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In [2]: class Node(object):
            """This class represents a node in a graph."""
            def __init__(self, label: str=None):
                Initialize a new node.
                Args:
                     label: the string identifier for the node
                self.label = label
                self.children = []
            def __lt__(self,other):
                Perform the less than operation (self < other).
                Args:
                    other: the other Node to compare to
                return (self.label < other.label)</pre>
            def __gt__(self,other):
                Perform the greater than operation (self > other).
                    other: the other Node to compare to
                return (self.label > other.label)
            def repr (self):
                """Return a string form of this node."""
                return '{} -> {}'.format(self.label, self.children)
            def add_child(self, node, cost=1):
                Add a child node to this node.
                     node: the node to add to the children
                     cost: the cost of the edge (default 1)
                if type(node) is list:
                     [self.add child(sub node) for sub node in node]
                     return
                edge = Edge(self, node, cost)
                self.children.append(edge)
        class Edge(object):
            """This class represents an edge in a graph."""
            def __init__(self, source: Node, destination: Node, cost: int=1, bidirectional
                Initialize a new edge.
```

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Args:
                     source: the source of the edge
                     destination: the destination of the edge
                     cost: the cost of the edge (default 1)
                     bidirectional: whether source is accessible (default False)
                 self.source = source
                 self.destination = destination
                 self.cost = cost
                 self.bidirectional = bidirectional
             def __repr__(self):
                 """Return a string form of this edge."""
                 return '{}: {}'.format(self.cost, self.destination.label)
In [3]:
         A = Node('A')
        B = Node('B')
        C = Node('C')
        D = Node('D')
         E = Node('E')
         F = Node('F')
        G = Node('G')
        A.add_child([B, C, E])
         B.add_child([A, D, F])
        C.add_child([G, A])
         D.add child(B)
         E.add child([F, A])
         F.add child([E, B])
        G.add child(C)
In [4]: _ = [print(node) for node in [A, B, C, D, E, F, G]]
        A \rightarrow [1: B, 1: C, 1: E]
         B -> [1: A, 1: D, 1: F]
         C \rightarrow [1: G, 1: A]
         D -> [1: B]
         E -> [1: F, 1: A]
         F -> [1: E, 1: B]
        G -> [1: C]
```

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In [5]: | def iddfs(root: Node, goal: str, maximum depth: int=10):
            Return the IDDFS path from the root node to the node with the goal label.
            Args:
                root: the node to start at
                goal: the label of the goal node
                maximum depth: the maximum depth to search
            Returns: a list with the nodes from root to goal
            Raises: value error if the goal isn't in the graph
            for depth in range(0, maximum depth):
                result = dls([root], goal, depth)
                if result is None:
                     continue
                return result
            raise ValueError('goal not in graph with depth {}'.format(maximum depth))
        def _dls(path: list, goal: str, depth: int):
            Return the depth limited search path from a subpath to the goal.
            Args:
                path: the current path of Nodes being taken
                goal: the label of the goal node
                depth: the depth in the graph to search
            Returns: the path if it exists, none otherwise
            current = path[-1]
            if current.label == goal:
                return path
            if depth <= 0:</pre>
                return None
            for edge in current.children:
                new path = list(path)
                new path.append(edge.destination)
                result = _dls(new_path, goal, depth - 1)
                if result is not None:
                     return result
```

In []: