



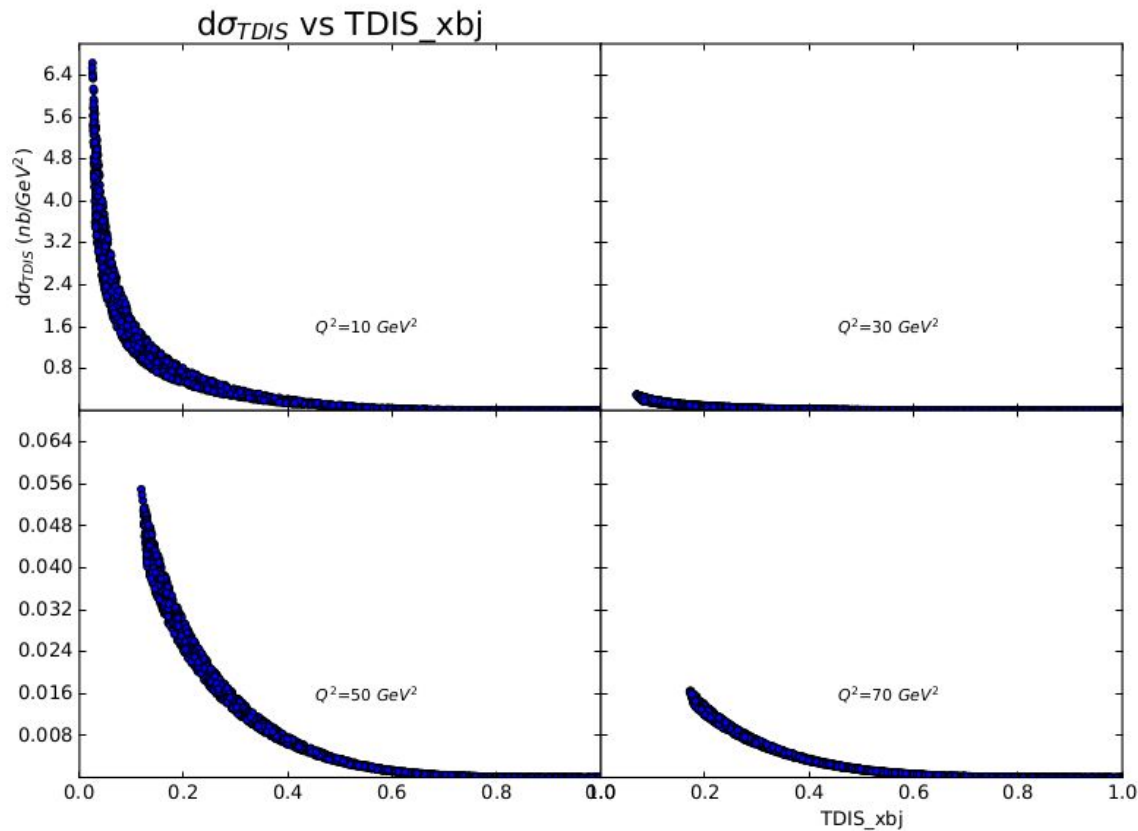
# EIC Structure Function

## Plot Overview

Richard Trotta

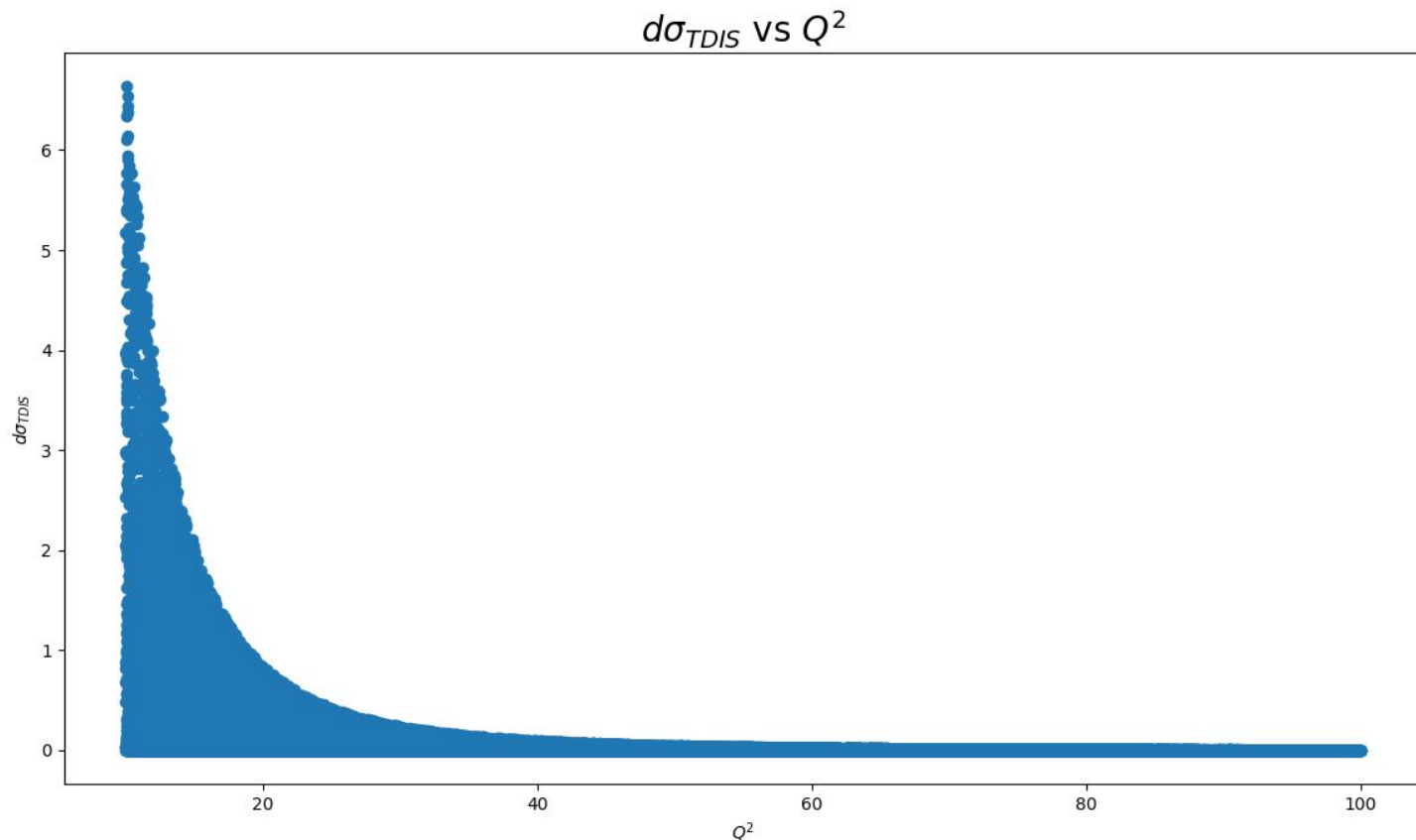
## TDIS Cross Section vs xBj

- The TDIS cross section has the expected behavior once  $f_{2\pi}$  was corrected with proper  $f_{2p}$ .
