

Edge Agent Guide

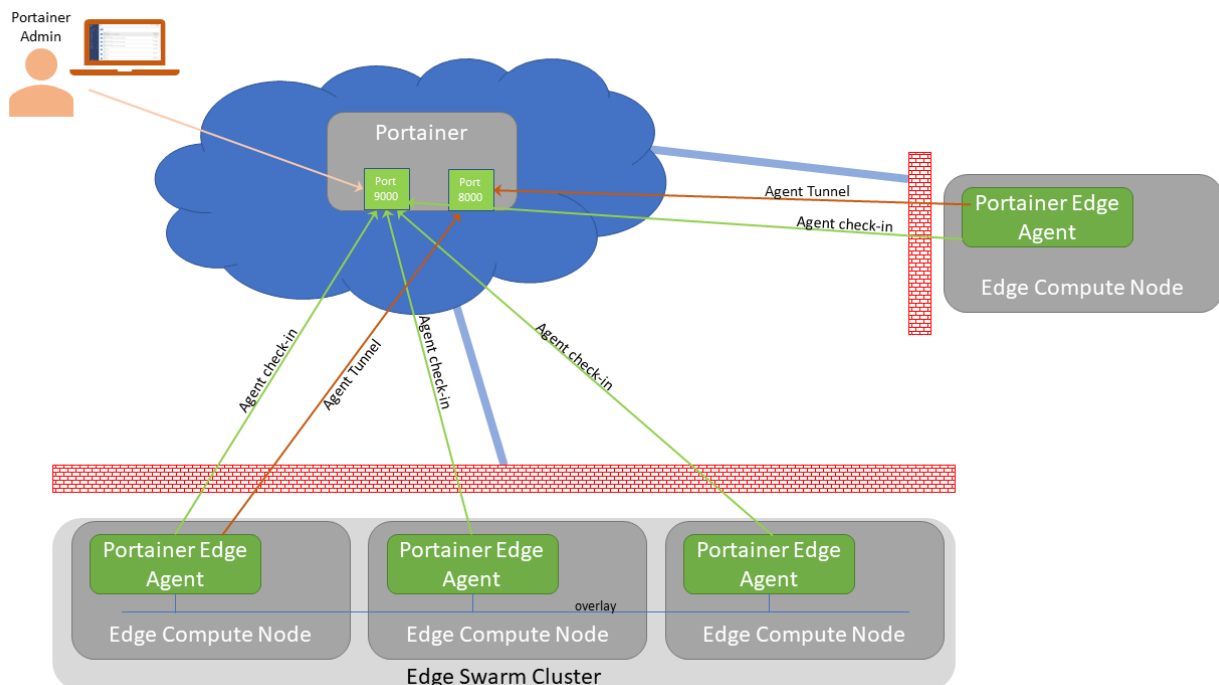
The edge agent was created as a way to manage an edge compute environment where devices typically lack the networking capability to run the traditional Portainer agent.

Introduction to the edge agent

The traditional Portainer agent was built for a standard networking environment with a static IP and port forwarding enabled, such that Portainer can easily connect to an agent. In response to the advanced use cases we are seeing from our users, we re-thought the architecture of the agent.

With the edge agent; the deployment process and the way Portainer and the agent communicate has changed. The agent can now communicate out to the internet and back to Portainer (eliminating the need for a static IP and port forwarding). Some examples where the edge agent can now be used include:

- Behind an internet connection that does not have a fixed public IP, or cannot be port forwarded
- Via a 4G network, with a IP address assigned on the ISP's network and not the internet
- Inside a corporate network with no way to forward a public IP:port to the agent



Overview of the edge agent's architecture (swarm cluster on bottom, standalone right)

Configuring Portainer for the edge agent

Portainer must be updated to version 1.22.0 and have port 8000 exposed (alongside the port used to access the webUI) to use the edge agent. When using an edge agent endpoint, port 8000 is used by an agent to open a tunnel with Portainer.

How to add port 8000 to Portainer running as a standalone container:

To add port 8000 to an existing Portainer container, it must be deleted and redeployed with port 8000 added to the command.

- **Step 1:** Stop your existing Portainer container using the following command (assuming your container is named *portainer*):
`docker container stop portainer`

Note: If you have a different name for your container replace 'portainer' with the name you used.

- **Step 2:** Pull the latest *portainer/portainer* image using the following command:
`docker pull portainer/portainer`

- **Step 3:** Create a new Portainer container using the same command you used to create the previous one with the additional flag `-p 8000:8000`.

For example:

```
docker container run -p 9000:9000 -v  
/var/run/docker.sock:/var/run/docker.sock portainer/portainer
```

Becomes:

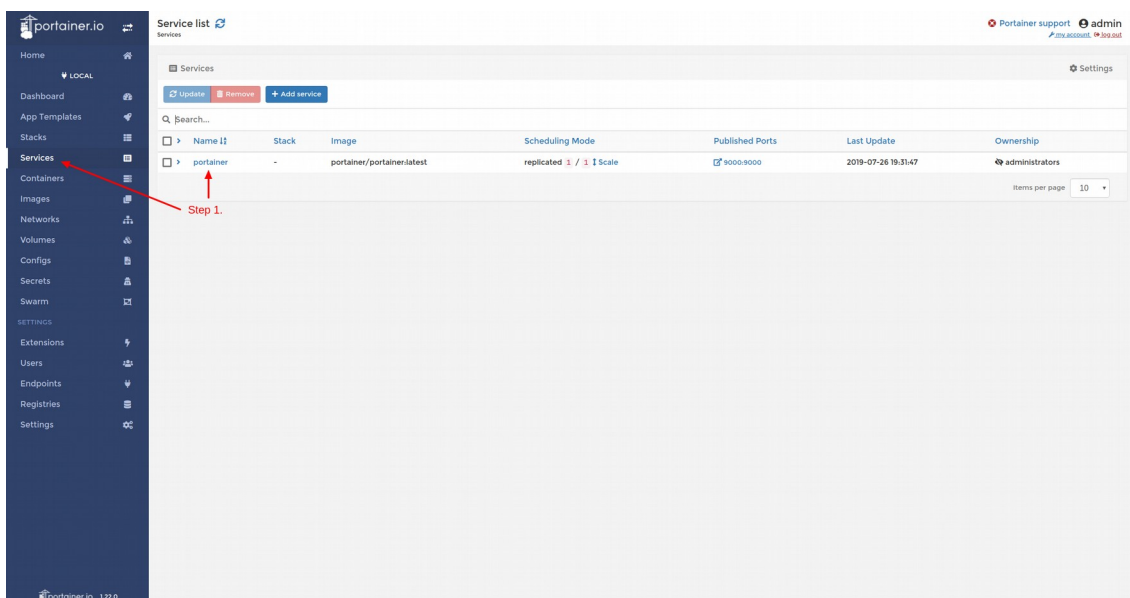
```
docker container run -p 9000:9000 -p 8000:8000 -v  
/var/run/docker.sock:/var/run/docker.sock portainer/portainer
```

