

Bug修改记录 11.1

1.18903: LHttpRequest访问要重定向的服务器时，重定向失败

- 原因：正常的 get 请求是没问题的，只是 get 请求如果请求到的是重定向的服务器的时候，返回 3xx 的状态码，并且响应报文的字段当中会包含 Location 字段来指出新的路径
- 解决：在 get 请求当中封装响应报文 reply 的时候做一步判断，看是否遇到了重定向的问题；如果是就在内部处理了再调用一次；get_byte 也同步更改(当然后续可能 get_byte 会被合并到 get 当中...)

```
close(sockfd);

// 这里需要处理一下重定向的问题
std::string recv_message = readMessage.toStdString();

size_t pos_location = recv_message.find("Location");
if (std::string::npos != pos_location) {
    size_t pos_right = recv_message.find("\r\n", pos_location);
    std::string new_path = std::string(recv_message.begin() + pos_location + strlen("Locat

    // 拟一个新的request去请求
    LHttpRequest new_request = LHttpRequest(request);
    new_request.setPath(LString(new_path));

    return get(new_request);
}

return reply;
```

- 测试：在 HttpRequestTest 中的 test4() 中，结果如下：

```
lzx0626@DavidingPlus:~/DavidingPlus/Lark5/larksdk/build$ snippet/HttpRequestTest/HttpRequestTest
GET /get HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.1.211
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0
Accept-Language: en-US,*
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Connection: keep-alive

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: unicorn/19.9.0
Date: Wed, 01 Nov 2023 01:50:06 GMT
Connection: keep-alive
Content-Type: application/json
Content-Length: 276
Access-Control-Allow-Origin: *
Access-Control-Allow-Credentials: true

{
  "args": {},
  "headers": {
    "Accept-Encoding": "gzip, deflate",
    "Accept-Language": "en-US,*",
    "Connection": "keep-alive",
    "Host": "192.168.1.211",
    "User-Agent": "Mozilla/5.0"
  },
  "origin": "192.168.7.20",
  "url": "http://192.168.1.211/get"
}
```

2.18872: LHttpControl的post请求地址中包含中文数据 无任务响应结果

- 原因: LString 的 length() 方法返回多字节字符的长度不正确, 导致 send() 函数发送的长度不准确, 从而不正确
- 解决: 将 LHttpControl 中所有关于 LString 的 length() 全部转化为 toString().size(), 以保安全

```
603         setSend(this, sendMessage);
604     }
605     int sendCount = send(sockfd, sendMessage.toString().c_str(), sendMessage.toString().size(), 0);
606     if (sendCount < 0) {
607         reply->setError(reply, LHttpReply::RemoteHostClosedError);
608     }
609 }
```

- 测试: HttpControlTest 的 testPost3(), 结果如下:

