# How to use the python coulter counter fitting script

Updated 24/08/2022

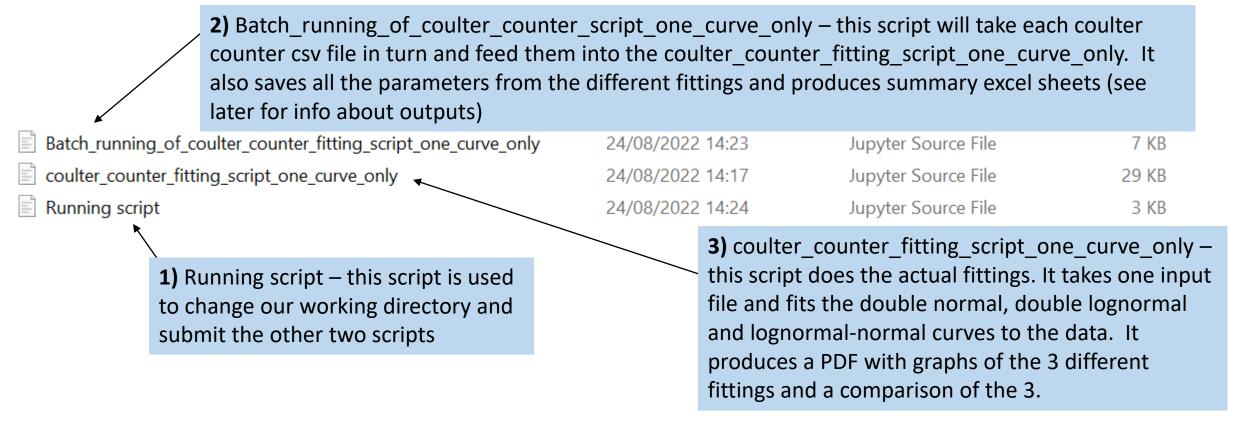
Based on script from Rose McNelly

#### What does the script do?

- The script fits 2 different models to unimodal coulter counter traces:
- 1) A normal curve
- 2) A lognormal curve

• It compares the different fittings using parameter uncertainties and a standard error of regression test. It produces estimates of granule diameter and for each model.

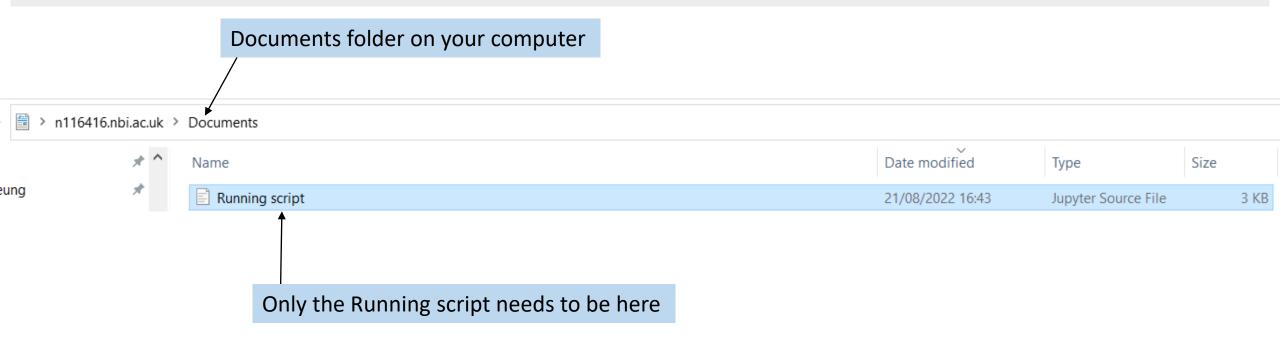
#### What are the scripts?



Why can't we just use the coulter\_counter\_fitting\_script by itself? Technically we could but in order to get excel sheets with all the parameters in we need to use script 2 (batch\_running\_of\_coulter\_counter\_script\_one\_curve\_only). It also means that if we have multiple coulter counter files to analyse at once we only need to submit the script once and not for every input file. The running script also makes it easier so that we can tell the computer where are input files are (so that we don't have to copy them into our Jupyter lab directory – see later for info about Jupyter lab).

