# Titanic Survivor Prediction

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### Importing and Manipulating Data - Feature Engineering

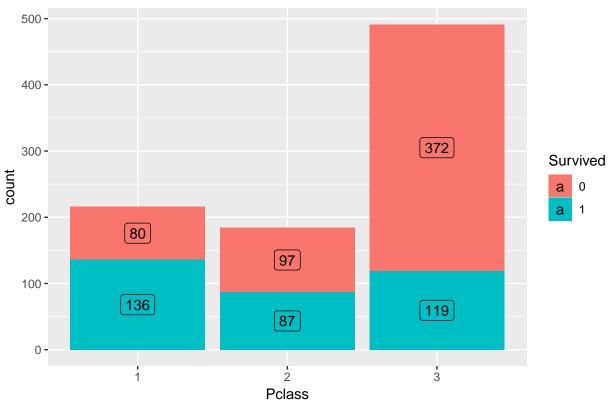
```
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
       filter, lag
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(ggplot2)
## Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'ggplot2':
##
     method
                    from
##
     [.quosures
                    rlang
##
     c.quosures
                    rlang
##
     print.quosures rlang
library(rpart)
library(rpart.plot)
library(caret)
## Loading required package: lattice
#train and test
train <- read.csv("Datasets/train.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE, na.strings = "")</pre>
test <- read.csv("Datasets/test.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE, na.strings = "")</pre>
#creating survived variables in test set and combinining train and test
test$Survived <- NA
dat <- rbind(train,test)</pre>
```

### Survived and Pclass

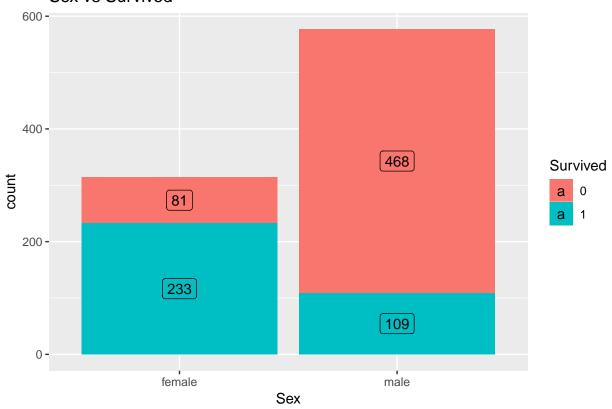
```
#convert survived and pclass to factor variable
dat$Survived <- as.factor(dat$Survived)
dat$Pclass <- as.factor(dat$Pclass)
#Survived : 1 / no Survived : 0

#Bar graph for Pclass vs Survived
dat %>% filter(!is.na(Survived)) %>%
```

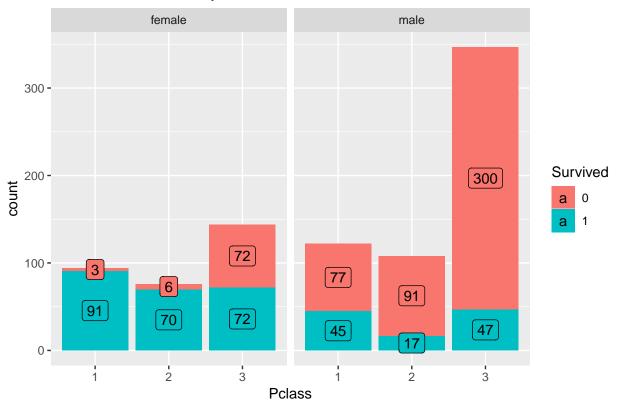
# Pclass vs Survived







# Pclass vs Survived by Sex

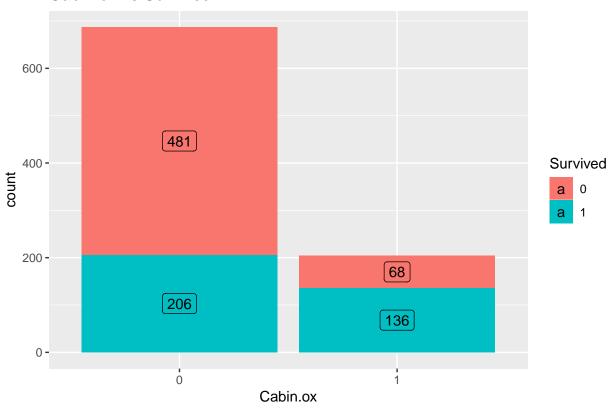


#In Pclass 1 and 2, obviously male mostly not survived and female survived #In Pclass 3, male mostly not survived, but female hard to predict whether surv or not

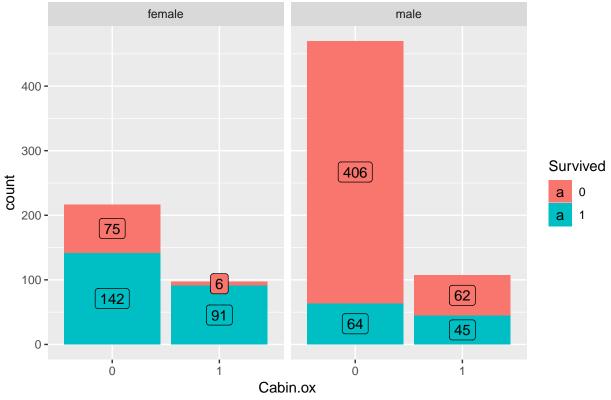
### From Cabin, Cabin.ox

```
#Cabin NA values -> 0, otherwise 1
dat$Cabin.ox <- as.factor(ifelse(is.na(dat$Cabin), 0, 1))</pre>
table(dat$Cabin.ox)
##
##
      0
           1
## 1014 295
#no cabin : 0 / cabin : 1
dat %>% filter(!is.na(Survived)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Cabin.ox, fill=Survived))+
  geom_bar()+
  geom_label(stat="count",
             position=position_stack(0.5),
             aes(label=..count..))+
  ggtitle("Cabin.ox vs Survived")
```

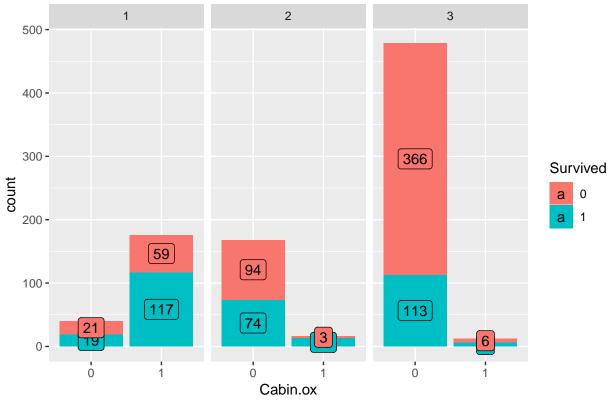
# Cabin.ox vs Survived



# Cabin.ox vs Survived by Sex



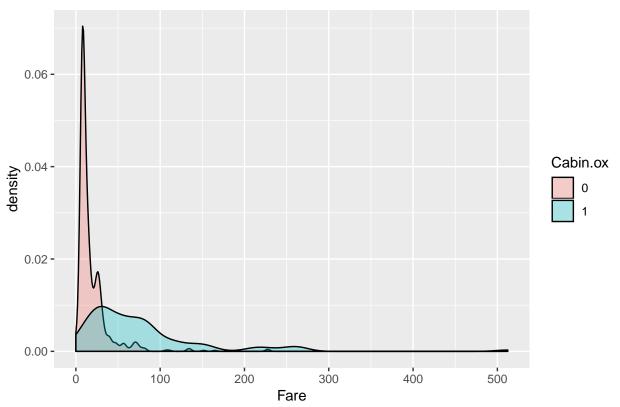
# Cabin.ox vs Survived by Pclass



```
#Also, notice Pclass 1 people mostly have cabin
#Pclass 2 and 3 not

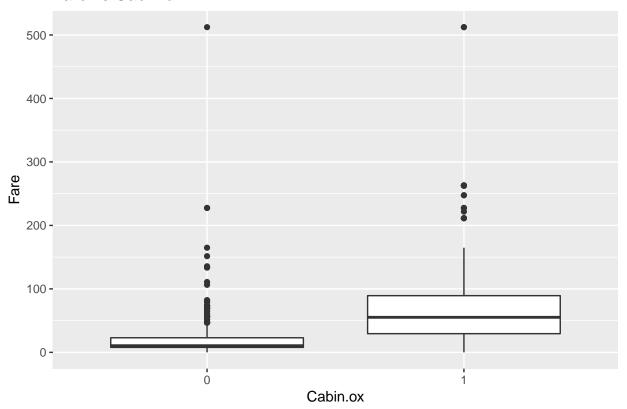
dat %>% filter(!is.na(Survived)) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x=Fare, fill=Cabin.ox))+
    geom_density(alpha=0.3)+
    ggtitle("Fare vs Cabin.ox")
```

# Fare vs Cabin.ox



```
dat %>% filter(!is.na(Survived)) %>%
   ggplot(aes(x=Cabin.ox, y=Fare))+
   geom_boxplot()+
   ggtitle("Fare vs Cabin.ox")
```

### Fare vs Cabin.ox



#Fare difference by Cabin.ox

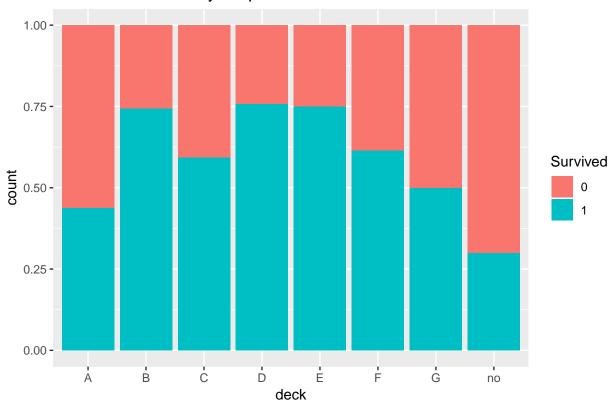
### Function to make prop.table

### From Cabin, deck.surv

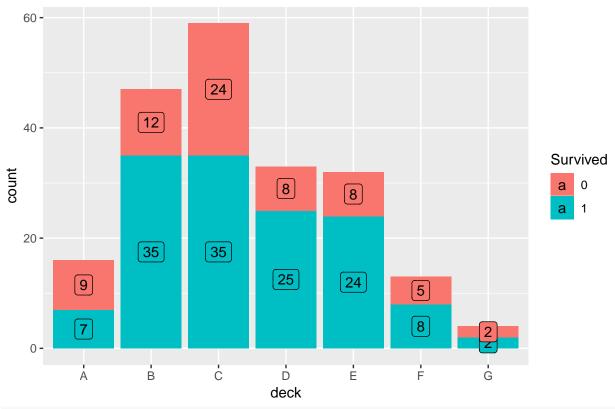
```
#deck from Cabin
dat$deck <- as.factor(ifelse(is.na(substr(dat$Cabin,1,1)), "no", substr(dat$Cabin,1,1)))</pre>
```

```
which(dat$deck == "T") #the element where is in traing set.. lets replace this to something else
## [1] 340
dat %>%
 subset(select = -c(PassengerId)) %>%
 filter(!is.na(Survived)) %>%
 group_by(deck) %>%
 summarise(count = n(),
          mean = mean(Fare))
## # A tibble: 9 x 3
## deck count mean
   <fct> <int> <dbl>
## 1 A
            15 39.6
## 2 B
            47 114.
## 3 C
            59 100.
## 4 D
             33 57.2
            32 46.0
## 5 E
## 6 F
            13 18.7
             4 13.6
## 7 G
## 8 no
           687 19.2
## 9 T
             1 35.5
#mean of Fare for deck "T" is close to the mean of Fare for deck "A"
#replace "T" to "A"
dat$deck[dat$deck=="T"] <- "A"</pre>
dat$deck <- as.factor(as.character(dat$deck))</pre>
summary(dat$deck)
##
     Α
          В
               С
                    D
                        Ε
                              F
                                   G
                                       no
    23
        65
              94
                             21
                                   5 1014
##
#proportional bar graph
dat %>% filter(!is.na(Survived)) %>%
 ggplot(aes(x=deck, fill=Survived))+
 geom_bar(position = "fill")+
ggtitle("Deck Survival rate by Proportion")
```

