>
21
22 using namespace std;
23
24 //{=====
25 //!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
26 //these global variables must be defined here with no modification.
27 float virtualCarLinearSpeed;//can get and set
28 float virtualCarAngularSpeed;//can get and set
29 float currentCarAngle;//can get and set
30 float currentCarPosCoord_X, currentCarPosCoord_Y;//can get and set
31
32 int sensorPopulationAlgorithmID;//can set
33 float sensorSeparation;//can set
34 float num_sensors;//can set
35
36 vector<int> virtualCarSensorStates; //can get
37
38 vector<ghostInfoPack> ghostInfoPackList;// can get
39 //!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
40 //}=====
41
42 highPerformanceTimer myTimer;
43
44 //just a helper function
45 void setVirtualCarSpeed(float linearSpeed, float angularSpeed)
46 {
47     virtualCarLinearSpeed = linearSpeed;
48     virtualCarAngularSpeed = angularSpeed;
49 }
```

Do not modify

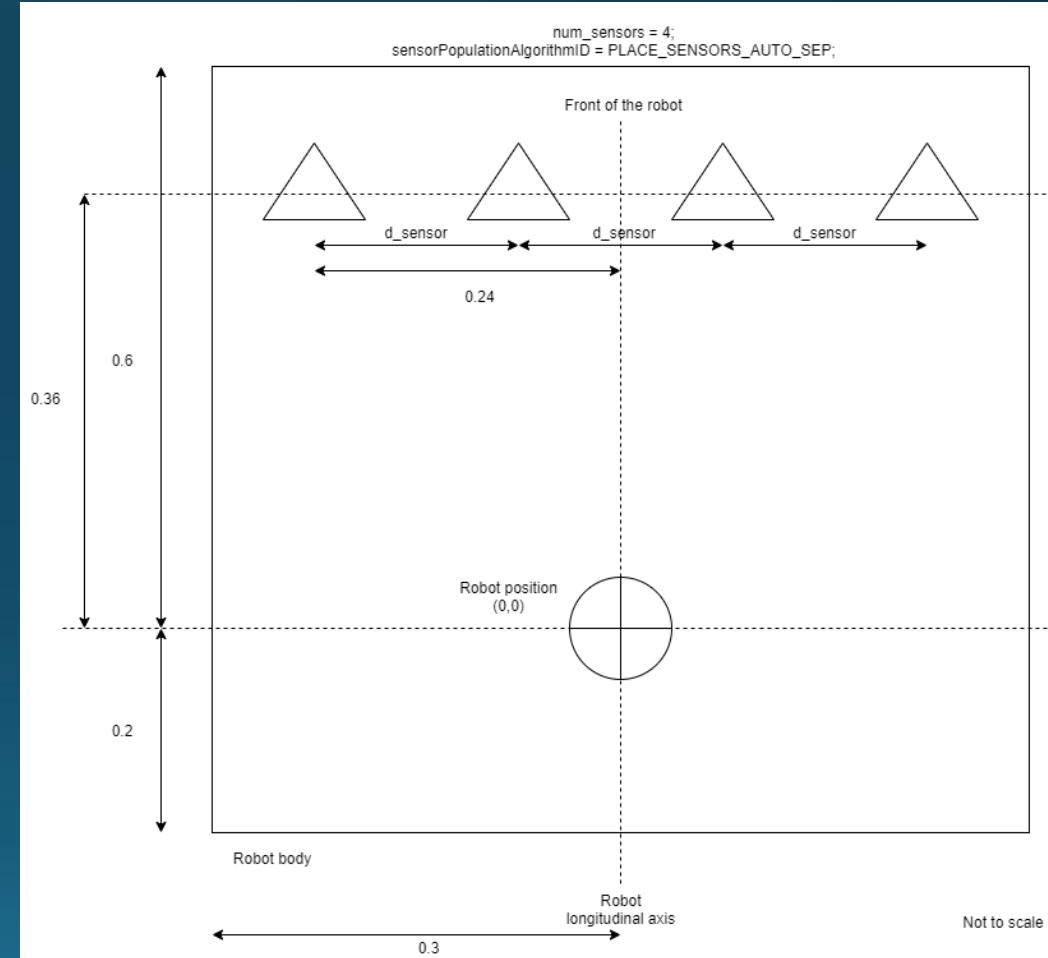


An “init” like Arduino, only run once, holds parameters about the robot sensors and the robot capabilities

```
56
57 int virtualCarInit()
58 {
59     //sensorPopulationAlgorithmID = PLACE_SENSORS_AUTO_SEP;
60     sensorPopulationAlgorithmID = PLACE_SENSORS_SEP_USER_DEFINED;
61     num_sensors = 7;
62     sensorSeparation = 0.08;
63
64     virtualCarLinearSpeed_seed = 0.6;
