#### In vitro enzyme reactions

## Hexokinase (HXK, EC 2.7.1.1)

- i)  $GLC^* + ATP \stackrel{HXK}{\Longleftrightarrow} G6P + ADP$
- ii) G6P + NADP  $\stackrel{\text{Glucose 6-phosphate dehydrogenase}}{\longleftarrow}$  6P Gluconolactone + NADPH
- (1,2) D-Glucose: 10 mM; ATP: 1 mM; NADP: 1 mM; G6PDH (EC 1.1.1.49): 1.8 U/mL

#### Phosphoglucose isomerase (PGI, EC 5.3.1.9)

- i)  $G6P^* \stackrel{PGI}{\iff} F6P$
- ii)  $F6P + ATP \stackrel{PFK}{\Longleftrightarrow} FBP + ADP$
- iii)  $FBP \stackrel{ALD}{\Longleftrightarrow} DHAP + G3P$
- iv) DHAP  $\stackrel{\text{TPI}}{\Longleftrightarrow}$  G3P
- v) 2 DHAP + 2 NADH  $\stackrel{\text{(G3PDH, EC 1.1.1.8)}}{\longleftarrow}$  2 GLY3P + 2 NAD+
- (3) G6P: 5 mM; ATP: 1 mM; NADH: 0.15 mM; PFK: not mentioned; ALD: 0.45 U/mL; TPI: 2.5 U/mL; G3PDH: 0.86 U/mL
- (4) G6P: 5 mM; ATP: 1 mM; NADH: 0.15 mM; PFK: 2.5 U/mL; ALD: 0.45 U/mL; TPI: 5.5 U/mL; G3PDH:  $0.94~\mathrm{U/mL}$

Notes: the forward reaction is not included in the papers.

# Phosphofructokinase (PFK, EC 2.7.1.11)

$$F6P^* + ATP^* \stackrel{PFK}{\Longleftrightarrow} F16BP + ADP$$

$$F16BP \stackrel{ALD}{\Longleftrightarrow} DHAP + G3P$$

 $DHAP \stackrel{TPI}{\Longleftrightarrow} G3P$ 

$$2 \text{ DHAP} + 2 \text{ NADH} \stackrel{\text{G3PDH}}{\Longleftrightarrow} 2 \text{ GLY3P} + 2 \text{ NAD}^+$$

Notes: F26BP is also added. It allosterically regulates the activity of PFK

- $(1) \ F6P: \ 0.25 \ mM; \ ATP: \ 0.5 \ mM; \ F26BP: \ 0.1 \ mM; \ NADH: \ 0.15 \ mM; \ ALD \ (EC \ 4.1.2.13): \ 0.45 \ U/mL \ TPI$
- (EC 5.3.1.1): 1.8 U/mL G3PDH (EC 1.1.1.8): 0.6 U/mL
- (2) **F6P: 10 mM;** ATP: 0.5 mM; F26BP: 0.1 mM; NADH: 0.15 mM; ALD: 0.45 U/mL TPI: 1.8 U/mL

G3PDH (EC 1.1.1.8): 0.6 U/mL

# Aldolase (ALD, EC 4.1.2.13)

 $F16BP^* \stackrel{ALD}{\Longleftrightarrow} G3P + DHAP$ 

 $G3P \stackrel{TPI}{\iff} DHAP$ 

 $2 \text{ DHAP} + 2 \text{ NADH} \stackrel{\text{G3PDH}}{\Longleftrightarrow} 2 \text{ GLY3P} + 2 \text{ NAD}^+$ 

(1,2) NADH: 0.15 mM; F16BP: 2 mM; G3PDH: 0.6 U/mL; TPI: 1.8 U/mL

# Triosephosphate isomerase (TPI, EC 5.3.1.1)

 $G3P^* \stackrel{TPI}{\iff} DHAP$ 

 $DHAP + NADH \stackrel{G3PDH}{\Longleftrightarrow} + NAD^+$ 

(1) NADH: 0.15 mM; G3P: 5.8 mM; G3PDH: 8.5 U/mL;