# Deck Survival rate by Proportion



# Deck Survival by count without no deck



### table(dat\$deck[1:891], dat\$Survived[1:891])

```
##
##
          0
              1
          9
              7
##
     Α
##
     В
         12 35
     С
##
         24 35
     D
          8 25
##
     Ε
          8 24
##
##
     F
          5
              8
##
              2
          2
##
     no 481 206
```

### deck.prop <- prop.func("deck")</pre>

# #proportional deck table deck.prop

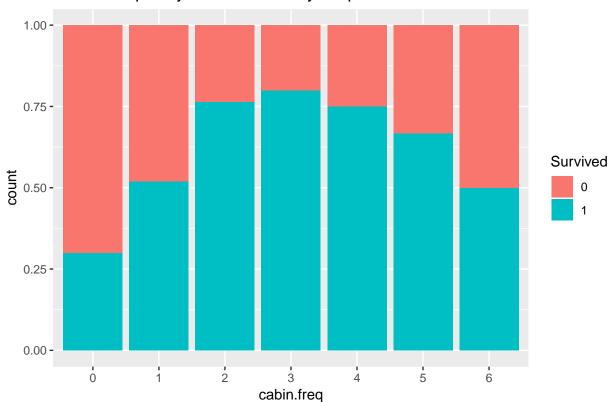
```
## A 0.5625000 0.4375000
## B 0.2553191 0.7446809
## C 0.4067797 0.5932203
## D 0.2424242 0.7575758
## E 0.2500000 0.7500000
## F 0.3846154 0.6153846
## G 0.5000000 0.5000000
## no 0.7001456 0.2998544
```

```
#we might want to group up B/D/E together (which have high prob for survived)
#so, B/C/D/E/F -> high prob surv rate deck
     A/G/no -> low prob surv rate
dat$deck <- as.character(dat$deck)</pre>
dat$deck.surv <- NA
for(i in 1:nrow(dat)){
  if(dat$deck[i] %in% c("B", "C", "D", "E", "F")){
    dat$deck.surv[i] <- "high"</pre>
  if(dat$deck[i] %in% c("no", "A", "G")){
    dat$deck.surv[i] <- "low"</pre>
}
table(dat$deck.surv)
##
## high low
## 267 1042
dat$deck.surv <- as.factor(dat$deck.surv)</pre>
dat <- dat %>% subset(select=-c(deck))
```

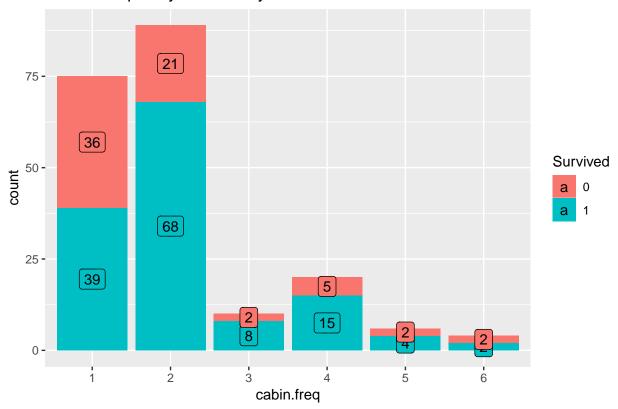
### From Cabin, cabin.freq.surv

```
#cabin frequency.. might have relationship between cabin freq
cabin.freq <- data.frame(table(dat$Cabin))</pre>
dat$cabin.freq <- NA
for(i in 1:nrow(dat)){
  if(dat$Cabin[i] %in% cabin.freq$Var1){
    dat$cabin.freq[i] <- cabin.freq$Freq[cabin.freq$Var1==dat$Cabin[i]]</pre>
 }
  else{
    dat$cabin.freq[i] <- 0</pre>
}
dat$cabin.freq <- as.factor(dat$cabin.freq)</pre>
summary(dat$cabin.freq)
     0
          1
                2
                      3
                                5
                                      6
## 1014 107 126
                    18
                          28
                               10
                                      6
#proportional bar graph
dat %>% filter(!is.na(Survived)) %>%
 ggplot(aes(x=cabin.freq, fill=Survived)) +
 geom_bar(position = "fill")+
 ggtitle("Cabin Frequency Survival Rate by Proportion")
```

# Cabin Frequency Survival Rate by Proportion



# Cabin Frequency Survival by Count



table(dat\$cabin.freq[1:891], dat\$Survived[1:891])

```
##
##
         0
             1
##
     0 481 206
##
     1 36 39
##
     2
        21 68
     3
       2 8
##
        5 15
##
     5
         2
cabin.freq.prop <- prop.func("cabin.freq")</pre>
cabin.freq.prop
##
       no surv
                    surv
## 0 0.7001456 0.2998544
## 1 0.4800000 0.5200000
## 2 0.2359551 0.7640449
## 3 0.2000000 0.8000000
## 4 0.2500000 0.7500000
## 5 0.3333333 0.6666667
## 6 0.5000000 0.5000000
#no cabin barely survived
#cabin freq 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5 more likely surv
```

```
#no cabin , cabin freq 6 -> low
#cabin freq 1,2,3,4,5 -> high

dat$cabin.freq.surv <- NA

for(i in 1:nrow(dat)){
   if(dat$cabin.freq[i] %in% c(1,2,3,4,5)){
      dat$cabin.freq.surv[i] <- "high"
   }
   if(dat$cabin.freq[i] %in% c(0,6)){
      dat$cabin.freq.surv[i] <- "low"
   }
}

dat$cabin.freq.surv <- as.factor(dat$cabin.freq.surv)

table(dat$cabin.freq.surv)

##
## high low
## 289 1020

dat <- subset(dat, select = -c(Cabin, cabin.freq))</pre>
```

### Dealing with NA values in Embarked and Fare

```
#Gender -> male = 0, female = 1
dat$Sex <- as.factor(ifelse(dat$Sex == "male", 0, 1))</pre>
dat[is.na(dat$Embarked),]
##
      PassengerId Survived Pclass
                                                                         Name
## 62
                                                         Icard, Miss. Amelie
                62
                         1
## 830
               830
                          1
                                 1 Stone, Mrs. George Nelson (Martha Evelyn)
##
      Sex Age SibSp Parch Ticket Fare Embarked Cabin.ox deck.surv
## 62
        1 38
                  0
                        0 113572
                                    80
                                           <NA>
                                                       1
                                                              high
## 830 1 62
                         0 113572
                                    80
                                           <NA>
                   0
                                                       1
                                                              high
##
      cabin.freq.surv
## 62
                  high
## 830
                  high
#Pclass = 1 / Sex = Female / have cabin /
#deck surv rate high / cabin freq surv rate high
dat %>%
 filter(Pclass == 1 &
           Sex == 1 &
           Cabin.ox==1 &
           deck.surv == "high" &
           cabin.freq.surv == "high" &
           SibSp == 0 &
           Parch == 0) %>% group_by(Embarked) %>%
  summarise(count = n(),
           mean = mean(Fare),
           min = min(Fare),
```

```
\max = \max(Fare)
## Warning: Factor `Embarked` contains implicit NA, consider using
## `forcats::fct_explicit_na`
## # A tibble: 3 x 5
    Embarked count mean
                           min
             <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 C
                18 113. 27.7
                                262.
## 2 S
                    102.
                          25.9 222.
                14
## 3 <NA>
                  2
                     80
                          80
                                  80
#Na value for Embarked
dat$Embarked[is.na(dat$Embarked)] <- "C"</pre>
dat[is.na(dat$Fare),]
       PassengerId Survived Pclass
                                                  Name Sex Age SibSp Parch
                                  3 Storey, Mr. Thomas
## 1044
               1044
                        < NA >
                                                         0 60.5
##
        Ticket Fare Embarked Cabin.ox deck.surv cabin.freq.surv
## 1044
         3701
                           S
                                    0
summary(aov(Fare~Cabin.ox, dat))
##
                 Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## Cabin.ox
                  1 900931 900931
                                    452.5 <2e-16 ***
              1306 2600469
                               1991
## Residuals
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## 1 observation deleted due to missingness
summary(aov(Fare~Pclass, dat))
##
                 Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## Pclass
                  2 1272986 636493
                                    372.7 <2e-16 ***
              1305 2228414
                               1708
## Residuals
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## 1 observation deleted due to missingness
#NA value for Fare
dat[dat$Pclass == 3,] %>%
  group_by(Embarked, Cabin.ox, Pclass) %>%
 summarise(mean = mean(Fare, na.rm=TRUE))
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
## # Groups: Embarked, Cabin.ox [6]
    Embarked Cabin.ox Pclass mean
##
    <fct>
              <fct>
                      <fct> <dbl>
## 1 C
              0
                       3
                              11.0
## 2 C
                       3
                              12.3
              1
## 3 Q
              0
                      3
                              10.4
## 4 Q
              1
                      3
                              7.75
## 5 S
              0
                       3
                              14.5
## 6 S
                       3
              1
                              11.2
#Pclass 3 / Embarked S / no cabin
#mean of Pclass 3 and Embarked S, and no cabin is 14.5
```

```
dat$Fare[is.na(dat$Fare)] <- 14.5</pre>
```

### From Ticket, ticket.alone

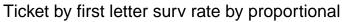
```
#Ticket
ticket.alone <- data.frame(table(dat$Ticket))</pre>
dat$ticket.alone <- NA
for(i in 1:nrow(dat)){
  if(dat$Ticket[i] %in% ticket.alone$Var1[ticket.alone$Freq==1]){
    dat$ticket.alone[i] <- 0</pre>
  }
  if(dat$Ticket[i] %in% ticket.alone$Var1[ticket.alone$Freq>1]){
    dat$ticket.alone[i] <- 1</pre>
  }
}
table(dat$ticket.alone)
##
##
   0 1
## 713 596
dat$ticket.alone <- as.factor(dat$ticket.alone)</pre>
```

