

Spark for Learning Analytics

Dropout prediction in MOOCs

by

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Introduction

Motivation (I)

- ✚ What is a MOOC?
- ✚ What are their main problems?

Motivation (II)

edX UAMx: Android301x Jugando con Android - Aprende a programar tu primera App David_W

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Bookmarks

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 - Bienvenidos al tema 3
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 - Modelo Preguntas videos
 - Actividad 3: Interacción Actividades semanales
 - Proyecto 2: Las primeras pulsaciones

3. Interacción y modelo > Interacción > Preguntas Video 16

Video 16. El atributo android:onclick

Pregunta 16.1

(1 point possible)
En el ejemplo mostrado en el video

- ☒ Se modifica el estado de tres botones cuando se pulsa un botón específico del tablero
- ☐ Se cambia el estado del botón vinculado a un escuchador onClick cuando el usuario lo selecciona
- ☐ El estado de los botones del tablero no cambia a lo largo de la ejecución del programa

?

Goals (I)

UNIVERSIDAD AUTONOMA DE MADRID

ESCUELA POLITECNICA SUPERIOR



Grado en Ingeniería Informática

TRABAJO FIN DE GRADO

Predicción y análisis de interacciones de usuarios en
plataformas de enseñanza online

Miguel Ángel González-Gallego Sosa
Tutor: Estrella Pulido Cañabate

(a) Fase 1



Spark para Learning Analytics: análisis del abandono en
cursos de formación online

David Torres Pascual
Tutora: Dra. Estrella Pulido Cañabate



(b) Fase 2

Goals (II)

- ✦ Apply Big Data tools and machine learning algorithms to *Learning Analytics* problems.
- ✦ Understand MOOC's user behavior.
- ✦ Identify dropout in order to help those students with problems with individual educational plans.

Methodology

Data (I)

- JSON file with the events in the platform (a).
- Structured tables (b).

```
{
  "usuario": "6434169",
  "Eventos": [
    {
      "id_documento": "1.2. dispositivos virtuales",
      "evento": "textbook.pdf.chapter.navigated",
      "tiempo": "2015-02-24T08:26:17.790598+00:00"
    },
    {
      "id_documento": "1.6. una introducción a XML",
      "evento": "textbook.pdf.chapter.navigated",
      "tiempo": "2015-02-24T08:26:28.799464+00:00"
    },
    {
      "evento": "load_video",
      "tiempo": "2015-02-24T08:26:50.544409+00:00",
      "id_video": "31"
    },
    {
      "evento": "problem_check",
      "tiempo": "2015-02-25T20:53:55.905723+00:00",
      "id_problema": "1",
      "num_intentos": "1",
      "num_ejercicios": "1",
      "resultados": [
        {
          "id_ejercicio": "2_1",
          "correcto": "True",
          "respuesta": "Un emulador que simula un dispositivo móvil real"
        }
      ]
    }
  ]
}
```

(a) JSON file

	nota_java	nota_examen
usuario		
3702	57	NaN
6688	7	NaN
7577	71	NaN
7683	NaN	NaN
9317	79	81

(b) pandas dataframe

- Nº users = 7172 \rightarrow 2906 (users with ≤ 50 events were removed).

Data (II)

Features:

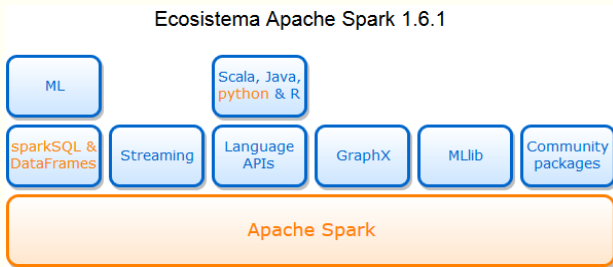
Video	Start a video, finish a video, click play, click pause, seek along video total n° of interactions with each video (37)
Exercise	n° of problems answered, n° of attempts and scores; n° of project problems and scores; Java exercise scores and exam scores
Forum	n° of threads, n° of comments, n° of replies, n° of threads with problems, n° of words and n° of searches in the forum

