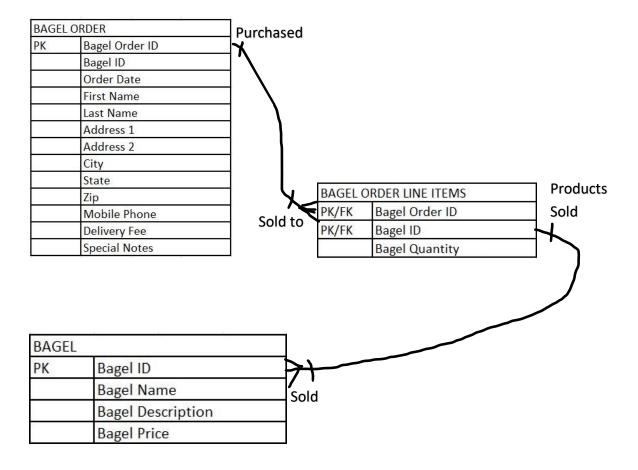
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A1a-A1b.)

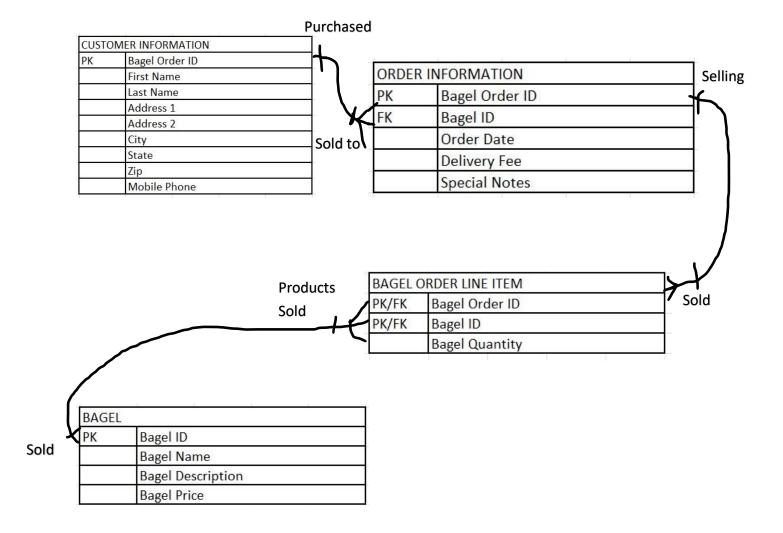


A1c.)

The diagram for Second Normal Form was created after the following considerations. Firstly, reviewing the First Normal Form diagram provided and understanding the data. Lastly, the establishment of simple Primary Keys and Foreign Keys to ensure data uniqueness to maintaining data integrity. The cardinality was determined by ensuring that data model was logical. Meaning that a customer can make multiple orders while having one order ID and that one order ID is given uniquely to all customers who have placed orders for bagels.

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A2a-A2d.)

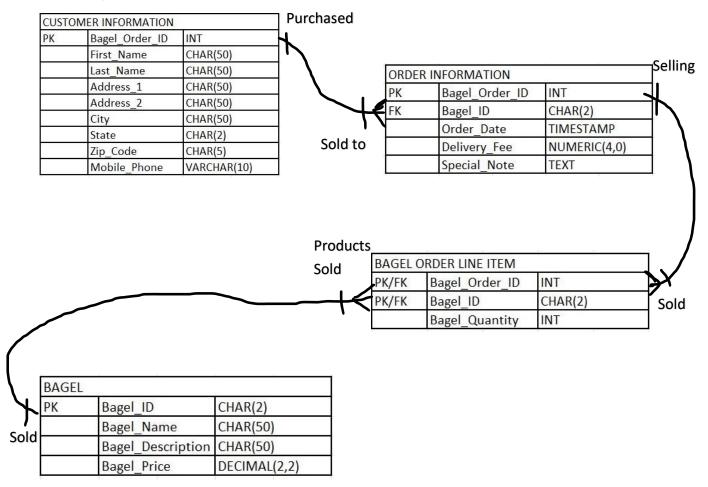


A2e.)

The diagram for Third Normal Form was created after the following considerations. Firstly, reviewing the Second Normal Form diagram provided and understanding the data. Lastly, removing any transitive dependencies to ensure data maintains referential integrity. By doing so I separated the Bagel Order table into Customer Information and Order Information. This allows for the removal of all transitive dependencies allowing this to move into Third Normal Form. The cardinality from the Second Normal Form diagram and the Third Normal Form diagram are the same. The only changes that have been made to move from Second Normal Form to Third Normal Form is the removal of transitive dependencies which would not affect the cardinality of the diagram.

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A3a-A3b.)