#### Glyceraldehyde 3-Phosphate Dehydrogenase (GAPDH forward direction, EC 1.2.1.12)

 $G3P^* + NAD^+ \stackrel{PGK}{\Longleftrightarrow} 1,3-BPG + NADH$ 

 $1,3\text{-BPG} + ADP \xrightarrow{G3PDH} 3PGA + ATP$ 

(2) ADP: 10 mM; NAD: 1 mM; G3P: 5.8 mM; PGK: 22.5 U/mL

# Glyceraldehyde 3-Phosphate Dehydrogenase (GAPDH reverse direction, EC 1.2.1.12)

 $3PGA^* + ATP + \stackrel{PGK}{\Longleftrightarrow} 1,3-BPG + ADP$ 

 $1,3-BPG + NADH \stackrel{G3PDH}{\Longleftrightarrow} G3P + NAD^+$ 

(1,2) ATP: 1 mM; NADH: 0.15 mM; 3PGA: 5 mM; PGK (EC 2.7.2.3): 22.5 U/mL

# Phosphoglycerate-mutase (PGM, EC 5.4.2.1)

 $3PGA^* + 2,3-BPG \stackrel{PGM}{\Longleftrightarrow} 2PGA + 2,3-BPG$ 

 $2PGA \stackrel{ENO}{\Longleftrightarrow} PEP$ 

 $PEP + ADP \stackrel{PYK}{\iff} PYR + ATP$ 

 $\mathrm{PYR} + \mathrm{NADH} \stackrel{\mathrm{LDH}}{\Longleftrightarrow} \mathrm{LAC} + \mathrm{NAD}^+$ 

(1,2) ADP: 10 mM; NADH: 0.15 mM; 2,3-BPG: 1.25 mM; 3PGA: 5 mM; ENO: 2 U/mL; PYK: 13 U/mL;

LDH:  $11.3~\mathrm{U/mL}$ 

## Enolase (ENO, EC 4.2.1.11)

 $2PGA^* \stackrel{ENO}{\Longleftrightarrow} PEP$ 

 $PEP + ADP \stackrel{PYK}{\iff} PYR + ATP$ 

 $\mathrm{PYR} + \mathrm{NADH} \stackrel{\mathrm{LDH}}{\Longleftrightarrow} \mathrm{LAC} + \mathrm{NAD}^{+}$ 

(1) ADP: 10 mM; 2PGA: 1 mM; PYK: 9 U/mL; LDH: 13.8 U/mL

Enolase can also be measured by the production rate of PEP (240 nm)

 $2PGA^* \stackrel{ENO}{\iff} PEP + H_2O$ 

(2) 2PGA: 6 mM

Note: use UV-plates

# Pyruvate kinase (EC 2.7.1.40)

 $PEP^* + ADP \stackrel{PYK}{\Longleftrightarrow} PYR + ATP$ 

 $PYR + NADH \stackrel{LDH}{\Longleftrightarrow} LAC + NAD^+$ 

Note: F16BP is used in the assay

(1,2) ADP: 10 mM; NADH: 0.15 mM; F16BP: 1 mM; PEP: 2 mM: LDH: 13.8 U/mL

#### Pyruvate decarboxylase (PDC, EC 4.1.1.1)

 $\mathrm{PYR}^* \stackrel{\mathrm{PDC}}{\Longleftrightarrow} \mathrm{Acetaldehyde} + \mathrm{CO2}$ 

 $Acetaldehyde + NADH \stackrel{ADH}{\Longleftrightarrow} ETHO + NAD^+$ 

Note: TTP is used in the 1st reaction

(1,2) TTP: 0.2 mM; NADH: 0.15 mM; PYR: 50 mM; ADH: 88 U/mL

Phosphoglycerate kinase (PGK, EC 2.7.2.3) and Alcohol dehydrogenase (ADH, EC 1.1.1.10) are just measured in the reverse direction.

\* start chemical

#### References

- (1) M. Bakker *et all*. Measuring enzyme activities under standardized *in vivo*-like conditions for systems biology. The FEBS Journal (2009).
- (2) M. Bakker *et all.* The Use of in vivo-like Enzyme Kinetics in a Computational Model of Yeast Glycolysis. Beilstein-Institut (2010).
- (3) VU protocols

## List of abbreviations

GLC D-Glucose

G6P D-Glucose 6-Phosphate

F6P D-Fructose 6-Phosphate

FBP D-Fructose 1,6-Biphosphate

DHAP Dihydroxyacetone Phosphate

G3P Glyceraldehyde 3-Phosphate

GLY3P Glycerol-3P

1,2-BPG 1,3-Biphosphoglycerate

2,3-BPG 2,3-Biphosphoglycerate

3PGA 3-Phosphoglycerate

2PGA 2-Phosphoglycerate

PEP Phosphoenolpyruvate

PYR Pyruvate

LAC Lactate

ETHO Ethanol

TTP Cocarboxylase