

Faculty of Engineering, Mathematics and Science School of Computer Science & Statistics

Sophisters

Trinity Term 2016

ST3452: Applied Linear Statistical Methods II

20 May 2016

SPORTS CENTRE / GV

14:00 - 16:00

Prof. Rozenn Dahyot

## Instructions to Candidates:

You may not start this examination until you are instructed to do so by the Invigila-

Answer all questions.

## Materials permitted for this examination:

Non-programmable calculators are permitted for this examination — please indicate the make and model of your calculator on each answer book used.

1. (a) For each distribution given in table 1: i. Show this is a distribution. ii. Show this is a member of the exponential family of distributions iii. Compute  $\mathbb{E}[y]$ . For the Weibull distribution, show that  $\mathbb{E}[y] = \left(\frac{1}{\theta}\right)^{1/\lambda} \Gamma(1+\frac{1}{\lambda})$ ). with  $\Gamma(u) = \int_0^{+\infty} s^{u-1} \exp(-s) \ ds$ . iv. Define what a link function is. Propose a link function for each distribution in table 1. [30 marks] (b) Explain the relation between the following distributions: i. Bernouilli and Binomial. ii. Poisson and Binomial. iii. Weibull and Exponential. [10 marks] (c) With the Weibull distribution, define and compute: i. the median survival time. ii. the hazard function. [10 marks] Poisson Binomial Weibull  $P_{y|\theta}(y|\theta) = \frac{\theta^y \exp(-\theta)}{y!}$  $\begin{array}{ll} P_{y|\theta}(y|\theta,n) & = \\ \frac{n!}{(n-y)|y|} \; \theta^y (1-\theta)^{n-y} \\ y \in \{0,1,\cdots,n\} \text{ and } \theta \in \\ (0;1) \end{array}$  $\begin{array}{l} P_{y|\lambda\theta}(y|\lambda,\theta) &= \\ \lambda \ \theta \ y^{\lambda-1} \exp\left[-\theta \ y^{\lambda}\right] \\ y \in \mathbb{R}^{+} \ \theta \in \mathbb{R}^{+}/\{0\} \ \lambda \in \end{array}$  $y \in \mathbb{N}$  and  $\theta \in \mathbb{R}^+/\{0\}$  $\mathbb{R}^+/\{0\}$ Table 1: Distributions. (50 marks) Page 2 of 6
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- 2. Table 2 presents the Beetle mortality data: the variable x<sub>i</sub> represents the dose level of toxic substance given to a group i of n<sub>i</sub> beetles where k<sub>i</sub> beetles died. consequently. The likelihood of the proportion  $heta_i$  of dead beetles in the group i is modelled using the Binomial distribution.
  - (a) What is the likelihood of the saturated model parameterised by  $(\theta_1,\cdots,\theta_8)$ ? Explain the assumptions used.

(b) What are the maximum likelihood estimates  $\hat{\theta}_i, \forall i=1,\cdots,8$  for the saturated model?

(c) A logit link function is used to model the mean of the response with the explanatory variable (dose level x). Define mathematically the logit link function and this GLM.

(d) Write the log-likelihood function with respect to the coefficients of this GLM using the logit link function.

(e) The R output of this logistic regression is given in table 3. Identify the estimates of the coefficients of this GLM and compute the estimates  $\hat{\theta}_1$  and  $\hat{\theta}_{5}$ .

[4 marks]

(f) Give the definition of the deviance. Discuss the goodness of fit of this logistic model (c.f. Tab. 3 and Tab. 4).

[5 marks]

(g) Propose another GLM that could have been tested for this dataset.

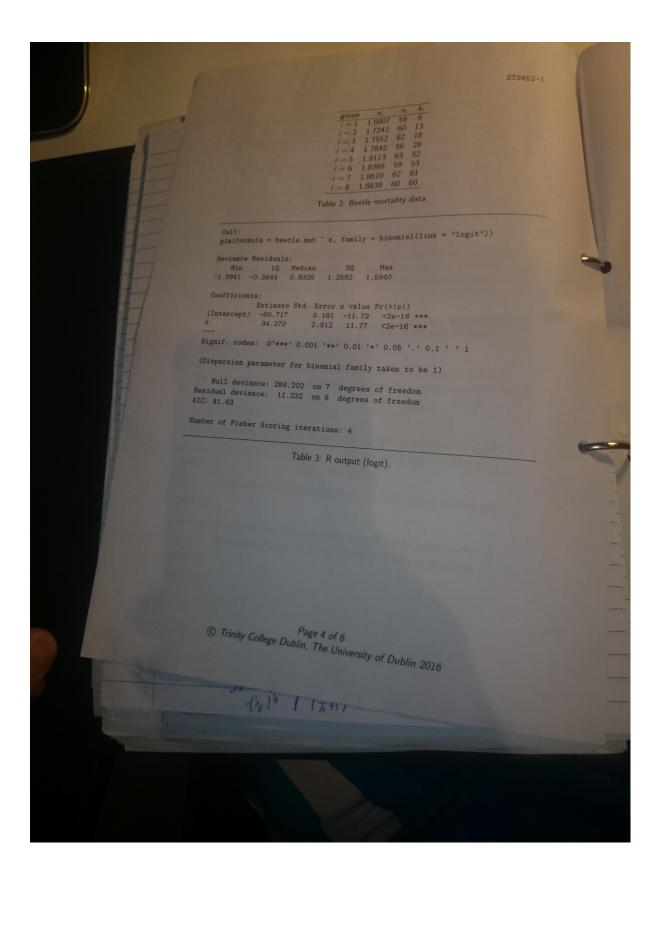
[3 marks]