- Versus  $x_{Bj}$



## TDIS Cross Section vs $Q^2$ (no cuts)

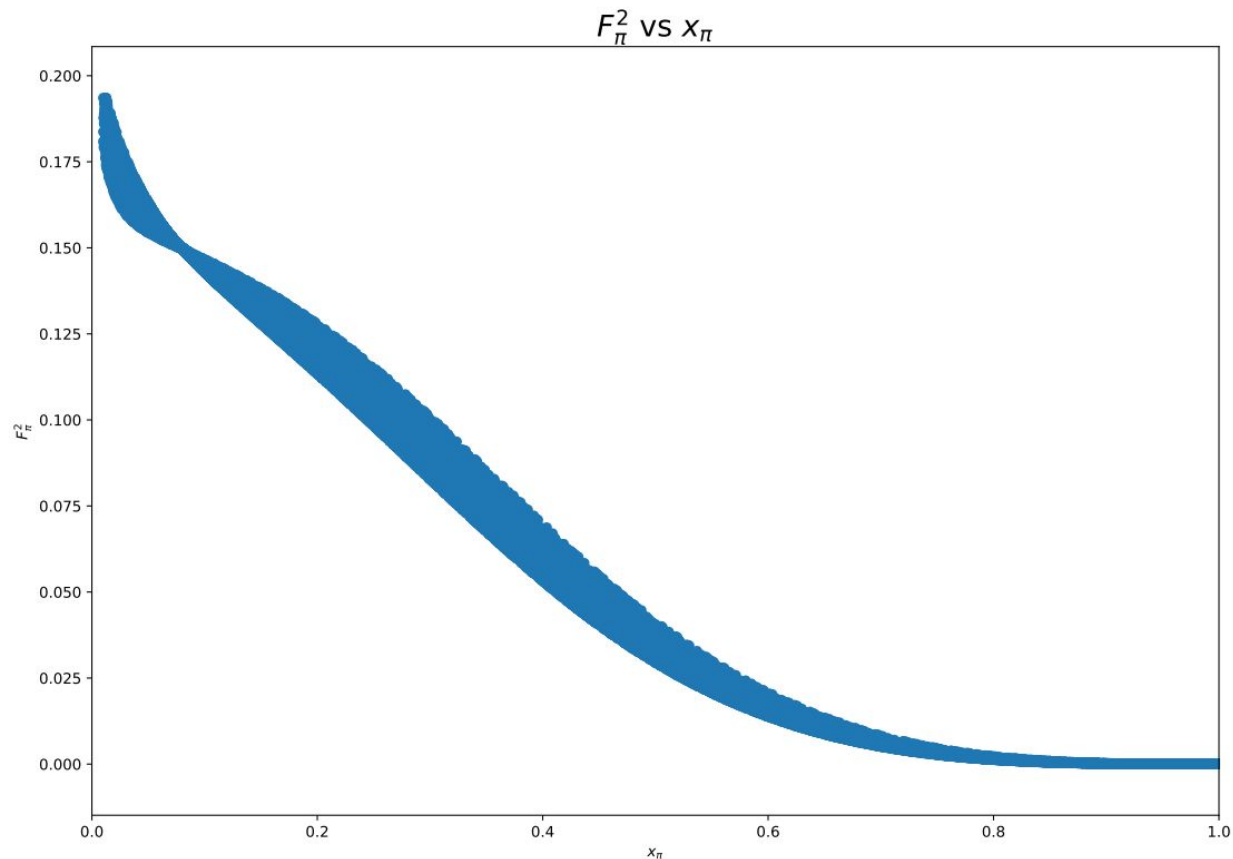
- The TDIS cross section has the expected behavior once  $f_{2\pi}$  was corrected with proper  $f_{2p}$ .
- Versus  $Q^2$



