Data Exploration and Visualization with R *

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Short Course on R and Data Mining University of Canberra

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Outline

Introduction

Have a Look at Data

Explore Individual Variables

Explore Multiple Variables

More Explorations

Save Charts to Files

Further Readings and Online Resources

Data Exploration and Visualization with R

Data Exploration and Visualization

- Summary and stats
- Various charts like pie charts and histograms
- Exploration of multiple variables
- Level plot, contour plot and 3D plot
- Saving charts into files

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Size and Structure of Data

```
dim(iris)
## [1] 150 5
names(iris)
## [1] "Sepal.Length" "Sepal.Width" "Petal.Length" "Petal.Wid...
## [5] "Species"
str(iris)
  'data.frame': 150 obs. of 5 variables:
   $ Sepal.Length: num 5.1 4.9 4.7 4.6 5 5.4 4.6 5 4.4 4.9 ...
##
## $ Sepal.Width : num 3.5 3 3.2 3.1 3.6 3.9 3.4 3.4 2.9 3.1...
## $ Petal.Length: num 1.4 1.4 1.3 1.5 1.4 1.7 1.4 1.5 1.4 1...
## $ Petal.Width : num 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.2 0...
## $ Species : Factor w/ 3 levels "setosa", "versicolor",....
```

Attributes of Data

```
attributes(iris)
##
   $names
   [1] "Sepal.Length" "Sepal.Width" "Petal.Length" "Petal.Wid...
   [5] "Species"
##
##
   $row.names
     [1]
                     3
                              5
                                   6
                                       7
##
                         4
                                            8
                                                9
                                                    10
                                                        11
                                                             12
                                                                  13
##
    [16]
           16
               17
                    18
                         19
                             20
                                  21
                                      22
                                           23
                                               24
                                                    25
                                                        26
                                                             27
                                                                  28
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    Γ317
               32
                    33
                         34
                             35
                                  36
                                      37
##
           31
                                           38
                                               39
                                                    40
                                                        41
                                                             42
                                                                  43
                                                                      . . .
    [46]
               47
                    48
##
           46
                         49
                             50
                                  51
                                      52
                                           53
                                               54
                                                    55
                                                        56
                                                             57
                                                                  58
##
    [61]
           61
               62
                    63
                         64
                             65
                                  66
                                      67
                                           68
                                               69
                                                    70
                                                             72
                                                        71
                                                                  73
##
    [76]
           76
               77
                    78
                         79
                             80
                                  81
                                      82
                                           83
                                               84
                                                    85
                                                        86
                                                             87
                                                                  88
##
    [91]
           91
               92
                    93
                         94
                             95
                                  96
                                      97
                                           98
                                               99
                                                  100
                                                       101 102 103 1...
         106 107 108 109 110
                                111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 1...
         121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 1...
   [136] 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 1...
##
   $class
##
   [1] "data.frame"
```

First Rows of Data

```
iris[1:3, ]
    Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species
##
## 1
           5.1
                   3.5
                               1.4
                                         0.2 setosa
## 2
           4.9
                   3.0
                              1.4
                                       0.2 setosa
                               1.3
           4.7
                   3.2
                                       0.2 setosa
## 3
head(iris, 3)
##
    Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species
          5.1
                   3.5
                             1.4
                                       0.2 setosa
## 1
## 2
           4.9
                  3.0
                             1.4
                                       0.2 setosa
## 3
           4.7
                   3.2
                              1.3
                                       0.2 setosa
tail(iris, 3)
##
     Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Spe...
             6.5
                      3.0
## 148
                                 5.2
                                           2.0 virgi...
                                           2.3 virgi...
## 149
            6.2
                     3.4
                                 5.4
                                           1.8 virgi...
## 150
             5.9
                      3.0
                                 5.1
```

