Exercise 31

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 M_2 pushes a \$ and i a's when run on imput string $a^i\{a, b, c\}^{(n-i)}$ of length n. i can be as great as but not greater than n, meaning the maximum stack depth on all inputs of length n is n+1 and, therefore, the space complexity of M_2 is $\Theta(n)$.

The space complexity of a pushdown automaton is always less than or equal to the time complexity of that pushdown automaton because no transition can increase the stack length by more than 1. Therefore, the time complexity of M_2 is $\Omega(n)$.

Each transition in M_2 which is part of a cycle on the state graph and may therefore be performed more than once either consumes a charachter from the input or a charachter from the stack. Once a charachter is removed from the stack, no more charachters are added to it, so the number of transitions that do not consume charachters from the input is at most a constant plus the maximum stack size which is O(n). The number of transitions which do consume a charachter from the input is O(n). The total number of transitions is the sum of these two, which is still O(n).

Because the time complexity of M_2 is $\Omega(n)$ and O(n), the time complexity of M_2 is $\Theta(n)$.