## F2π vs x<sub>π</sub> (no cuts)

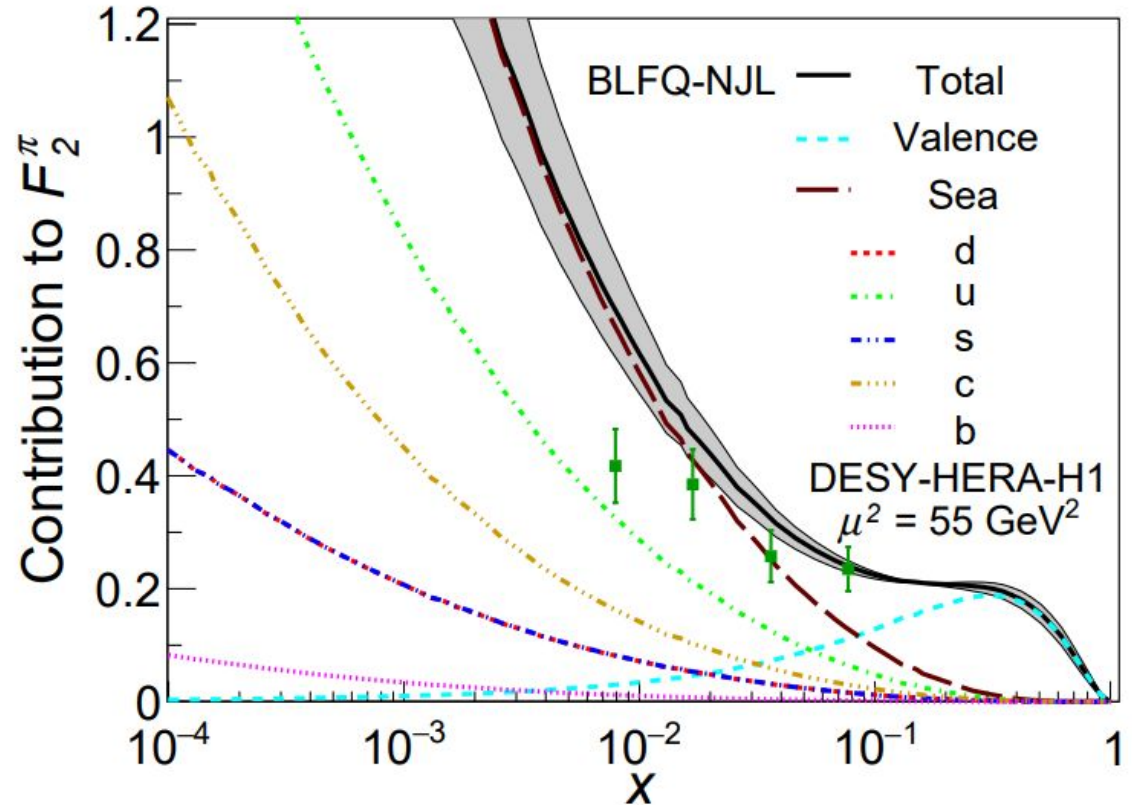


- F2π with an input of x<sub>π</sub>
- According to *J. Lan et. al., arXiv preprint (2019)*  
*arXiv:1907.01509*
  - Results of BLFQ-NJL deviates from the data at low x
  - As x increases the agreement with the data gets better
- It is difficult to see this agreement in a linear scale