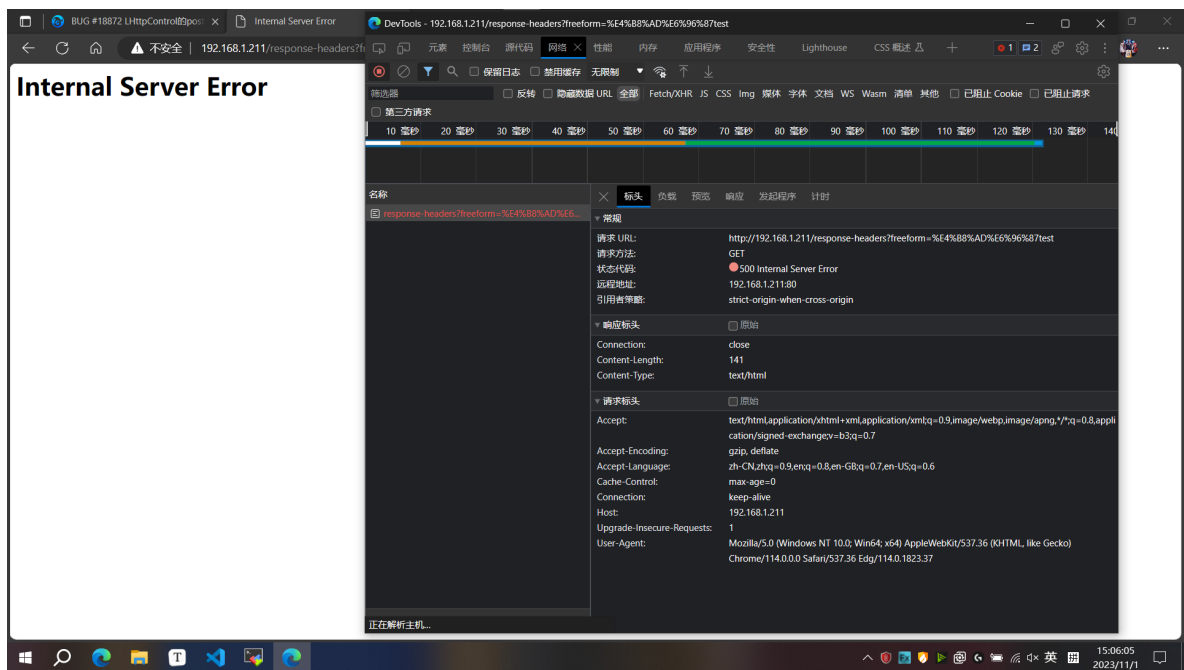
```
lzx0626@DavidingPlus:~/DavidingPlus/Lark5/larksdk/build$ snippet/HttpControlTest/HttpControlTest
500
Internal Server Error
-----
POST /response-headers?freeform=中文test HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.1.211
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0
Accept: */*
Accept-Language: en-US,*
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Connection: keep-alive
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 5

hello
-----
HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error
Connection: close
Content-Type: text/html
Content-Length: 141

-----
<html>
  <head>
    <title>Internal Server Error</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <h1><p>Internal Server Error</p></h1>

  </body>
```

返回了 500, 这也是预期之内



3.18873: LHttpControl发送put请求后 data()返回的数据有问题

- 原因: put 请求的请求报文在写入完毕数据之后还写入了两个空行, 导致格式出现问题
- 解决: 已在对应位置进行修改

```
sendMessage.append("\r\n");  
sendMessage.append(data);  
// sendMessage.append("\r\n\r\n");
```

- 测试: LHttpControlTest 的 testPut2() 中, 结果如下:

```

lzx0626@DavidingPlus:~/DavidingPlus/Lark5/larksdk/build$ snippet/HttpControlTest/HttpControlTest
PUT
200
OK
1
application/json
-----
{
  "args": {},
  "data": "",
  "files": {},
  "form": {
    "this": "5"
  },
  "headers": {
    "Accept-Encoding": "gzip, deflate",
    "Accept-Language": "en-US,*",
    "Connection": "keep-alive",
    "Content-Length": "6",
    "Content-Type": "application/x-www-form-urlencoded",
    "Host": "192.168.1.211",
    "User-Agent": "Mozilla/5.0"
  },
  "json": null,
  "origin": "192.168.7.35",
  "url": "http://192.168.1.211/put"
}

lzx0626@DavidingPlus:~/DavidingPlus/Lark5/larksdk/build$

```

4.18874: LHttpControl发送post请求后readRecv返回的数据没有响应体数据

- 原因：处理 readBuffer 的时候没有将响应头结束标志之后的数据正确存入
- 解决：已经在 post 接受数据的时候进行了正确处理

```

9
0      while (read(sockfd, &recvChar, 1)) {
1          readBuffer[cout++] = recvChar;
2          if (!endOfHeaders) {
3              // 检查是否读取到响应头部分的结束标志 \r\n\r\n
4              if (cout >= 4 && readBuffer[cout - 4] == '\r' && readBuffer[cout - 3] == '\n' &&
5                  readBuffer[cout - 2] == '\r' && readBuffer[cout - 1] == '\n') {
6                  endOfHeaders = true;
7              }
8          } else {
9              responseData.append(recvChar);
10         }
11     }
12

