Pokemon Essentials - Extraction

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1 What this document is about

This document holds information about how to extract Pokemon Essentials game data, which is relevant in project PoGER's goal of proposing an implementation free from RPG Maker XP.

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As a result of the limited scope of PoGER and the limited time and information available to the author, the following documentation isn't complete and may not be accurate.

The information was obtained through the official RPG Maker XP built-in documentation, user content found on the internet (forum posts, videos) and the author's reverse-engineering work.

The following abbreviations may be present:

- RMXP RPG Maker XP
- PE Pokemon Essentials
- RGSS Ruby Game Scripting System

Please note that the author is not a native English speaker.

1.1 Reminder - PoGER and motivations

PoGER is an academic research project, that started as an interest to understand of how Pokemon Essentials (and its derived games) work.

What I rapidly determined was that tools like RMXP and PE weren't adapted to creating a game in a *modern* way, and suffered from their age and design decision, to the point that they were basically abandoned and deprecated. It was clear to me that I should not try to build upon them, but rather bring them up somehow.

I started by identifying shortcomings of the studied software, then moved on to coming up with solutions.

I'm looking into implementing a similar engine that would be decoupled from RPG Maker XP and would run games as programs written in an interpreted domain-specific language I would create.

This document covers the complementary pieces of software that automate the port of Pokemon Essentials. Games based on PE should be able to be ported through the same process, with perhaps a few tweaks.

1.2 Reminder - technical findings

1.2.1 Structure

PE and its derivatives share a common project structure:

0	Root	Contains compiled game files and libraries, plus a few useful programs, some probably made by Pokemon Essentials developers.		
L →	Audio Contains the musical assets of the game, typically MIDI and OGG files.			
L _{>}	Data	Oata Contains the logic of the game and most of its data.		
L ₂	Fonts	Contain fonts used for displaying text.		
L _{>}	Graphics	Contains the graphical assets of the game, typically tile sets, in a well organized folder structure.		
Ļ	(PBS)	(Facultative) Contains human-readable data to be compiled, like items, species, types, dialogue (and translations), etc.		

1.2.2 Data representation

The data that constitutes a PE project is diverse:

Category	Description	Storage
Scripts	Logic of the game, classes, ect	Scripts.rxdata file
Objects	Files containing sets of class instances, grouped per file	dat and rxdata files
Maps	Contain map representation (incl. events), one per file	MapXXX.rxdata
Dialogue	Contain dialogue	TODO

2 Research

In order to decouple PE from its original code base and RGSS, it became obvious that all useful data had to be extracted from the project.

Since Audio, Graphics and Fonts directories contain already-accessible data, they didn't require any extraction efforts.

See section Data representation for categories of data that were identified to need extraction.

2.1 Scripts

What I found:

- Scripts.rxdata is the second largest compiled file of the project, and contains over 120k lines of code.
- The script is unique: it is divided in named sections (that appear in RMXP's editor on the left hand side) that allow to manage its colossal line count.
- Like other compiled files, its content are almost impossible to read outside of RMXP.

I spent quite a lot of time working on a python script able to decrypt rxdata files, and Scripts.rxdata in particular, but didn't have much success, so I tried looking elsewhere.

Trying something else: After some more digging, I found a functional utility that was created for the purpose of editing/extracting the scripts from this file: Gemini Editor.

Here are links to a forum post about it and a github repository.

With it, I was able to extract Pokemon Essentials scripts (see 'PE_scripts' directory).

It proved invaluable to be able to explore/search the whole script base using a more powerful code editor, saving lots of time from my attempts to create my own scripts to export data.

Note that extracting scripts isn't really useful: the objective is to get away from the RMXP-tied original codebase. It's only useful for the purpose of understanding how RMXP/RGSS/PE work and how features are implemented.

2.2 Maps and Events

Maps are essential to games made with RMXP, and a huge portion of the interface is dedicated to them. They contain textures that build the world and events that add elements of behavior to them.

I documented all I could find on maps the events they contain and more in RMPX_doc.

What I found:

- Trying to extract everything from compiled files would require a lot of effort.
- Creating scripts in RMXP that extract data is way easier.
- A solid understanding of the Ruby language and classes involved is mandatory.
- Class declarations can be found in the code and/or in the official documentation with a bit of digging.

Here is a diagram for classes involved in Map/Event/Tileset data extraction.