## F2 $\pi$ at low $x_\pi$ vs high $x_\pi$

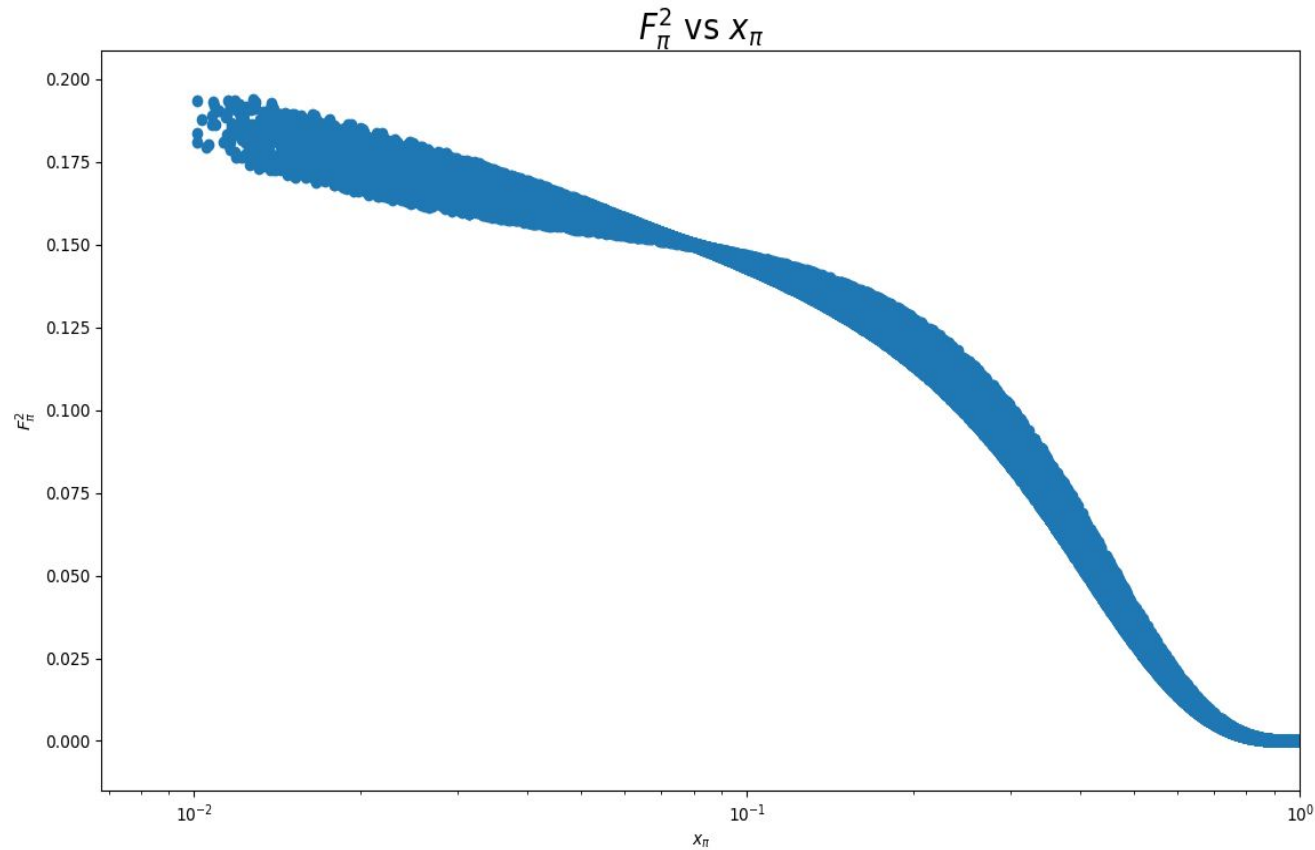
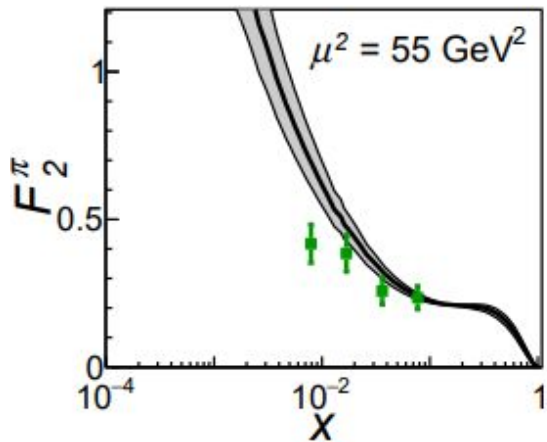
- Deviation from the data at low  $x$  due to
  - Dominated by sea quark contributions
- As  $x$  increases the valence quarks contribute more as the gluon contribution vanishes