How to add port 8000 to a Portainer service via the Portainer UI:

Using the Portainer UI, you can update the image the service is using to the latest version and add port 8000 to this service.

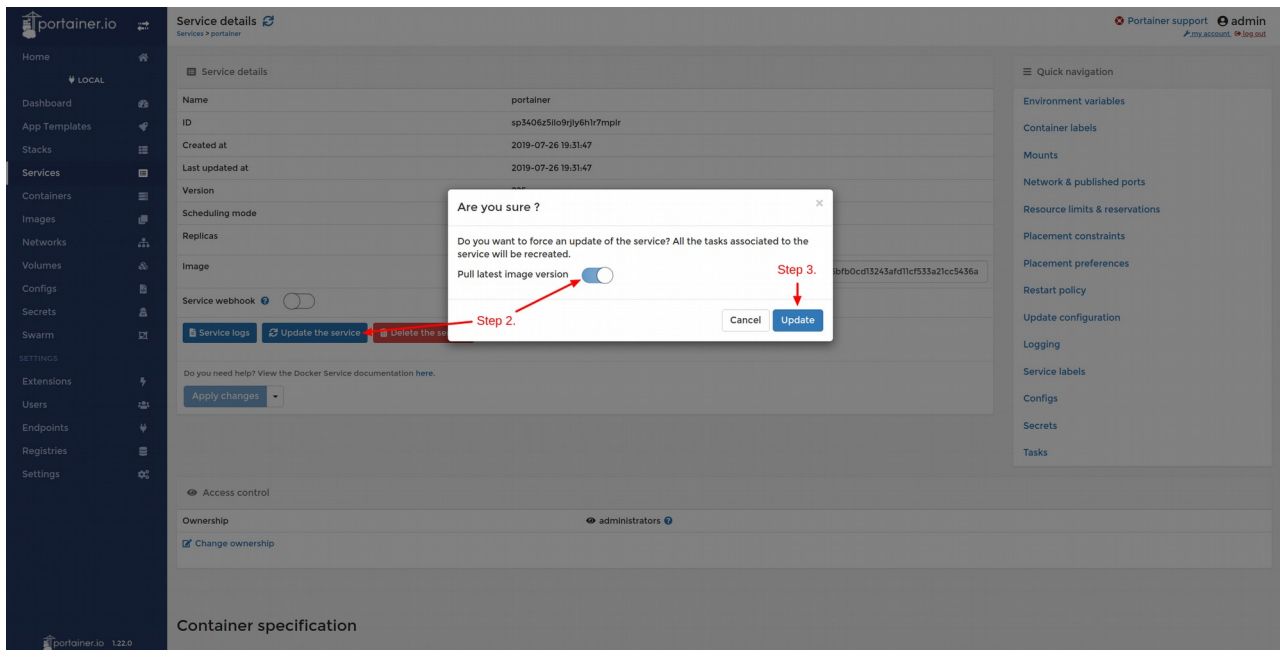
Updating the image:

- **Step 1:** Navigate to the Services view and click on your service.



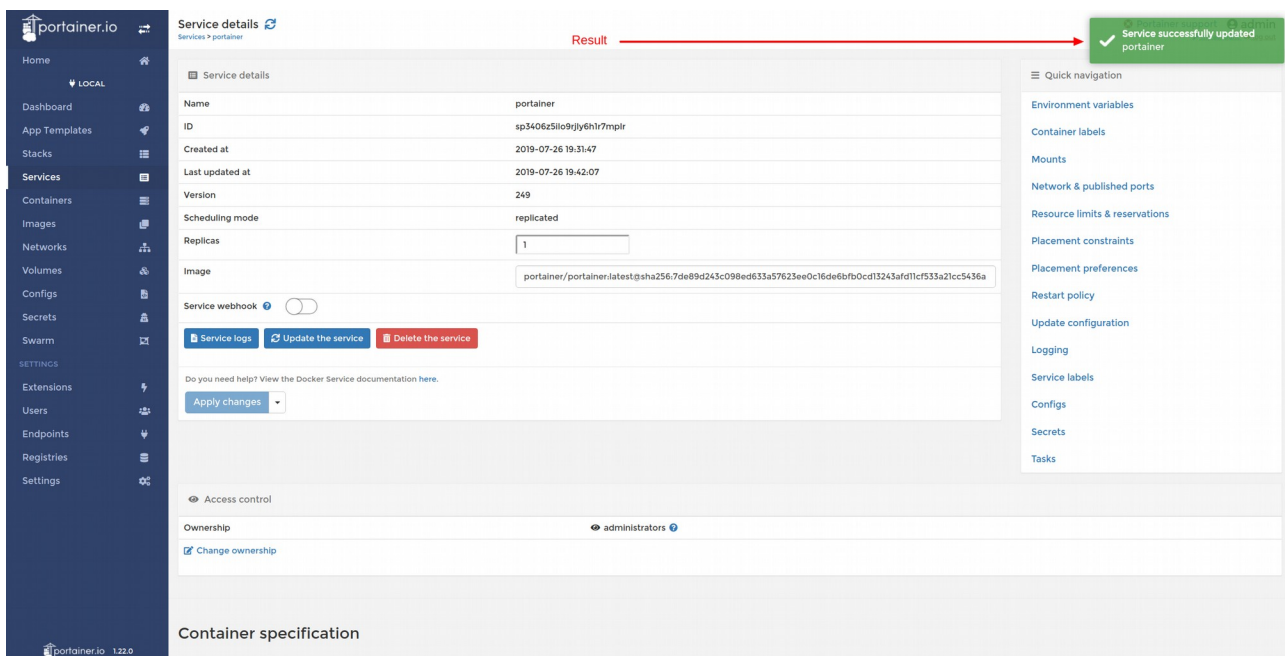
Selecting your Portainer service from the services view

- **Step 2:** Click the *Update the service* button, then click the *Pull latest image version* toggle
- **Step 3:** Click the *Update* button to pull the latest Portainer image.