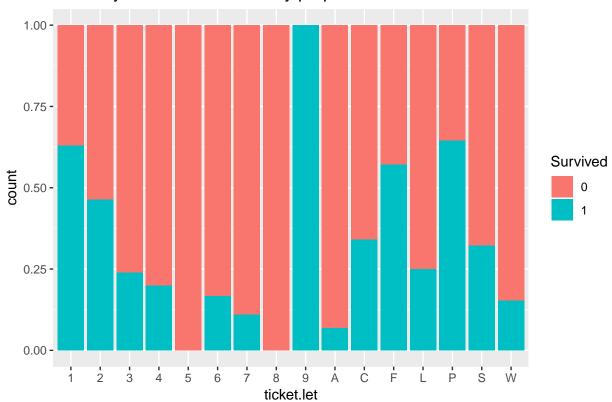
### From Ticket, ticket.let.surv

```
#ticket by first letter
dat$ticket.let <- substr(dat$Ticket, 1,1)

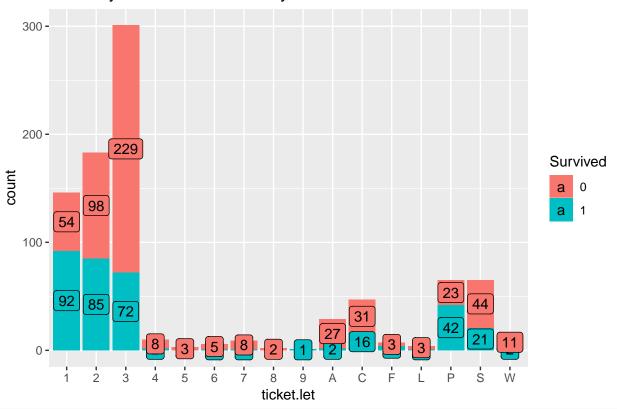
ticket.let <- data.frame(table(dat$ticket.let))

#proportional bar graph
dat %>% filter(!is.na(Survived)) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x=ticket.let, fill=Survived)) +
    geom_bar(position = "fill")+
    ggtitle("Ticket by first letter surv rate by proportional")
```





# Ticket by first letter surv rate by count



```
table(dat$ticket.let[1:891], dat$Survived[1:891])
```

## 1 0.3698630 0.63013699

```
##
##
          0
              1
            92
##
        54
##
     2
        98
             85
##
     3 229
             72
              2
##
     4
         8
         3
##
     5
              0
##
     6
         5
              1
##
         2
##
     8
              0
         0
##
              1
        27
              2
##
##
     С
        31
             16
     F
         3
              4
##
##
         3
              1
##
     Р
        23
            42
##
     S
        44
             21
##
        11
dat$ticket.let <- as.factor(dat$ticket.let)</pre>
ticket.let.prop <- prop.func("ticket.let")</pre>
ticket.let.prop
       no surv
                       surv
```

```
## 2 0.5355191 0.46448087
## 3 0.7607973 0.23920266
## 4 0.8000000 0.20000000
## 5 1.0000000 0.00000000
## 6 0.8333333 0.16666667
## 7 0.8888889 0.11111111
## 8 1.0000000 0.00000000
## 9 0.0000000 1.00000000
## A 0.9310345 0.06896552
## C 0.6595745 0.34042553
## F 0.4285714 0.57142857
## L 0.7500000 0.25000000
## P 0.3538462 0.64615385
## S 0.6769231 0.32307692
## W 0.8461538 0.15384615
dat$ticket.let <- as.factor(dat$ticket.let)</pre>
die <- rownames(ticket.let.prop[ticket.let.prop$`no surv`>=0.5,])
surv <- rownames(ticket.let.prop[ticket.let.prop$`no surv`<0.5,])</pre>
dat$ticket.let <- as.character(dat$ticket.let)</pre>
dat$ticket.let.surv <- NA</pre>
for(i in 1:nrow(dat)){
  if(dat$ticket.let[i] %in% die){
    dat$ticket.let.surv[i] <- "low"</pre>
  if(dat$ticket.let[i] %in% surv){
    dat$ticket.let.surv[i] <- "high"</pre>
}
dat$ticket.let.surv <- as.factor(dat$ticket.let.surv)</pre>
summary(dat$ticket.let.surv)
## high low
## 323 986
dat <- dat %>% subset(select =-c(Ticket, ticket.let))
```

#### Creating family variable

```
#family size (if family = 1, then it's alone)
dat$family <- dat$SibSp + dat$Parch + 1
#1 == alone

dat <- subset(dat, select = -c(SibSp, Parch))</pre>
```

From Name, name and surname.freq.surv Dealing with NA values in Age

## summary(as.factor(dat\$name))

##	Capt	Col	Don	Dona	Dr
##	1	4	1	1	8
##	Jonkheer	Lady	Major	Master	Miss
##	1	1	2	61	260
##	Mlle	Mme	Mr	Mrs	Ms
##	2	1	757	197	2
##	Rev	Sir the	Countess		
##	8	1	1		

## summary(as.factor(dat\$surname))

	A 1	a		<b>a</b> 1 :	ъ.
##	Andersson	Sage	Asplund	Goodwin	Davies
##	11	11	8	8	7
##	Brown	Carter	Ford	Fortune	Johnson
##	6	6	6	6	6
##	Panula	Rice	Skoog	Smith	Kelly
##	6	6	6	6	5
##	Lefebre	Palsson	Ryerson	Thomas	Williams
##	5	5	5	5	5
##	Allison	Baclini	Becker	Boulos	Cacic
##	4	4	4	4	4
##	Dean	Elias	Goldsmith	Gustafsson	Hansen
##	4	4	4	4	4
##	Harper	Harris	Hart	Herman	Hocking
##	4	4	4	4	4
##	Johansson	Johnston	Laroche		Vander Planke
##	4	4	4	4	4
##	Ware	West	Abbott	Bourke	Caldwell
##	4	4	3	3	3
##	Carlsson	Chapman	Collyer	Compton	Cor
##	3	3	3	3	3
##	Coutts	Crosby	Daly	Danbom	Dodge
##	3	3	3	3	3
##	Douglas	Drew	Flynn	Frauenthal	Giles
##	3	3	3	3	3
##	Graham	Hays	Hickman	Howard	Hoyt
##	3	3	3	3	3
##	Jensen	Jussila	Karlsson	Keane	Kink-Heilmann
##	3	3	3	3	3
##	Klasen	Mallet	McCoy	Meyer	Minahan
##	3	3	3	3	3
##	Moran	Moubarek	Murphy	Nakid	Navratil
##	3	3	3	3	3
##	Newell	Nilsson	O'Brien	Olsson	Oreskovic
##	3	3	3	3	3
##	Peacock	Peter	Phillips	Quick	Richards
##	3	3	3	3	3
##	Rosblom	Samaan	Sandstrom	Spedden	Svensson
##	3	3	3	3	3
##	Taussig	Thayer	Touma	van Billiard	(Other)
##	3	3	3	3	921

```
#name first
dat %>%
  group_by(name, Sex) %>%
 summarise(mean = mean(Age, na.rm=TRUE),
           min = min(Age, na.rm=TRUE),
           max = max(Age, na.rm=TRUE),
           count = n()
## # A tibble: 19 x 6
## # Groups: name [18]
##
     name
               Sex
                               min
                                     max count
                        mean
##
                 <fct> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <int>
     <chr>>
  1 Capt
                 0
                       70
                             70
                                    70
## 2 Col
                 0
                       54
                             47
                                    60
## 3 Don
                       40
                             40
                                    40
                 0
                                            1
## 4 Dona
                       39
                1
                             39
                                    39
                0 42.7 23
## 5 Dr
                                   54
                 1 49
0 38
## 6 Dr
                             49
                                    49
                                            1
## 7 Jonkheer
                             38
                                    38
                                            1
## 8 Lady
                1 48
                             48
                                    48
                                            1
                0 48.5 45
## 9 Major
                                    52
                                            2
## 10 Master
                 0
                       5.48 0.33 14.5
                                           61
                1 21.8 0.17 63
## 11 Miss
                                          260
## 12 Mlle
                      24
                             24
                                            2
## 13 Mme
                1
                       24
                             24
                                    24
                                            1
## 14 Mr
                 0
                       32.3 11
                                    80
                                          757
## 15 Mrs
                1 37.0 14
                                          197
                                   76
## 16 Ms
                1
                       28
                             28
                                            2
## 17 Rev
                       41.2 27
                 0
                                   57
                                            8
## 18 Sir
                 0
                                    49
                                            1
## 19 the Countess 1
                             33
                                    33
                       33
                                            1
#Master / Miss / Mr / Mrs
#Matser seems obvious young male
#Mr teenage to old male
#Miss and Mrs female in range young to old
#Age first.. to predict name by age
dat %>% filter(is.na(Age)) %>% group_by(name,Sex) %>% tally()
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
## # Groups: name [6]
    name
           Sex
##
   <chr> <fct> <int>
## 1 Dr
           0
                  1
## 2 Master 0
                    8
## 3 Miss 1
                   50
## 4 Mr
           0
                  176
## 5 Mrs
           1
                   27
## 6 Ms
           1
#dealing with Dr
dat %>% filter(name == "Dr")
```

```
PassengerId Survived Pclass
                                                             Name Sex Age
## 1
             246
                         0
                                    Minahan, Dr. William Edward
                                                                        44
                                1
## 2
                                 2
             318
                         0
                                            Moraweck, Dr. Ernest
## 3
             399
                         0
                                 2
                                                Pain, Dr. Alfred
                                                                        23
## 4
             633
                         1
                                 1
                                       Stahelin-Maeglin, Dr. Max
                                                                        32
## 5
             661
                                 1 Frauenthal, Dr. Henry William
                                                                     0
                                                                        50
                         1
## 6
             767
                                       Brewe, Dr. Arthur Jackson
                         0
                                 1
## 7
             797
                                     Leader, Dr. Alice (Farnham)
                                                                        49
                         1
                                 1
## 8
            1185
                      <NA>
                                 1
                                           Dodge, Dr. Washington
                                                                        53
##
         Fare Embarked Cabin.ox deck.surv cabin.freq.surv ticket.alone
## 1
      90.0000
                      Q
                               1
                                       high
                                                        high
## 2 14.0000
                      S
                               0
                                                                         0
                                        low
                                                         low
## 3 10.5000
                                                                         0
                      S
                               0
                                        low
                                                         low
## 4 30.5000
                      C
                                                                         0
                               1
                                       high
                                                        high
## 5 133.6500
                      S
                               0
                                        low
                                                         low
                                                                         1
## 6
     39.6000
                      С
                               0
                                        low
                                                         low
                                                                         0
## 7
      25.9292
                      S
                                                                         0
                               1
                                       high
                                                        high
                      S
## 8 81.8583
                                        low
                                                        high
     ticket.let.surv family name
                                            surname
## 1
                high
                           3
                               Dr
                                            Minahan
## 2
                  low
                           1
                               Dr
                                           Moraweck
## 3
                 low
                           1
                               \mathtt{Dr}
                                               Pain
## 4
                               Dr Stahelin-Maeglin
                high
                           1
## 5
                           3
                                         Frauenthal
                high
                               Dr
## 6
                                              Brewe
                high
                           1
                               Dr
## 7
                high
                           1
                               Dr
                                             Leader
## 8
                  low
                           3
                               \mathtt{Dr}
                                              Dodge
dat$Age[which(dat$name == "Dr" & is.na(dat$Age))] <- mean(dat$Age[which(dat$name == "Dr")], na.rm=TRUE)
#dealing with Ms
dat %>% filter(name == "Ms")
     PassengerId Survived Pclass
##
                                                         Name Sex Age Fare
                                 2 Reynaldo, Ms. Encarnacion
## 1
             444
                                                                1 28 13.00
## 2
             980
                                     O'Donoghue, Ms. Bridget
                      < NA >
                                 3
                                                                1 NA 7.75
     Embarked Cabin.ox deck.surv cabin.freq.surv ticket.alone ticket.let.surv
            S
                      0
                              low
                                                               0
## 1
                                                low
                                                                              low
            Q
                      0
                              low
                                               low
                                                                0
## 2
                                                                              low
##
     family name
                     surname
## 1
              Ms
                    Reynaldo
          1
## 2
              Ms O'Donoghue
dat$Age[which(dat$name == "Ms" & is.na(dat$Age))] <- mean(dat$Age[which(dat$name == "Ms")], na.rm=TRUE)
dat$name <- as.character(dat$name)</pre>
dat$surname <- as.character(dat$surname)</pre>
summary(aov(Age~Pclass, dat))
                  Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## Pclass
                   2 37501
                              18750
                                         109 <2e-16 ***
## Residuals
               1045 179788
                                 172
```