65     virtualCarAngularSpeed_seed = 40;
66     currentCarPosCoord_X = 6;
67     currentCarPosCoord_Y = -3;
68     currentCarAngle = 90;
69
70     return 1;
71 }
72
```

## How to set up the light sensors: auto spacing or manual

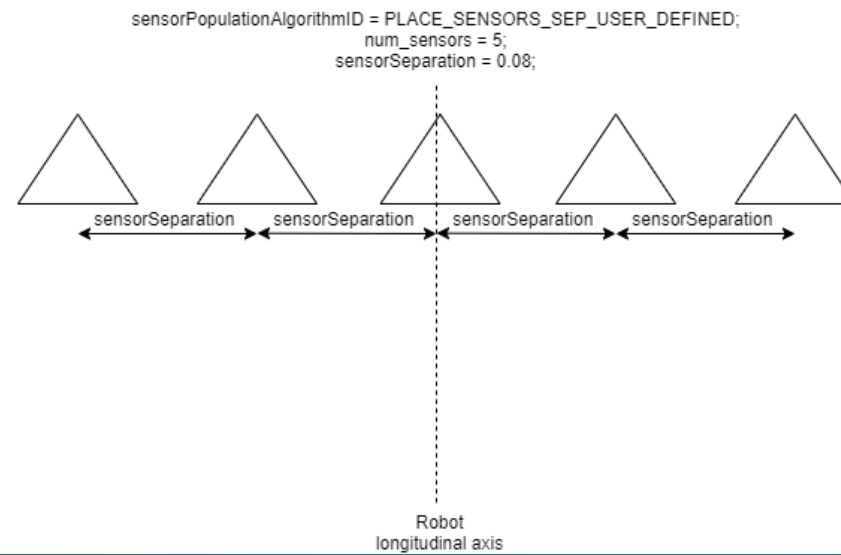
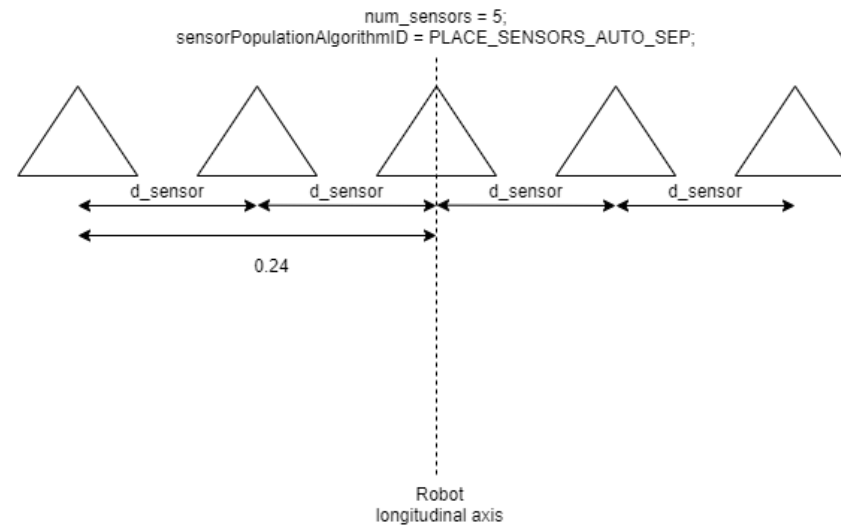
No SW limitation but we impose max 7 sensors  
`PLACE_SENSORS_SEP_USER_DEFINED/PLACE_SENSORS_AUTO_SEP`



Questions:

How to read the state of the robot, ie light sensors

`virtualCarSensorStates[i]` // access the value of the light sensor (value of the pixel superposed to the center)



```

73 int virtualCarUpdate()
74 {
75     //-----
76     //process sensor state information
77     float halfTiltRange = (num_sensors - 1.0) / 2.0;
78     float tiltSum = 0.0;
79     float blackSensorCount = 0.0;
80     for (int i = 0; i < num_sensors; i++)
81     {
82         if (virtualCarSensorStates[i] == 0)
83         {
84             float tilt = (float)i - halfTiltRange;
85             tiltSum += tilt;
86             blackSensorCount += 1.0;
87         }
88     }
89     //-----
90
91     //-----
92     //update linear and rotational speed based on sensor information
93     if (blackSensorCount > 0.0)
94     {
95         setVirtualCarSpeed(virtualCarLinearSpeed_seed, virtualCarAngularSpeed_seed*tiltSum);
