

Embedded systems engineering

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Introduction

- Version Control Systems
 - Mercurial
- C Programming Standards
 - MISRA
- Development Methods
 - Agile

Version Control Systems

- Version Control Systems are used to keep a record of the **history** of the development of a project (source code, assignment, dissertation, ...)
- Project history is stored in a **repository**
- You can **revert** to any previous project state, **share** changes with others, create a new **branch** and **merge** changes when required
- VCS may be **centralised**
 - Subversion
- or **distributed**
 - Mercurial
 - Git
- Focus here is on **Mercurial**

Mercurial

from <http://mercurial.selenic.com>

“Mercurial is a free, distributed source control management tool. It efficiently handles projects of any size and offers an easy and intuitive interface.”

- Open source, written in Python, available for Unix, Windows, Mac, . . .
- Widely used, e.g. Mozilla, OpenOffice, Python, W3C ([more](#))
- [Get started now](#)
- [Understanding Mercurial](#) gives a more detailed view of working with Mercurial repositories
- Joel Spolsky has a nice tutorial at <http://hginit.com/>
- Most Windows users work with [TortoiseHg](#)

- [The official MISRA C website](#)
- Guidelines for the use of the C programming language in safety critical systems produced by the Motor Industries Software Reliability Association
- Widely accepted model of best practice in many sectors: aerospace, telecom, medical devices, defense, railway, . . .
- First edition in 1998, second edition in 2004, third edition in 2012
- 2012 edition has 143 rules and 16 directives, classified as “mandatory”, “required” or “advisory”
- Unfortunately not free to users or implementors
- See [this Wikipedia entry](#) for a more detailed introduction

Agile Development Methods

- A (better) alternative to a waterfall development method
- Propounded by Kent Beck and others in the [Agile Manifesto](#)
- Incremental approach to development
 - Develop software early
 - Build incrementally
 - Have a test plan from the start; perform regression tests
 - Refactor – constantly assess the design, be prepared to change in order to enhance essential qualities: low coupling, high cohesion
- Fits well with agile modelling
 - Develop models early
 - Model incrementally
 - Have a specification from the start; perform verification regressively
 - Refactor