A Single Column

The first 10 values of Sepal.Length

```
iris[1:10, "Sepal.Length"]
## [1] 5.1 4.9 4.7 4.6 5.0 5.4 4.6 5.0 4.4 4.9
iris$Sepal.Length[1:10]
## [1] 5.1 4.9 4.7 4.6 5.0 5.4 4.6 5.0 4.4 4.9
```

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Summary of Data

Function summary()

- ▶ numeric variables: minimum, maximum, mean, median, and the first (25%) and third (75%) quartiles
- categorical variables (factors): frequency of every level

```
summary(iris)
##
    Sepal.Length
                Sepal.Width Petal.Length
                                              Petal.Wid...
   Min. :4.300
                Min.
                        :2.000
                               Min.
                                       :1.000
                                               Min. :0....
##
   1st Qu.:5.100 1st Qu.:2.800
                               1st Qu.:1.600
                                               1st Qu.:0....
##
   Median :5.800 Median :3.000
                               Median :4.350
                                               Median:1....
##
##
   Mean :5.843 Mean :3.057
                               Mean :3.758
                                               Mean :1....
##
   3rd Qu.:6.400 3rd Qu.:3.300
                               3rd Qu.:5.100
                                               3rd Qu.:1....
##
   Max. :7.900
                Max. :4.400
                                Max. :6.900
                                               Max. :2....
         Species
##
##
   setosa
            :50
##
   versicolor:50
##
   virginica:50
##
##
##
```

```
library(Hmisc)
describe(iris[, c(1, 5)]) # check columns 1 & 5
## iris[, c(1, 5)]
##
## 2 Variables 150 Observations
## Sepal.Length
##
    n missing unique Info Mean .05 .10 ...
## 150 0 35 1 5.843 4.600 4.800 5...
## .50 .75 .90 .95
## 5.800 6.400 6.900 7.255
##
## lowest : 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7, highest: 7.3 7.4 7.6 7.7 7.9
## Species
## n missing unique
## 150 0
##
## setosa (50, 33%), versicolor (50, 33%)
## virginica (50, 33%)
  _____
```

Mean, Median, Range and Quartiles

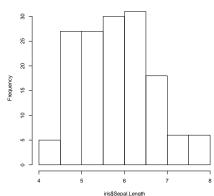
- Mean, median and range: mean(), median(), range()
- Quartiles and percentiles: quantile()

```
range(iris$Sepal.Length)
## [1] 4.3 7.9
quantile(iris$Sepal.Length)
## 0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
## 4.3 5.1 5.8 6.4 7.9
quantile(iris$Sepal.Length, c(0.1, 0.3, 0.65))
## 10% 30% 65%
## 4.80 5.27 6.20
```

Variance and Histogram

```
var(iris$Sepal.Length)
## [1] 0.6856935
hist(iris$Sepal.Length)
```

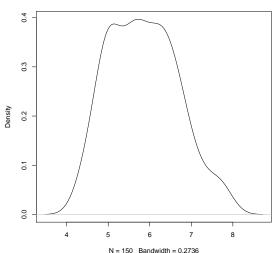




Density

plot(density(iris\$Sepal.Length))

density.default(x = iris\$Sepal.Length)



Pie Chart

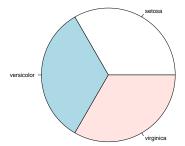
Frequency of factors: table()

```
table(iris$Species)

##

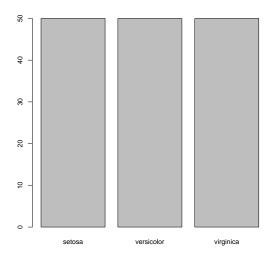
## setosa versicolor virginica
## 50 50 50

pie(table(iris$Species))
```



Bar Chart

barplot(table(iris\$Species))



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Correlation

Covariance and correlation: cov() and cor()

```
cov(iris$Sepal.Length, iris$Petal.Length)
## [1] 1.274315
cor(iris$Sepal.Length, iris$Petal.Length)
## [1] 0.8717538
cov(iris[, 1:4])
##
               Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width
                 0.6856935 -0.0424340 1.2743154 0.5162707
## Sepal.Length
## Sepal.Width -0.0424340 0.1899794 -0.3296564 -0.1216394
## Petal.Length 1.2743154 -0.3296564 3.1162779 1.2956094
## Petal.Width 0.5162707 -0.1216394 1.2956094
                                                   0.5810063
# cor(iris[,1:4])
```

Aggreation

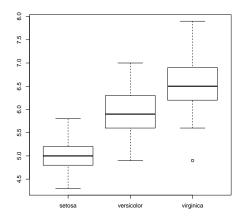
Stats of Sepal.Length for every Species with aggregate()

```
aggregate(Sepal.Length ~ Species, summary, data = iris)
##
        Species Sepal.Length.Min. Sepal.Length.1st Qu.
## 1
         setosa
                             4.300
                                                   4.800
## 2 versicolor
                             4.900
                                                   5.600
                             4.900
## 3
     virginica
                                                   6.225
     Sepal.Length.Median Sepal.Length.Mean Sepal.Length.3rd Qu.
##
                   5.000
                                      5.006
## 1
                                                             5.200
## 2
                    5.900
                                      5.936
                                                             6.300
## 3
                   6.500
                                      6.588
                                                             6.900
##
     Sepal.Length.Max.
## 1
                 5.800
## 2
                 7.000
## 3
                 7.900
```

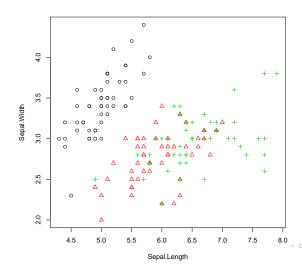
Boxplot

- ▶ The bar in the middle is median.
- ► The box shows the interquartile range (IQR), i.e., range between the 75% and 25% observation.

```
boxplot(Sepal.Length ~ Species, data = iris)
```



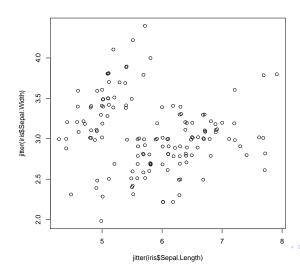
Scatter Plot



Scatter Plot with Jitter

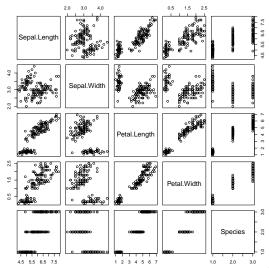
Function jitter(): add a small amount of noise to the data

```
plot(jitter(iris$Sepal.Length), jitter(iris$Sepal.Width))
```



A Matrix of Scatter Plots

pairs(iris)



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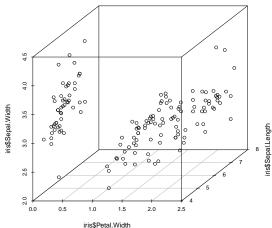
More Explorations

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3D Scatter plot

```
library(scatterplot3d)
scatterplot3d(iris$Petal.Width, iris$Sepal.Length, iris$Sepal.Width)
```



Interactive 3D Scatter Plot

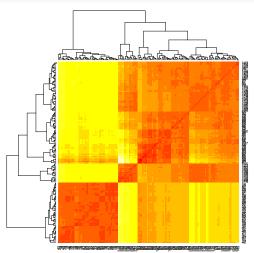
Package rgl supports interactive 3D scatter plot with plot3d().

```
library(rgl)
plot3d(iris$Petal.Width, iris$Sepal.Length, iris$Sepal.Width)
```

Heat Map

Calculate the similarity between different flowers in the iris data with dist() and then plot it with a heat map

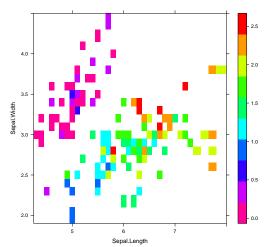
```
dist.matrix <- as.matrix(dist(iris[, 1:4]))
heatmap(dist.matrix)</pre>
```



Level Plot

Function rainbow() creates a vector of contiguous colors.