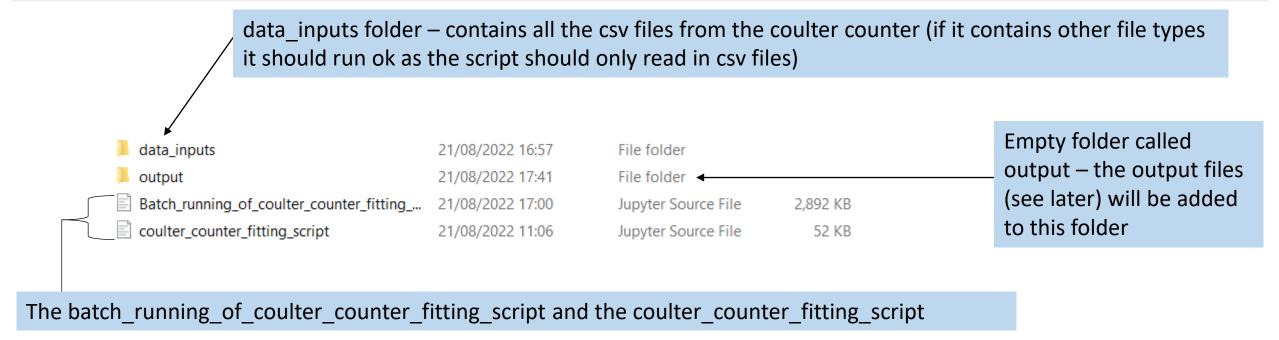
## How should my data be organised?

I always place the Running script (only this has to be here) in my Documents folder as this is easy to navigate to using Jupyter notebook (see later)



## How should my data be organised?

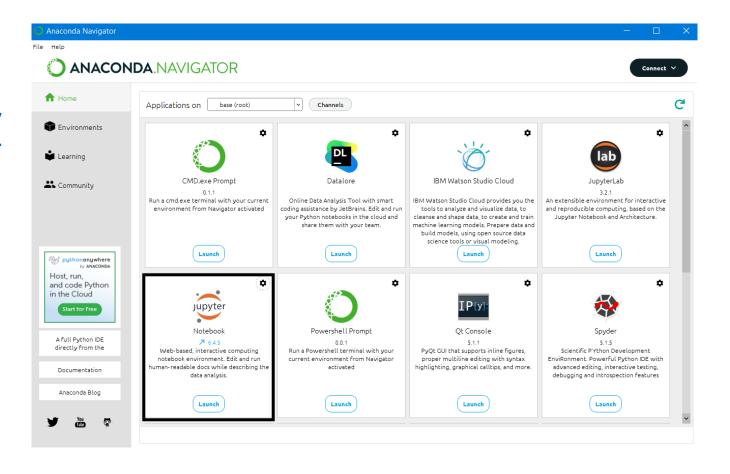
Everything else can be in a different folder, this can be anywhere and doesn't have to be within your Documents folder, but if you want it in your Documents folder this is fine too. It should be organised as shown here:



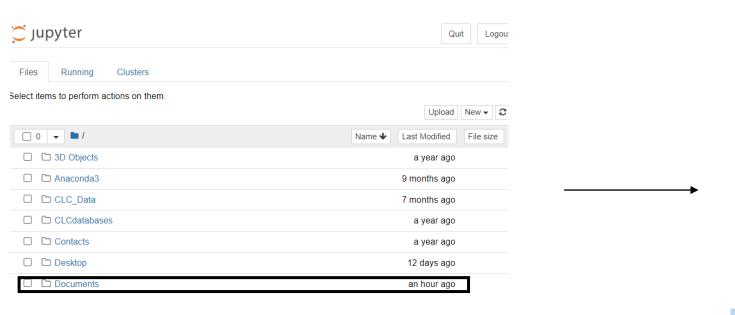
The folder which is organised like this is you working directory, take note of the name of this folder and where it is (the full path) as you'll need it

1) Download Anaconda Navigator

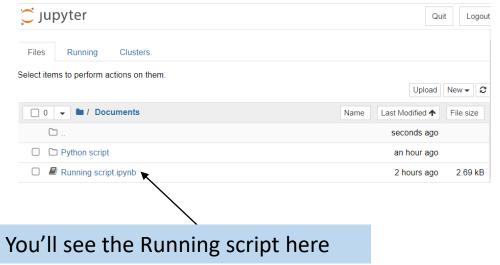
(<a href="https://docs.anaconda.com/">https://docs.anaconda.com/</a> anaconda/install/) and open Jupyter Notebook (this will open in an internet browser)