Choosing to update the service with the latest image version

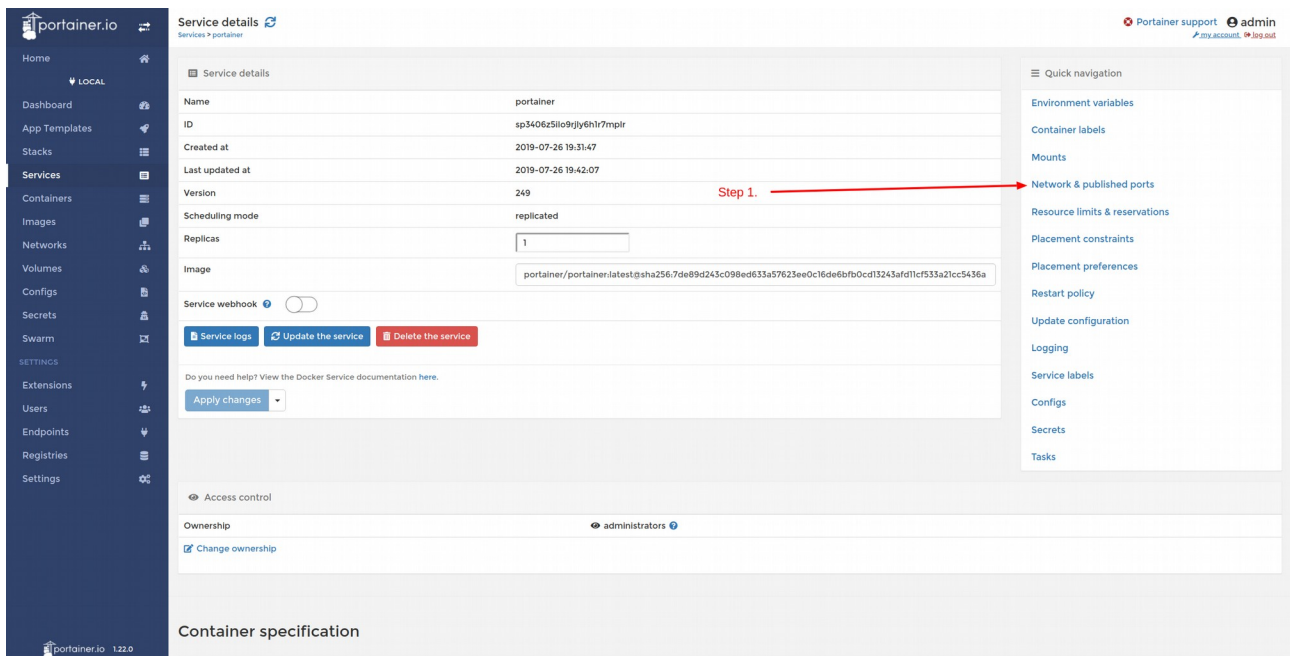
Result: You should see a green notification message appear in the top right of the screen if the service was successfully updated.



Service successfully updated with latest image

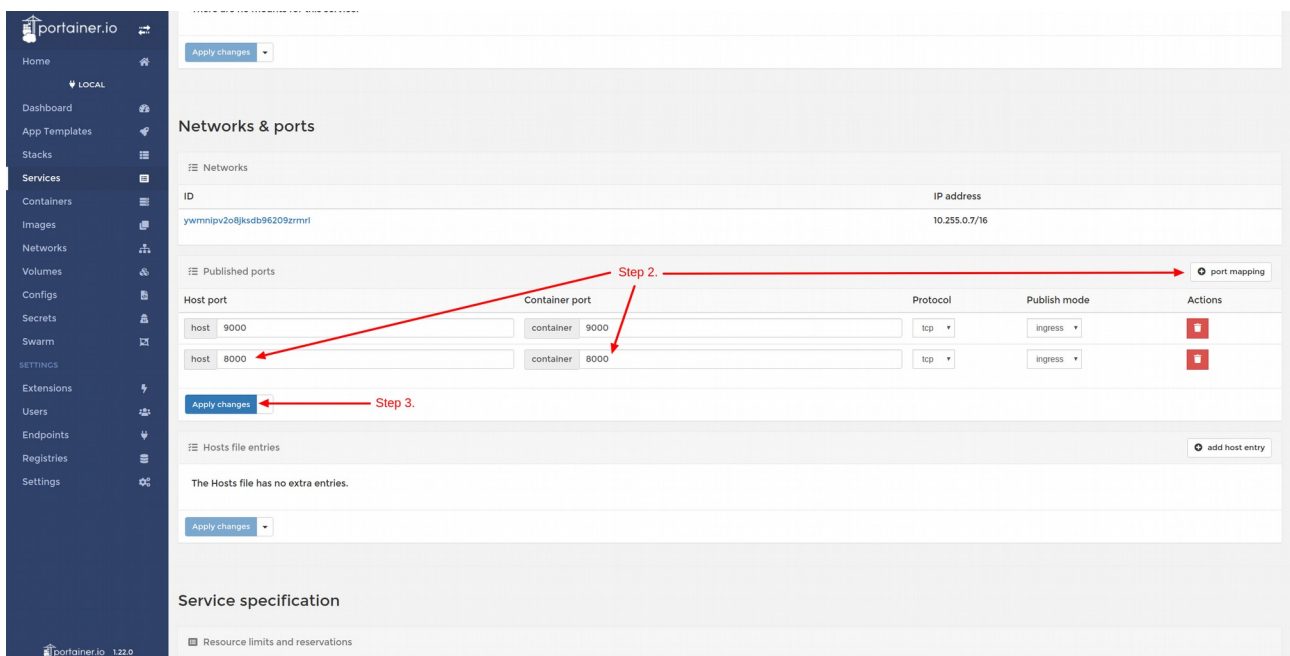
Adding port 8000:

