

## CHAPTER 2

1. True and False are the value of Boolean data type. It is used with comparison operator.
2. And, Not, Or are the three Boolean operators.
3. And True and True = True. True and False = False. False and False = False. OR True or True = True. True or False = True. False or False = False. NOT Not true=False Not False=true
4. False, False, True, False, False, True
5. ==, !=, <, >, <=, >=
6. The equal to operator checks whether both the expressions are equal and assignment operator assigns the value to a variable.
7. Boolean is same as expression which has more specific name in the context of flow control statements. It returns true or false as result.
8. Print('eggs') print(bacon) print('ham')
- 9.

```
10.     spam=input()
11.     if spam=='1':
12.         print("Hello")
13.     elif spam=='2':
14.         print("Howdy")
15.     else:
16.         print("Greetings")
```

10. CTRL + C

11. Break statement breaks the loop and continue statement will continue the loop without going to the below conditions.
12. range(10) means the values start from 0 to 9. By default it starts from 0. Range(0,10) describes the

range starting point which is 0 here. Range(0,10,1)  
starts the initial range from 1 to 10 with increment of 1

```
13. for i in range(1,11):
```

```
    print(i)
```

```
x=1
```

```
while(x<11):
```

```
    print(x)
```

```
    x+=1
```

14.Import spam

```
    spam.bacon()
```