

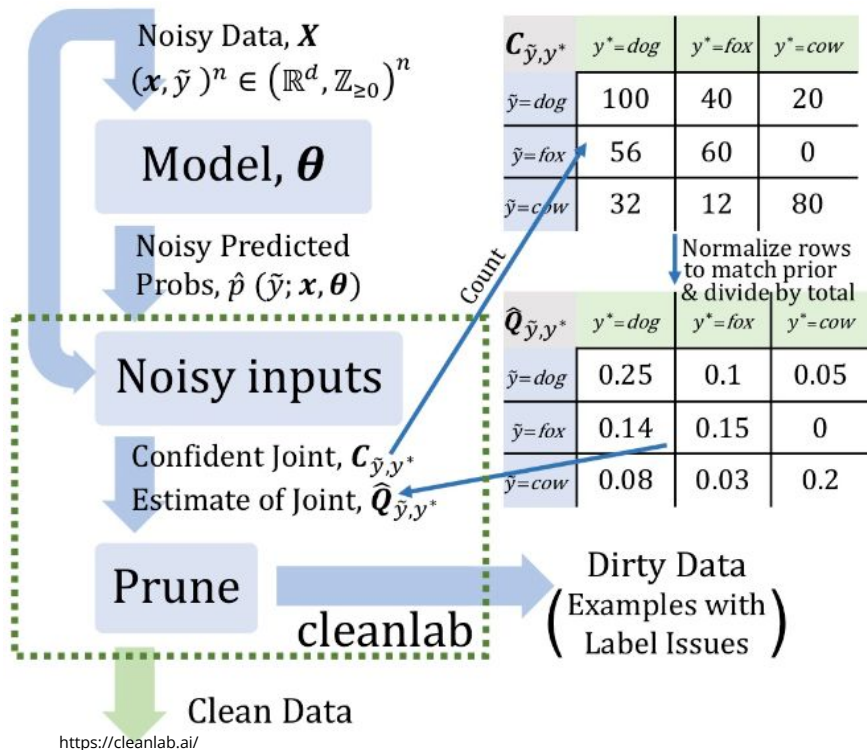


Confident Learning applied to MNIST Label Error

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Confident Learning and Cleanlab



1. Estimate the joint distribution of given, noisy labels and latent (unknown) uncorrupted labels to fully characterize class-conditional label noise.
2. Find and prune noisy examples with label issues.
3. Train with errors removed, re-weighting examples by the estimated latent prior.

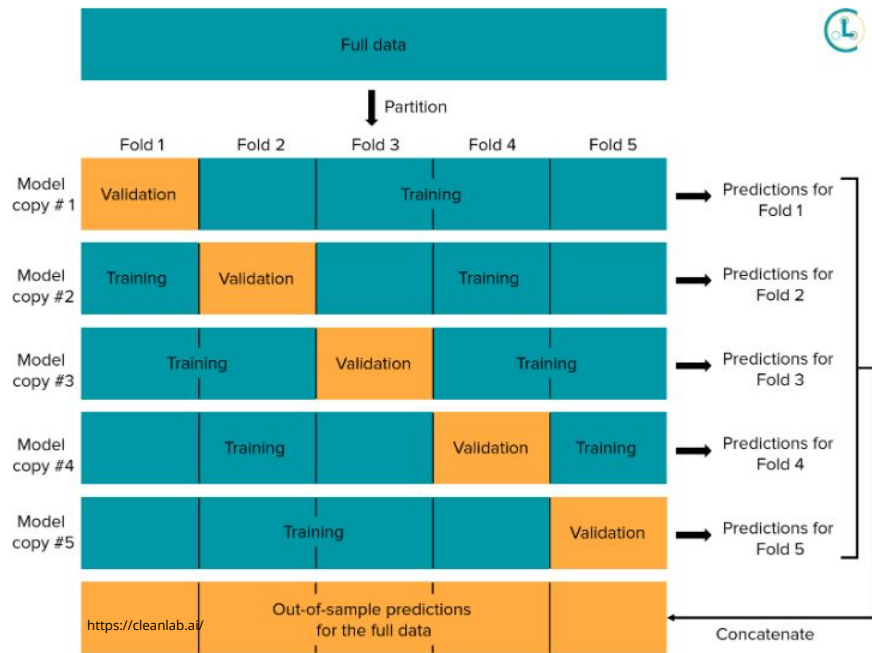
<https://arxiv.org/pdf/1911.00068.pdf>

Confident Learning and Cleanlab

Out of sample Predictions

+

Labels (can contain label errors)