- **Step 1:** From the Services details view of your service, refresh the page then click on the *Network & published ports* section of your sidebar



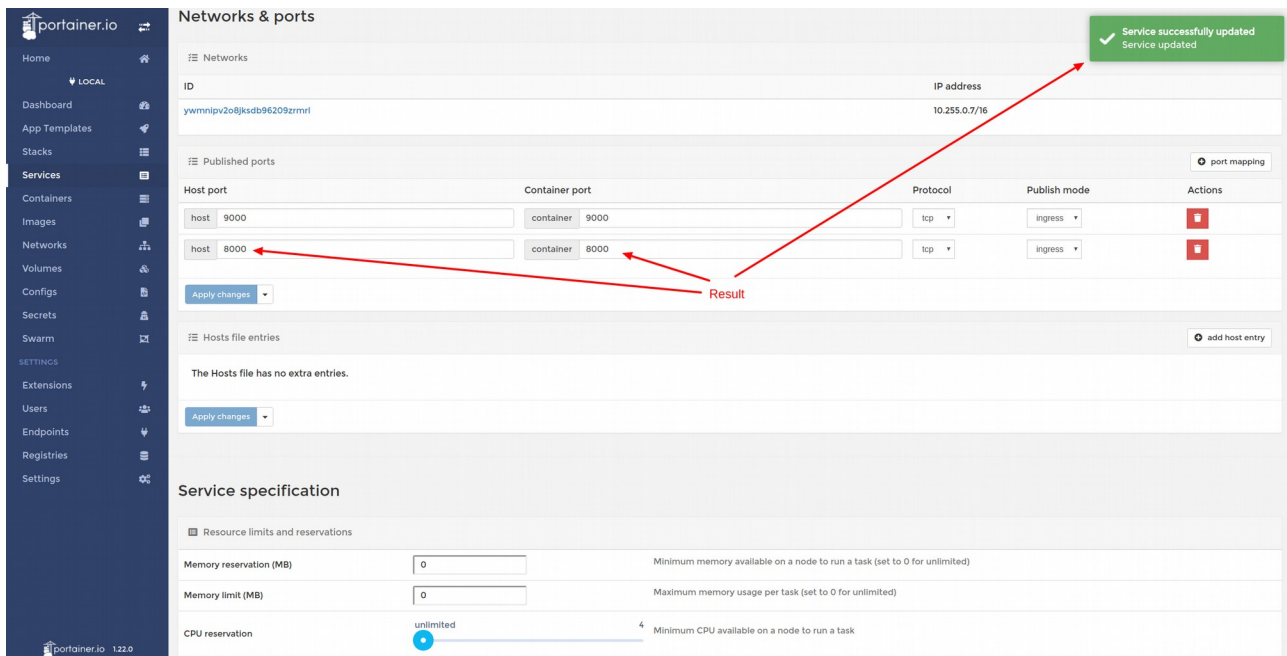
Navigating to the Network & ports section

- **Step 2:** Click on the port mapping button to add a new port entry and fill in 8000 for the host and container ports.
- **Step 3:** Click the *Apply changes* button to apply this port addition to your service.



Applying port 8000 as an additional port to the Portainer service

Result: You should see a green notification message appear in the top right of the screen if the service was successfully updated with port 8000 as an additional port.



Port 8000 successfully applied to the Portainer service

How to add port 8000 to a Portainer service via CLI:

If you deployed Portainer as a service in a Swarm cluster or as part of a stack, you can issue the following command to update the image (assuming your Docker service is called *portainer*):

```
docker service update --publish-add published=8000,target=8000 --image portainer/portainer:latest portainer
```

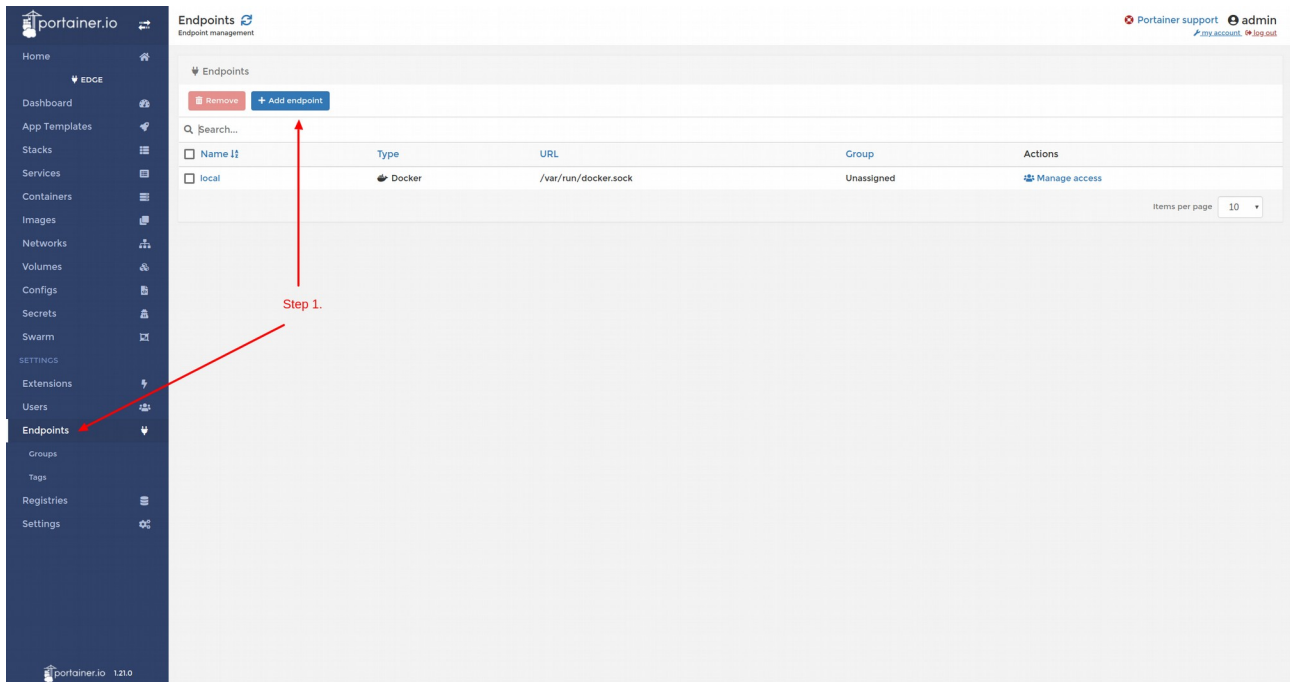
Securing Portainer for use with the agent:

With the introduction of the edge agent, we now recommend to deploy Portainer with TLS. This is to ensure that the Portainer communication with the agent is secured.

- **A less secure way is to use Portainer with self-signed certs:** If you are using a self signed Portainer instance, the edge agent must be deployed with *the flag*: *-e EDGE_INSECURE_POLL=1*. If you do not deploy Portainer with this flag, then the agent will not be able to communicate with Portainer.
- **Portainer over HTTP:** If Portainer is not configured with either of the above options, it will fallback to using HTTP. This is insecure and NOT recommended as Portainer will respond to agent polling over HTTP. This could potentially expose the encrypted tunnel credentials to a malicious actor.

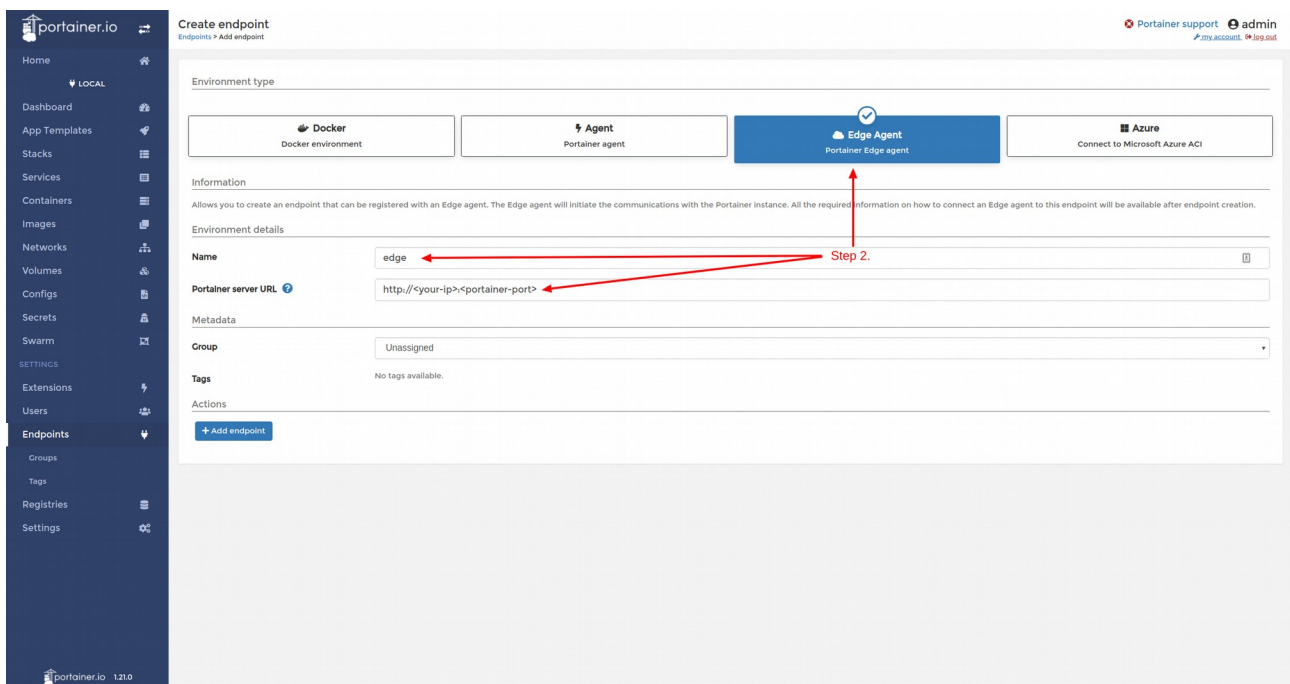
Add an edge agent endpoint

- **Step 1:** Navigate to the Endpoints view and click on the *Add endpoint* button.



Adding a new endpoint from the Endpoints view

- **Step 2:** Click on the *edge agent* tab and enter the name and the URL for your Portainer instance (Used by the agent to connect to Portainer)
Note: Portainer prefills the URL with the domain name of the machine it is on. If it defaults to localhost, set the URL to *http://<your-ip>:<portainer-port>*, (where <portainer-port> is the port you use to access the Portainer UI).