96         //setVirtualCarSpeed(0.60, 40.0*tiltSum);
97     }
98     else
99     {
100         setVirtualCarSpeed(0.0, virtualCarAngularSpeed_seed);
101         //setVirtualCarSpeed(0.0, 40.0);
102     }
103     //-----
104
105     //below is optional. just to provide some status report and function test result .
106     //You can try to use "printf()" to reimplement this "cout" c++ section in a c style instead.
107     //-----
108     if (myTimer.getTimer() > 0.5)
109     {
110         myTimer.resetTimer();
111
112         cout << "===== " << endl;
113         cout << "current car X, Y, theta = " << currentCarPosCoord_X << " , " << currentCarPosCoord_Y << " << endl;
114         cout << "current Cell X, Y = " << coordToCellX(currentCarPosCoord_X) << " , " << coordToCellY(currentCarPosCoord_Y) << " << endl;
115         cout << "----- " << endl;
116         cout << "ghost list info:" << endl;
117         for (int i = 0; i < ghostInfoPackList.size(); i++)
118         {
119             cout << "g[" << i << "]: (" << ghostInfoPackList[i].coord_x << " , " << ghostInfoPackList[i].coord_y << " , " << ghostInfoPackList[i].speed << " , " << ghostInfoPackList[i].direction << " << endl;
120         }
121         cout << "----- " << endl;
122         int randNumber = rand_nextInt(10);
123         cout << " a rand number between 0 ~ 10 = " << randNumber << endl;