```

- 测试：HttpControlTest 的 testPost3()，和上面那个中文数据区分开，这里用的 path 是 /post，结果如下：

```

-----
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: gunicorn/19.9.0
Date: Wed, 01 Nov 2023 07:36:58 GMT
Connection: keep-alive
Content-Type: application/json
Content-Length: 467
Access-Control-Allow-Origin: *
Access-Control-Allow-Credentials: true

{
  "args": {},
  "data": "",
  "files": {},
  "form": {
    "hello": ""
  },
  "headers": {
    "Accept": "/*/*",
    "Accept-Encoding": "gzip, deflate",
    "Accept-Language": "en-US,*",
    "Connection": "keep-alive",
    "Content-Length": "5",
    "Content-Type": "application/x-www-form-urlencoded",
    "Host": "192.168.1.211",
    "User-Agent": "Mozilla/5.0"
  },
  "json": null,
  "origin": "192.168.7.35",
  "url": "http://192.168.1.211/post"
}

```

5.18876: LHttpControl发送put/delete/get/head请求后readSend返回的请求报文格式欠佳

- 原因：的确之前封装的确实不够好，请求报文如果不携带数据段，那么请求头最后应该有一个空行；如果携带数据，那么数据后面不应该存在空行
- 解决：已按照此标准进行修改
- 测试：分别对 `get` , `post` , `head` , `put` , `delete` 请求进行测试，以上测试全部在 `HttpControlTest` 中
 - `get` , `testGet3()`

```

-----
GET /basic-auth/huahua/123456 HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.1.211
Authorization: Basic aHVhaHVhOjEyMzQ1Ng==
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0
Accept: /*/*
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9,en;q=0.8,en-GB;q=0.7,en-US;q=0.6
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Connection: keep-alive
-----

```

两个空行是因为我在输出的时候有多输出了一个回车导致的，所以实际上是没问题的

```

// 验证
std::cout << "-----" << std::endl
          << lry->controller()->readSend() << std::endl;

std::cout << "-----" << std::endl
          << lry->controller()->readRecv() << std::endl;

```

- `post` , `testPost3()`

数据后面不存在多余空行了，就只存在我们人为进行的换行

```
-----  
POST /post HTTP/1.1  
Host: 192.168.1.211  
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0  
Accept: */*  
Accept-Language: en-US,*  
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate  
Connection: keep-alive  
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded  
Content-Length: 5  
  
hello  
-----
```

因此，后续不携带数据的输出应该类似于 `get`，携带数据应该类似于 `post`

- `head`, `testHead()`

同 `get`...

```
-----  
SendMessage:*****  
HEAD /tool/params HTTP/1.1  
Host: coolaf.com  
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0  
Accept-Language: en-US,*  
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate  
Connection: close  
  
-----
```

- `put`, `testPut2()`

同 `post`...

```
-----  
PUT /put HTTP/1.1  
Host: 192.168.1.211  
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0  
Accept-Language: en-US,*  
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate  
Connection: keep-alive  
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded  
Content-Length: 6  
  
this=5  
-----
```

- `delete`, `testDelete()`

同 `get`...

```
-----  
SendMessage:*****  
DELETE /posts/1 HTTP/1.1  
Host: jsonplaceholder.typicode.com  
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0  
Accept-Language: en-US,*  
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate  
Connection: close  
-----
```

6.18902: LHttpRequest的setHeader设置的一些标头值中包含中文时 无任何响应结果

- 解决: 我测试的时候能收到返回结果, 可能是处理之前的细节问题的时候规范了请求报文的格式, 自然就正确了吧
- 测试: `LHttpRequestTest` 的 `test6()`, 结果如下:

标头设置为中文是不合法的, 所以返回了 `400 Bad Request`, 响应体也说明得很清楚

```
POST  
400  
Bad Request  
  
-----  
POST /post HTTP/1.1  
Host: 192.168.1.211  
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0  
Accept-Language: en-US,*  
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate  
Connection: keep-alive  
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded  
Content-Length: eight八  
  
-----  
-----  
HTTP/1.1 400 Bad Request  
Connection: close  
Content-Type: text/html  
Content-Length: 168  
  
<html>  
  <head>  
    <title>Bad Request</title>  
  </head>  
  <body>  
    <h1><p>Bad Request</p></h1>  
    Invalid HTTP Header: &#x27;CONTENT-LENGTH&#x27;  
  </body>  
</html>
```