

Tail Dependence of Normal RVs and Gaussian Copulas

Suppose that $X_1, X_2 \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$, $\text{Corr}(X_1, X_2) = \rho$.

The ~~density~~ d.f.

$$N_2(x, y) = \int_{-\infty}^x \int_{-\infty}^y \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \frac{u^2 - 2\rho uv + v^2}{1-\rho^2}\right] dv du$$

Hence density of $x|y$

$$f_{x|y} = \frac{\frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \frac{x^2 - 2\rho xy + y^2}{1-\rho^2}\right]}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}y^2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \frac{(x - \rho y)^2}{1-\rho^2}\right]$$

Thus $f_{x|y} \sim \mathcal{N}(\rho y, 1-\rho^2)$

Therefore $P_n(X \leq y | y) =$

$$P_n(\rho y + \sqrt{1-\rho^2} Z \leq y) \quad Z \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$$

$$= \mathcal{N}\left(\frac{y(1-\rho)}{\sqrt{1-\rho^2}}\right) = \mathcal{N}\left(y \sqrt{\frac{1-\rho}{1+\rho}}\right) \rightarrow 0 \text{ as}$$

$$y \rightarrow -\infty.$$

Thus $\lambda = 0$.