124         randNumber = rand_nextInt(10, 20);
125         cout << " a rand number between 10 ~ 20 = " << randNumber << endl;
126         cout << "----- " << endl;
127         cout << "map[0][9] = " << map[0][9] << endl;
128         cout << "food_list[5][0] = " << food_list[5][0] << endl;
129     }
130     //-----
131     return 1;
132 }
133 //=====

```

An "update" like Arduino, runs continuously, holds code that need to be executed so the robot could move

Variables definition

Checking the state of the light sensors

Counts how many sensors sees a line, ie black

If a line has been detected, do a composite movement of forward and turn

If no line has been detected, stop the robot (no linear speed, just angular speed)

Debug information: print to the console

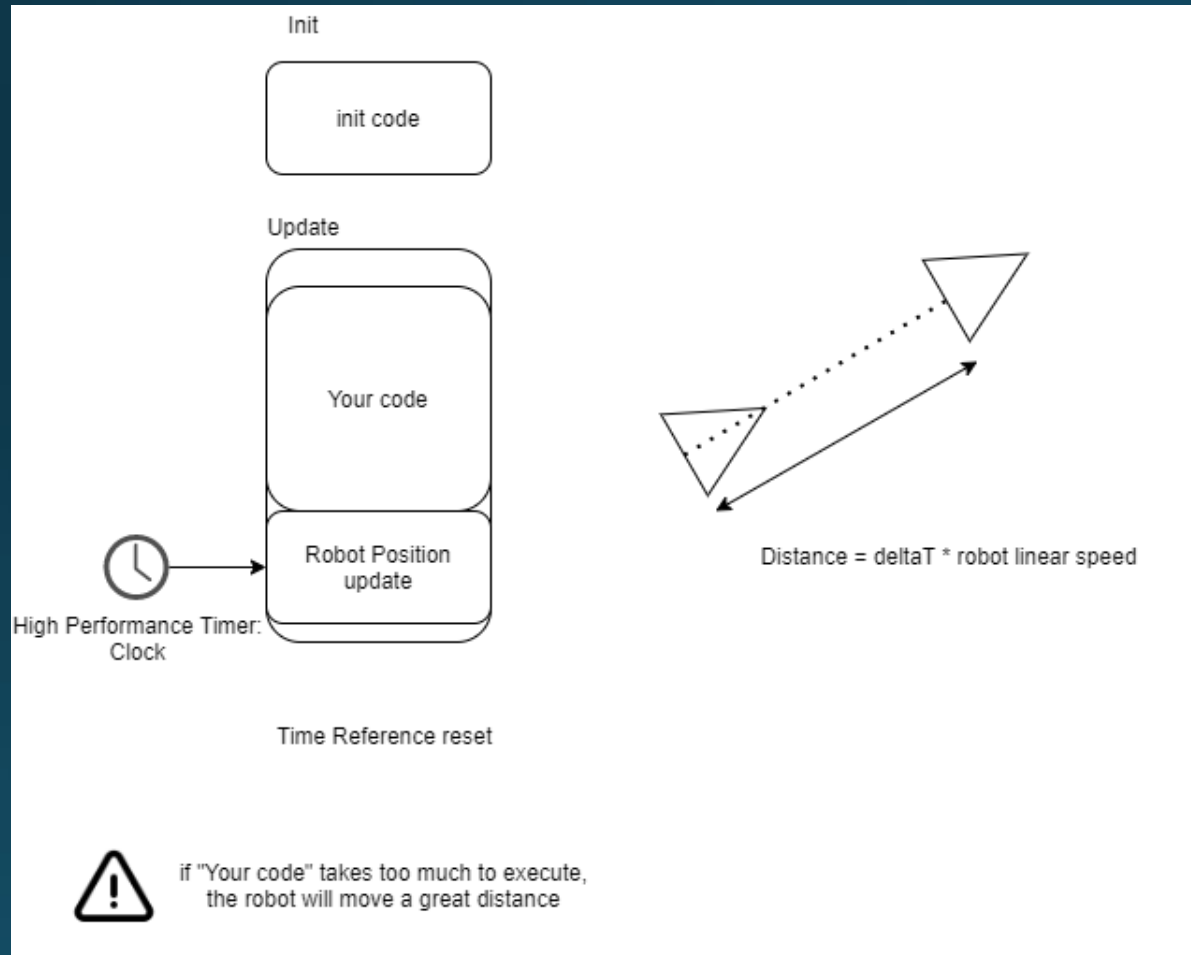
```

132
133 int main(int argc, char** argv)
134 {
135     FungGLAppMainFuction(argc, argv);
136
137     return 0;
138 }
139

```

A main code with only 1 call to a function: FungGLAppMainFuction

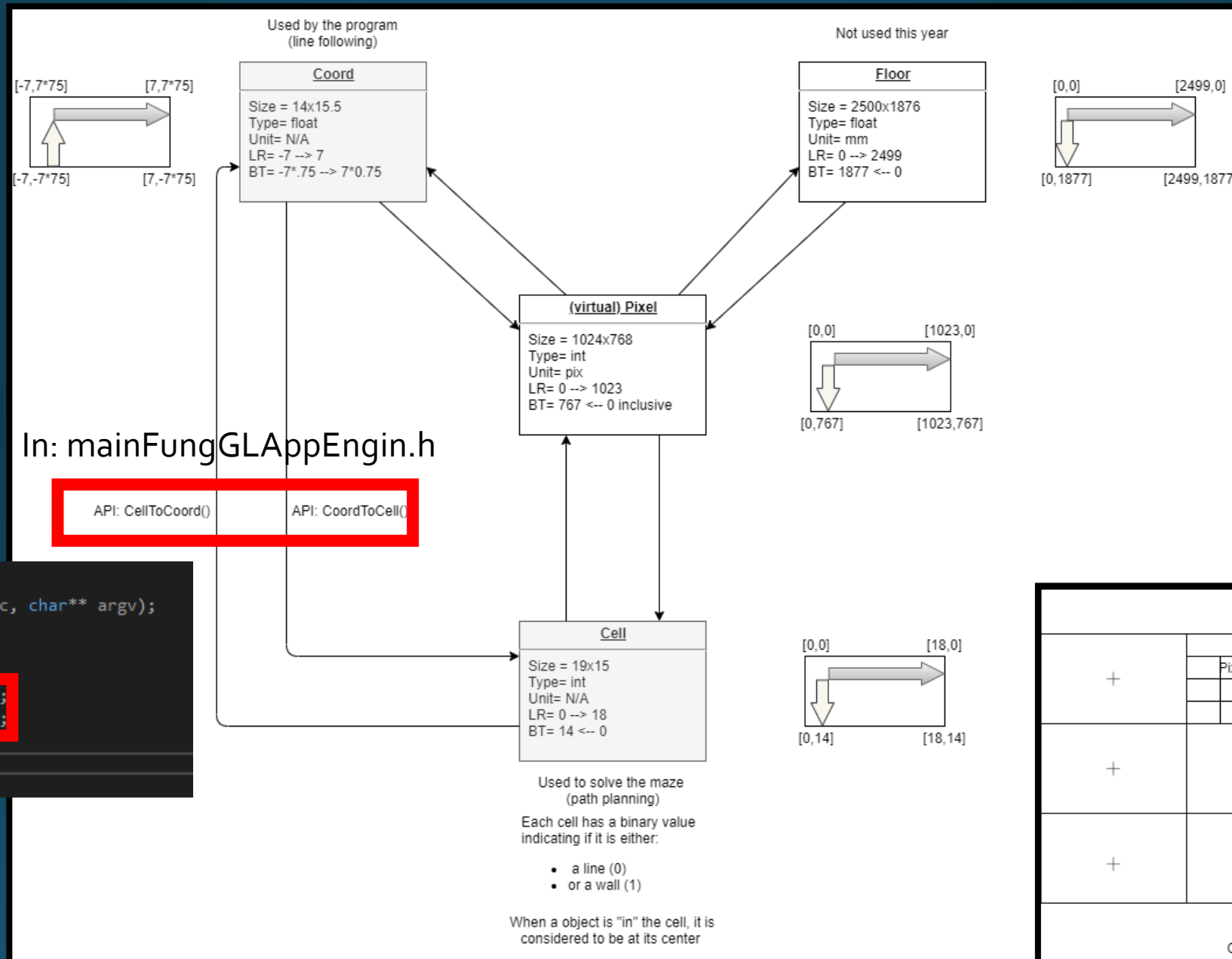
You will need to tweak some parameters depending on how calculation intensive your algorithm is and the speed of the computer running it



```

virtualCarLinearSpeed_seed = 0.6;
virtualCarAngularSpeed_seed = 40;

```

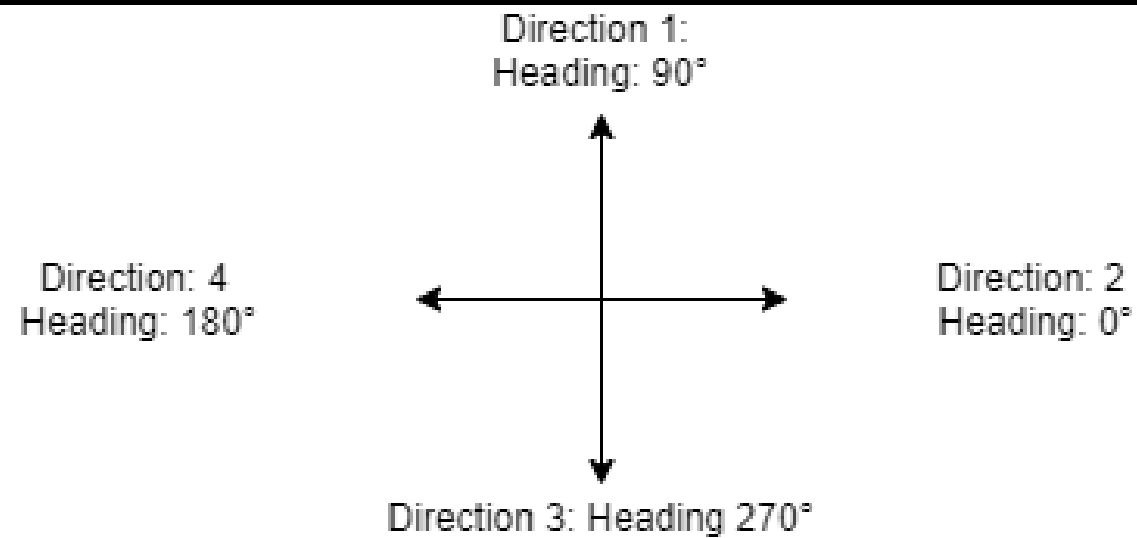