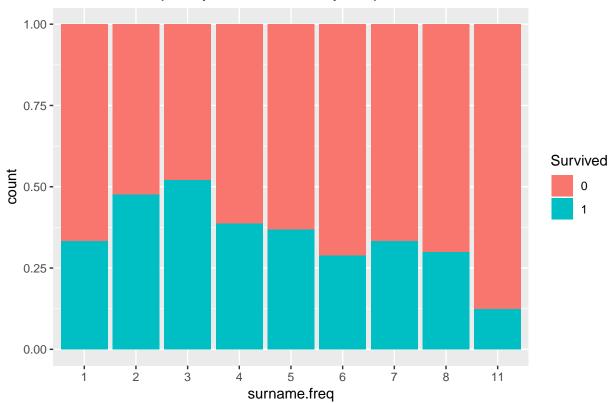
```
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## 261 observations deleted due to missingness
summary(aov(Age~name, dat))
##
                Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## name
                17 65448
                             3850
                                    26.11 <2e-16 ***
## Residuals
              1030 151840
                              147
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## 261 observations deleted due to missingness
#I use Pclass and name to predict NA values in Age
#replacing NA's of Age with the mean by name and Pclass, respectively
dat %>% filter(is.na(Age)) %>% group_by(name,Pclass) %>% tally()
## # A tibble: 10 x 3
## # Groups:
              name [4]
     name
           Pclass
##
      <chr> <fct> <int>
##
   1 Master 3
## 2 Miss
            1
                       1
## 3 Miss
                       2
## 4 Miss
                      47
            3
## 5 Mr
            1
                      27
## 6 Mr
            2
                      13
## 7 Mr
            3
                     136
## 8 Mrs
                      10
            1
## 9 Mrs
            2
                       1
## 10 Mrs
                      16
dat[dat$name %in% c("Mr", "Miss", "Mrs", "Master"),] %>%
 group_by(name, Pclass) %>%
  summarise(count = n(),
           mean = mean(Age, na.rm=TRUE),
           min = min(Age, na.rm=TRUE),
           max = max(Age, na.rm=TRUE))
## # A tibble: 12 x 6
## # Groups:
              name [4]
##
     name
           Pclass count mean
                                 min
##
      <chr> <fct> <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Master 1
                       5 6.98 0.92
                                     13
## 2 Master 2
                      11 2.76 0.67
                                      8
## 3 Master 3
                      45 6.09 0.33
                                     14.5
                      60 30.3
## 4 Miss
           1
                                      63
## 5 Miss
            2
                      50 20.7
                                0.92
                                      50
## 6 Miss
            3
                     150 17.4
                                0.17
                                      45
## 7 Mr
                     159 41.5 17
                                      80
            1
## 8 Mr
            2
                     150 32.3 14
                                      70
                     448 28.3 11
                                      74
## 9 Mr
            3
## 10 Mrs
                     77 43.2 17
                                      76
            1
                     55 33.5 14
## 11 Mrs
            2
                                      60
## 12 Mrs
                     65 32.3 15
                                      63
```

```
for(i in 1:nrow(dat)){
  if(is.na(dat$Age[i])){
    #Master
    if(dat$name[i] == "Master" & dat$Pclass[i] == 3){
      dat$Age[i] <- mean(dat$Age[which(dat$name == "Master" & dat$Pclass == 3)], na.rm=TRUE)</pre>
   }
    if(dat$name[i] == "Miss" & dat$Pclass[i] == 1){
      dat$Age[i] <- mean(dat$Age[which(dat$name == "Miss" & dat$Pclass == 1)], na.rm=TRUE)
    if(dat$name[i] == "Miss" & dat$Pclass[i] == 2){
      dat$Age[i] <- mean(dat$Age[which(dat$name == "Miss" & dat$Pclass == 2)], na.rm=TRUE)
    if(dat$name[i] == "Miss" & dat$Pclass[i] == 3){
      dat$Age[i] <- mean(dat$Age[which(dat$name == "Miss" & dat$Pclass == 3)], na.rm=TRUE)</pre>
   }
    #Mr
    if(dat$name[i] == "Mr" & dat$Pclass[i] == 1){
      dat$Age[i] <- mean(dat$Age[which(dat$name == "Mr" & dat$Pclass == 1)], na.rm=TRUE)
    if(dat$name[i] == "Mr" & dat$Pclass[i] == 2){
      dat$Age[i] <- mean(dat$Age[which(dat$name == "Mr" & dat$Pclass == 2)], na.rm=TRUE)</pre>
    if(dat$name[i] == "Mr" & dat$Pclass[i] == 3){
      dat$Age[i] <- mean(dat$Age[which(dat$name == "Mr" & dat$Pclass == 3)], na.rm=TRUE)
   }
    #Mrs
    if(dat$name[i] == "Mrs" & dat$Pclass[i] == 1){
      dat$Age[i] <- mean(dat$Age[which(dat$name == "Mrs" & dat$Pclass == 1)], na.rm=TRUE)
    if(dat$name[i] == "Mrs" & dat$Pclass[i] == 2){
      dat$Age[i] <- mean(dat$Age[which(dat$name == "Mrs" & dat$Pclass == 2)], na.rm=TRUE)</pre>
   if(dat$name[i] == "Mrs" & dat$Pclass[i] == 3){
      dat$Age[i] <- mean(dat$Age[which(dat$name == "Mrs" & dat$Pclass == 3)], na.rm=TRUE)
   }
    #Ms
    if(dat$name[i] == "Ms" & dat$Pclass[i] == 3){
      dat$Age[i] <- mean(dat$Age[which(dat$name == "Ms" & dat$Pclass == 3)], na.rm=TRUE)
 }
}
#dealing with other names
dat$name[!dat$name %in% c("Mr", "Miss", "Mrs", "Master") ]
## [1] "Don"
                       "Rev"
                                       "Rev"
                                                      "Dr"
## [5] "Rev"
                       "Dr"
                                       "Mme"
                                                      "Dr"
                                       "Major"
## [9] "Ms"
                       "Major"
                                                      "Lady"
```

```
## [13] "Sir"
                       "Rev"
                                      "Dr"
                                                     "Mlle"
                       "Dr"
## [17] "Col"
                                      "Col"
                                                     "Mlle"
                       "the Countess" "Dr"
                                                     "Dr"
## [21] "Capt"
## [25] "Jonkheer"
                       "Rev"
                                      "Rev"
                                                     "Ms"
## [29] "Col"
                       "Rev"
                                      "Rev"
                                                     "Col"
## [33] "Dr"
                       "Dona"
dat %>% filter(!name %in% c("Mr", "Miss", "Mrs", "Master")) %>%
  group by (name, Sex) %>%
  summarise(count = n(),
           mean = mean(Age),
           min = min(Age, na.rm=TRUE),
           max = max(Age, na.rm=TRUE))
## # A tibble: 15 x 6
               name [14]
## # Groups:
##
      name
                Sex
                        count mean
                                       min
                  <fct> <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
##
      <chr>>
## 1 Capt
                             1 70
## 2 Col
                             4 54
                                        47
                   0
                                              60
## 3 Don
                             1 40
                                        40
                   0
                                              40
## 4 Dona
                   1
                             1 39
                                        39
                                              39
## 5 Dr
                   0
                             7 42.8
                                        23
                                              54
## 6 Dr
                   1
                             1 49
                                        49
                                              49
## 7 Jonkheer
                  0
                            1 38
                                        38
                                              38
## 8 Lady
                             1 48
                                        48
                                              48
                   1
## 9 Major
                   0
                             2 48.5
                                        45
                                              52
## 10 Mlle
                  1
                             2 24
                                        24
                                              24
## 11 Mme
                             1 24
                                        24
                                              24
                  1
## 12 Ms
                             2 28
                                        28
                                              28
## 13 Rev
                   0
                             8 41.2
                                        27
                                              57
## 14 Sir
                   0
                             1 49
                                        49
                                              49
## 15 the Countess 1
                                        33
                             1 33
                                              33
dat[dat$name %in% c("Mr", "Miss", "Mrs", "Master"),] %>%
  group by (name) %>%
  summarise(count = n(),
           mean = mean(Age, na.rm=TRUE),
            min = min(Age, na.rm=TRUE),
           max = max(Age, na.rm=TRUE))
## # A tibble: 4 x 5
    name
           count mean min
     <chr> <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Master
              61 5.56 0.33 14.5
## 2 Miss
              260 21.0
                        0.17 63
## 3 Mr
              757 31.9 11
                               80
## 4 Mrs
              197 36.9 14
#Master max age 14.5
#Master -> young male : sex==male & Age < 14.5
\#Mr \rightarrow adult \ male : sex==male \& Age > 14.5
#Miss -> adult female : sex==female & Age < 14
\#Mrs \rightarrow adult female : sex==female \& Age > 14
for(i in 1:nrow(dat)){
```