Configuring an edge endpoint with name and <IP:Port> of your Portainer instance

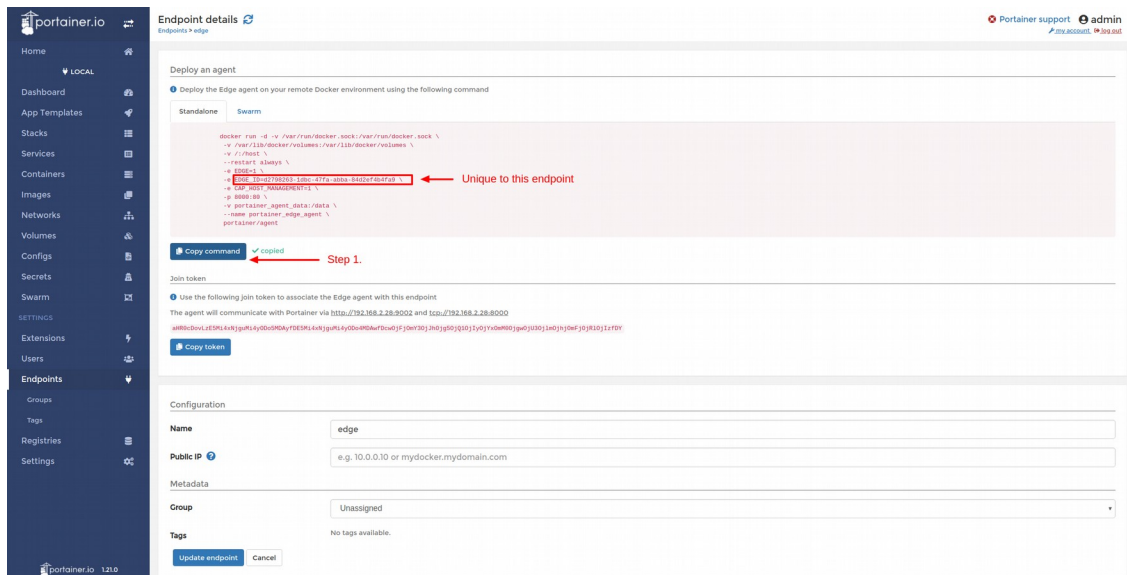
- **Step 3:** Click the *Add endpoint* button

Deploy the edge agent

The next step is to deploy the edge agent on your edge environment. You can do this on a standalone environment or as a service across the nodes in a Docker swarm.

Deploy the edge agent in a standalone environment

- **Step 1:** On the standalone tab, click on the *Copy command* button
Note: This command will contain an `EDGE_ID` that is unique to the endpoint you created, so don't use the one in this example.

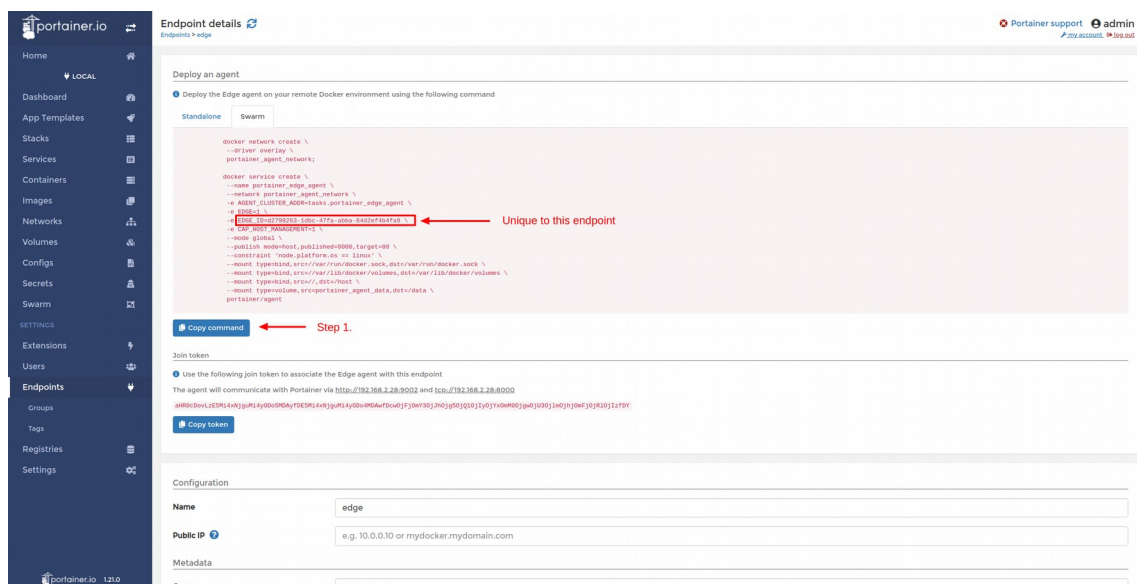


[Click to copy edge agent deployment command for a standalone environment](#)

- **Step 2:** Execute the command on the standalone Docker edge environment.

Deploy the edge agent as a swarm service

- **Step 1:** On the swarm tab, click on the Copy command button.
Note: This command will contain an EDGE_ID that is unique to the endpoint you created, so don't use the one in this example.



Copying the deployment command for a swarm environment

- **Step 2:** Execute the command on a manager node in the edge environment.

Pair the edge agent with Portainer

The final step of setting up the edge agent is to pair it to Portainer using the join token that Portainer provides in the edge endpoint details.

- **Step 1:** In the Endpoint details view of your endpoint, click the *Copy token* button.

The screenshot shows the Portainer.io interface. On the left is a sidebar with navigation links. The main area is titled 'Endpoint details' for an endpoint named 'edge'. It contains a 'Deploy an agent' section with a 'Copy command' button. Below that is a 'Join token' section with a 'Copy token' button, which is highlighted by a red arrow and labeled 'Step 1.'. The 'Join token' is a long alphanumeric string. Below the 'Join token' is a 'Configuration' section with fields for Name (edge), Public IP (10.0.0.10), Metadata, and Group (Unassigned).

Copying the join token from Portainer

Note: If you have navigated off the page, you can click on the unassociated endpoint in the home view and you will be redirected to the endpoint details page. Alternatively you can click on the endpoint in the endpoints view.

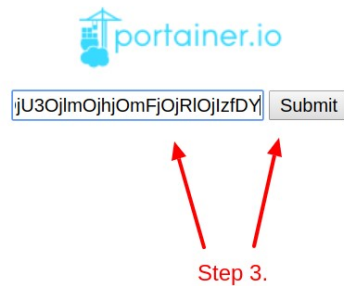
- **Step 2:** Navigate to `<edge-ip>:8000` in a different tab in your browser (replacing `<edge-ip>` with the IP of your edge environment). You should see the Agent Pairing screen with the Portainer.io logo, a textbox and the submit button.

Step 2.

The screenshot shows the Portainer.io Agent Pairing screen. It features the Portainer.io logo at the top, a text input field labeled 'Enter Edge agent key...', and a 'Submit' button.

Edge agent waiting for the join token to be entered

- **Step 3:** Paste the join token in the text box and then click the *Submit* button.



Submitting the join token to pair the edge agent with Portainer

Note: If you do not enter the join token within 15minutes, this page will go offline for security reasons. To get it back, simply restart the edge agent service.