```

int FungGLAppMainFuction(int argc, char** argv);
int virtualCarInit();
int virtualCarUpdate();

float cellToCoordX(float cell_x);
float cellToCoordY(float cell_y);
int coordToCellX(float coord_x);
int coordToCellY(float coord_y);

```



Direction: clock-wise  
Heading: anti clock-wise

Robt use 0-90°  
ghost use direction and not angle  
because ghost can only go 4 directions

codes in:

```
int virtualCarInit(),
```

gives you the idea on how to set the car property through globle vars of the frame work.

codes in:

```
int virtualCarUpdate(),
```

gives you the idea on how to get the car and ghost property through globle vars of the frame work.  
Through the `cout<<...` section.

And you will see that all the get/set properties of the virtual car/ghosts are all through global variables of the framework, not even through a function! so should be very easy!

Your job is just to fill in your code in two functions of the framework:

`virtualCarInit()`, `virtualCarUpdate()`.

One for initialization and one for loop.

Just like in coding Arduino,  
there is only two functions you need to worry about:  
`setup()`, `loop()`.



## Instructions to compile

### (C) Compile and run the code:

(1)

File Explorer -> to

`[drive]:\FungVirtualCarCs301CodeAndDocumentPackToNathanael_2020_7_27_VS2019\FungYangCs301PacmenRobotSimGameLibAndUseLib15NewSys_pureUseLib_2020_7_22_2_VS2019`

