

Enterprise Machine Learning Pipeline
John Ng

Challenges

 Gartner says 80% of analytics insights <u>will not deliver business outcomes</u> through 2022 and 80% of Al projects will "remain alchemy, run by wizards" through 2020.

- Gartner (Jan 2019)

- 73.4% of executives report that <u>business adoption</u> of big data and AI initiatives continued to represent a big challenge. 91.5% of firms reporting ongoing investment in AI, but only 14.6% have deployed AI into widespread adoption.
 - NewVantage Partners' 2020 Big Data and AI Executive Survey
- Data Science initiatives stay at Experimental phase without getting to production?
- How can actuaries leverage data science production process to add value?





Objective

Strategy

AI/ML Pipeline

Management

Action























Objectives of Machine Learning Pipeline

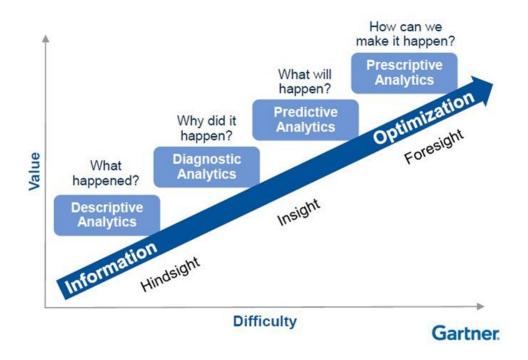


- Speed
- Performance
- Integration
- Resilience
- Scalability



Gartner Analytics Ascendancy





Institute and Faculty of Actuaries

Source: Gartner (2012)

Data Science use cases in Insurance



- Call Center Automation
- Chat-bots
- Robo-Advisors
- Paperwork automation

- Conversion
- Persistency/Renewal
- Churn
- Cross-Selling
- Customer Segmentation
- Customer Life-Time-Value (LTV)
- Recommendation Engine



- Pricing Accuracy
- Pricing Sensitivity
- Pricing Optimisation
- Reserving
- Capital Modelling
- Mortality and Morbidity
- Sentiment Analysis

- Claims Prediction
- Risk Granularity
- Automated Underwriting
- Motor Telematics
- Healthcare analytics
- Portfolio Analytics









and Faculty erprise Machine Learning Pipeline





3. Modelling Module

- 4. Deployment Module
- 5. Monitorin Mod









Opportunity

Information

Insight

Execution

Result



Institute The theorise Machine Learning Pipeline of Actuaries

- 1. Business Problem
- 2. Data Module

- 3. Modelling Module
- 4. Deployment Module
- 5. Monitoring Module











Actuarial Control Cycle

1. Define Problem

2) Develop Solution

3. Monitor Result



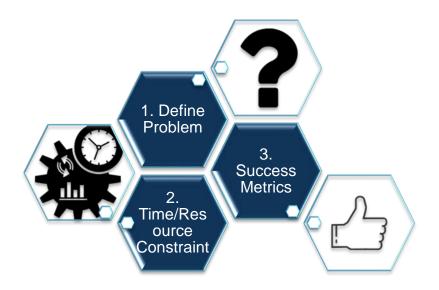








Business Problem









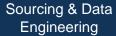






Data Module





- **Data Sources**
- **Data Connectivity**
- **Data Engineering**
- Data Warehouse



Data Cleaning & Preparation

- Assess Quality
- Formatting
- Outliers
- Missing Data
- Trends [Auto Reporting]

Data Dictionary



Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

- Statistics
- Correlations [Auto Reporting]

[Auto Visualisation]





Feature ...

- Extraction
- Transformation
- Selection
- **Expert Driven**
- Automatic F.E. [Auto Reporting]



Feature Store



Data Segregation

Data into

- Train Set
- Test Set
- Validation Set [Auto Reporting]





