

# **CONTENTS**

- ▷ OBJECTIVE
- ▷ ABSTRACT
- > PROCEDURE
- > WORK FLOW
- > APPLICATION

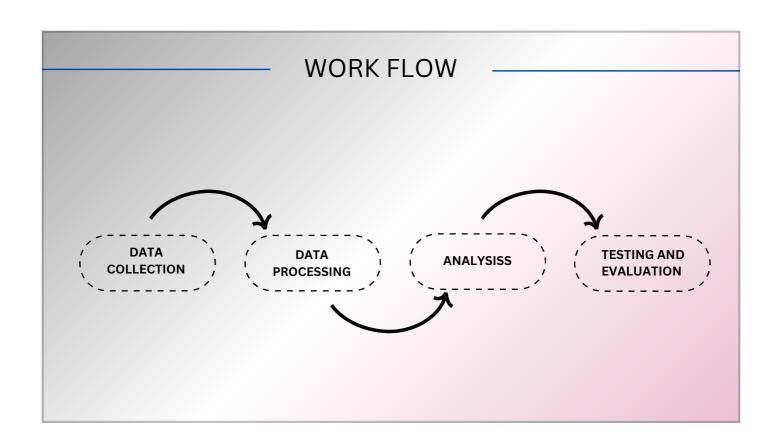
# **OBJECTIV**E



The objective of this project is to analyze the user preferences and to predict the trend in the future purchase.

### **ABSTRACT**

- Market basket insight refers to the valuable information obtained from conducting market basket analysis.
- These insights can include information about the product association, cross-selling opportunities, and customer preferences.
- Market basket insights are the actionable results and statistic guidance that arise from the analysis.



#### **DATA COLLECTION**

Gather transaction details from the retail or e-commerce system. The transaction details should include the list of all items purchased.

### **ANALYSIS**

The processed data is further analyzed using techniques association rule mining. Common algorithms used for this purpose include apriori and FP-growth.

#### **DATA PROCESSING**

Clean and process the collected data. Remove duplicates, handle missing values, and ensure the data is in the suitable format.

#### **TEST AND EVALUATION**

Monitor and evaluate the implemented strategies on the sales and customer behavior.

# **IMPLEMENTATION**

### **ASSOCIATION RULE**

### • APRIORI ALGORITHM

Apriori algorithm refers to the algorithm which is used to calculate the association rules between objects.

The association rule describes how two or more objects are related to one another.

### • Components of Apriori algorithm

- Support
- Confidence
- Lift

# The Apriori Algorithm makes the given assumptions.

- All subsets of a frequent itemset must be frequent.
- The subsets of an infrequent item set must be infrequent.
- Fix a threshold support level. In our case, we have fixed it at 50 percent.

### FOR EXAMPLE

The algorithm works in multiple iterations, progressively increasing the size of itemsets it considers. In each iteration, it generates candidate itemsets, prunes those that cannot meet the minimum support threshold, and counts the support of the remaining candidates by scanning the dataset. This process continues until no more frequent itemsets can be discovered.



