## Exam Simulation Solution

## **Exam Simulation Solution**

Scientific Programming Algolab

Wednesday 21 Dec 2016

## 1) Insertion sort solution

In [2]:

```
import unittest
def insertion sort(A):
                                                      11 11 11
    """ Sorts in-place list A with insertion sort.
    for i in range(1, len(A)):
        temp = A[i]
        i = i
        while j > 0 and A[j-1] > temp:
            A[j] = A[j-1]
            j -= 1
        A[j] = temp
class InsertionSortTest(unittest.TestCase):
    def test_zero_elements(self):
        V = []
        insertion sort(v)
        self.assertEqual(v,[])
    def test return none(self):
        self.assertEquals(None, insertion sort([2]))
    def test_one_element(self):
        v = ["a"]
        insertion sort(v)
        self.assertEqual(v,["a"])
    def test three elements(self):
        v = [1,3,2]
        insertion sort(v)
        self.assertEqual(v,[1,2,3])
    def test two elements(self):
        v = [2,1]
        insertion sort(v)
        self.assertEqual(v,[1,2])
    def test piccinno list(self):
        v = [23, 34, 55, 32, 7777, 98, 3, 2, 1]
        insertion sort(v)
        vcopy = v[:]
        vcopy.sort()
        self.assertEqual(v, vcopy)
```

## 2) Rev and copy Solution

In [3]:

```
import unittest
class Node:
    """ A Node of an UnorderedList. Holds data provided by the user. """
    def init (self,initdata):
        self. data = initdata
        self. next = None
    def get data(self):
        return self. data
    def get next(self):
        return self. next
    def set_data(self,newdata):
        self. data = newdata
    def set next(self,newnext):
        self. next = newnext
class UnorderedList:
        This is a stripped down version of the UnorderedList seen in the lab
    11 11 11
    def init (self):
        self. head = None
    def to python(self):
        "" Returns this UnorderedList as a regular Python list. This method
            is very handy for testing.
        python list = []
        current = self. head
        while (current != None):
            python list.append(current.get data())
            current = current.get next()
        return python_list
    def str (self):
        \overline{\text{current}} = \text{self.\_head}
        strings = []
        while (current != None):
            strings.append(str(current.get data()))
            current = current.get next()
        return "UnorderedList: " + ",".join(strings)
    def add(self,item):
        """ Adds item at the beginning of the list """
        new head = Node(item)
        new_head.set_next(self._head)
```

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selt._nead = new_nead
    def remove(self, item):
        """ Removes first occurrence of item from the list
            If item is not found, raises an Exception.
        current = self. head
        prev = None
        while (current != None):
            if (current.get data() == item):
                if prev == None: # we need to remove the head
                    self. head = current.get next()
                else:
                    prev.set next(current.get next())
                    current = current.get next()
                return # Found, exits the function
            else:
                prev = current
                current = current.get next()
        raise Exception("Tried to remove a non existing item! Item was: " + str(item
))
    def rev(self):
        """ Returns a *new* UnorderedList, which is the reversed version of this one
            Function must run in O(n), and try to make this function as fast as poss
ible,
            without using python lists or extra fields.
            Usage example:
            >>> lst = UnorderedList()
            >>> lst.add('c')
            >>> lst.add('b')
            >>> lst.add('a')
            >>> print lst
                UnorderedList: 'a','b','c'
            >>> print lst.rev()
                UnorderedList: 'c','b','a'
            >>> print lst
                UnorderedList: 'a','b','c'
        11 11 11
        ret = UnorderedList()
        current = self. head
        while current != None:
            ret.add(current.get data())
            current = current.get_next()
        return ret
    def copy(self):
        """ Return a *copy* of this UnorderedList in O(n)
            NOTE: since we are making a copy, the output of this function
            won't contain any Node instance from the original list. Still, new Node
            instances will point to the same data items of the original list
```