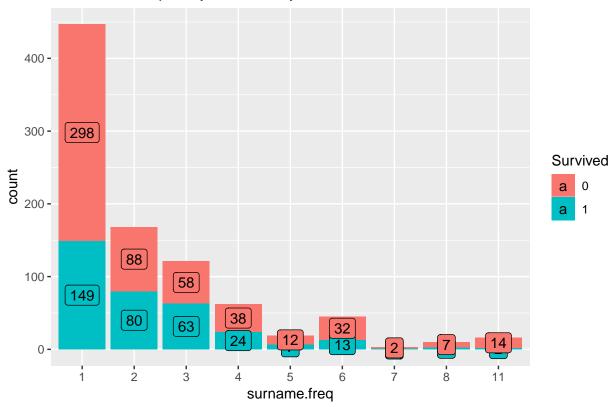
```
if(!is.na(dat$Age[i])){
    if(!dat$name[i] %in% c("Mr", "Miss", "Mrs", "Master")){
      if(dat$Sex[i] == 0 & dat$Age[i] <= 14.5){</pre>
      dat$name[i] = "Master"
      if(dat$Sex[i] == 0 & dat$Age[i] > 14.5){
      dat$name[i] <- "Mr"</pre>
      if(dat$Sex[i] == 1 & dat$Age[i] < 14){</pre>
      dat$name[i] <- "Miss"</pre>
      if(dat$Sex[i] == 1 & dat$Age[i] > 14){
      dat$name[i] <- "Mrs"</pre>
    }
  }
}
dat$name <- as.factor(as.character(dat$name))</pre>
table(dat$name)
##
## Master Miss
                      Mr
                            Mrs
                             206
##
             260
                     782
       61
#surname frequency
surname.freq <- data.frame(table(dat$surname))</pre>
dat$surname.freq <-NA
for(i in 1:nrow(dat)){
  for(j in 1:11){
    if(dat$surname[i] %in% surname.freq$Var1[surname.freq$Freq == j]){
      dat$surname.freq[i] <- j</pre>
  }
}
dat$surname.freq <- as.factor(dat$surname.freq)</pre>
#bar graph
dat %>% filter(!is.na(Survived)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=surname.freq, fill=Survived)) +
  geom_bar(position = "fill")+
  ggtitle("Surname Frequency Survival Rate by Proportion")
```

# Surname Frequency Survival Rate by Proportion



```
dat %>% filter(!is.na(Survived)) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x=surname.freq, fill=Survived)) +
    geom_bar() +
    geom_label(stat = "count", position = position_stack(0.5), aes(label= ..count..))+
    ggtitle("Surname Frequency Survival by Count")
```

# Surname Frequency Survival by Count



table(dat\$surname.freq[1:891], dat\$Survived[1:891])

```
##
##
          0
              1
        298 149
##
##
     2
         88
            80
     3
         58 63
##
##
         38 24
##
     5
         12
             7
     6
         32 13
##
##
##
     8
          7
              3
         14
```

```
surname.freq.prop <- prop.func("surname.freq")
surname.freq.prop</pre>
```

```
## no surv surv
## 1 0.6666667 0.3333333
## 2 0.5238095 0.4761905
## 3 0.4793388 0.5206612
## 4 0.6129032 0.3870968
## 5 0.6315789 0.3684211
## 6 0.7111111 0.2888889
## 7 0.6666667 0.3333333
## 8 0.7000000 0.3000000
## 11 0.8750000 0.1250000
```

```
#notice that surname.freq 2,3 is likely hard to predict
#however, more the surname.freq increased from 4 to 11, they are more likely not survived
#therefore, low surv rate -> 1,4,5,6,7,8,11
#unknown -> 2,3
dat$surname.freq <- as.character(dat$surname.freq)</pre>
dat$surname.freq.surv <- NA
for(i in 1:nrow(dat)){
  if(dat$surname.freq[i] %in% c(1,4,5,6,7,8,11)){
   dat$surname.freq.surv[i] <- "low"</pre>
 }
  if(dat$surname.freq[i] %in% c(2,3)){
    dat$surname.freq.surv[i] <- "unknown"</pre>
  }
}
dat$surname.freq.surv <- as.factor(dat$surname.freq.surv)</pre>
table(dat$surname.freq.surv)
##
##
      low unknown
##
       854
              455
dat <- subset(dat, select=-c(surname.freq, Name, surname))</pre>
summary(dat)
##
    PassengerId
                   Survived
                              Pclass Sex
                                                   Age
## Min. : 1
                   0
                       :549
                              1:323
                                     0:843
                                              Min. : 0.17
## 1st Qu.: 328
                       :342
                              2:277
                                              1st Qu.:21.00
                                     1:466
## Median : 655
                  NA's:418
                              3:709
                                              Median :28.32
## Mean : 655
                                              Mean
                                                    :29.52
## 3rd Qu.: 982
                                              3rd Qu.:36.50
## Max.
         :1309
                                              Max.
                                                    :80.00
##
        Fare
                     Embarked Cabin.ox deck.surv
                                                    cabin.freq.surv
## Min. : 0.000
                    C:272 0:1014
                                      high: 267
                                                    high: 289
                     Q:123
## 1st Qu.: 7.896
                              1: 295 low :1042
                                                   low :1020
## Median : 14.454
                     S:914
## Mean
         : 33.281
## 3rd Qu.: 31.275
## Max.
          :512.329
## ticket.alone ticket.let.surv
                                     family
                                                      name
## 0:713
           high:323
                                Min. : 1.000
                                                  Master: 61
## 1:596
                low :986
                                 1st Qu.: 1.000
                                                  Miss :260
##
                                Median : 1.000
                                                        :782
                                                  {	t Mr}
                                                        :206
##
                                 Mean : 1.884
                                                  Mrs
##
                                 3rd Qu.: 2.000
##
                                Max.
                                       :11.000
##
   surname.freq.surv
## low
           :854
##
   unknown:455
##
```

## ## ##

### Investigating correlation or relationship between each variables in our dataset

```
#Let's see the correlation or relationship between each variables in our dataset
#factor vs factor - chisq test : null HO = two factor variables are independent
#factor vs numeric - anova test : null HO = at least one factor has different mean than others
#numeric vs numeric - correlation : linear relationship between vars,
#more than 0.5 means they have some relationship to each other
relationship.test <- function(variables, dummy.data, data){</pre>
  for(i in variables){
    for(j in variables){
      #factor vs factor : chisq.test
      if(is.factor(data[,i])){
        if(is.factor(data[,j])){
          dummy.data[dummy.data$cols == i,j] <- round(chisq.test(data[,i], data[,j])$p.value,3)
      }
      #factor vs numeric : anova
      if(is.factor(data[,i])){
        if(is.numeric(data[,j])){
          dummy.data[dummy.data$cols == i,j] <-</pre>
            round(summary(aov(data[,j]~data[,i]))[[1]][["Pr(>F)"]][[1]],3)
      if(is.numeric(data[,i])){
        if(is.factor(data[,j])){
          dummy.data[dummy.data$cols == i,j] <-</pre>
            round(summary(aov(data[,i]~data[,j]))[[1]][["Pr(>F)"]][[1]],3)
        }
      #numeric vs numeric : correlation
      if(is.numeric(data[,i])){
        if(is.numeric(data[,j])){
          dummy.data[dummy.data$cols == i,j] <- round(cor(data[,i], data[,j]),3)</pre>
        }
    }
  }
 return(dummy.data)
#creating variables
variables <- colnames(dat)[2:ncol(dat)]</pre>
```

```
#dummy data
test.data <- data.frame(cols = variables)</pre>
data.pval <- relationship.test(variables, test.data, dat)
## Warning in chisq.test(data[, i], data[, j]): Chi-squared approximation may
## be incorrect
data.pval
##
                   cols Survived Pclass
                                           Sex
                                                   Age Fare Embarked Cabin.ox
                            0.000
                                  0.000 0.000 0.031 0.000
                                                                0.000
## 1
               Survived
                                                                         0.000
## 2
                            0.000
                                  0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000
                                                                0.000
                                                                         0.000
                 Pclass
                            0.000 0.000 0.000
                                                                0.000
## 3
                    Sex
                                                0.002 0.000
                                                                         0.000
## 4
                            0.031
                                  0.000 0.002
                                                                0.000
                                                                         0.000
                    Age
                                                1.000 0.190
## 5
                   Fare
                            0.000
                                  0.000 0.000
                                                0.190 1.000
                                                                0.000
                                                                         0.000
## 6
                            0.000
                                  0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000
                                                                0.000
                                                                         0.000
               Embarked
                            0.000 0.000 0.000
                                                                0.000
## 7
               Cabin.ox
                                                0.000 0.000
                                                                         0.000
## 8
                            0.000 0.000 0.000
                                                0.000 0.000
                                                                0.000
              deck.surv
                                                                         0.000
## 9
                            0.000 0.000 0.000
                                                0.000 0.000
                                                                0.000
                                                                         0.000
        cabin.freq.surv
## 10
           ticket.alone
                            0.000 0.000 0.000
                                                0.007 0.000
                                                                0.000
                                                                         0.000
## 11
        ticket.let.surv
                            0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000
                                                                0.000
                                                                         0.000
## 12
                 family
                            0.620
                                  0.102 0.000 -0.224 0.227
                                                                0.001
                                                                         0.609
## 13
                   name
                            0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000
                                                                0.000
                                                                         0.000
                            0.000 0.000 0.000 0.753 0.000
                                                                0.001
                                                                         0.000
## 14 surname.freq.surv
##
      deck.surv cabin.freq.surv ticket.alone ticket.let.surv family name
## 1
          0.000
                           0.000
                                        0.000
                                                         0.000
                                                               0.620
## 2
          0.000
                           0.000
                                        0.000
                                                         0.000 0.102
                                                                         0
## 3
          0.000
                           0.000
                                        0.000
                                                         0.000 0.000
                                                                         0
## 4
          0.000
                           0.000
                                        0.007
                                                         0.000 - 0.224
                                                                         0
## 5
          0.000
                           0.000
                                        0.000
                                                         0.000 0.227
                                                                         0
## 6
          0.000
                                                         0.000 0.001
                           0.000
                                        0.000
                                                                         0
## 7
          0.000
                           0.000
                                        0.000
                                                         0.000 0.609
                                                                         0
## 8
          0.000
                           0.000
                                        0.000
                                                         0.000 0.386
                                                                         0
## 9
          0.000
                           0.000
                                        0.000
                                                         0.000 0.601
                                                                         0
## 10
                                                         0.000 0.000
          0.000
                           0.000
                                        0.000
                                                                         0
## 11
          0.000
                           0.000
                                        0.000
                                                         0.000 0.085
                                                                         0
## 12
          0.386
                           0.601
                                        0.000
                                                         0.085
                                                               1.000
                                                                         0
## 13
          0.000
                           0.000
                                        0.000
                                                         0.000 0.000
                                                                         0
## 14
          0.000
                           0.000
                                        0.000
                                                         0.014 0.037
                                                                         0
##
      surname.freq.surv
## 1
                  0.000
## 2
                  0.000
## 3
                  0.000
## 4
                  0.753
## 5
                  0.000
## 6
                  0.001
## 7
                  0.000
## 8
                  0.000
## 9
                  0.000
## 10
                  0.000
## 11
                  0.014
```

