

## **Setting Up**

```
Mockery mockery = new Mockery();
InterfaceToBeMocked aMock = mockery.NewMock<InterfaceToBeMocked>();
```

# Using Default Expectation (same as AtLeastOnce)

#### **Setting Basic Expectations**

```
Expect.On(aMock)
                                                    Expect.Once.On(aMock)
      .Method( ... )
                                                           .Method( ... )
      .With( ... )
                                                           .With( ... )
                                                           .Will(Return.Value( ... ));
       .Will(Return.Value( ... ));
```

#### **Setting Expectation That Throws Exception**

```
Expect.Once.On(aMock).Will(Throw.Exception( ... ));
```

#### **Setting Expectation On a Getter**

#### **Setting Expectation On a Setter**

```
Expect.Once.On(aMock)
Expect.Once.On(aMock)
       .GetProperty( ... )
                                                          .SetProperty( ... )
       .Will(Return.Value( ... ));
                                                          .To( ... );
```

#### **Setting Expectation On Out Parameters**

```
Expect.Once.On(aMock).Method( ... )
      .With(Is.Anything, Is.Out) // Is.Out -> paramname
      .Will(Return.Value( ... ), Return.OutValue("paramname", value));
```

# **Setting Expectation On Generic Method Type Parameters**

(e.g. aMock.GenericMethod<int, string>();)

```
Expect.Once.On(aMock).Method("GenericMethod",
                                              typeof(int), typeof(string));
```

## Stubs

## **Constraining Order**

Expect can be replaced with Stub which essentially means 'zero or more'. Behavior of the stub will be invoked if called, but the stub will not cause the test to fail.

Mocks by default can be in any order. To constrain the order of a set of expectations, wrap the expectations with a using block.

```
Stub.On(aMock)
                                                    using (mockery.Ordered) {
    .Method( ... )
                                                          Expect.Once.On( ...
    .With( ... )
                                                          Expect.Once.On( ...
    .Will(Return.Value( ... );
```

## **Event Addition / Removal**

## **Fire Events**

```
Fire.Event("eventname")
Expect.Once.On(aMock)
    .EventAdd("eventname");
                                                     .On(aMock)
                                                     .With(sender, eventargs);
Expect.Once.On(aMock)
    .EventRemove("eventname");
```

## **Possible Method Call Expectations**

Expect.Once	Expect.Never	Expect.AtLeastOnce
<pre>Expect.AtLeast(&lt;# times&gt;)</pre>	<pre>Expect.AtMost(&lt;# times&gt;)</pre>	<pre>Expect.Exactly(&lt;# times&gt;)</pre>
<pre>Expect.Between(&lt;# times&gt;, &lt;# times&gt;)</pre>		

## Thread Synchronization - signal an EventWaitHandle

```
Expect.Once.On(aMock).Method(...).Will(Signal.EventWaitHandle(signal));
```

# Verification

# Verification Alternative

Mockery mockery = new Mockery();	using (Mockery mockery = new Mockery())
	{ }
<pre>mockery.VerifyAllExpectationsHaveBeenMet();</pre>	// Dispose calls Verify()

# Add Comments That Are Shown In Error Message

Expect.Once.On(aMock).Method(...).Comment("Comment explaining why this is expected");