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Brandon Davis
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```
B1a.) Raw Code to Create Tables (MySQL):
      Employee Table:
CREATE TABLE Employee (
 EmployeeID int NOT NULL,
 FirstName varchar(30) DEFAULT NULL,
 LastName varchar(30) DEFAULT NULL,
 HireDate date DEFAULT NULL,
 JobTitle varchar(30) DEFAULT NULL,
 ShopID int DEFAULT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY (EmployeeID),
 FOREIGN KEY (ShopID) REFERENCES CoffeeShop (ShopID)
);
      CoffeeShop Table:
CREATE TABLE CoffeeShop (
 ShopID int NOT NULL,
 ShopName varchar(50) DEFAULT NULL,
 City varchar(50) DEFAULT NULL,
 State char(2) DEFAULT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY (ShopID)
);
      Coffee Table:
CREATE TABLE Coffee (
 CoffeeID int NOT NULL,
 ShopID int DEFAULT NULL,
 SupplierID int DEFAULT NULL,
 CoffeeName varchar(30) DEFAULT NULL,
 PricePerPound decimal(5,2) DEFAULT NULL,
```

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```
PRIMARY KEY (CoffeeID),

FOREIGN KEY (ShopID) REFERENCES coffeeshop (ShopID),

FOREIGN KEY (SupplierID) REFERENCES supplier (SupplierID)

);

Supplier Table:

CREATE TABLE Supplier (
SupplierID int NOT NULL,

CompanyName varchar(50) DEFAULT NULL,

Country varchar(30) DEFAULT NULL,

SalesContactName varchar(60) DEFAULT NULL,

Email varchar(50) NOT NULL,

PRIMARY KEY (SupplierID)

);
```

B1b.) Screenshots from database

Employee Table:

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Coffee Shop Table:

1 17:12:19 CREATE TABLE Coffee Shop (Shop ID INT, Shop Name VARCHAR (50), City VARCHAR (50), State C... 0 row(s) affected

0.016 sec

Coffee Table:

```
1 ● ⊖ CREATE TABLE Coffee(
 2
       CoffeeID INT,
       ShopID INT,
3
       SupplierID INT,
       CoffeeName VARCHAR(30),
 5
6
      PricePerPound NUMERIC(5,2),
      PRIMARY KEY (CoffeeID),
7
      FOREIGN KEY (ShopID) REFERENCES CoffeeShop(ShopID),
8
     FOREIGN KEY (SupplierID) REFERENCES Supplier(SupplierID)
9
10
```

1 17:35:50 CREATE TABLE Coffee (CoffeeID INT, ... 0 row(s) affected

0.015 sec

Supplier Table:

1 17:31:52 CREATE TABLE Supplier(SupplierID IN... 0 row(s) affected

0.016 sec

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B2a.) Row Insertion Code (MySQL):

Employee Table:

INSERT INTO Employee (EmployeeID, FirstName, LastName, HireDate, JobTitle, ShopID) VALUES (101, 'Luke', 'Diamond', '2022-08-21', 'Store Owner', 007), (102, 'Jessica', 'Yates', '2022-8-21', 'Store Manager', 007), (103, 'Chris', 'Ramsey', '2022-8-25', 'Assistant Manager', 007);

Coffee Shop Table:

INSERT INTO CoffeeShop (ShopID, ShopName, City, State) VALUES (007, 'Anamaniac Coffee Co.', 'Greensboro', 'NC'), (666, 'Sin City Coffee Co.', 'Las Vegas', 'NV'), (101, 'Back 2 Basics Coffee Co.', 'New York City', 'NY');

Coffee Table:

INSERT INTO Coffee (CoffeeID, ShopID, SupplierID, CoffeeName, PricePerPound) VALUES (200, '007', '002', 'Blackbeards Blend', '15.00'), (201, '666', '003', 'Revival Blend', '16.00'), (202, '101', '001', 'The Don Blend', '15.50');

Supplier Table:

INSERT INTO Supplier (SupplierID, CompanyName, Country, SalesContactName, Email) VALUES (001, 'Frank Fresh Beans', 'Italy', 'Gio Delmonico', 'Gio@freshbeans.com'), (002, 'Screamin Eagle Beans', 'USA', 'Ricky Bobby', 'Ricky@freedom.us'), (003, 'Free Range Beans', 'Columbia', 'Jesus Montenegro', 'JesusM@freerange.com');

B2b.) Screenshots from Database

Employee Table:

1 INSERT INTO Employee (EmployeeID, FirstName, LastName, HireDate, JobTitle, ShopID) VALUES (101, 'Luke', 'Diamond', '2022-08-21', 'Store Owner', 007), (102, 'Jes

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Coffee Shop Table:



B3a.) Create View Code for Employee (MySQL):

Create View Employee_table as

Select EmployeeID, Concat(FirstName, ' ', LastName) AS 'EmployeeFullName', HireDate, JobTitle, ShopID

From Employee

Where EmployeeID > 100;

B3b.) Screenshots from Database

```
Create View Employee_table as

Select EmployeeID, Concat(FirstName, ' ', LastName) AS 'EmployeeFullName', HireDate, JobTitle, ShopID

From Employee

Where EmployeeID > 100;

# Time Action
1 13:05:07 Create View Employee_table as Select EmployeeID, Concat(FirstName, ', LastName) AS 'Employee... Orow(s) affected

Duration / Fetch
0.000 sec
```

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B4a.) Create Index Code for Coffee_name (MySQL):

Create Index CIndex ON Coffee(CoffeeName);

B4b.) Screenshots from Database

1 13:10:04 Create Index Clndex ON Coffee(CoffeeName)

1 Create Index CIndex ON Coffee(CoffeeName);

0 row(s) affected Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

0.031 sec

B5a.) SFW (Select-from-where) query code (MySQL):

Select * From employee

Where EmployeeID > 100;

B5b.) Screenshots from Database



B6a.) Join Tables code:

SELECT * FROM Coffee c

inner join CoffeeShop s ON s.ShopID = c.ShopID

inner join Supplier p ON p.SupplierID = c.SupplierID

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B6b.) Screenshots from Database

```
1 • SELECT * FROM Coffee c
2 inner join CoffeeShop s ON s.ShopID = c.ShopID
3 inner join Supplier p ON p.SupplierID = c.SupplierID
```