## $F_2^\pi$ vs $x_\pi$ (no cuts)

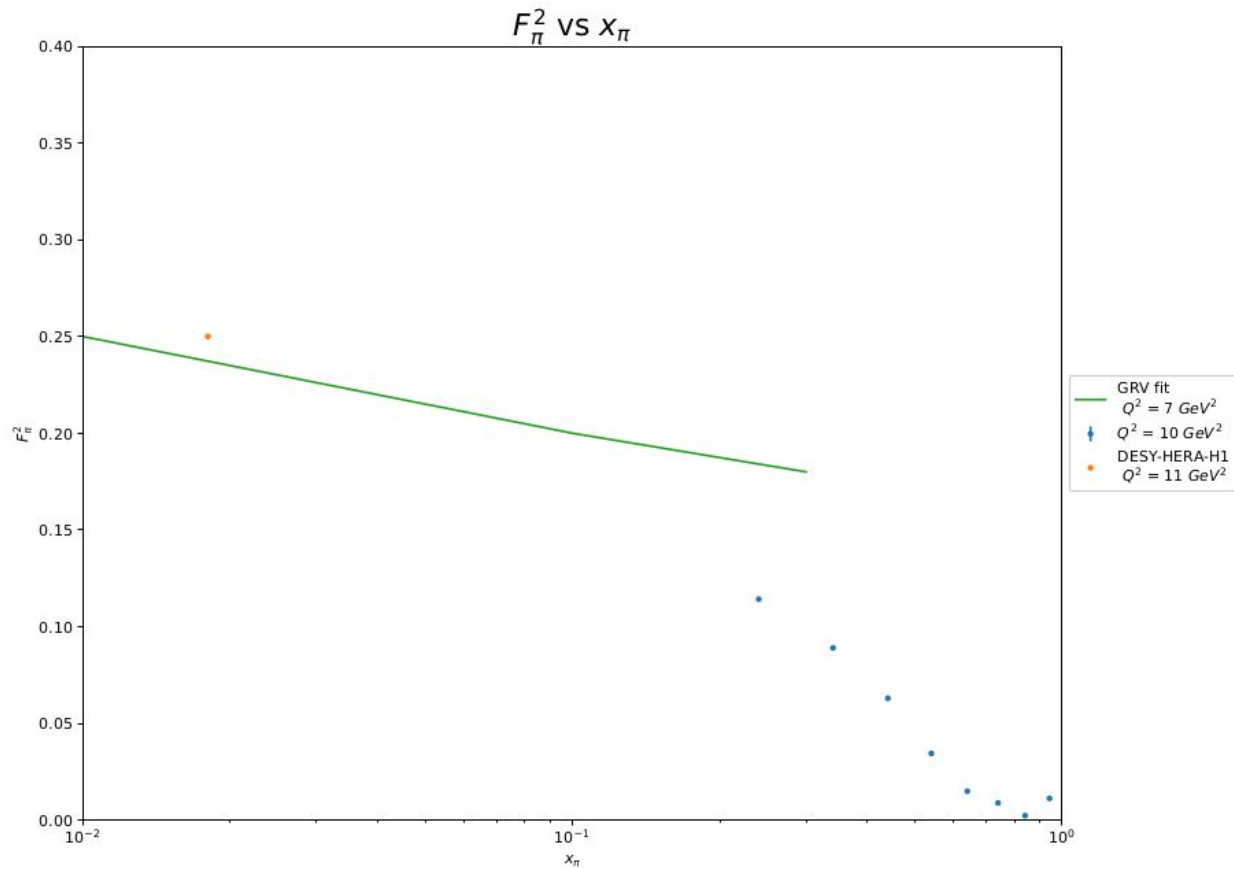


- $F_2^\pi$  with an input of  $x_\pi$
- If we now log the x axis we can see a similar trend

