## Submarine Simulator Project

## By Tao-Sen Chang and Klaudia Przybylska

- I. Sun is located above the skybox. It is the main light source. For rendering, it uses a function drawObjectTexture() and shader sun files.
- II. Submarine:
  - 1. It is a secondary light source that gives less light than the sun and its position is dynamic it is controlled by the user. For rendering, it uses a function drawSubmarine() and shader submarine files.
  - 2. It is controlled by the user using key 'w', 's', 'a', 'd', 'z', 'x', 'q', 'e' to move to any position or to rotate.
  - 3. If the distance between shark and submarine is less than a certain number, the shark will attack the submarine. The HP number on the left-top corner will decrease with each attack. The submarine may escape from the shark if the distance between them is greater than a certain number.
  - 4. It is one of the physics actors with sphere geometry, and it is also a kinematic actor so that it is not affected by gravity. When the shark attacks the submarine, the collision happens.
  - 5. It has bump mapping located in <u>shader submarine</u>.
- III. Turtle it moves using Catmull-Rom splines. For rendering, it uses a function <u>drawObjectTexture()</u> and <u>shader\_tex</u> files.
- IV. Single fish it moves using Catmull-Rom splines and it has bump mapping. For rendering, it uses a function <a href="mailto:drawObjectBump(">drawObjectBump()</a>) and <a href="mailto:shader fish bump">shader fish bump</a> files.
- V. Sharks:
  - 1. It has three stages. The first one is "Normal mode", where the shark swims around using Catmull-Rom splines, and waits for the submarine closing it. The second one, "Attack mode" happens when the submarine moves too close to a shark. It then proceeds to follow it and attack it. The third mode is called "Go back mode" and is triggered by the submarine moving a certain distance away from the shark. The shark goes back to his original trajectory and switches to "Normal mode". (It happens in renderScene() function in main.cpp)
  - 2. It is one of the physics actors with sphere geometry. When the shark attacks the submarine, the collision happens.
  - 3. They are not affected by gravity (since they are underwater).
  - 4. For rendering, it uses a function drawObject() and shader without tex files.
- VI. Boids fish:
  - 1. They are created using particle effect and use Boids flocking algorithm which is located in separate file <u>Boids.cpp</u>, <u>Boids.h</u>.
  - 2. For rendering, it uses a function drawBoids() and shader boids files.
- VII. Fog Sharks, Single fish, Boids fish and Turtle use fog based on their distance to the submarine. If they get too far they "disappear". (It happens in the fragment shader)

- VIII. Vertex shader animations they are used by Sharks and Single Fish.
- IX. Bubbles:
  - 1. They are created using particle effect (Particle.cpp, Particle.h files).
  - 2. They have static environment mapping, are transparent and have blended color of fog to look better. (It happens in the fragment shader)
  - 3. They appear when the submarine is moving, they move up and disappear in 1.5s
  - 4. For rendering, it uses a function <u>drawParticles()</u> and <u>shader\_particle</u> files.
- X. Skybox it is a cube of size 1800x1800x1800. It has fog (in the fragment shader) that is not based on the distance to the submarine. For rendering, it uses a function <a href="mailto:drawSkybox">drawSkybox()</a> and <a href="mailto:shader\_skybox">shader\_skybox</a> files.

## XI. Physics

- 1. We use the Physx library, and set the gravity to 9.8.
- 2. There are two physics actors the submarine and the sharks.
- 3. The collision happens when the sharks attack the submarine.
- 4. <u>initPhysicsScene()</u> it is for initializing the submarine physics actor.
- 5. <a href="mailto:createSharkActor()">createSharkActor()</a> it is for initializing the sharks physics actor when it changes to "Attack mode".

## XII. Catmull-Rom splines:

- 1. It is used by Shark, Turtle and Single Fish.
- 2. It is located in the files: CatmullRom.cpp and CatmullRom.h.