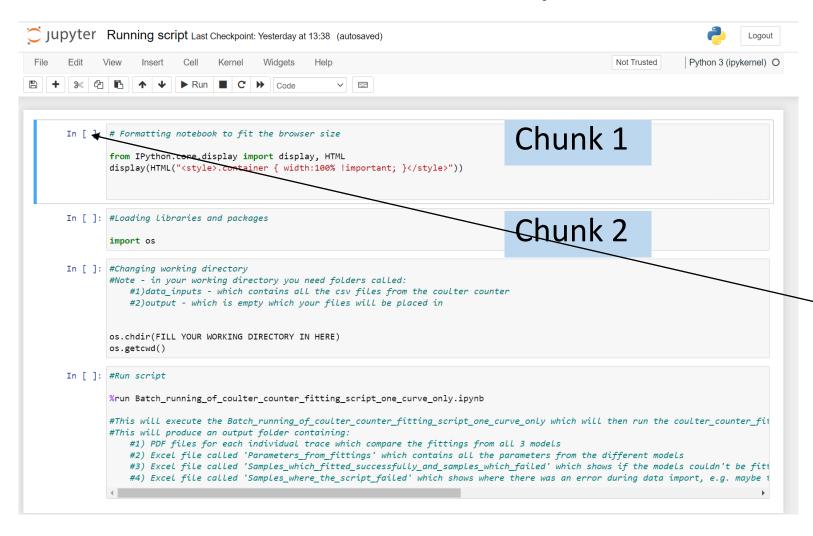


2) Navigate to your Documents folder



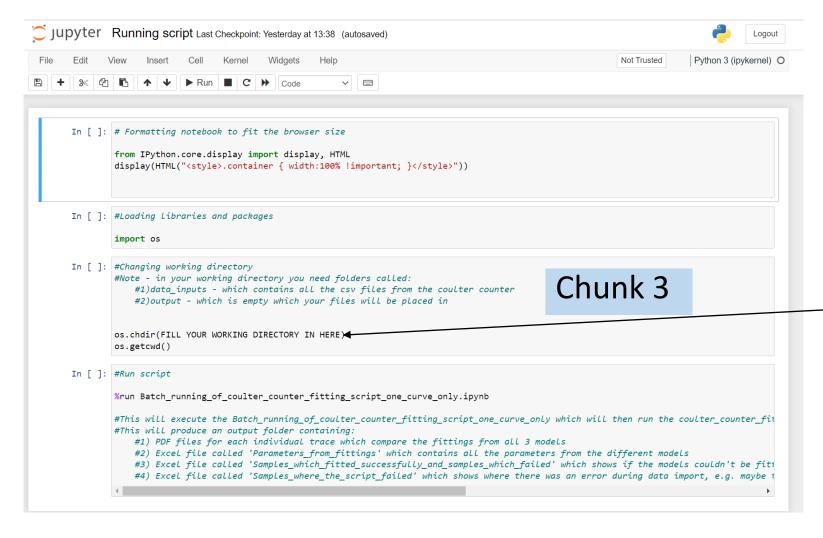
3) Open the Running script





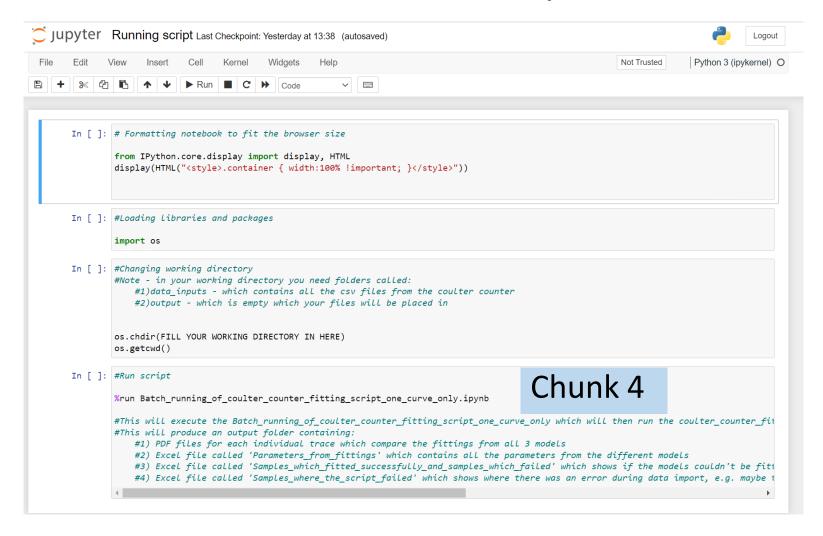
4) Run the first two chunks (shown as grey boxes), by clicking in each chunk and pressing Ctrl and Enter.