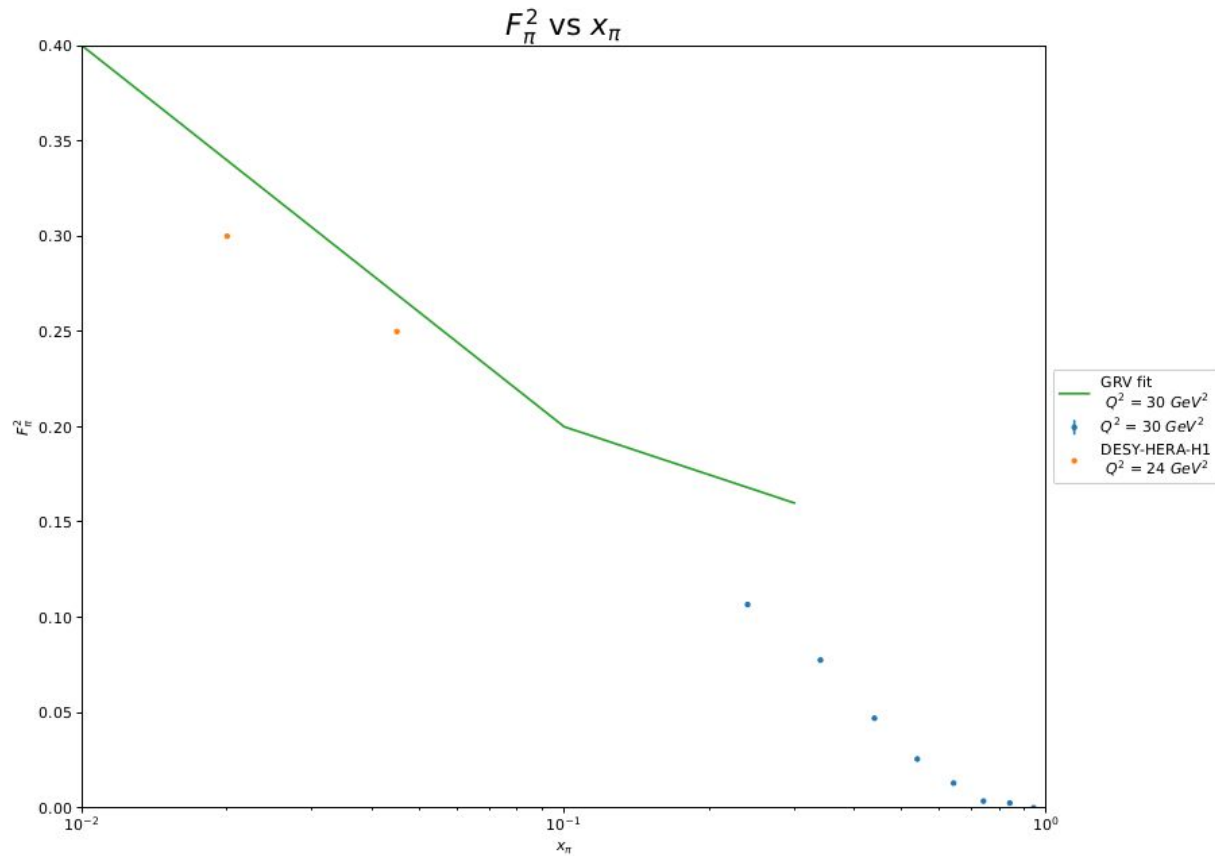


## F2 $\pi$ with GRV fit/DESY-HERA-H1 data [ $Q^2 = 10(7/11)$ GeV]

- DESY-HERA-H1 data and GRV fit (for three points) were eyeballed from plots
- There is a fair agreement between the data points, fit, and MC points