Then,

Double click on:

**`FungYangCs301PacmenRobotSimGameLib.sln`**

To open the VS solution file in visual studio 2019.

Then in the solution, one project "FungYangCs301PacmanUseLib" will be there.

(2)

On the **tool bar** below the **menu bar** at top of the Visual Studio window, make sure the following are set as:



(3)

Then go to **menu bar** at top of visual studio window, click

**[Build] -> [Rebuild Solution]**

(4)

After build finished. Go to **menu bar**, click

**[Debug] -> [Start Debugging]**

(5)

Then the program will run for you.

Make sure the project is selected in visual studio before you compile

```
1>----- Rebuild All started: Project: FungYangCs301PacmanUseLib, Configuration: Release Win32 -----
1>data.cpp
1>fungYangCs301SimMain.cpp
1>D:\FungVirtualCar\FungYangCs301\FungYangCs301PacmanUseLib\fungYangCs301SimMain.cpp(62,25): warning
1>D:\FungVirtualCar\FungYangCs301\FungYangCs301PacmanUseLib\fungYangCs301SimMain.cpp(64,34): warnin
1>D:\FungVirtualCar\FungYangCs301\FungYangCs301PacmanUseLib\fungYangCs301SimMain.cpp(77,22): warnin
1>D:\FungVirtualCar\FungYangCs301\FungYangCs301PacmanUseLib\fungYangCs301SimMain.cpp(113,21): warnin
1>Generating code
1>179 of 929 functions (19.3%) were compiled, the rest were copied from previous compilation.