## 12

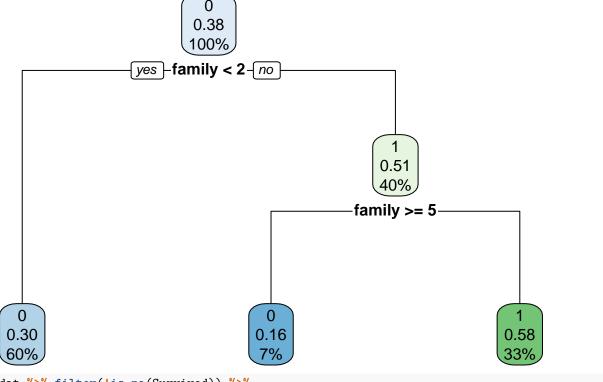
## 13

0.037

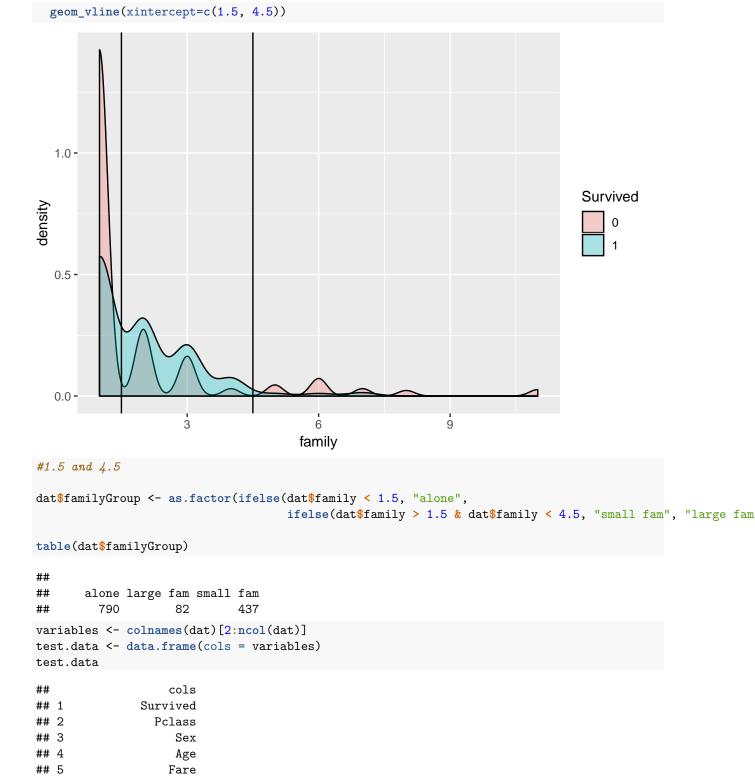
0.000

### Creating familyGroup from investigation of relationship between each variables

```
#Lets make family to be better predictor
tr <- rpart(Survived~family, dat)</pre>
## n=891 (418 observations deleted due to missingness)
##
## node), split, n, loss, yval, (yprob)
##
         * denotes terminal node
##
## 1) root 891 342 0 (0.6161616 0.3838384)
     2) family< 1.5 537 163 0 (0.6964618 0.3035382) *
     3) family>=1.5 354 175 1 (0.4943503 0.5056497)
##
       6) family>=4.5 62 10 0 (0.8387097 0.1612903) *
##
       7) family< 4.5 292 123 1 (0.4212329 0.5787671) *
rpart.plot(tr)
```



```
dat %>% filter(!is.na(Survived)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=family, fill=Survived))+
  geom_density(alpha = 0.3)+
```



## 6

## 7

## 8

## 9

## 10

Embarked

Cabin.ox

deck.surv

cabin.freq.surv

ticket.alone

```
## 11
        ticket.let.surv
## 12
                 family
## 13
## 14 surname.freq.surv
## 15
            familyGroup
data.pval <- relationship.test(variables, test.data, dat)</pre>
## Warning in chisq.test(data[, i], data[, j]): Chi-squared approximation may
## be incorrect
## Warning in chisq.test(data[, i], data[, j]): Chi-squared approximation may
## be incorrect
## Warning in chisq.test(data[, i], data[, j]): Chi-squared approximation may
## be incorrect
data.pval[,1:2]
                   cols Survived
## 1
                            0.000
               Survived
## 2
                 Pclass
                            0.000
## 3
                    Sex
                            0.000
## 4
                            0.031
                    Age
## 5
                   Fare
                            0.000
## 6
               {\tt Embarked}
                            0.000
## 7
               Cabin.ox
                            0.000
## 8
              deck.surv
                            0.000
## 9
        cabin.freq.surv
                            0.000
## 10
           ticket.alone
                            0.000
## 11
        ticket.let.surv
                            0.000
                            0.620
## 12
                 family
## 13
                   name
                            0.000
## 14 surname.freq.surv
                            0.000
## 15
            familyGroup
                            0.000
dat <- dat %>% subset(select=-c(PassengerId, family))
summary(dat)
    Survived
               Pclass Sex
                                                      Fare
                                                                   Embarked
                                     Age
##
        :549
               1:323
                       0:843
                                Min. : 0.17
                                                Min.
                                                      : 0.000
                                                                   C:272
##
   1
        :342
               2:277
                        1:466
                                1st Qu.:21.00
                                                1st Qu.: 7.896
                                                                   Q:123
##
   NA's:418
               3:709
                                Median :28.32
                                                Median : 14.454
                                                                   S:914
##
                                Mean
                                       :29.52
                                                Mean
                                                      : 33.281
##
                                3rd Qu.:36.50
                                                3rd Qu.: 31.275
##
                                Max.
                                       :80.00
                                                Max.
                                                        :512.329
##
  Cabin.ox deck.surv
                         cabin.freq.surv ticket.alone ticket.let.surv
   0:1014
            high: 267
                         high: 289
                                          0:713
                                                        high:323
    1: 295
             low :1042
                                          1:596
                                                        low :986
##
                         low :1020
##
##
##
##
##
                                       familyGroup
                 surname.freq.surv
        name
   Master: 61
                 low
                        :854
                                    alone
                                             :790
```

```
## Miss :260 unknown:455 large fam: 82
## Mr :782 small fam:437
## Mrs :206
##
##
```

# Splitting train and test set to start modeling

```
#train / test
training <- dat %>% filter(!is.na(Survived))
testing <- dat %>% filter(is.na(Survived))
summary(training)
   Survived Pclass Sex
                                                  Fare
                                                              Embarked
##
                                  Age
   0:549
            1:216
                     0:577
                             Min.
                                   : 0.42
                                             Min. : 0.00
                                                              C:170
                                             1st Qu.: 7.91
   1:342
             2:184
                     1:314
                             1st Qu.:21.00
                                                              Q: 77
##
##
            3:491
                             Median :28.32
                                             Median : 14.45
                                                              S:644
##
                             Mean
                                    :29.43
                                             Mean
                                                    : 32.20
##
                             3rd Qu.:36.75
                                             3rd Qu.: 31.00
##
                                    :80.00
                             Max.
                                             Max.
                                                    :512.33
   Cabin.ox deck.surv
                       cabin.freq.surv ticket.alone ticket.let.surv
##
   0:687
            high:184
                        high:200
                                        0:481
                                                     high:219
   1:204
             low :707
                        low :691
                                        1:410
                                                     low:672
##
##
##
##
##
       name
                 surname.freq.surv
                                      familyGroup
##
   Master: 40
                 low
                        :602
                                   alone
                                            :537
   Miss :182
                 unknown:289
                                   large fam: 62
##
                                   small fam:292
##
   Mr
          :537
##
   Mrs
        :132
##
##
```

## summary(testing)

```
Survived
              Pclass Sex
                                                                 Embarked
                                   Age
                                                    Fare
                                                    : 0.000
                                    : 0.17
##
              1:107
                      0:266
                              Min.
                                              Min.
                                                                 C:102
                               1st Qu.:22.00
##
   1
        : 0
              2: 93
                      1:152
                                              1st Qu.: 7.896
                                                                 Q: 46
   NA's:418
              3:218
                              Median :28.32
                                              Median : 14.454
                                                                 S:270
##
                               Mean
                                    :29.70
                                              Mean : 35.577
##
                               3rd Qu.:36.38
                                              3rd Qu.: 31.472
##
                               Max.
                                     :76.00
                                              Max.
                                                     :512.329
                       cabin.freq.surv ticket.alone ticket.let.surv
##
  Cabin.ox deck.surv
##
   0:327
            high: 83
                       high: 89
                                       0:232
                                                     high:104
   1: 91
            low :335
                       low :329
                                       1:186
                                                     low:314
##
##
##
##
##
##
                surname.freq.surv
                                      familyGroup
       name
                        :252
  Master: 21
                low
                                  alone
                                            :253
```

From Cabin. - Cabin.ox: Cabin NA = 0 or Cabin = 1 - deck.surv: extract the first letter of cabin, with the probability of survival for the deck, splitted into 2 groups, which are high / low - cabin.freq.surv: 2 groups by surv rate with cabin frequency

from Ticket.. - ticket.alone : unique ticket = 0 other 1 - ticket.let.surv : with the first letter of ticket, splitted into 2 groups by surv rate of the ticket letter

from Name.. - name : Master / Miss / Mr / Mrs - surname.freq.surv : groups by surv rate with surname frequency

Caret - Cross Validation Creating useful function for modeling —

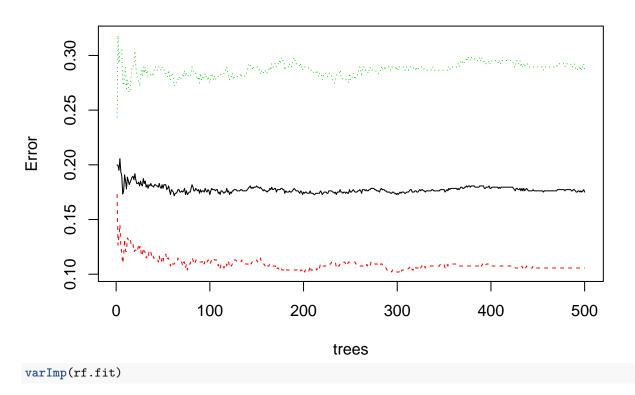
```
#creating function for Caret modeling
model <- function(method, training, control,grid,...){</pre>
  if(is.null(grid)){
    model.fit <- train(Survived~.,</pre>
                      data = training,
                      method = method,
                       trControl = control,
    return(model.fit)
  }
  else{
    model.fit <- train(Survived~.,</pre>
                      data = training,
                      method = method,
                      trControl = control,
                      tuneGrid = grid,
                       ...)
    return(model.fit)
  }
}
#accuracy of model
acc <- function(pred, act, data){</pre>
  return(sum(diag(table(pred, act)))/nrow(data))
}
#10 folds cv
control <- trainControl(method = "cv", number = 10)</pre>
```

I will use Random Forest / Gradient Boosting Method / Support Vector Machine with kernel radial