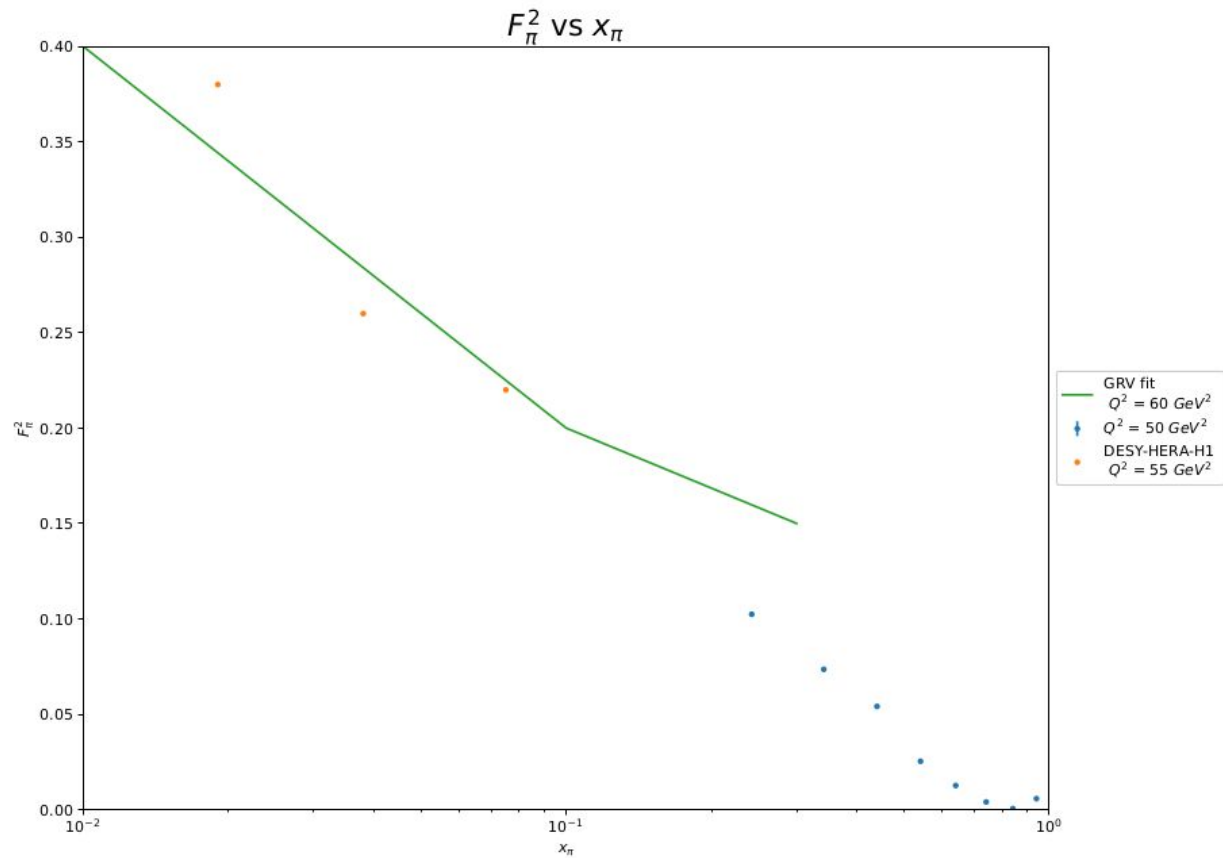


# F2 $\pi$ with GRV fit/DESY-HERA-H1 data [ $Q^2 = 30(30/24)$ GeV]

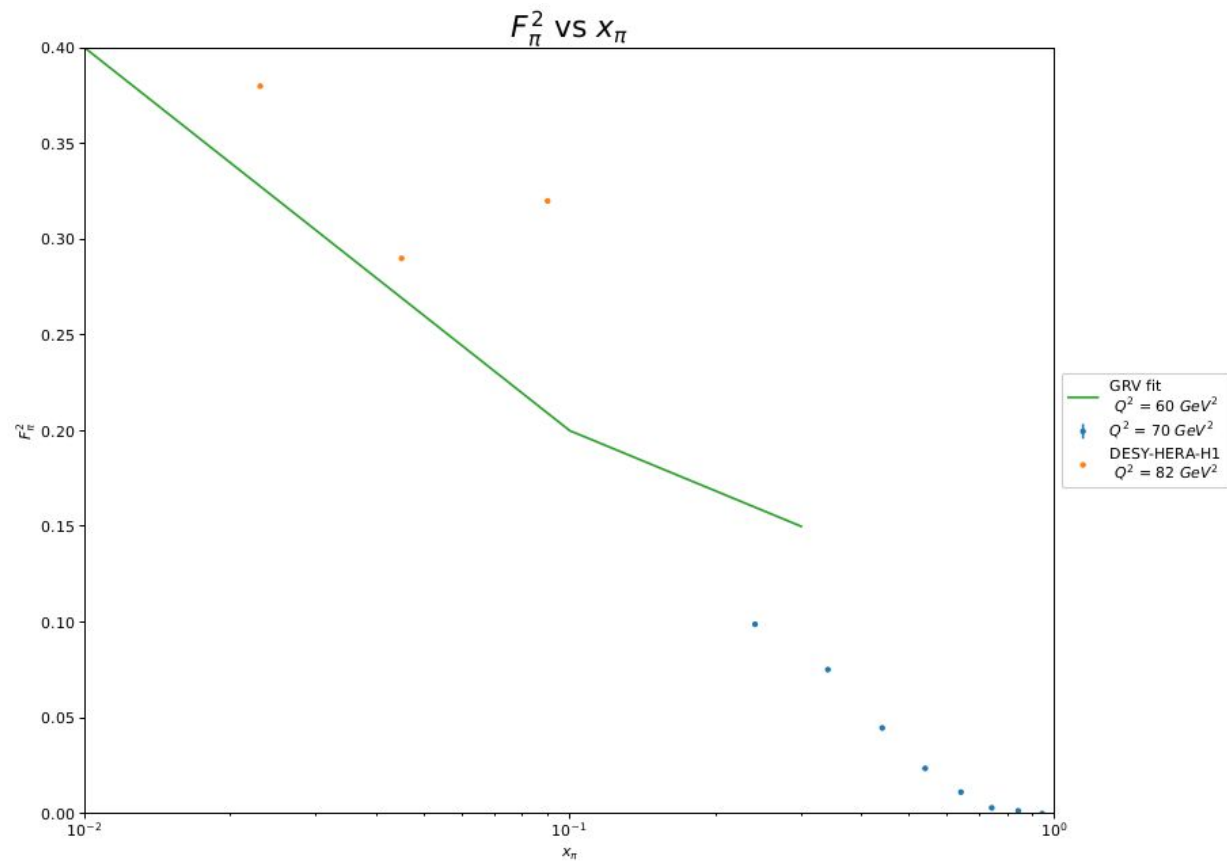




# F<sub>2π</sub> with GRV fit/DESY-HERA-H1 data [Q<sup>2</sup>= 50(60/55) GeV]

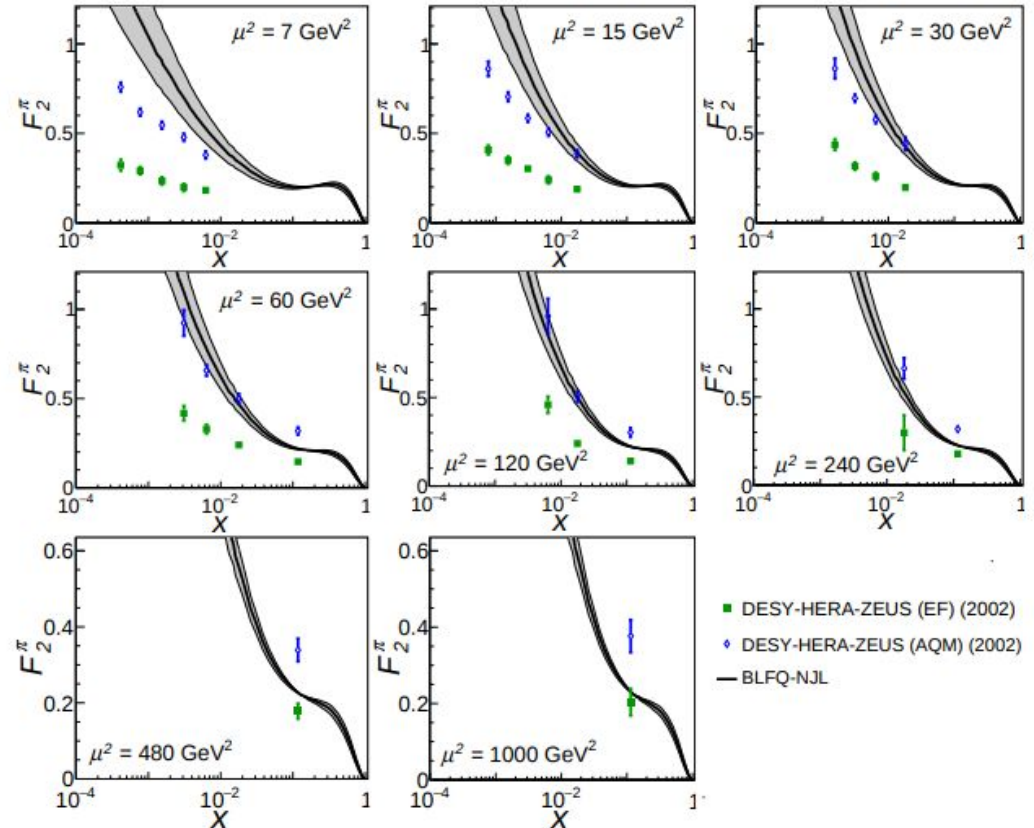


# F<sub>2π</sub> with GRV fit/DESY-HERA-H1 data [Q<sup>2</sup>= 70(60/82) GeV]



## $Q^2$ dependence

- The  $Q^2$  increasing does drop the  $f_{2\pi}$ , but it is not expected to drop by much until at higher  $Q^2$  settings
- The previous few slides show a small decrease in  $f_{2\pi}$  but not by very much, which is expected



## F2 $\pi$ estimates and uncertainties



- The calculated values for  $f_2\pi$ ,  $x_{\pi i}$ , and the stat uncertainty are very similar especially at low  $x$ .
- The high  $x$  comparison falls off as my calculated stat uncertainties stay below 1%

Richard	Q2=10 GeV2	no cuts							
F2pi	nan	0.114	0.089	0.063	0.034	0.015	0.009	0.002	0.011
xpi	nan	0.25	0.35	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.75	0.85	0.95
stat uncern %	nan	0.45%	0.51%	0.54%	0.64%	0.69%	0.67%	0.71%	0.82%
Rik	Q2=9 GeV2	no cuts							
F2pi	0.152	0.140	0.110	0.088	0.060	0.039	0.020	0.008	nan
xpi	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	nan
stat uncern %	0.42%	0.45%	0.50%	0.55%	0.28%	0.80%	1.90%	3.00%	nan



**Extra**

## $F_{2\pi}$ vs $x_{Bj}$



- A similar behavior is seen for  $x_{Bj}$  as the input