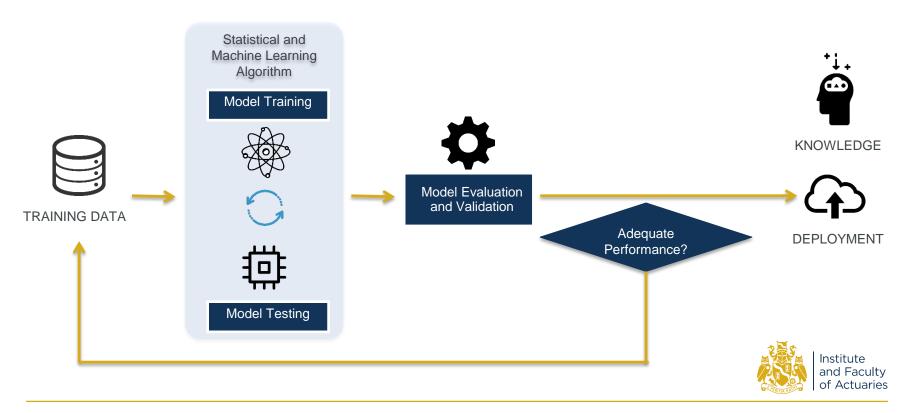








Modelling Module



March 12, 2020 155



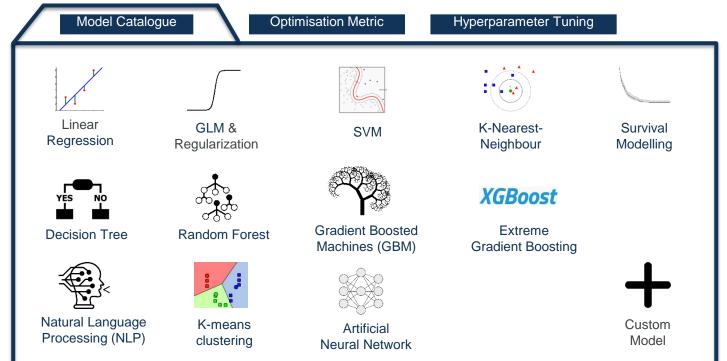








Modelling Module



Institute and Faculty of Actuaries

March 12, 2020 156



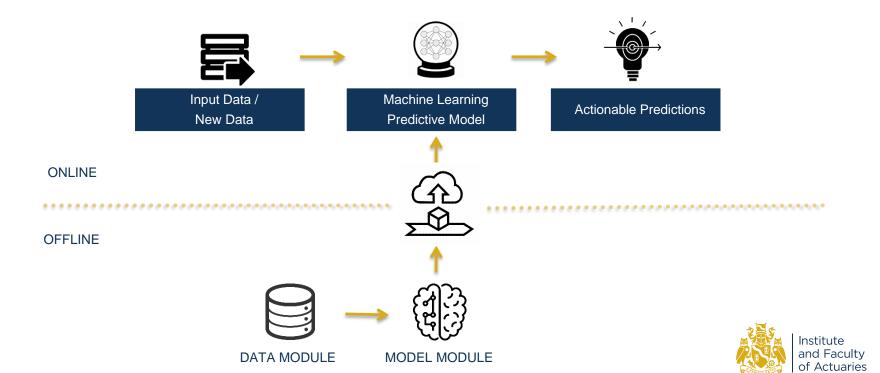








Deployment Module







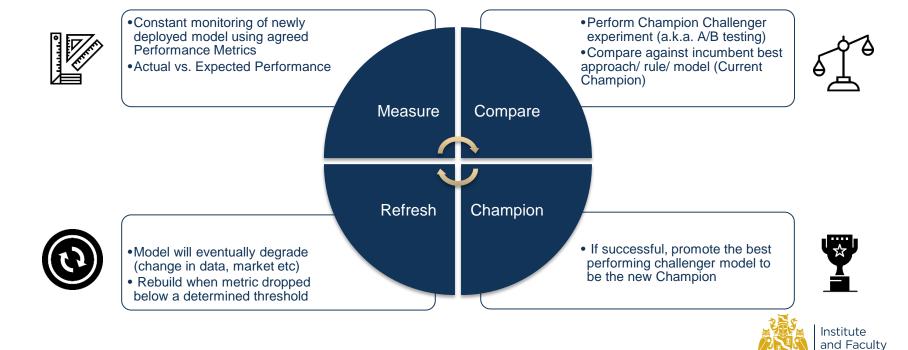




of Actuaries



Monitoring Module









Pipeline Automation and Management

- Automation of Processes: Efficiency and Consistency
- Automated Logging, Reporting, Audit Trail
- Error Handling
- Simplify Machine Learning lifecycle development
- Version Control (e.g. GitHub)
- Platform for Business-As-Usual operations, R&D and Proof-Of-Concepts
- Integration into Enterprise
- Scalability

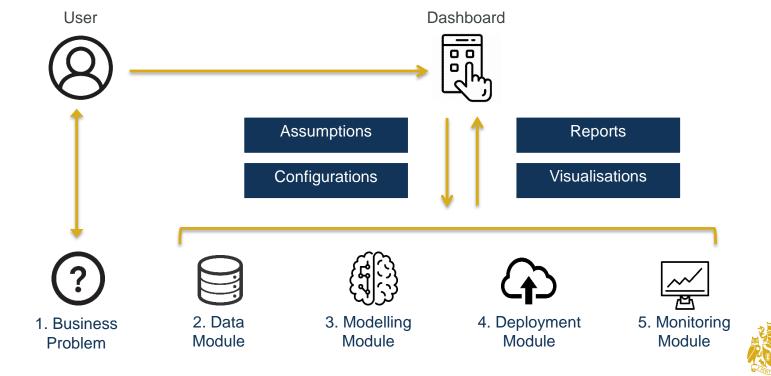




Institute

and Faculty of Actuaries

Pipeline Automation: Dashboard





Pipeline Governance

- Iterative Improvement
- Implementation of Best Practices
- Data Protection
- Data Lineage
- Transparency
- Model Explanability
- Access Control and Security



March 12, 2020 162



Action

Once having the right team, technology and data:

- Identify opportunities and the right questions
 - Define goals and framework
- Build Minimum-Viable-Product that is scalable
 - Modelling and Deployment
 - Monitoring and Review performance
 - Scaling and Maintenance

Actuaries, having business domain knowledge and technical skills, could harness the strength of data science and champion data-driven advancements at organisational level.



Questions

Comments

The views expressed in this [publication/presentation] are those of invited contributors and not necessarily those of the IFoA. The IFoA do not endorse any of the views stated, nor any claims or representations made in this [publication/presentation] and accept no responsibility or liability to any person for loss or damage suffered as a consequence of their placing reliance upon any view, claim or representation made in this [publication/presentation].

The information and expressions of opinion contained in this publication are not intended to be a comprehensive study, nor to provide actuarial advice or advice of any nature and should not be treated as a substitute for specific advice concerning individual situations. On no account may any part of this [publication/presentation] be reproduced without the written permission of the IFoA [or authors, in the case of non-IFoA research].