(h) When having several GLMs available to analyse the same dataset, what criterion can be used to select the best GLM? Explain your answer.

[5 marks]

(30 marks)

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Chi-Square Distribution Table



The shaded area is equal to a for y2 - x2

df	$\chi^{2}_{.995}$	X <sup>2</sup> ,990	X.975	X2950	X200	X2100	X <sup>2</sup> ,050	X 2025	X2010	X <sup>2</sup> ons
1	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.004	0.016	2.706			6.635	7,879
2	0.010	0.020	0.051	0.103	0.211	4.605				10.597
3	0.072	0.115	0.216	0.352	0.584	6.251				12.838
4	0.207	0.297	0.484	0.711	1.064	7.779			13,277	14.860
5	0.412	0.554	0.831	1.145	1.610	9.236			15.086	16.750
6	0.676	0.872	1.237	1.635	2.204	10.645			16.812	18.548
7	0.989	1.239	1.690	2.167	2.833	12.017	14.067		18.475	20.278
8	1.344	1.646	2.180	2.733	3.490	13.362	15.507	17.535	20.090	21.955
9	1.735	2.088	2.700	3.325	4.168	14.684	16.919	19.023	21.666	23.589
10	2.156	2.558	3.247	3.940	4.865	15.987	18.307	20.483	23.209	25.188
11	2.603	3.053		4.575	5.578	17.275	19.675	21.920	24.725	26.757
12	3.074	3.571	4.404	5.226	6.304	18.549	21.026	23.337	26.217	28.300
13	3.565	4.107	5.009	5.892	7.042	19.812	22.362	24.736	27.688	29.819
14	4.075	4.660	5.629	6.571	7.790	21.064	23.685	26.119	29.141	31.319
15	4.601	5.229	6.262	7.261	8.547	22.307	24.996	27.488	30.578	32.801
16	5.142	5.812	6.908	7.962	9.312	23.542	26.296	28.845	32.000	34.267
17	5.697	6.408	7.564	8.672	10.085	24.769	27.587	30.191	33.409	35.718
18	6.265	7.015	8.231	9.390	10.865	25.989	28.869	31.526	34.805	37.156
19	6.844	7.633	8.907	10.117	11.651	27.204	30.144	32.852	36.191	38.582
20	7.434	8.260	9.591	10.851	12.443	28.412	31.410	34.170	37.566	39.997
21	8.034	8.897	10.283	11.591	13.240	29,615	32.671	35.479	38.932	41.401
22	8.643	9.542	10.982	12.338	14.041	30.813	33.924	36.781	40.289	
	9.260	10.196	11.689	13.091	14.848	32.007	35.172	38.076	41.638	
23	9.886	10.856	12.401	13.848	15.659	33.196	36.415	39.364	42.980	
24		11.524	13.120	14.611	16.473	34.382	37.652	40.646	44,31	
25	10.520	12.198	13.844	15.379	17.292	35.563	38.885	41.923		
26	11.160		14.573	16.151	18.114	36.741	40.113	43.195		
27	11.808	12.879		16.928	18.939	37.916	41.337	44.461		
28	12.461	13.565	15.308	17.708	19.768	39.087	42.557	45.722		
29	13.121	14.256	16.047		20.599	40.256	43.773	46.979	50.8	
	13.787	14.953	16.791	18.493	29.051	51.805	55.758	59.34	2 63.6	
40	20.707	22.164	24.433	26.509		63.167	67.505		0 76.1	54 79.490
	27,991	29.707	32.357	34.764	37.689		79.082			79 91.952
50	35.534	37.485	40.482	43.188	46.459	74.397				
60		45.442	48.758	51.739	55.329	85.527			SECTION AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS N	329 116.32
70	43.275			60.391	64.278	96.578				.116 128.29
	51.172	53.540				107.56				
10	59.196	61.754	65.647	77.929	82,358	118.49	8 124.34	2 129.5	135	.807   140.16
00	67.328	70.065	74.222	11.929						

Table 4:  $\chi^2$  distribution.

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