```
Example (for more examples look at the tests):
            >>> orig = new UnorderedList()
            >>> orig.add('c')
            >>> orig.add('a')
            >>> print orig
                UnorderedList: 'a','c'
            >>> cp = orig.copy()
            >>> print cp
                UnorderedList: 'a','c'
            >>> cp.remove('c')
            >>> print cp
                UnorderedList: 'a'
            >>> print orig
                UnorderedList: 'a','c'
        # this could be faster and occupy less memory, but it's still O(n) ;-)
        return self.rev().rev()
class UnorderedListTest(unittest.TestCase):
    """ Test cases for UnorderedList
    11 11 11
    def test init(self):
        ul = UnorderedList()
    def test str(self):
        ul = UnorderedList()
        self.assertTrue('UnorderedList' in str(ul))
        ul.add('z')
        self.assertTrue('z' in str(ul))
        ul.add('w')
        self.assertTrue('z' in str(ul))
        self.assertTrue('w' in str(ul))
    def test add(self):
        """ Remember 'add' adds stuff at the beginning of the list ! """
        ul = UnorderedList()
        self.assertEquals(ul.to python(), [])
        ul.add('b')
        self.assertEquals(ul.to python(), ['b'])
        ul.add('a')
        self.assertEquals(ul.to python(), ['a', 'b'])
    def test remove empty list(self):
        ul = UnorderedList()
        with self.assertRaises(Exception):
            ul.remove('a')
    def test remove one element(self):
        ul = UnorderedList()
        ul.add('a')
        with self.assertRaises(Exception):
            ul.remove('b')
        ul.remove('a')
        self.assertEquals(ul.to python(), [])
    def test remove two element(self):
        ul = UnorderedList()
        ....
```

```
ur.aaa(.b.)
    ul.add('a')
   with self.assertRaises(Exception):
        ul.remove('c')
    ul.remove('b')
    self.assertEquals(ul.to python(), ['a'])
    ul.remove('a')
    self.assertEquals(ul.to python(), [])
def test remove first occurrence(self):
    ul = UnorderedList()
    ul.add('b')
    ul.add('b')
   with self.assertRaises(Exception):
        ul.remove('c')
    ul.remove('b')
    self.assertEquals(ul.to python(), ['b'])
    ul.remove('b')
    self.assertEquals(ul.to python(), [])
def test rev empty(self):
    ul = UnorderedList()
    self.assertEquals([], ul.to python())
    self.assertEquals([], ul.rev().to python())
def test rev one(self):
    ul = UnorderedList()
    ul.add('a')
    self.assertEquals(['a'], ul.to_python())
    self.assertEquals(['a'], ul.rev().to python())
def test rev three(self):
    ul = UnorderedList()
    ul.add('c')
    ul.add('b')
    ul.add('a')
    self.assertEquals(['a','b','c'], ul.to_python())
    self.assertEquals(['c', 'b', 'a'], ul.rev().to python())
def test_copy_empty(self):
    orig = UnorderedList()
    cp = orig.copy()
    self.assertEquals([], cp.to python())
    orig.add('a')
    self.assertEquals(['a'], orig.to_python())
    self.assertEquals([], cp.to python())
def test copy one(self):
    orig = UnorderedList()
    orig.add('b')
    cp = orig.copy()
    self.assertEquals(['b'], cp.to_python())
    orig.add('a')
    self.assertEquals(['a', 'b'], orig.to python())
    self.assertEquals(['b'], cp.to_python())
    orig.remove('b')
```

```
sett.assertEquals(['a'], orig.to_pytnon())
          self.assertEquals(['b'], cp.to python())
    def test copy two(self):
          orig = UnorderedList()
          orig.add('c')
         orig.add('b')
          cp = orig.copy()
          self.assertEquals(['b', 'c'], cp.to_python())
         orig.add('a')
          self.assertEquals(['a', 'b', 'c'], orig.to_python())
self.assertEquals(['b','c'], cp.to_python())
          orig.remove('c')
          self.assertEquals(['a', 'b'], orig.to_python())
self.assertEquals(['b','c'], cp.to python())
In [4]:
algolab.run(UnorderedListTest)
Ran 13 tests in 0.022s
0K
```

In [5]: