

Statistics Project 2

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```
sheet = read_excel("GDP.xlsx")
attach(sheet)
#Country, GDP, LEB, NLLEB, NLGDP
```

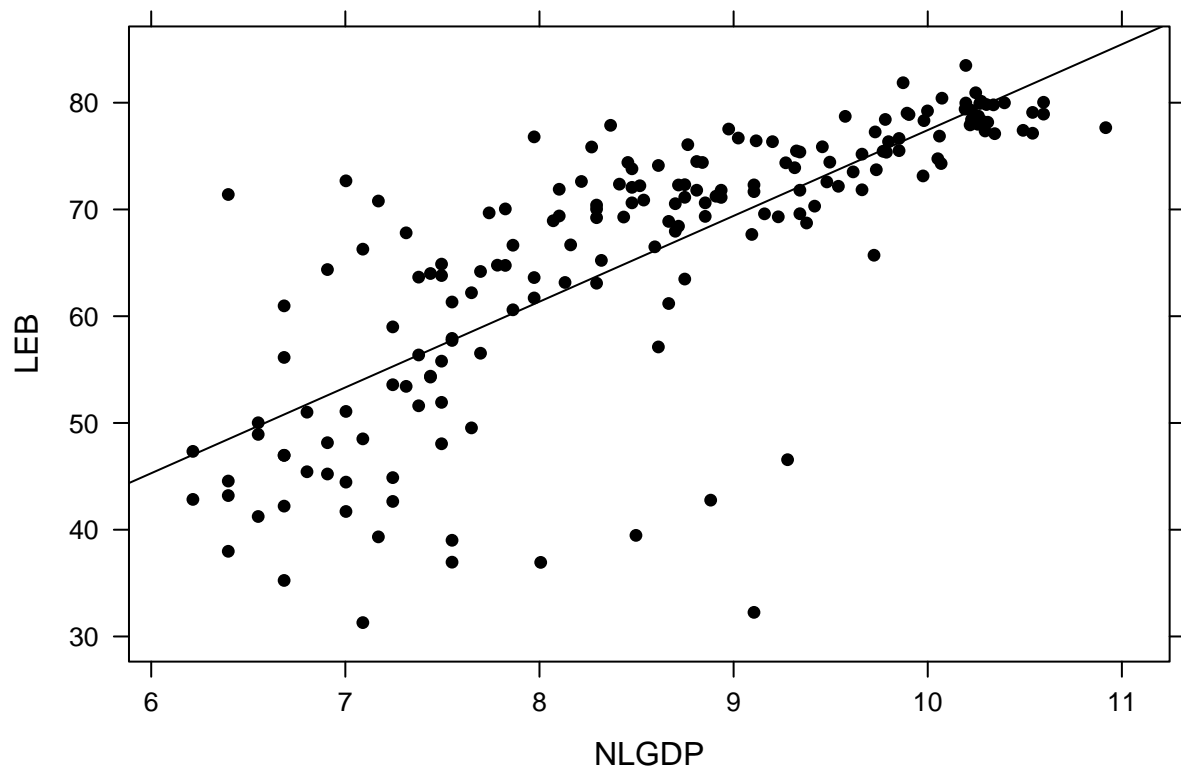
Introduction

We are investigating the relationship between Life Expectancy of a country based upon its GDP. The data we are using was collected in 2003 from the CIA Factbook; the data is across 180 countries. The investigation is looking to see if there is a positive correlation between life expectancy (LEB) and a country's GDP (NLGDP); using GDP as a predictor. In order to normalize the data, we use the natural log of the GDP. The data considers a country's life expectancy at birth and the GDP per capita (PPP). The data was collected from official reports that each nation compiles. We found the data from *Index Mundi*, who pulled from the CIA Factbook. The data is a sample of the world's countries, and is an observational study.

$H_0 : \rho = 0$ vs $H_a : \rho \neq 0$

Summary & Visualization

```
favs = favstats(LEB ~ NLGDP)
anova.b = anova(lm(LEB ~ NLGDP))
xyplot(LEB ~ NLGDP, type = c("p", "r"), pch=16, col="black")
```



The scatter plot shows that there are a few outliers which will influence the overall model. The outliers will impact the regression which we use to model and predict, based upon the data. There is a slight departure from linearity, a subtle curve in the data, but still increasing overall. The data does possess changing variability, a fanning trend, wide to narrow from left to right. There appears to be a positive linear association between the two quantitative variables, $LEB \sim NLGDP$.

#five number summary

```
sum.sheet = summary(sheet); sum.sheet
```

```
##      Country      GDP      LEB      NLGDP
## Length:180      Min.   : 500   Min.   :31.30   Min.   : 6.215
## Class :character 1st Qu.:1800   1st Qu.:57.87   1st Qu.: 7.496
## Mode  :character Median :5650   Median :70.47   Median : 8.639
##                      Mean  :10051   Mean  :65.95   Mean   : 8.571
##                      3rd Qu.:15700   3rd Qu.:75.86   3rd Qu.: 9.661
##                      Max.   :55100   Max.   :83.49   Max.   :10.917
```

#standard deviation

```
gdp.sd = sd(sheet$GDP); gdp.sd
```

```
## [1] 10757.43
```

```
leb.sd = sd(sheet$LEB); leb.sd
```

```
## [1] 12.75888
```

```
nlgdp.sd = sd(sheet$NLGDP); nlgdp.sd
```

```
## [1] 1.223437
```

The sample size is 180 countries. The means for GDP, Life expectancy at birth, and Natural log of GDP are Mean :10051 , Mean :65.95 , Mean : 8.571 , respectively.

The standard deviation for GDP, Life expectancy, at birth and Natural log of GDP are 1.0757429×10^4 , 12.7588816, 1.2234365 respectively.

Correlation Test

$H_0 : \rho = 0$ vs $H_a : \rho \neq 0$