If it has run successfully a small number should appear in the square brackets on the left of the chunk



5) In chunk 3, change your working directory to the location which contains the other scripts, your data\_inputs and output folder. You need to put in the full path, not just the folder name, and put it within quotation marks, e.g. 'U:\Working\_Directory\_Folder'

Run the chunk, if it has worked then it should print the working directory folder path directly underneath the chunk.



6) Run chunk 4 – this submits the Batch\_running\_of\_coulter\_counter\_script\_one\_curve\_only which itself will submit the coulter\_counter\_fitting\_script\_one\_curve\_only (you won't have to do anything)

You'll start to see the outputs appear in the output folder

If you want to know how the script works see later

#### What are the outputs?

**Parameters\_from\_fittings** – contains all the parameters from the 3 different fittings and also contains the uncertainties and the standard error of regression

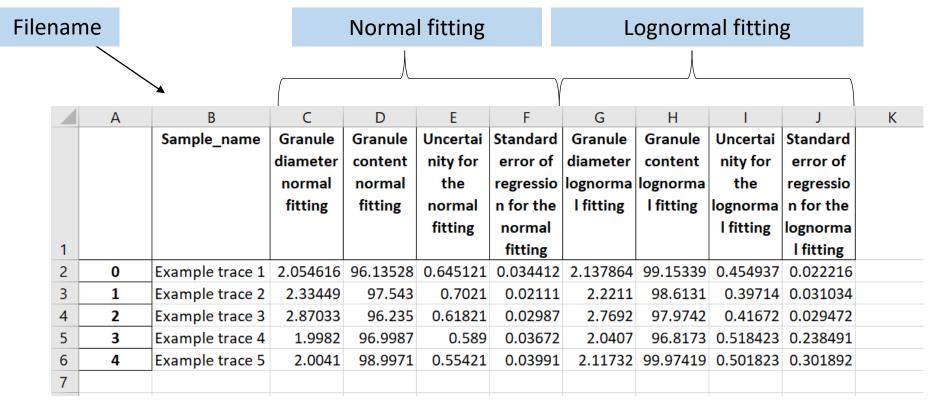
**Samples\_where\_the\_script\_failed** – contains a list of filenames where the script failed (most likely during data import), if a filename appears in this spreadsheet it could be because the coulter counter CSV file is corrupted or not in the correct format

because the coulter counter CSV file is	corrupted or not in the	e correct format	
Parameters_from_fittings	21/08/2022 16:58	Microsoft Excel W	8 KB
Samples_where_the_script_failed	21/08/2022 16:58	Microsoft Excel W	6 KB
Samples_which_fitted_successfully_and_samples_which_failed 21/08/2022 16:58 Microsoft Excel W			
★ TOWWC138_rep1_26 Jan 2021_104.#m4	21/08/2022 16:58	Adobe Acrobat D	49 KB
★ TOWWC139_rep1_26 Jan 2021_107.#m4	21/08/2022 16:58	Adobe Acrobat D	49 KB
★ TOWWC140_rep1_26 Jan 2021_111.#m4	21/08/2022 16:58	Adobe Acrobat D	48 KB
★ TOWWC141_rep1_26 Jan 2021_112.#m4	21/08/2022 16:58	Adobe Acrobat D	49 KB
★ TOWWC142_rep1_26 Jan 2021_113.#m4	21/08/2022 16:58	Adobe Acrobat D	48 KB
★ TOWWC143_rep1_26 Jan 2021_114.#m4	21/08/2022 16:58	Adobe Acrobat D	49 KB
★ TOWWC183_rep1_19 Jan 2021_02.#m4	21/08/2022 16:58	Adobe Acrobat D	49 KB

Samples\_which\_fitted successful and sam ples which failed contains a list of filenames for each of the different fitting methods for samples which worked and samples where the fitting failed. The fitting might have failed if the data is not bimodal in shape.

PDF files – contain graphs of all the different fittings

#### Parameters\_from\_fittings



Granule content is the area under the curve, it is the percentage of the granules which are modelled by the fitting in question

Each row contains the parameters from a different input file

Uncertainty is a measure of how sure we can be about the parameters. Higher uncertainties mean that the parameters in the models could take lots of different values and still result in the same fitting. Therefore <u>we want the uncertainty to be as low</u> <u>as possible</u> as this means we are more certain that the model parameters are 'correct'. Standard error of regression is a form of R<sup>2</sup> for non-linear models. It measures how well the predicted model fits the data. Higher standard errors of regression means that the data deviates from the model more. So <u>we want the standard error of regression to be as low as possible</u>.