Result: You should now be redirected to <edge-ip>:8000/init and see confirmation text that the agent has successfully been set up. It will now initiate a connection with your Portainer instance.

Agent setup OK. You can close this page.



Agent has successfully saved the token and completed setup

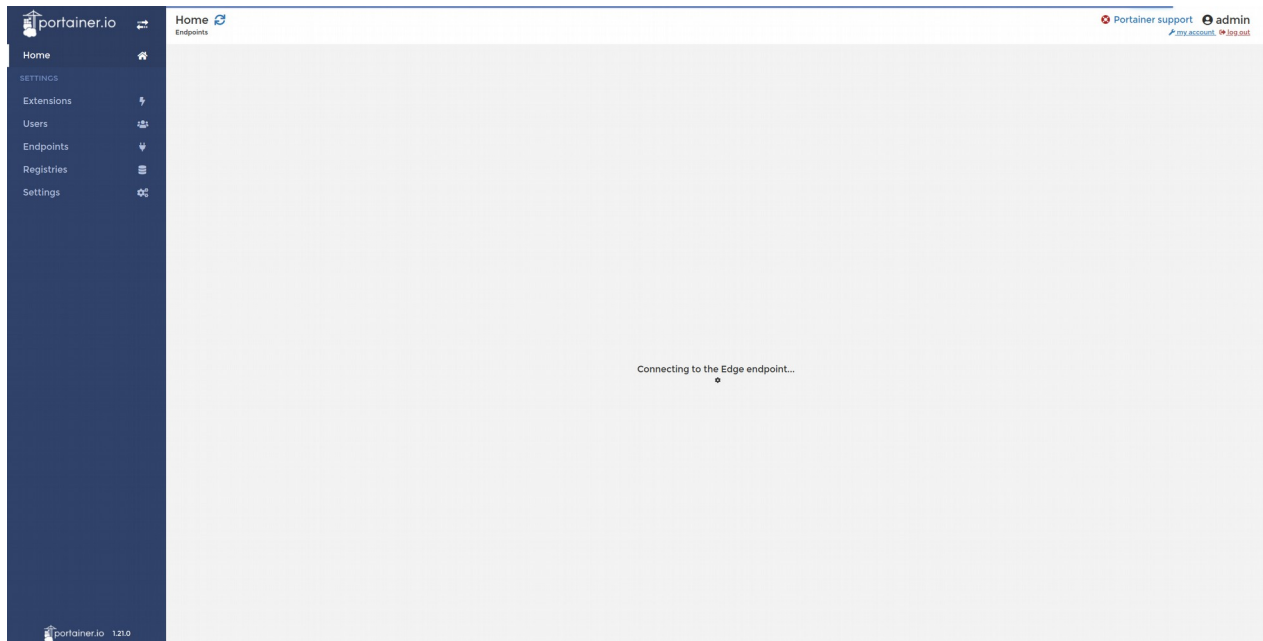
You should now also see in the home view that the agent has been successfully associated with your endpoint.

The screenshot shows the Portainer.io web interface. On the left is a dark blue sidebar with navigation links: Home, LOCAL (Dashboard, App Templates, Stacks, Services, Containers, Images, Networks, Volumes, Configs, Secrets, Swarm), and SETTINGS (Extensions, Users, Endpoints, Registries, Settings). The main content area is titled 'Home Endpoints' and features a 'Refresh' button and a search bar. Below these are two endpoint cards. The first card, 'local', shows system statistics: 0 stacks, 1 service, 6 containers, 2 volumes, and 17 images. The second card, 'edge', is highlighted with a red box and a red arrow pointing to it from the text 'Agent successfully associated'. The 'edge' card shows 'No snapshot available' and 'No tags'. Both cards indicate they are 'Group: Unassigned'. The bottom right corner shows 'Items per page' set to 10.

The agent was successfully associated to the edge endpoint

Using the Agent endpoint

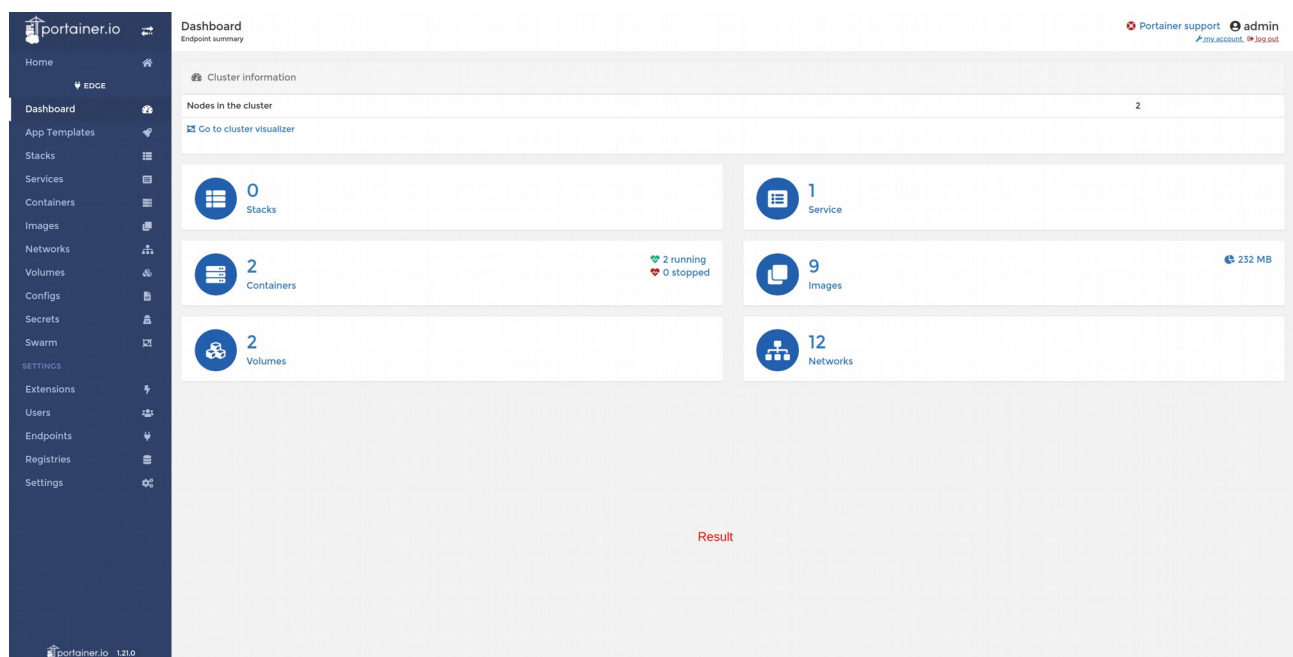
Once you have successfully associated the edge agent to Portainer, you can click on the endpoint to initiate the connection to the edge environment.