0 1 2 3 4
5 6 7 8 9

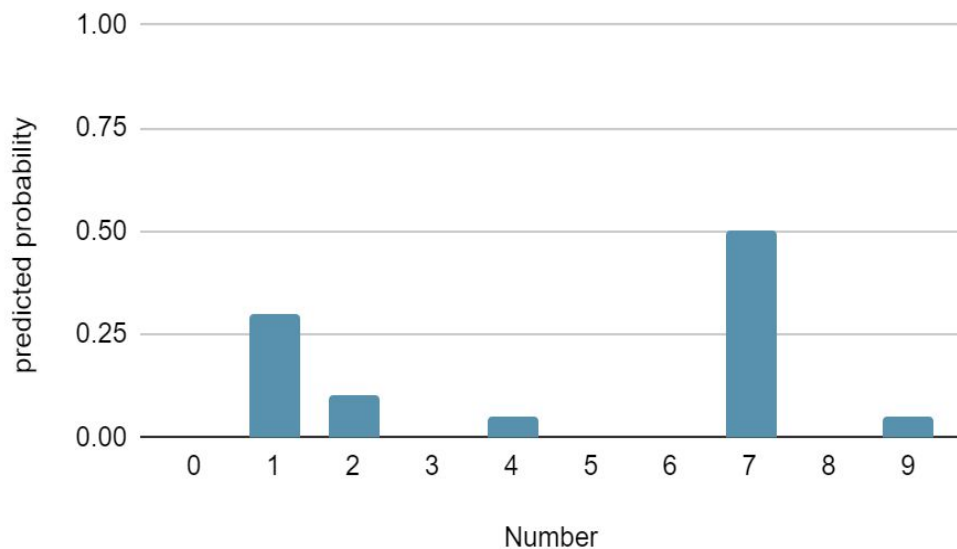
Predicted Probabilities

The central idea is that when the predicted probability of an example is greater than a per-class-threshold, we *confidently count* that example as actually belonging to that threshold's class.

The thresholds for each class are the average predicted probability of examples in that class.