```
cor = cor.test(NLGDP, LEB)
```

```
cor.p.value = cor$p.value
```

The p-value $\approx 1.1930935 \times 10^{-36}$. As the p-value is very small, we reject the null hypothesis in favor of the alternative hypothesis that there is a non-zero correlation between Life expectancy at birth and the natural log of GDP.

Regression

```
mod = lm(LEB ~ NLGDP)
```

```
y.hat = makeFun(mod); y.hat
```

```
## function (NLGDP, ..., transformation = function (x)
## x)
## return(transformation(predict(model, newdata = data.frame(NLGDP = NLGDP),
## ...)))
## <environment: 0x00000000f1c2000>
## attr(,"coefficients")
## (Intercept)      NLGDP
## -2.920003      8.035419
```

```
mod.precion = predict(mod)
mod.resid = resid(mod); mod.resid
```

##	1	2	3	4	5
##	-4.176979138	0.323020862	-3.922009299	-5.282009299	22.917990701
##	6	7	8	9	10
##	-10.502009299	0.299325350	-0.790674650	-8.480674650	-3.823655383
##	11	12	13	14	15
##	-8.583655383	-3.823655383	5.346344617	10.176344617	-15.543655383
##	16	17	18	19	20
##	-0.730091463	-6.310091463	-4.436707387	-7.366707387	11.783292613
##	21	22	23	24	25
##	-8.892564647	19.327435353	-2.272564647	-11.642564647	-5.541737547
##	26	27	28	29	30
##	-22.751737547	12.228262453	-15.364914267	16.095085733	-12.640402898
##	31	32	33	34	35
##	3.709597102	-1.710402898	-10.410402898	-2.414789551	11.965210449
##	36	37	38	39	40
##	7.296616369	-4.753383631	0.006616369	7.149472112	-2.550527888
##	41	42	43	44	45
##	-2.470527888	-9.259819712	-1.519819712	7.570180288	-5.379819712
##	46	47	48	49	50
##	6.500180288	3.585727494	-20.784272506	0.175727494	-0.014272506
##	51	52	53	54	55
##	-18.734272506	-9.008485063	3.651514937	5.267707105	-2.392292895
##	56	57	58	59	60
##	10.400518553	5.158534205	4.810512361	10.100512361	6.385357485
##	61	62	63	64	65
##	0.335357485	2.477895384	0.567895384	15.657895384	-24.474517799
##	66	67	68	69	70
##	7.006888121	9.709624940	7.209624940	0.739743863	4.026816849
##	71	72	73	74	75
##	9.520289793	12.327275320	6.313836117	5.503836117	6.683836117
##	76	77	78	79	80
##	-0.636163883	1.305420620	13.572709275	7.697400036	4.440790304
##	81	82	83	84	85
##	9.377978927	6.878805956	5.428805956	8.618805956	-25.886878663
##	86	87	88	89	90
##	6.700784113	5.201661699	0.362369876	-9.165073148	7.834926852
##	91	92	93	94	95
##	2.168167136	-5.521832864	0.975753952	3.555753952	5.172934080
##	96	97	98	99	100
##	1.312934080	3.763704524	4.943704524	-3.896295476	8.567159872
##	101	102	103	104	105
##	6.619061041	3.929061041	6.292708140	2.397088601	1.127088601
##	106	107	108	109	110
##	-25.679276208	2.570561545	2.246270997	2.916270997	8.335183658
##	111	112	113	114	115
##	7.098292157	-2.492546057	-37.982328212	2.057671788	1.427671788
##	116	117	118	119	120
##	6.098881720	-1.086781007	5.341814527	-1.938066550	2.812840754
##	121	122	123	124	125
##	-25.072609747	1.982479381	3.480412356	3.238188833	-0.341811167
##	126	127	128	129	130

##	-2.541811167	-3.688922053	-2.442389793	2.797431624	-0.678725412
##	131	132	133	134	135
##	1.049523481	-1.565037829	4.700995543	-0.827026300	0.466474116
##	136	137	138	139	140
##	-2.873525884	-9.499697013	2.002330192	-1.585357896	-0.135691652
##	141	142	143	144	145
##	2.752995783	-0.362274305	0.537943539	0.403490745	-0.736509255
##	146	147	148	149	150
##	5.456080120	2.442086279	2.231327616	-4.099799226	1.042913379
##	151	152	153	154	155
##	1.805470355	-3.101289361	-1.050263341	-3.688650301	2.397373245
##	156	157	158	159	160
##	0.419643530	4.479604545	0.959604545	-1.268308686	0.033251643
##	161	162	163	164	165
##	-0.826748357	-1.115809580	1.510440266	-1.524591420	-0.792736525
##	166	167	168	169	170
##	0.341267295	0.485658635	-1.382002044	-2.458894952	-0.033005724
##	171	172	173	174	175
##	-1.746754549	-0.354271919	-3.106113514	-0.619228474	-3.971784709
##	176	177	178	179	180
##	-2.683834137	-4.633834137	-3.298400633	-2.188400633	-7.141906485

Using the regression model, $\hat{Y} = b_0 + b_1x$.

Teamwork