1> 4 functions were new in current compilation
1> 77 functions had inline decision re-evaluated but remain unchanged
1>Finished generating code
1>FungYangCs301PacmenRobotSimGameLib.lib(mazeGen.obj) : warning LNK4099: PDB 'FungYangCs301PacmenR
1>FungYangCs301PacmenRobotSimGameLib.lib(gameManager.obj) : warning LNK4099: PDB 'FungYangCs301Pa
1>FungYangCs301PacmenRobotSimGameLib.lib(highPerformanceTimer.obj) : warning LNK4099: PDB 'FungYang
1>FungYangCs301PacmenRobotSimGameLib.lib(mainFungGLAppEngin.obj) : warning LNK4099: PDB 'FungYang
1>FungYangCs301PacmenRobotSimGameLib.lib(Geometry.obj) : warning LNK4099: PDB 'FungYangCs301Pacme
1>FungYangCs301PacmenRobotSimGameLib.lib(my_GL_Draw_Funcs.obj) : warning LNK4099: PDB 'FungYangCs
1>FungYangCs301PacmenRobotSimGameLib.lib(AStarManager.obj) : warning LNK4099: PDB 'FungYangCs301Pa
1>FungYangCs301PacmenRobotSimGameLib.lib(texture.obj) : warning LNK4099: PDB 'FungYangCs301PacmenR
1>FungYangCs301PacmenRobotSimGameLib.lib(Lighting.obj) : warning LNK4099: PDB 'FungYangCs301PacmenR
1>FungYangCs301PacmenRobotSimGameLib.lib(Utilities.obj) : warning LNK4099: PDB 'FungYangCs301PacmenR
1>FungYangCs301PacmenRobotSimGameLib.lib(PathFinder.obj) : warning LNK4099: PDB 'FungYangCs301Pacme
1>FungYangCs301PacmanUseLib.vcxproj -> D:\FungVirtualCar\FungYangCs301\Release\FungYangCs301PacmanU
1>Done building project "FungYangCs301PacmanUseLib.vcxproj".
===== Rebuild All: 1 succeeded, 0 failed, 0 skipped =====
```

To stop a simulation, close one of the windows

Visual Studio IDE showing the development of a Pacman simulation game.

**Top Bar:** File, Edit, View, Project, Build, Debug, Test, Analyze, Tools, Extensions, Window, Help. Search (Ctrl+Q). FungYangCs301PacmenRobotSimGameLib.

**Process:** [6696] FungYangCs301PacmanUseLib. Lifecycle Events. Thread: Stack Frame.

**Solution Explorer:** Solution 'FungYangCs301PacmenRobotSimGameLib' (1 of 1). FungYangCs301PacmanUseLib. References. External Dependencies. Header Files: data.h, highPerformanceTimer.h, mainFungGLAppEngin.h. Resource Files. Source Files: data.cpp, fungYangCs301SimMain.cpp.