#### Samples\_where\_the\_script\_failed

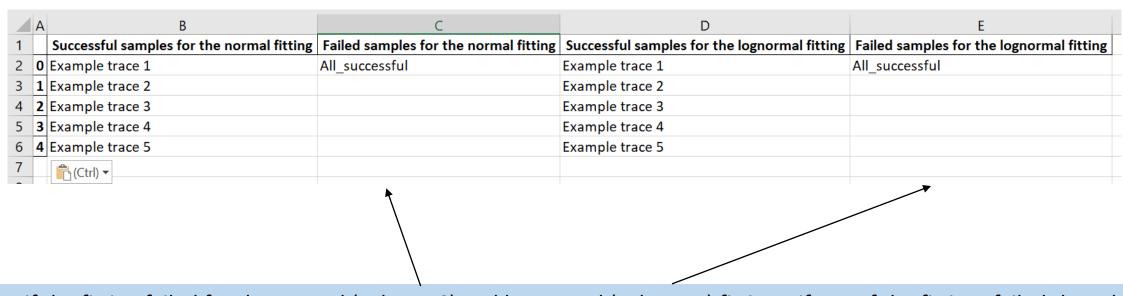
	Α	В
1		Samples where the script failed - most likely during data import, so check coulter_counter file
2		<b>←</b>
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
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10		
11		
12		
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14		
15		

If any of the input files failed to load into the script properly they will be listed in this column.

Here this column is empty so all the files were inputted correctly.

NOTE – this does NOT mean that the fitting won't work as it has failed before the fitting has been attempted.

# Samples\_which\_fitted\_successful\_and\_samples which failed

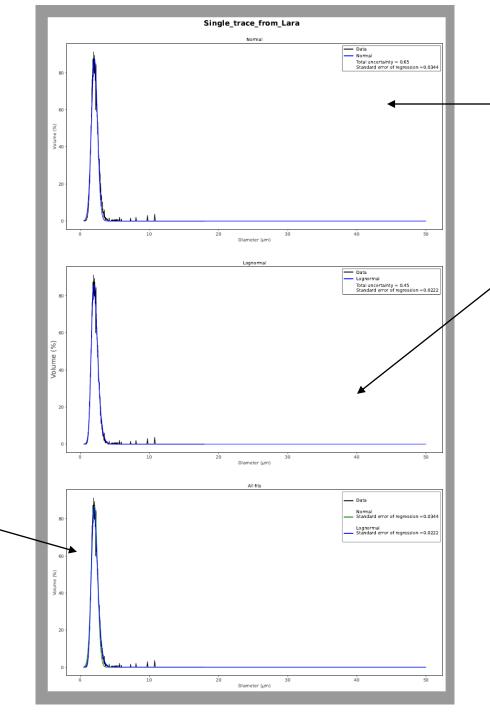


Tells us if the fitting failed for the normal (column C) and lognormal (column E) fittings, if any of the fittings failed then the filename will be listed in these columns. This means that the model couldn't be fitted to the data most likely as it significantly deviates from being unimodally distributed. It could be the case that one model might not fit but the other two might.

What should I do if the fitting is failing quite often? You could go into the coulter\_counter\_fitting\_script\_one\_curve\_only and adjust the initial parameter values to fit your data more closely (HINT – use the visualisation of the initial parameter values to help). If not this could suggest that this is not an appropriate model for your data and you might need to use something else, e.g. is it more bimodal?

#### PDF files

Comparison of normal (green), lognormal (blue) fittings with the raw data (black) and the standard error of regression for each model



Normal fitting

Lognormal fitting

Black = coulter counter data, blue = overall fitting. Also includes the uncertainty and standard error of regression measurements.

#### How do the scripts work?

Please see the detailed overview in the 'How to use the python script to fit bimodal traces to coulter counter traces' guide

The scripts here work in more or less the same way (e.g. curves are defined using the same equations, means are calculated the same way...) the only exception is that instead of fitting two curves per trace we only fit one

#### Overview

1) You submit it using the Running script

You only need to do this first step, everything else is automated

- 2) The Running script starts the Batch\_running\_of\_coulter\_counter\_script\_one\_curve\_only
- 3) The Batch\_running\_of\_coulter\_counter\_script\_one\_curve\_only takes every csv file in the data\_inputs folder and submits it to the coulter\_counter\_fitting\_script\_one\_curve\_only (one at a time)
- 4) The coulter\_counter\_fitting\_script\_one\_curve\_only performs the fitting