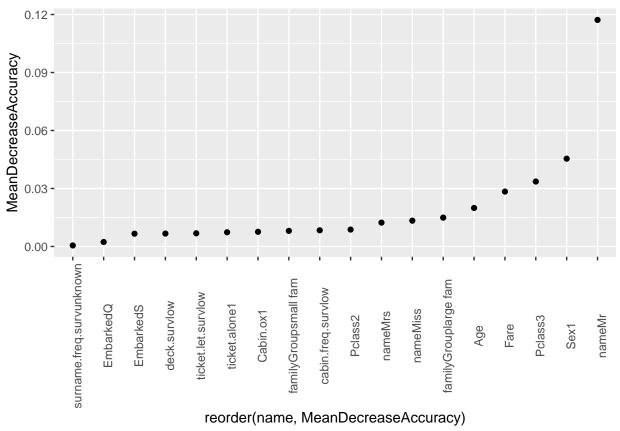
### Random Forest

```
#typical mtry in classification = sqrt(# of predictors)
rf.fit <- train(Survived~., data = training,</pre>
                method="rf", trControl = control,
                ntree=500, importance = TRUE,
                tuneGrid = expand.grid(mtry = round(sqrt(ncol(training)-1))))
rf.fit
## Random Forest
##
## 891 samples
   13 predictor
    2 classes: '0', '1'
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (10 fold)
## Summary of sample sizes: 802, 802, 802, 803, 801, ...
## Resampling results:
##
##
     Accuracy Kappa
     0.823892 0.618481
##
##
## Tuning parameter 'mtry' was held constant at a value of 4
plot(rf.fit$finalModel)
```

# rf.fit\$finalModel



```
## rf variable importance
##
##
                             Importance
## nameMr
                                100.000
## Pclass3
                                58.133
                                 52.483
## Age
## Fare
                                48.557
## Sex1
                                48.255
## familyGrouplarge fam
                                44.472
## Pclass2
                                31.617
## EmbarkedS
                                27.921
## nameMiss
                                27.401
## familyGroupsmall fam
                                26.695
## nameMrs
                                25.463
## ticket.let.survlow
                                24.318
## ticket.alone1
                                 23.439
## cabin.freq.survlow
                                18.950
## Cabin.ox1
                                17.764
## deck.survlow
                                13.429
## Embarked0
                                 8.514
## surname.freq.survunknown
                                 0.000
rf.fit.result <- data.frame(rf.fit$finalModel$importance[,"MeanDecreaseAccuracy"])
colnames(rf.fit.result) <- "MeanDecreaseAccuracy"</pre>
rf.fit.result
##
                            MeanDecreaseAccuracy
## Pclass2
                                     0.0087505955
## Pclass3
                                     0.0335936946
## Sex1
                                     0.0454226685
## Age
                                     0.0199141256
## Fare
                                     0.0283976780
## EmbarkedQ
                                     0.0023215909
## EmbarkedS
                                     0.0066109637
## Cabin.ox1
                                     0.0075974732
## deck.survlow
                                     0.0066721375
## cabin.freq.survlow
                                     0.0083593100
## ticket.alone1
                                     0.0073503926
## ticket.let.survlow
                                     0.0068113952
## nameMiss
                                     0.0133419880
## nameMr
                                     0.1172062393
## nameMrs
                                     0.0123401754
                                     0.0005229062
## surname.freq.survunknown
## familyGrouplarge fam
                                     0.0149170863
## familyGroupsmall fam
                                     0.0080725000
rf.fit.result %>% mutate(name = rownames(rf.fit.result)) %>%
  arrange(MeanDecreaseAccuracy) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=reorder(name, MeanDecreaseAccuracy),y=MeanDecreaseAccuracy))+
  geom point()+
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle=90))
```



```
#remove Embarked / surname.freq.surv
#tuning parameter mtry and ntree by cross validation
#typical mtry is sqrt(# of predictor)
#ntree: in small dataset -> 100 in large dataset -> 500~1000 sufficient
#larger ntree is more stable, but takes long time
rf.grid <- expand.grid(mtry = seq(2,10, by=2))
rf.acc <- data.frame(ntree = seq(100,1000, by=100), minacc = NA, acc = NA)
for(i in seq(100, 1000, by=100)){
  rf.fit <- train(Survived~., data=training %>% subset(select = -c(Embarked, surname.freq.surv)),
                  method = "rf", trControl = control,
                  ntree=i, tuneGrid = rf.grid, importance = TRUE)
  rf.acc[rf.acc$ntree == i,2] <- max(rf.fit$results$Accuracy) -</pre>
    rf.fit$results$AccuracySD[which.max(rf.fit$results$Accuracy)]
  rf.acc[rf.acc$ntree == i,3] <- max(rf.fit$results$Accuracy)</pre>
}
rf.acc
##
      ntree
               minacc
                             acc
```

100 0.7966820 0.8282397

200 0.8045349 0.8305459

300 0.8025514 0.8350437

400 0.7798080 0.8316604

## 1

## 3

## 4

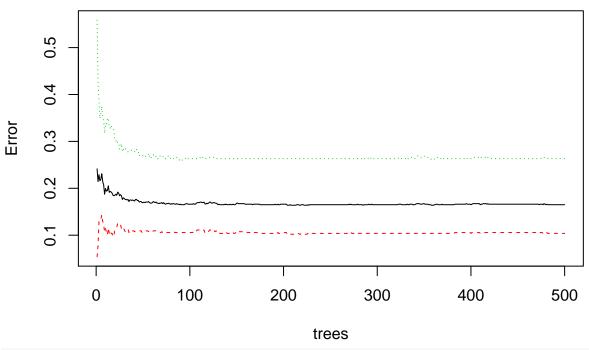
```
## 5
        500 0.8141400 0.8349887
## 6
        600 0.8046195 0.8362019
## 7
        700 0.7853584 0.8384877
## 8
        800 0.8019555 0.8327423
        900 0.8008247 0.8316556
## 9
## 10 1000 0.7846252 0.8304069
ggplot(rf.acc, aes(x=ntree, y=acc))+
  geom_line()+
  geom_point()
  0.837 -
  0.834 -
acc
  0.831 -
  0.828
                      250
                                                                 750
                                                                                      1000
                                            500
                                               ntree
g.ntree <- rf.acc$ntree[which.max(rf.acc$minacc)]</pre>
g.ntree
## [1] 500
#I will choose the ntree that has maximum value of minacc = max accuracy - accuracy sd
rf.model <- train(Survived~.,</pre>
                   data=training %>% subset(select=-c(Embarked, surname.freq.surv)),
                  method = "rf", trControl = control,
                  ntree=g.ntree, tuneGrid = rf.grid, importance=TRUE)
rf.model
## Random Forest
```

##

## 891 samples
## 11 predictor

```
2 classes: '0', '1'
##
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (10 fold)
## Summary of sample sizes: 802, 802, 801, 803, 802, 801, ...
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
##
     mtry Accuracy
                      Kappa
##
      2
           0.8294084 0.6324351
##
           0.8238163 0.6201015
##
           0.8260762 0.6249452
                      0.6154314
##
      8
           0.8204205
##
     10
           0.8148020 0.6045242
##
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
## The final value used for the model was mtry = 2.
plot(rf.model$finalModel)
```

# rf.model\$finalModel



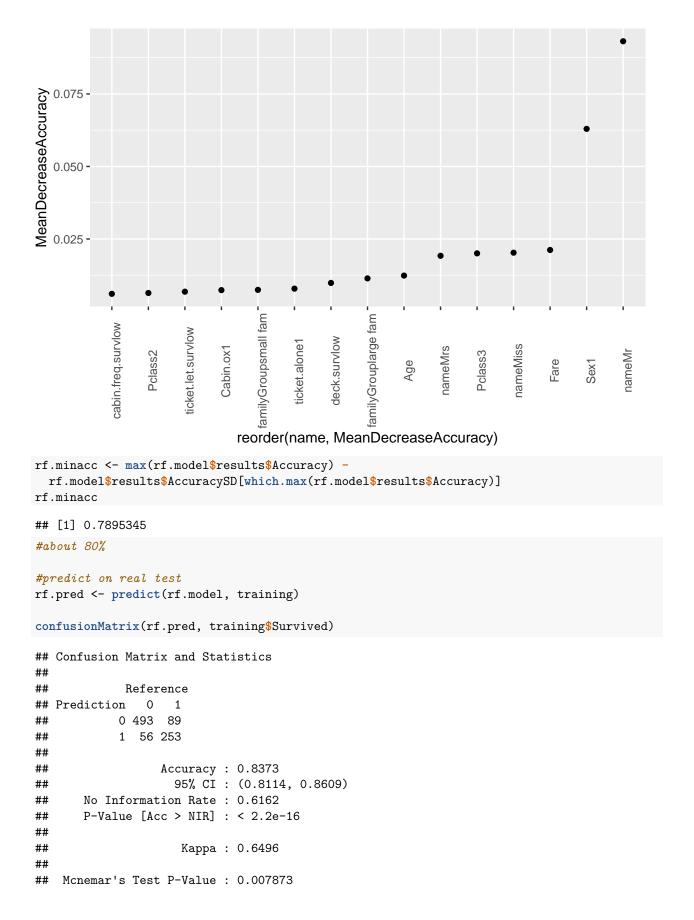
```
max(rf.model$results$Accuracy)
```

```
## [1] 0.8294084
#about 83%
varImp(rf.model)
## rf variable importance
##
```

## Importance ## nameMr 100.000

```
## Sex1
                            73.705
## Pclass3
                            43.174
## Fare
                            38.517
## nameMrs
                            33.439
## Age
                            31.317
## nameMiss
                            28.359
## familyGrouplarge fam
                            23.254
## Pclass2
                            18.618
## familyGroupsmall fam
                             5.608
## deck.survlow
                             4.660
## ticket.alone1
                             4.008
## ticket.let.survlow
                              2.947
## Cabin.ox1
                              2.307
## cabin.freq.survlow
                             0.000
rf.model.result <- data.frame(rf.model$finalModel$importance[,"MeanDecreaseAccuracy"])
colnames(rf.model.result) <- "MeanDecreaseAccuracy"</pre>
rf.model.result
                        MeanDecreaseAccuracy
## Pclass2
                                  0.006378432
## Pclass3
                                  0.020047580
## Sex1
                                  0.062955340
## Age
                                  0.012380925
## Fare
                                  0.021207407
## Cabin.ox1
                                  0.007367906
## deck.survlow
                                  0.009846478
## cabin.freq.survlow
                                  0.006090035
## ticket.alone1
                                  0.007879185
## ticket.let.survlow
                                  0.006831236
## nameMiss
                                  0.020275622
## nameMr
                                  0.093153324
## nameMrs
                                  0.019204859
## familyGrouplarge fam
                                  0.011414367
## familyGroupsmall fam
                                  0.007454639
rf.model.result %>% mutate(name = rownames(rf.model.result)) %>%
  arrange(MeanDecreaseAccuracy) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=reorder(name, MeanDecreaseAccuracy),y=MeanDecreaseAccuracy))+
  geom_point()+
```

theme(axis.text.x = element\_text(angle=90))



```
##
##
              Sensitivity: 0.8980
##
              Specificity: 0.7398
           Pos Pred Value: 0.8471
##
##
           Neg Pred Value: 0.8188
##
                Prevalence: 0.6162
##
           Detection Rate: 0.5533
##
     Detection Prevalence: 0.6532
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.8189
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
#93.15%
#training accuracy - cv accuracy
acc(rf.pred, training$Survived, training) - max(rf.model$results$Accuracy)
## [1] 0.007853094
#0.0987
```

