## University of Dodoma

# APPLYING TRANSFER LEARNING ON MOBINET FOR FACIAL AUTHENTICATION

BY ALI SULEIMAN allysuley@gmail.com

#### INTRODUCTION

Student loans and grants help students finance their education. Although loans are meant to give students a helping hand, the process to acquiring these loans are antiquated and not so convenient.

So the objective is to build a solution that is more efficient, convenient, simpler and faster to enable students in signing and acquiring loan allocations. Perhaps, even as simple as taking a selfie.

## **METHODOLOGY**

I applied Transfer Learning on MobiNet to recognize unique facial features, hence Facial Authentication. Since MobiNet models are optimized to run on low-powered devices with limited resources, such as phones, they can be a mean to run complex computations and provide efficient solutions.

DATASET: The model was trained on Labeled Faces in the Wild (LFW) dataset which contains 13000 images of people, with 62 different classes.

FACE DETECTION: OpenCV DNN was used for automatic face detection and annotation. The coordinates were saved and later used to extract facial features from images dataset.

TRAINING: MobiNet model (ssd\_mobilenet\_v2\_coco) and TensorFlow Object Detection API were trained, running on Google Colab. I ran 8000 epochs that took about 8 hours to complete.

TECHNIQUE: DNN finds the face in real-time and feeds that cropped full face image to the MobileNet classifier.

#### **RESULTS**

Average precision for the medium area is 0.427 and for a large area average precision is 0.855. This means the model with only 300x300 pixels of input can correctly identify a person, 85.5% of the time if the shown photo is full face, and 42.7% of the time when the face is a small part of the photo.

In other words, the smaller the face in the photo, the lower the chances of correctly recognizing the person.

## CONCLUSION

The results attained proves that, with enough effort and right procedures, MobiNet models can be trained to recognize other objects, in this case, unique facial features.

Limitations: the model accept only low resolution, 300x300 pixel, images and face recognition requires higher resolution photos of the faces to be highly accurate.

As I look forward to serve the model in an Android app to authenticate and enable students to sign loan allocations, I will continue training and improving the model for higher efficiency, performance and accuracy.

## **REFERENCE**

- Dataset (Labeled Faces in the Wild): http://vis-www.cs.umass.edu/lfw/#deepfunnel-anchor
- OpenCV DNN: https://github.com/spmallick/learnopencv/tree/master/FaceDetectionComparison/models
- MobiNet: https://github.com/tensorflow/models/blob/master/research/object\_detection/g3doc/detection\_model\_zoo.md
- TensorFlow Object Detection API: https://github.com/tensorflow/models/tree/master/research/object\_detection
- Real-time Face Recognition: https://medium.com/@saidakbarp/real-time-face-recognition-tflite-3fb818ac039a