

- Q: Take an array of strings, filter out the ones with a length less than 5, and then capitalize the remaining strings using the `map` method.

```
const stringArray = ["apple", "banana", "kiwi", "orange", "pear"];
```

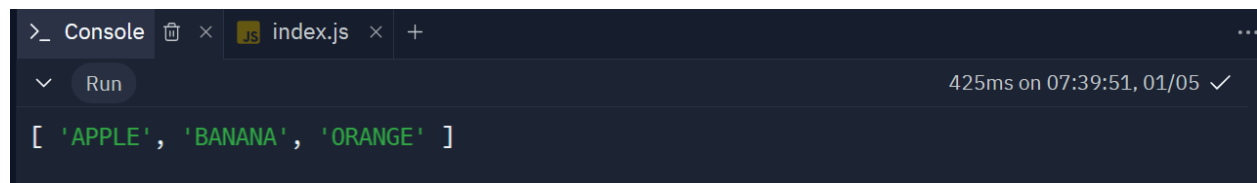
```
// Filter strings with a length less than 5 and capitalize the remaining strings
```

```
const resultArray = stringArray
```

```
.filter(str => str.length >= 5) // Filter strings with length greater than or equal to 5
```

```
.map(str => str.toUpperCase()); // Capitalize the remaining strings
```

```
console.log(resultArray);
```

A screenshot of a web browser's developer console. The console has a dark theme. At the top, there's a tab labeled 'Console' with a trash icon and a close button. Below it, there's a tab for 'index.js'. The console shows a 'Run' button and a timestamp '425ms on 07:39:51, 01/05' with a checkmark. The output of the code is displayed in green text: `['APPLE', 'BANANA', 'ORANGE']`.

```
>_ Console × JS index.js × +  
▼ Run 425ms on 07:39:51, 01/05 ✓  
[ 'APPLE', 'BANANA', 'ORANGE' ]
```