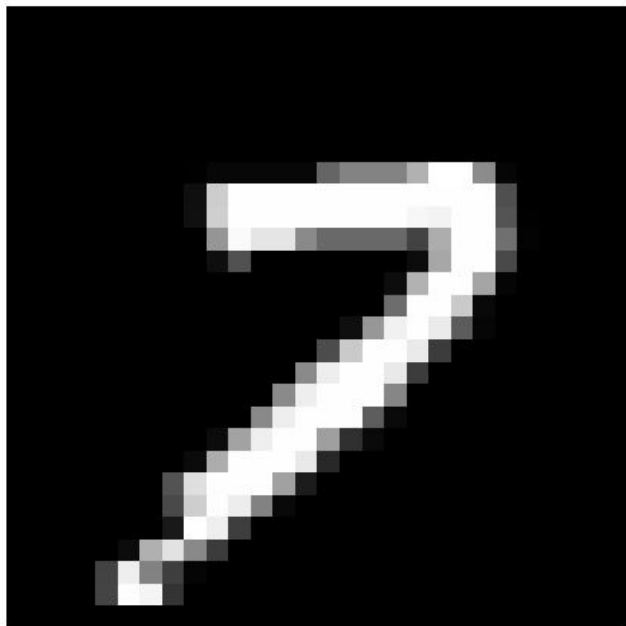
predicted probability vs. Number



MNSIT Example

```
plot_examples([59915])
```

id: 59915
label: 4

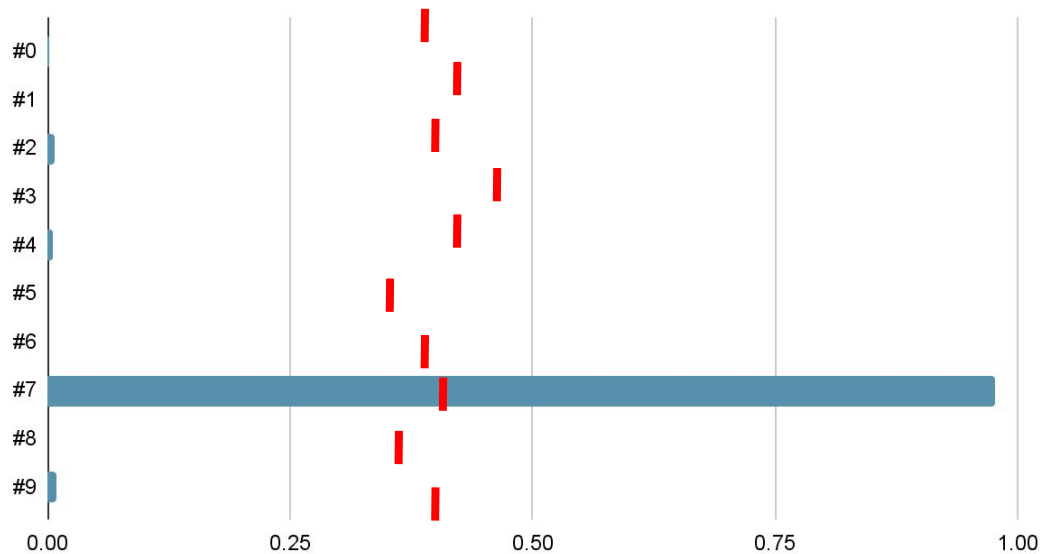


$$C_{\tilde{y}, y^*}[i][j] := |\hat{X}_{\tilde{y}=i, y^*=j}| \quad \text{where}$$

$$\hat{X}_{\tilde{y}=i, y^*=j} := \left\{ \mathbf{x} \in X_{\tilde{y}=i} : \hat{p}(\tilde{y} = j; \mathbf{x}, \boldsymbol{\theta}) \geq t_j, \quad j = \arg \max_{l \in [m]: \hat{p}(\tilde{y}=l; \mathbf{x}, \boldsymbol{\theta}) \geq t_l} \hat{p}(\tilde{y} = l; \mathbf{x}, \boldsymbol{\theta}) \right\}$$

$$t_j = \frac{1}{|X_{\tilde{y}=j}|} \sum_{\mathbf{x} \in X_{\tilde{y}=j}} \hat{p}(\tilde{y} = j; \mathbf{x}, \boldsymbol{\theta})$$

Normalized Probability Score



■ Class Thresholds *example

Results

148 out of 70000 labels identified as bad.

Many are mislabeled or questionable, some are correct and false positives.

id: 59915
label: 4



id: 24798
label: 4



id: 19124
label: 8



id: 53216
label: 9



id: 2720
label: 3



id: 59701
label: 5



id: 50340
label: 3



id: 7010
label: 7



id: 40976
label: 1



id: 16376
label: 1



id: 44484
label: 8



id: 23824
label: 5



id: 500
label: 3



id: 8729
label: 3



id: 31134
label: 1



Ranking Calculation

'normalized_margin': normalized margin ($p(\text{label} = k) - \max(p(\text{label} \neq k))$)

'self_confidence': $[\text{pred_probs}[i][\text{labels}[i]] \text{ for } i \text{ in label_issues_idx}]$

'confidence_weighted_entropy': $\text{entropy}(\text{pred_probs}) / \text{self_confidence}$

Confusion Matrix

		Predicted									
Given Label		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	0	6891	0	1	0	1	0	7	1	1	1
	1	0	7843	17	1	5	0	0	8	3	0
	2	3	12	6925	3	8	0	2	27	9	1
	3	0	7	33	7051	0	14	1	17	8	10
	4	1	2	2	0	6794	0	8	1	3	13
	5	1	2	2	9	1	6266	14	1	12	5
	6	7	8	0	0	5	4	6847	0	5	0
	7	4	5	23	3	10	0	0	7221	5	22
	8	3	18	3	4	9	8	11	3	6745	21
	9	10	4	0	7	17	7	0	24	9	6880

Total Errors: 148

3 Folds vs 10 Folds

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	6891	0	1	0	1	0	7	1	1	1
1	0	7843	17	1	5	0	0	8	3	0
2	3	12	6925	3	8	0	2	27	9	1
3	0	7	33	7051	0	14	1	17	8	10
4	1	2	2	0	6794	0	8	1	3	13
5	1	2	2	9	1	6266	14	1	12	5
6	7	8	0	0	5	4	6847	0	5	0
7	4	5	23	3	10	0	0	7221	5	22
8	3	18	3	4	9	8	11	3	6745	21
9	10	4	0	7	17	7	0	24	9	6880

3 fold cross validation: 148 errors

10 fold cross validation: 98 errors

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	6903	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	7874	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	3	6979	0	4	0	0	2	1	1
3	0	0	4	7122	0	2	0	5	2	6
4	0	0	1	0	6816	0	0	1	1	5
5	1	0	1	4	0	6305	2	0	0	0
6	1	0	0	0	2	4	6869	0	0	0
7	0	2	7	0	3	0	0	7276	1	4
8	2	0	4	0	1	1	0	0	6815	2
9	3	0	0	0	3	4	0	4	1	6943

Next Steps

- See difference in model accuracy without bad labeled data
- See how well it works with additional augmented data
- Test on BIOSCAN-small