Connecting to the edge environment

Note: Depending on the edge agent poll frequency applied in the Portainer settings, this can take between 10 seconds to a minute (refer to the next section for more info on why).

Result: You should now be redirected to the dashboard view for the edge endpoint once the connection is established. You can now manage the endpoint as you would for any other endpoint.



Successfully connected to the edge endpoint

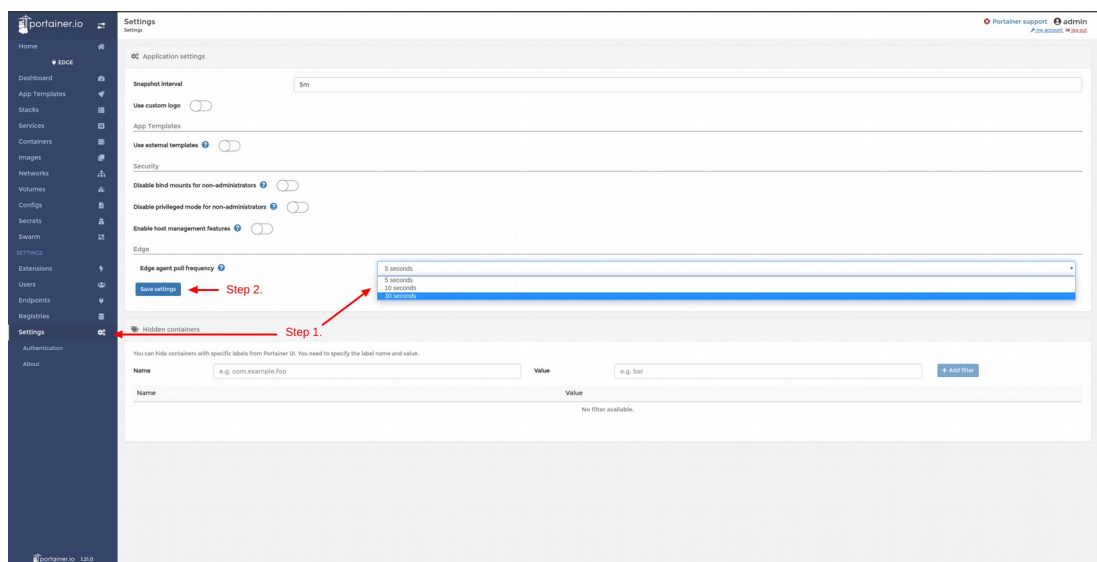
The edge agent poll frequency

The edge agent has something called a poll frequency, this determines how often the edge agent checks-in with Portainer. In a check-in, the edge agent will check to see if it is needed or for changes to endpoint config. The poll frequency will also affect the time it takes to connect to the agent endpoint at the start of a management session.

The connection time will take twice as long as the poll frequency that you have set i.e if it is set to 30seconds Portainer will have to wait 1 minute for the tunnel to be established.

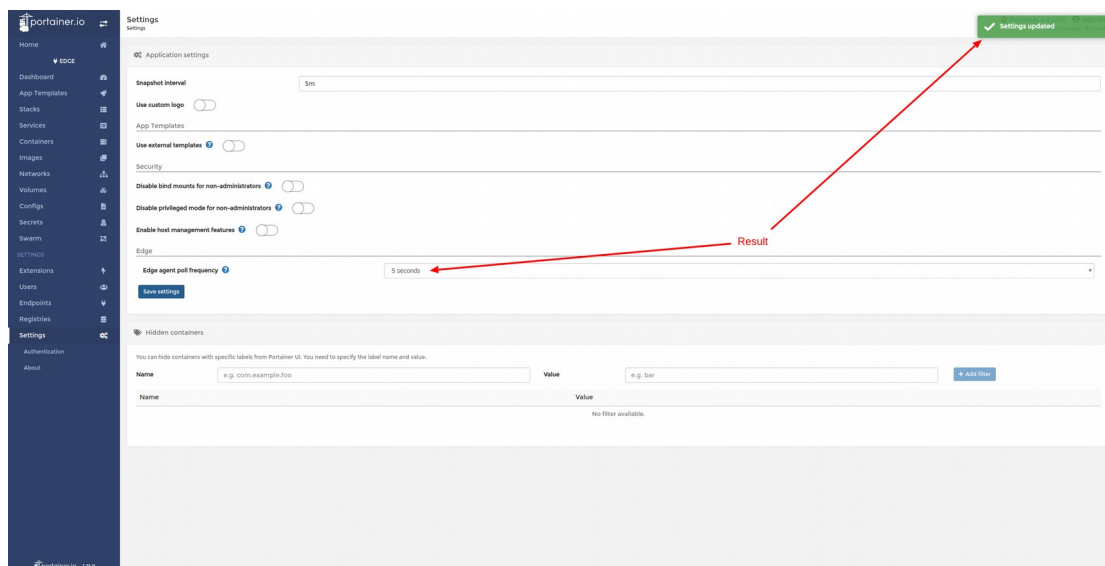
How to change the edge agent poll frequency

- **Step 1:** Navigate to the settings view, then select a poll frequency from the *Edge agent poll frequency* drop-down (default is 5 seconds)
- **Step 2:** Click the *Save settings* button to apply.



Configuring the edge agent poll frequency

Result: You should see the page refresh and a green notification message appear in the top right of the screen if *Edge agent poll frequency* was successfully updated. You should now also see that the option you selected has been saved after the page refreshed.



Edge agent poll frequency successfully updated