**Source Files:** fungYangCs301SimMain.cpp, highPerformanceTimer.h, fungYangCs301SimMain.cpp, mainFungGLAppEngin.h.

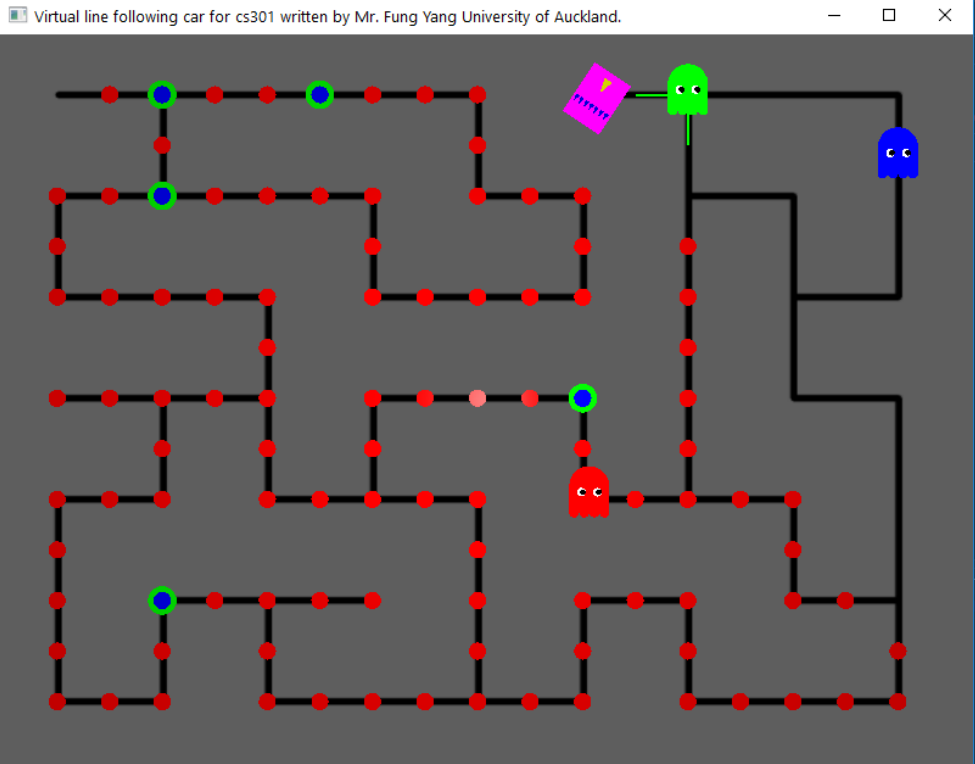
**Diagnostic Tools:** Diagnostics session: 1:23 minutes. 1:10min, 1:20min. Events. Process Memory (MB). CPU (% of all processors). Summary, Events, Memory Usage, CPU Usage.

**Output Window:** D:\FungVirtualCar\FungYangCs301\Release\FungYangCs301PacmanUseLib.exe

```
food_list[5][0] = 17
=====
current car X, Y, theta = 1.63767 , 4.31582 , 211.74
current Cell X, Y = 11 , 1
-----
ghost list info:
g[0]: (1.60734, -1.37402); [s=0.300781; [d=4]; [T=0]
g[1]: (2.78223, 3.97759); [s=0.314453; [d=1]; [T=1]
g[2]: (5.68066, 3.15682); [s=0.232422; [d=1]; [T=2]
-----
a rand number between 0 ~ 10 = 4
a rand number between 10 ~ 20 = 13
-----
map[0][9] = 1
food_list[5][0] = 17
=====
current car X, Y, theta = 1.63767 , 4.31582 , 231.781
current Cell X, Y = 11 , 1
-----
ghost list info:
g[0]: (1.45681, -1.37402); [s=0.300781; [d=4]; [T=0]
g[1]: (2.78223, 4.13495); [s=0.314453; [d=1]; [T=1]
g[2]: (5.68066, 3.27313); [s=0.232422; [d=1]; [T=2]
-----
a rand number between 0 ~ 10 = 0
a rand number between 10 ~ 20 = 11
-----
map[0][9] = 1
food_list[5][0] = 17
```

**Autos:** Search (Ctrl+E). Search Depth: Name, Value, Type.

**Virtual line following car for cs301 written by Mr. Fung Yang University of Auckland.**



## Accessing data

current car X position	currentCarPosCoord_X
current car Y position	currentCarPosCoord_Y
current car angle	currentCarAngle
current Cell X	coordToCellX(currentCarPosCoord_X)
current Cell Y	coordToCellX(currentCarPosCoord_Y)
number of ghosts	ghostInfoPackList.size()
Ghost i position X	ghostInfoPackList[i].coord_x
Ghost i position Y	ghostInfoPackList[i].coord_y
Ghost i speed	ghostInfoPackList[i].speed
Ghost i direction	ghostInfoPackList[i].direction
Ghost i type	ghostInfoPackList[i].ghostType
Path on the map (is this a line (1) or not (0)?)	map[ligne#(0 to 15)][column#(0 to 19)]
Coordinate of the food pellets	food_list[ x coordinate (0 to 15)][y coordinate(0 to 19)]

The web link to the YouTube video is listed below:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5TStc7MPi9U&t=1s>