Target:

Continue / Dropout

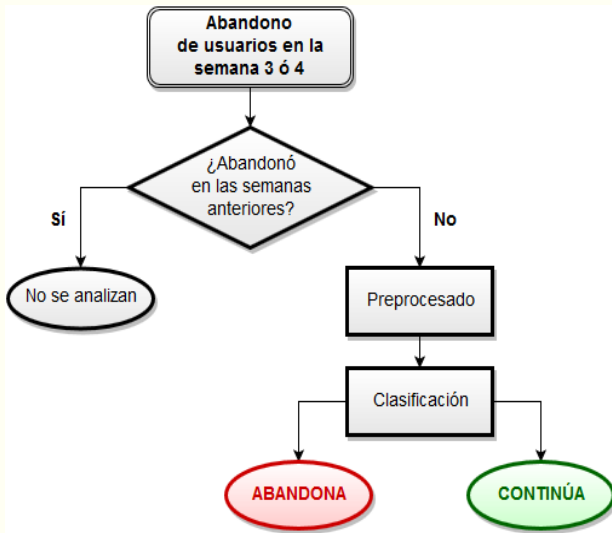
Tools

Apache Spark...



... jand Python! (*pandas, numpy, sklearn...*)

Model (I)



Model (II)

Algorithms for classification:

- ✚ Support Vector Classifier
- ✚ Random Forest
- ✚ Gradient Boosting

Model (III)

Preprocess, train-test split, and feature selection with k-Fold cross-validation.



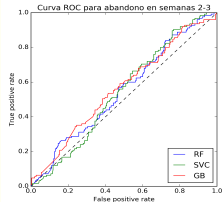
Results

Results I

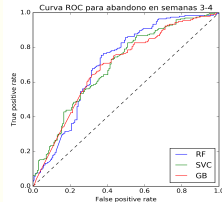
Accuracy (Acc.), Precision (Pr.) y Recall (Rec.)

	Weeks 2-3			Weeks 3-4			Weeks 4-5			Weeks 5-6		
Alg.	Acc.	Pr.	Rec.	Acc.	Pr.	Rec.	Acc.	Pr.	Rec.	Acc.	Pr.	Rec.
SVM	0.55	0.59	0.53	0.65	0.66	0.66	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.74	0.79	0.72
RF	0.55	0.57	0.53	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.76	0.78	0.74
GB	0.33	0.65	0.40	0.56	0.67	0.61	0.66	0.74	0.68	0.62	0.75	0.57

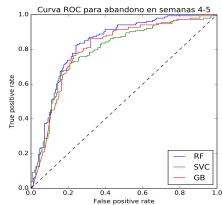
Results II



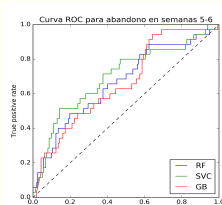
(a) Dropout in week 2 or 3



(b) Dropout in week 3 or 4



(c) Dropout in week 4 or 5



(d) Dropout in week 5 or 6

Conclusions and future work

Conclusions

- ✚ We obtain good results with our classification models after the third week of the course.
- ✚ We get great results with weighted-classes in the algorithms if we want to focus on dropouts.
- ✚ There are some good features for our classification model:
 - ✚ score of the problems.
 - ✚ involvement in the course project.

Future work

“Perhaps the most important principle for the good algorithm designer is to refuse to be content.” (Aho, Hopcroft & Ullman)

- ❖ Improve our results: better classifiers (tuning hyperparameters).
- ❖ Look for new goals related to MOOCs:
 - ❖ Cluster analysis.
 - ❖ Recommender systems.
 - ❖ Predict results of the final exam.

Thanks!



Comments, questions?