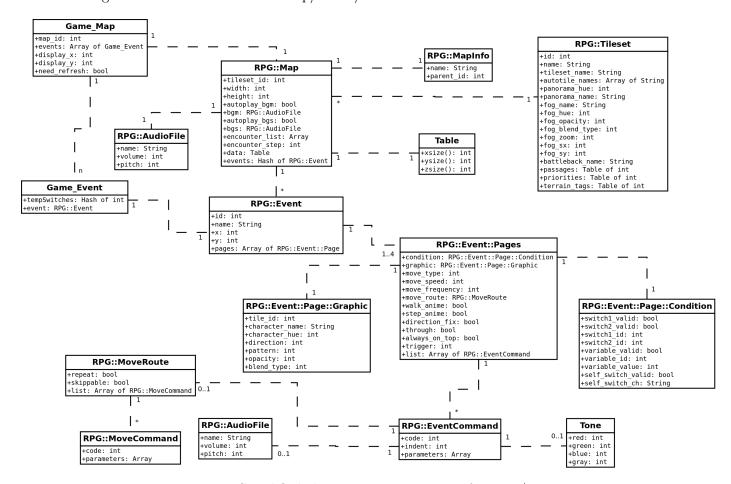


Figure 1: Simplified class map representation for Map/Event

Semantic/Syntax: Linked classes (with arity) display an associative relationship.

Note: There is no inheritance relationship between any two classes represented. Arities are logically deduced and may not be exact depending in proprietary implementation details. Class RPG::AudioFile was duplicated for ease of association routing.

2.3 Dialogue

English dialogue is hard-coded in events, therefore in order to propose alternative languages some trickery is needed.

More research is needed here.

3 Extraction process

Unfortunately, the first steps require the use of RPG Maker XP (version 1.02 tested, other may work also), and therefore Microsoft Windows (XP-10).

It may be possible to run RPG Maker XP on other operating systems using compatibility layers (such as Wine for GNU/Linux), but I didn't try it.

3.1 Obtaining a copy

First things first, a copy of the project to extract is needed. It should have the same structure as described in section 1.2.1. If so, it should be possible to open it and run it using RPG Maker XP.

Read more about obtaining a copy in PoGER.

Notes:

- You need the following files in the root directory:
 - Game.exe: The executable that launches the game.
 - Game.ini: A configuration file.
 - Game.rxproj: Entry point for RMXP.
 - RGSS102E.dll: Contain RGSS dynamic libraries, probably necessary tu run the executable correctly.

Renaming files may be needed.

• For projects with *compressed data* (no Data directory but there is one *.rgssad file at root), you need to use an extraction utility.

I used RGSS Tool:

```
python rgsstool.py -x -d "path\for\output\files" "path\of\rgssad\file"
```

• For projects missing the *.rxproj file, simply create a new empty file and write the following:

```
RPGXP 1.02
```

Save it with UTF-8 encoding and no "new line" character.

3.2 RMXP script

The first step uses RPG Maker XP itself and a handmade script.

Steps:

- 1. Open the project in RPG Maker XP. Then, open the script editor.
- 2. Open Extraction.rb and copy-paste its content to a new page in the script editor.
- 3. Next step is tricky: You need to call the script from somewhere.

Recommended way: Run the game within RPG Maker XP (press F12 or click on the arrow next to the note icon) and play until you can gain control of the character and save. Close the game. Then, create an event close to your character and add a script command with parameter pbSaveAll().

"Fast" way : Find the initial event that runs when the game launches and add to it a script command with parameter pbSaveAll().

4. Now, Launch the game again and trigger the event.

It works for Pokemon essentials but may not work for its derivative works, especially if they changed data representations (unlikely) or if they contain unexpected data (likely).

After running the script, a few new folders should have appeared:

- Maps: Contain 2 files for each map (one for the map itself, the other for its events)
- Tileset: Contain one file per tileset.

3.3 Event processing

Unfortunately, event porting is particularly complex for multiple reasons, including but not limited to:

- The extracted objects are representations of RPG Maker XP's event interface, therefore inherits its structure additionally to useful information.
- The bulk of the behavior is expressed as event commands, which are numerous and need individual attention.
- The goal is to extract semantics into a new domain-specific language.

For this reason, a Python program was written for the purpose of processing the JSON-formatted event files from the previous step into usable files.

4 Remarks

4.1 Contact

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