# Gradient Boosting Method

```
#modeling without tuning parameter
boost.model <- train(Survived~.,</pre>
                   data = training,
                   method = "gbm",
                   verbose = FALSE,
                   trControl = control,
                   tuneGrid = NULL)
boost.model
## Stochastic Gradient Boosting
##
## 891 samples
##
  13 predictor
##
    2 classes: '0', '1'
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (10 fold)
## Summary of sample sizes: 801, 802, 802, 802, 802, 802, ...
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
##
     interaction.depth n.trees Accuracy
                                             Kappa
##
                         50
                                 0.8294507 0.6314247
     1
##
     1
                        100
                                 0.8283146 0.6332856
##
     1
                        150
                                 0.8272285 0.6328979
##
     2
                         50
                                 0.8305618 0.6382562
     2
                        100
##
                                 0.8350936 0.6450629
##
     2
                        150
                                 0.8417978 0.6591951
##
     3
                         50
                                 0.8395755 0.6544390
##
     3
                        100
                                 0.8373283 0.6494107
```

```
## 3 150 0.8396130 0.6549876

## ## Tuning parameter 'shrinkage' was held constant at a value of 0.1

## ## Tuning parameter 'n.minobsinnode' was held constant at a value of 10

## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.

## The final values used for the model were n.trees = 150,

## interaction.depth = 2, shrinkage = 0.1 and n.minobsinnode = 10.

summary(boost.model$finalModel)
```

### Relative influence

20

30

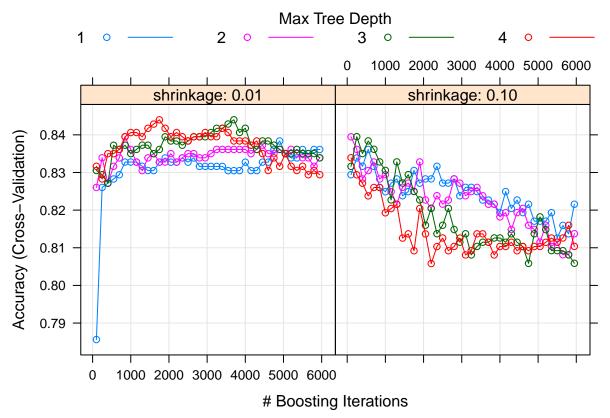
```
##
                                                         rel.inf
                                                 var
## nameMr
                                              nameMr 39.05784834
## Fare
                                                Fare 13.30900680
                                                 Age 11.34130243
## Age
## Pclass3
                                             Pclass3 10.47702510
## familyGrouplarge fam
                                familyGrouplarge fam 7.07011013
## ticket.let.survlow
                                  ticket.let.survlow 6.03582788
## Sex1
                                                Sex1 4.84003695
## deck.survlow
                                        deck.survlow 1.70374729
## cabin.freq.survlow
                                  cabin.freq.survlow 1.12471491
## Cabin.ox1
                                           Cabin.ox1 1.11429315
## EmbarkedS
                                           EmbarkedS 1.08346677
## nameMrs
                                             nameMrs 1.03312648
## surname.freq.survunknown surname.freq.survunknown 0.57822386
## nameMiss
                                            nameMiss 0.39814968
## familyGroupsmall fam
                                familyGroupsmall fam 0.35033729
## ticket.alone1
                                       ticket.alone1
                                                      0.21500829
## EmbarkedQ
                                           EmbarkedQ 0.17667300
## Pclass2
                                             Pclass2 0.09110165
```

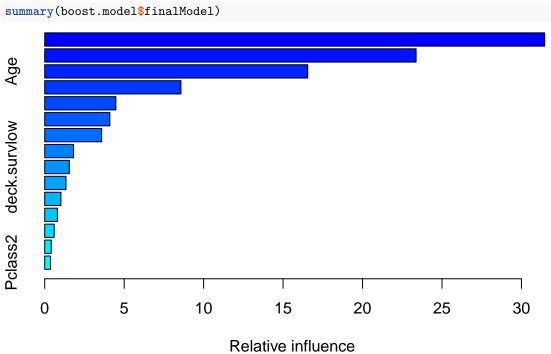
10

#surname.freq.surv / Embarked

0

```
#Grid Search
#I put relatively large value of shrinkage to prevent overfitting
boost.grid <- expand.grid(n.trees = seq(100,6000, by=150),</pre>
                           interaction.depth = c(1,2,3,4),
                           shrinkage = c(0.01, 0.1),
                           n.minobsinnode = c(10)
#modeling
boost.model <- train(Survived~.,</pre>
                   data = training %>%
                     subset(select = -c(Embarked, surname.freq.surv)),
                   method = "gbm",
                   verbose = FALSE,
                   trControl = control,
                    tuneGrid = boost.grid)
boost.model$bestTune
       n.trees interaction.depth shrinkage n.minobsinnode
## 132
                                       0.01
max(boost.model$results$Accuracy)
## [1] 0.843995
#84.44%
boost.minacc <- max(boost.model$results$Accuracy) -</pre>
  boost.model$results$AccuracySD[which.max(boost.model$results$Accuracy)]
boost.minacc
## [1] 0.8129087
#81.28%
plot(boost.model)
```





## var rel.inf
## nameMr 31.4638293
## Fare Fare 23.3714824
## Age Age 16.5501117
## Pclass3 8.5718840

```
## familyGrouplarge fam familyGrouplarge fam 4.4777733
## Sex1
                                        Sex1 4.0990743
## ticket.let.survlow ticket.let.survlow 3.5836287
## cabin.freq.survlow
                         cabin.freq.survlow 1.8148065
## deck.survlow
                               deck.survlow 1.5473942
## familyGroupsmall fam familyGroupsmall fam 1.3371361
## nameMrs
                                    nameMrs 1.0196507
                              ticket.alone1 0.7975346
## ticket.alone1
## nameMiss
                                    nameMiss 0.5946546
## Cabin.ox1
                                   Cabin.ox1 0.4099931
## Pclass2
                                     Pclass2 0.3610465
boost.model$finalModel$tuneValue$n.trees
## [1] 1750
#predict on training
boost.pred <- predict(boost.model, training,</pre>
                     n.trees=boost.model$finalModel$tuneValue$n.trees)
confusionMatrix(boost.pred, training$Survived)
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
## Prediction 0 1
##
           0 515 60
           1 34 282
##
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.8945
                    95% CI: (0.8724, 0.9139)
##
      No Information Rate: 0.6162
##
##
      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.7737
##
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.009922
##
##
              Sensitivity: 0.9381
##
              Specificity: 0.8246
##
           Pos Pred Value: 0.8957
           Neg Pred Value: 0.8924
##
##
               Prevalence: 0.6162
##
           Detection Rate: 0.5780
##
     Detection Prevalence: 0.6453
##
        Balanced Accuracy: 0.8813
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
#88.78%
acc(boost.pred, training$Survived, training) - max(boost.model$results$Accuracy)
```

## [1] 0.05050555

#### SVM - kernel radial

```
svm.radial <- model("svmRadial", training, control, grid = NULL, tuneLength = 10)</pre>
## Support Vector Machines with Radial Basis Function Kernel
##
## 891 samples
## 13 predictor
    2 classes: '0', '1'
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (10 fold)
## Summary of sample sizes: 802, 802, 803, 802, 802, 801, ...
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
##
            Accuracy
                        Kappa
##
      0.25 0.8316445 0.6388262
      0.50 0.8271626 0.6262958
##
##
      1.00 0.8305209 0.6312962
##
      2.00 0.8271629 0.6252263
##
      4.00 0.8249030 0.6216075
##
      8.00 0.8193227 0.6102745
##
     16.00 0.8114822 0.5940148
##
     32.00 0.8047784 0.5800040
##
     64.00 0.8002466 0.5728743
##
     128.00 0.7958021 0.5639178
##
## Tuning parameter 'sigma' was held constant at a value of 0.0600424
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
## The final values used for the model were sigma = 0.0600424 and C = 0.25.
max(svm.radial$results$Accuracy)
## [1] 0.8316445
#83.16%
varImp(svm.radial)
## ROC curve variable importance
##
##
                     Importance
## Sex
                        100.000
## Fare
                         68.444
                         63.925
## Pclass
## Cabin.ox
                         45.132
## cabin.freq.surv
                         44.666
## deck.surv
                         43.806
## ticket.let.surv
                         42.370
## ticket.alone
                         42.056
                         39.028
## familyGroup
```

```
## Embarked
                         20.071
## surname.freq.surv
                         19.463
## Age
                         1.246
## name
                          0.000
#name and Age
#Grid Search for tuning parameter
svm.grid <- expand.grid(sigma = seq(0.01,0.1, by=0.01),</pre>
                        C = seq(0.01, 2.01, by=0.25))
svm.radial <- model("svmRadial", training %>% subset(select = -c(name, Age)),
                    control,
                    grid = svm.grid)
svm.radial$bestTune
##
      sigma
## 11 0.02 0.26
max(svm.radial$results$Accuracy)
## [1] 0.8102582
#0.8160
#on training
svm.radial.pred <- predict(svm.radial, training)</pre>
confusionMatrix(svm.radial.pred, training$Survived)
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
             Reference
## Prediction 0 1
            0 492 112
            1 57 230
##
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.8103
                    95% CI : (0.783, 0.8356)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.6162
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.5865
##
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 3.269e-05
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.8962
##
               Specificity: 0.6725
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.8146
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.8014
##
                Prevalence: 0.6162
##
            Detection Rate: 0.5522
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.6779
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.7843
##
```

```
## 'Positive' Class : 0
##
#0.8395
acc(svm.radial.pred, training$Survived, training) - max(svm.radial$results$Accuracy)
## [1] 6.727701e-05
#0.0235
```

#### Ensembling models in a dataset

```
#prediction on test
rf.test.pred <- predict(rf.model, testing)</pre>
boost.test.pred <- predict(boost.model, testing)</pre>
svm.radial.pred <- predict(svm.radial, testing)</pre>
ensembled.test <- data.frame(PassengerId = test$PassengerId,</pre>
                              rf = rf.test.pred,
                             boost= boost.test.pred,
                              svm = svm.radial.pred)
#Take average of the predicting value by 3 models : Random Forest / Gradient Boosting / SVM - Radial
ensembled.test$mean <- as.factor(round((as.numeric(ensembled.test$rf) +</pre>
                                           as.numeric(ensembled.test$boost) +
                                           as.numeric(ensembled.test$svm) - 3)/3))
ensembled.test$PassengerId <- as.character(ensembled.test$PassengerId)</pre>
summary(ensembled.test)
## PassengerId
                       rf
                                boost
                                        svm
                                                mean
## Length:418
                       0:258
                                0:260
                                        0:271
                                                0:258
## Class :character
                       1:160
                               1:158
                                        1:147
                                                1:160
## Mode :character
```

### Creating submission

```
## [386] 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 1
## Levels: 0 1
final <- data.frame(PassengerId = test$PassengerId, Survived = final.pred)</pre>
##
   PassengerId Survived
## 1
          892
## 2
          893
                    1
## 3
          894
                    0
## 4
          895
                    0
## 5
          896
                    1
## 6
          897
                    0
\#write.csv(final, "/Users/DavidKwon/Desktop/Practice/Kaggle/Titanic/final.csv", row.names = FALSE)
```

Public Score - The public score is different by seed, but it's about  $78{\sim}79\%$