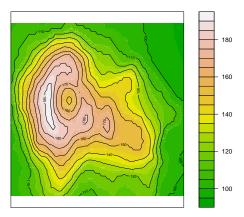
```
library(lattice)
levelplot(Petal.Width ~ Sepal.Length * Sepal.Width, iris, cuts = 9,
      col.regions = rainbow(10)[10:1])
```



Contour

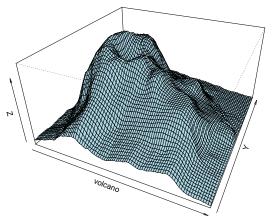
contour() and filled.contour() in package graphics
contourplot() in package lattice

```
filled.contour(volcano, color = terrain.colors, asp = 1, plot.axes = co
  add = T))
```



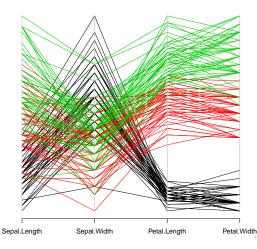
3D Surface

```
persp(volcano, theta = 25, phi = 30, expand = 0.5, col = "lightblue")
```



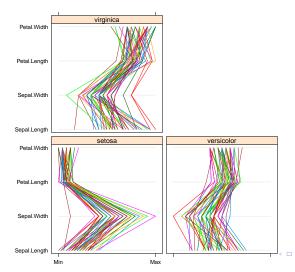
Parallel Coordinates

```
library(MASS)
parcoord(iris[1:4], col = iris$Species)
```



Parallel Coordinates with Package lattice

```
library(lattice)
parallelplot(~iris[1:4] | Species, data = iris)
```



Visualization with Package ggplot2

```
library(ggplot2)
qplot(Sepal.Length, Sepal.Width, data = iris, facets = Species ~ .)
   4.5 -
   4.0 -
   3.5 -
   3.0 -
   2.5 -
   2.0 -
   4.5 -
   4.0 -
 Sepal.Width
   2.5 -
   2.0 -
   4.5 -
   4.0 -
   3.5 -
   3.0 -
   2.5 -
   2.0 -
```

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Save Charts to Files

- Save charts to PDF and PS files: pdf() and postscript()
- BMP, JPEG, PNG and TIFF files: bmp(), jpeg(), png() and tiff()
- Close files (or graphics devices) with graphics.off() or dev.off() after plotting

```
# save as a PDF file
pdf("myPlot.pdf")
x <- 1:50
plot(x, log(x))
graphics.off()
# Save as a postscript file
postscript("myPlot2.ps")
x <- -20:20
plot(x, x^2)
graphics.off()</pre>
```

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Further Readings

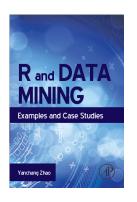
- Examples of ggplot2 plotting: http://had.co.nz/ggplot2/
- Package iplots: interactive scatter plot, histogram, bar plot, and parallel coordinates plot (iplots) http://stats.math.uni-augsburg.de/iplots/
- Package googleVis: interactive charts with the Google Visualisation API http://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/googleVis/vignettes/ googleVis_examples.html
- Package ggvis: interactive grammar of graphics http://ggvis.rstudio.com/
- Package rCharts: interactive javascript visualizations from R http://rcharts.io/

Online Resources

- ► Chapter 3: Data Exploration, in book *R* and Data Mining: Examples and Case Studies

 http://www.rdatamining.com/docs/RDataMining.pdf
- R Reference Card for Data Mining http://www.rdatamining.com/docs/R-refcard-data-mining.pdf
- Free online courses and documents http://www.rdatamining.com/resources/
- ► RDataMining Group on LinkedIn (22,000+ members)
 http://group.rdatamining.com
- Twitter (2,700+ followers)@RDataMining

The End





Thanks!

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